

i. The number of Trading Pauses per month, broken out by (1) Type of Reopening, (2) Category, and (3) Length of the Trading Pause.

ii. Monthly distribution statistics (mean, median, 90th percentile, and 99th percentile) on the duration of each Trading Pause, broken out by (1) Type of Reopening and (2) Category.

iii. The number of Trading Pauses ending in a:

(1) trade;
(2) quote; and
(3) potential closing auction, broken out by (a) Type of Reopening, (b) Category, and (c) Length of Trading Pause.

iv. For Trading Pauses in NMS Stocks preceded by a Limit Up state, monthly distribution statistics (mean, median, 90th percentile, and 99th percentile) on the percentage price change from the Limit Up pricing that triggered the Trading Pause to the reopening price on exiting the Trading Pause (*i.e.*, the reopening trade or midpoint price), broken out by (1) Category and (2) whether the Trading Pause ended in a trade or (3) in a quote (*i.e.*, the reopening price was a midpoint).

v. For Trading Pauses in NMS Stocks preceded by a Limit Down state, monthly distribution statistics (mean, median, 90th percentile, and 99th percentile) on the percentage price change from the Limit Down pricing that triggered the Trading Pause to the reopening price on exiting the Trading Pause (*i.e.*, the reopening trade or midpoint price), broken out by (1) Category and (2) whether the Trading Pause ended in a trade or (3) in a quote (*i.e.*, the reopening price was a midpoint).

vi. For Trading Pauses in NMS Stocks where the reopening process ended in a trade or quote (with resulting reference price equal to the midpoint of that quote), monthly distribution statistics (mean, median, 90th percentile, and 99th percentile) on the percentage price change from the reopening price on exiting the Trading Pause (*i.e.*, the reopening trade or midpoint price) to

(1) the highest price of all last sale eligible trades;

(2) the lowest price of all last sale eligible trades; and

(3) the trade-weighted average price of all last sale eligible trades for the five minutes following the conclusion of the Trading Pause, broken out by (a) Category, (b) whether the Trading Pause was preceded by a Limit Up state or (c) a Limit Down state, and (d) whether the Trading Pause ended in a trade or (e) in a quote (*i.e.*, the reopening price was a midpoint).

C. Reports on Market Events

At the Commission's request, the Operating Committee shall provide the Commission and make publicly available a report analyzing the Plan's operation during a significant market event that (1) materially impacted the trading of more than one security across multiple Trading Centers; and (2) is directly related to or implicating the performance of the Plan. Such report shall be provided to the Commission no later than 30 days following the Commission's request, or at a later date as agreed upon between the

Commission and the Operation Committee. The requirement to submit a report under this section may be satisfied by including the required analysis within an Annual Report.

[FR Doc. 2023-25543 Filed 11-20-23; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 8011-01-P

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

[Release No. 34-98945; File No. SR-CboeBZX-2023-072]

Self-Regulatory Organizations; Cboe BZX Exchange, Inc.; Notice of Designation of a Longer Period for Commission Action on a Proposed Rule Change To List and Trade Shares of the Franklin Bitcoin ETF Under BZX Rule 14.11(e)(4), Commodity-Based Trust Shares

November 15, 2023.

On September 26, 2023, Cboe BZX Exchange, Inc. ("BZX") filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("Commission"), pursuant to Section 19(b)(1) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 ("Act")¹ and Rule 19b-4 thereunder,² a proposed rule change to list and trade shares of the Franklin Bitcoin ETF under BZX Rule 14.11(e)(4), Commodity-Based Trust Shares. The proposed rule change was published for comment in the **Federal Register** on October 3, 2023.³

Section 19(b)(2) of the Act⁴ provides that within 45 days of the publication of notice of the filing of a proposed rule change, or within such longer period up to 90 days as the Commission may designate if it finds such longer period to be appropriate and publishes its reasons for so finding or as to which the self-regulatory organization consents, the Commission shall either approve the proposed rule change, disapprove the proposed rule change, or institute proceedings to determine whether the proposed rule change should be disapproved. The 45th day after publication of the notice for this proposed rule change is November 17, 2023. The Commission is extending this 45-day time period.

The Commission finds it appropriate to designate a longer period within which to take action on the proposed rule change so that it has sufficient time to consider the proposed rule change and the issues raised therein. Accordingly, the Commission, pursuant

¹ 15 U.S.C. 78s(b)(1).

² 17 CFR 240.19b-4.

³ See Securities Exchange Act Release No. 98562 (Sept. 27, 2023), 88 FR 68240. The Commission has received no comments on the proposal.

⁴ 15 U.S.C. 78s(b)(2).

to Section 19(b)(2) of the Act,⁵ designates January 1, 2024 as the date by which the Commission shall either approve or disapprove, or institute proceedings to determine whether to disapprove, the proposed rule change (File No. SR-CboeBZX-2023-072).

For the Commission, by the Division of Trading and Markets, pursuant to delegated authority.⁶

Sherry R. Haywood,

Assistant Secretary.

[FR Doc. 2023-25660 Filed 11-20-23; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 8011-01-P

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

[Release No. 34-98941; File No. SR-Phlx-2023-47]

Self-Regulatory Organizations; Nasdaq PHLX LLC; Notice of Filing and Immediate Effectiveness of Proposed Rule Change To Amend Its Pricing Schedule at Options 7, Sections 4 and 7 Regarding Multiply Listed Options Fees and Routing Fees

November 15, 2023.

Pursuant to Section 19(b)(1) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 ("Act"),¹ and Rule 19b-4 thereunder,² notice is hereby given that on November 1, 2023, Nasdaq PHLX LLC ("Phlx" or "Exchange") filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC" or "Commission") the proposed rule change as described in Items I, II, and III, below, which Items have been prepared by the Exchange. The Commission is publishing this notice to solicit comments on the proposed rule change from interested persons.

I. Self-Regulatory Organization's Statement of the Terms of Substance of the Proposed Rule Change

The Exchange proposes to amend Phlx's Pricing Schedule at Options 7, Section 4, Multiply Listed Options Fees, and Options 7, Section 7, Routing Fees.

The text of the proposed rule change is available on the Exchange's website at <https://listingcenter.nasdaq.com/rulebook/phlx/rules>, at the principal office of the Exchange, and at the Commission's Public Reference Room.

⁵ 15 U.S.C. 78s(b)(2).

⁶ 17 CFR 200.30-3(a)(31).

¹ 15 U.S.C. 78s(b)(1).

² 17 CFR 240.19b-4.

II. Self-Regulatory Organization's Statement of the Purpose of, and Statutory Basis for, the Proposed Rule Change

In its filing with the Commission, the Exchange included statements concerning the purpose of and basis for the proposed rule change and discussed any comments it received on the proposed rule change. The text of these statements may be examined at the places specified in Item IV below. The Exchange has prepared summaries, set forth in sections A, B, and C below, of the most significant aspects of such statements.

A. Self-Regulatory Organization's Statement of the Purpose of, and Statutory Basis for, the Proposed Rule Change

1. Purpose

Phlx proposes to amend its Pricing Schedule at Options 7, Section 4, Multiply Listed Options Fees, and Options 7, Section 7, Routing Fees. Each pricing change will be described below.

Options 7, Section 4

Phlx proposes to amend its Pricing Schedule at Options 7, Section 4, "Multiply Listed Options Fees (Includes options overlying equities, ETFs, ETNs and indexes which are Multiply Listed) (Excludes SPY and broad-based index options symbols listed within Options 7, Section 5.A)." Specifically, Phlx proposes to amend its Qualified Contingent Cross ("QCC") Rebates.

Today, the Exchange assesses a \$.20 per contract QCC Transaction Fee for a Lead Market Maker,³ Market Maker,⁴

Firm⁵ and Broker-Dealer.⁶ Customers⁷ and Professionals⁸ are not assessed a QCC Transaction Fee. QCC Transaction Fees apply to electronic QCC Orders⁹ and Floor QCC Orders.¹⁰ Additionally, today, Phlx pays QCC rebates. Specifically, Phlx pays a QCC Rebate of \$0.12 per contract on electronic QCC Orders, as defined in Options 3, Section 12, and Floor QCC Orders, as defined in Options 8, Section 30(e), when a QCC Order is comprised of a Customer or Professional order on one side and a Lead Market Maker, Market Maker, Broker-Dealer, or Firm order on the other side. This rebate is \$0.17 per contract in the event that a member or member organization executes greater than 1,000,000 qualifying QCC contracts in a given month. Further, this rebate is \$0.22 per contract in the event that a member or member organization executes: (1) greater than 1,000,000 qualifying QCC contracts in a given month, (2) Floor Originated Strategy Executions in excess of 3,500,000 contracts in a given month, and (3) at least 40% of the member or member organization's QCC executed contracts in that month are comprised of a Lead Market Maker, Market Maker, Broker-Dealer, or Firm order on one side and Lead Market Maker, Market Maker, Broker-Dealer, or Firm order on the other side.

Also, the Exchange pays a QCC Rebate of \$0.14 per contract on electronic QCC Orders, as defined in Options 3, Section 12, and Floor QCC Orders, as defined in Options 8, Section 30(e), when a QCC Order is comprised of a Lead Market Maker, Market Maker, Broker-Dealer, or Firm order on one side and a Lead Market Maker, Market Maker, Broker-Dealer, or Firm order on the other side.

This rebate is \$0.19 per contract in the event that a member or member organization executes greater than 1,000,000 qualifying QCC contracts in a given month. Further, this rebate is \$0.27 per contract in the event that a member or member organization executes: (1) greater than 1,000,000 qualifying QCC contracts in a given month, (2) Floor Originated Strategy Executions in excess of 3,500,000 contracts in a given month, and (3) at least 40% of the member or member organization's QCC executed contracts in that month are comprised of a Lead Market Maker, Market Maker, Broker-Dealer, or Firm order on one side and Lead Market Maker, Market Maker, Broker-Dealer, or Firm order on the other side.

At this time, the Exchange proposes to amend the number of qualifying QCC contracts that must be executed in a given month with respect to these aforementioned rebates. The Exchange proposes to amend the current 1,000,000 qualifying QCC contracts to 750,000 qualifying QCC contracts in. With this proposed change, the rule text would provide:

- A QCC Rebate of \$0.12 per contract will be paid on electronic QCC Orders, as defined in Options 3, Section 12, and Floor QCC Orders, as defined in Options 8, Section 30(e), when a QCC Order is comprised of a Customer or Professional order on one side and a Lead Market Maker, Market Maker, Broker-Dealer, or Firm order on the other side. This rebate will be \$0.17 per contract in the event that a member or member organization executes greater than 750,000 qualifying QCC contracts in a given month. This rebate will be \$0.22 per contract in the event that a member or member organization executes: (1) greater than 750,000 qualifying QCC contracts in a given month, (2) Floor Originated Strategy Executions in excess of 3,500,000 contracts in a given month, and (3) at least 40% of the member or member organization's QCC executed contracts in that month are comprised of a Lead Market Maker, Market Maker, Broker-Dealer, or Firm order on one side and Lead Market Maker, Market Maker, Broker-Dealer, or Firm order on the other side.

- A QCC Rebate of \$0.14 per contract will be paid on electronic QCC Orders, as defined in Options 3, Section 12, and Floor QCC Orders, as defined in Options 8, Section 30(e), when a QCC Order is comprised of a Lead Market Maker, Market Maker, Broker-Dealer, or Firm order on one side and a Lead Market Maker, Market Maker, Broker-Dealer, or Firm order on the other side. This rebate will be \$0.19 per contract in the event

³ The term "Lead Market Maker" applies to transactions for the account of a Lead Market Maker (as defined in Options 2, Section 12(a)). A Lead Market Maker is an Exchange member who is registered as an options Lead Market Maker pursuant to Options 2, Section 12(a). An options Lead Market Maker includes a Remote Lead Market Maker which is defined as an options Lead Market Maker in one or more classes that does not have a physical presence on an Exchange floor and is approved by the Exchange pursuant to Options 2, Section 11. See Options 7, Section 1(c). The term "Floor Lead Market Maker" is a member who is registered as an options Lead Market Maker pursuant to Options 2, Section 12(a) and has a physical presence on the Exchange's trading floor. See Options 8, Section 2(a)(3).

⁴ The term "Market Maker" is defined in Options 1, Section 1(b)(28) as a member of the Exchange who is registered as an options Market Maker pursuant to Options 2, Section 12(a). A Market Maker includes SQTs and RSQTs as well as Floor Market Makers. See Options 7, Section 1(c). The term "Floor Market Maker" is a Market Maker who is neither an SQT or an RSQT. A Floor Market Maker may provide a quote in open outcry. See Options 8, Section 2(a)(4).

⁵ The term "Firm" applies to any transaction that is identified by a member or member organization for clearing in the Firm range at The Options Clearing Corporation. See Options 7, Section 1(c).

⁶ The term "Broker-Dealer" applies to any transaction which is not subject to any of the other transaction fees applicable within a particular category. See Options 7, Section 1(c).

⁷ The term "Customer" applies to any transaction that is identified by a member or member organization for clearing in the Customer range at The Options Clearing Corporation ("OCC") which is not for the account of a broker or dealer or for the account of a "Professional" (as that term is defined in Options 1, Section 1(b)(45)). See Options 7, Section 1(c).

⁸ The term "Professional" applies to transactions for the accounts of Professionals, as defined in Options 1, Section 1(b)(45) means any person or entity that (i) is not a broker or dealer in securities, and (ii) places more than 390 orders in listed options per day on average during a calendar month for its own beneficial account(s). See Options 7, Section 1(c).

⁹ Electronic QCC Orders are described in Options 3, Section 12.

¹⁰ Floor QCC Orders are described in Options 8, Section 30(e).

that a member or member organization executes greater than 750,000 qualifying QCC contracts in a given month. This rebate will be \$0.27 per contract in the event that a member or member organization executes: (1) greater than 750,000 qualifying QCC contracts in a given month, (2) Floor Originated Strategy Executions in excess of 3,500,000 contracts in a given month, and (3) at least 40% of the member or member organization's QCC executed contracts in that month are comprised of a Lead Market Maker, Market Maker, Broker-Dealer, or Firm order on one side and Lead Market Maker, Market Maker, Broker-Dealer, or Firm order on the other side.

The Exchange believes that lowering the number of qualifying QCC contracts for purpose of qualifying for these QCC Rebates from 1,000,000 to 750,000 qualifying QCC contracts will incentivize Phlx members and member organizations to transact a greater amount of QCC Orders on Phlx.

Options 7, Section 7

Currently, Phlx assesses a Non-Customer routing fee of \$0.99 per contract and a Customer routing fee of \$0.23 per contract, in addition to the actual transaction fee assessed by the away market, for routing contracts to markets other than The Nasdaq Options Market LLC ("NOM") and Nasdaq BX, Inc. ("BX"). Currently, if the away market pays a rebate, the Exchange assesses a Customer a Routing Fee of \$0.13 per contract for markets other than NOM and BX. Currently, Phlx assesses a Customer a \$0.13 per contract Fixed Fee in addition to the actual transaction fee assessed when routing to NOM and BX.

At this time, the Exchange proposes to assess a Non-Customer an increased routing fee to route to any options exchange of \$1.20 per contract. The Exchange also proposes to assess a Customer a Fixed Fee of \$0.23 per contract, in addition to the actual transaction fee assessed by the away market, for routing contracts to any options exchange. The Exchange would no longer assess the lower routing of \$0.13 per contract, in addition to the actual transaction fee assessed, when routing to NOM and BX. The Exchange will continue to assess a \$0.13 per contract routing fee if the away market pays a rebate, including NOM and BX. The purpose of the proposed routing fees is to recoup costs incurred by the Exchange when routing orders to other options exchanges on behalf of options members and member organizations. In determining its proposed routing fees, the Exchange took into account

transaction fees assessed by other options exchanges, the Exchange's projected clearing costs, and the projected administrative, regulatory, and technical costs associated with routing orders to other options exchanges. The Exchange will continue to use its affiliated broker-dealer, Nasdaq Execution Services, to route orders to other options exchanges. Routing services offered by the Exchange are completely optional and market participants can readily select between various providers of routing services, including other exchanges and broker-dealers. Also, the Exchange notes that market participants may elect to mark their orders as "Do Not Route" to avoid any routing fees.¹¹ The Exchange believes that the proposed Routing Fees would enable the Exchange to recover the costs it incurs to route orders to away markets after taking into account the other costs associated with routing orders to other options exchanges. Also, the Exchange's proposal would uniformly assess the same Customer routing fees, regardless of the away venue, of \$0.23 per contract, in addition to the actual transaction fee assessed, or \$0.13 per contract if the away market pays a rebate.

2. Statutory Basis

The Exchange believes that its proposal is consistent with Section 6(b) of the Act,¹² in general, and furthers the objectives of Sections 6(b)(4) and 6(b)(5) of the Act,¹³ in particular, in that it provides for the equitable allocation of reasonable dues, fees, and other charges among members and issuers and other persons using any facility, and is not designed to permit unfair discrimination between customers, issuers, brokers, or dealers.

The proposed changes to its Pricing Schedule are reasonable in several respects. As a threshold matter, the Exchange is subject to significant competitive forces in the market for options transaction services that constrain its pricing determinations in that market. The fact that this market is competitive has long been recognized by the courts. In *NetCoalition v. Securities and Exchange Commission*¹⁴ ("NetCoalition"), the D.C. Circuit stated, "[n]o one disputes that competition for order flow is 'fierce.' . . . As the SEC explained, '[i]n the U.S. national market system, buyers and sellers of securities, and the broker-dealers that act as their

order-routing agents, have a wide range of choices of where to route orders for execution'; [and] 'no exchange can afford to take its market share percentages for granted' because 'no exchange possesses a monopoly, regulatory or otherwise, in the execution of order flow from broker dealers'"¹⁵

Numerous indicia demonstrate the competitive nature of this market. For example, clear substitutes to the Exchange exist in the market for options transaction services. The Exchange is only one of seventeen options exchanges to which market participants may direct their order flow. Within this environment, market participants can freely and often do shift their order flow among the Exchange and competing venues in response to changes in their respective pricing schedules. Within the foregoing context, the proposal represents a reasonable attempt by the Exchange to attract additional order flow to the Exchange and increase its market share relative to its competitors.

Options 7, Section 4

The Exchange's proposal to amend a qualifier for several QCC Rebates to lower the number of qualifying QCC contracts that must be executed in a given month from 1,000,000 to 750,000 qualifying QCC contracts is reasonable because lowering the number of qualifying QCC contracts for purpose of these QCC Rebates from 1,000,000 to 750,000 qualifying QCC contracts will incentivize Phlx members and member organizations to transact a greater number of QCC Orders on Phlx.

The Exchange's proposal to amend a qualifier for several QCC Rebates to lower the number of qualifying QCC contracts that must be executed in a given month from 1,000,000 qualifying QCC contracts to 750,000 qualifying QCC contracts is equitable and not unfairly discriminatory because all members and member organizations may qualify for QCC Rebates, provided they transact the requisite volume.

Options 7, Section 7

The Exchange's proposal to assess a Non-Customer an increased routing fee of \$1.20 to route to another options exchange and a Customer a Fixed Fee of \$0.23 per contract, in addition to the actual transaction fee assessed by the away market, for routing contracts to any options exchange¹⁶ is reasonable

¹¹ See Phlx Options 3, Section 7(d).

¹² 15 U.S.C. 78f(b).

¹³ 15 U.S.C. 78f(b)(4) and (5).

¹⁴ *NetCoalition v. SEC*, 615 F.3d 525 (D.C. Cir. 2010).

¹⁵ *Id.* at 539 (quoting Securities Exchange Act Release No. 59039 (December 2, 2008), 73 FR 74770, 74782–83 (December 9, 2008) (SR–NYSEArca–2006–21)).

¹⁶ The Exchange would no longer assess the lower routing of \$0.13 per contract, in addition to the

because the proposed Routing Fees would enable the Exchange to recover the costs it incurs to route orders to away markets after taking into account the other costs associated with routing orders to other options exchanges. In determining its proposed routing fees, the Exchange took into account transaction fees assessed by other options exchanges, the Exchange's projected clearing costs, and the projected administrative, regulatory, and technical costs associated with routing orders to other options exchanges. While the Exchange is no longer offering a discounted Routing Fee to route to NOM and BX, the Exchange notes that the Routing Fee will be \$0.13 for these markets, similar to other options markets, if they pay a rebate.¹⁷ Routing services offered by the Exchange are completely optional and market participants can readily select between various providers of routing services, including other exchanges and broker-dealers. Also, the Exchange notes that market participants may elect to mark their orders as "Do Not Route" to avoid any routing fees.¹⁸

The Exchange's proposal to assess a Non-Customer an increased routing fee of \$1.20 to route to another options exchange and a Customer a Fixed Fee of \$0.23 per contract, in addition to the actual transaction fee assessed by the away market, for routing contracts to any options exchange is equitable and not unfairly discriminatory as all Non-Customers would be assessed a uniform routing fee. Additionally, Customers will be uniformly assessed the same fee, regardless of the destination market. Customers will continue to receive favorable pricing as compared to other market participants because Customer liquidity enhances market quality on the Exchange by providing more trading opportunities, which benefits all market participants. Finally, the Exchange notes that market participants may elect to market orders as Do Not Route to avoid any routing fees.

B. Self-Regulatory Organization's Statement on Burden on Competition

The Exchange does not believe that the proposed rule change will impose any burden on competition not necessary or appropriate in furtherance of the purposes of the Act.

actual transaction fee assessed, when routing to NOM and BX.

¹⁷ Both NOM and BX offer rebates. See NOM's Pricing Schedule at Options 7, Section 2 and BX's Pricing Schedule at Options 7, Section 2.

¹⁸ See Phlx Options 3, Section 7(d).

Inter-Market Competition

The proposal does not impose an undue burden on inter-market competition. The Exchange believes its proposal remains competitive with other options markets and will offer market participants with another choice of where to transact options. The Exchange notes that it operates in a highly competitive market in which market participants can readily favor competing venues if they deem fee levels at a particular venue to be excessive, or rebate opportunities available at other venues to be more favorable. In such an environment, the Exchange must continually adjust its fees to remain competitive with other exchanges. Because competitors are free to modify their own fees in response, and because market participants may readily adjust their order routing practices, the Exchange believes that the degree to which fee changes in this market may impose any burden on competition is extremely limited.

Intra-Market Competition

The proposed amendments do not impose an undue burden on intra-market competition.

Options 7, Section 4

The Exchange's proposal to amend a qualifier for several QCC Rebates to lower the number of qualifying QCC contracts that must be executed in a given month from 1,000,000 qualifying QCC contracts to 750,000 qualifying QCC contracts does not impose an undue burden on competition because all members and member organizations may qualify for QCC Rebates, provided they transact the requisite volume.

Options 7, Section 7

The Exchange's proposal to assess a Non-Customer an increased routing fee of \$1.20 to route to another options exchange and a Customer a Fixed Fee of \$0.23 per contract, in addition to the actual transaction fee assessed by the away market, for routing contracts to any options exchange does not impose an undue burden on competition as all Non-Customers would be assessed a uniform routing fee. Additionally, Customers will be uniformly assessed the same fee, regardless of the destination market. Customers will continue to receive favorable pricing as compared to other market participants because Customer liquidity enhances market quality on the Exchange by providing more trading opportunities, which benefits all market participants. Finally, the Exchange notes that market participants may elect to market orders

as Do Not Route to avoid any routing fees.

C. Self-Regulatory Organization's Statement on Comments on the Proposed Rule Change Received From Members, Participants, or Others

No written comments were either solicited or received.

III. Date of Effectiveness of the Proposed Rule Change and Timing for Commission Action

The foregoing rule change has become effective pursuant to Section 19(b)(3)(A)(ii) of the Act.¹⁹

At any time within 60 days of the filing of the proposed rule change, the Commission summarily may temporarily suspend such rule change if it appears to the Commission that such action is: (i) necessary or appropriate in the public interest; (ii) for the protection of investors; or (iii) otherwise in furtherance of the purposes of the Act. If the Commission takes such action, the Commission shall institute proceedings to determine whether the proposed rule should be approved or disapproved.

IV. Solicitation of Comments

Interested persons are invited to submit written data, views and arguments concerning the foregoing, including whether the proposed rule change is consistent with the Act. Comments may be submitted by any of the following methods:

Electronic Comments

- Use the Commission's internet comment form (<https://www.sec.gov/rules/sro.shtml>); or
- Send an email to rule-comments@sec.gov. Please include file number SR-Phlx-2023-47 on the subject line.

Paper Comments

- Send paper comments in triplicate to Secretary, Securities and Exchange Commission, 100 F Street NE, Washington, DC 20549-1090. All submissions should refer to file number SR-Phlx-2023-47. This file number should be included on the subject line if email is used. To help the Commission process and review your comments more efficiently, please use only one method. The Commission will post all comments on the Commission's internet website (<https://www.sec.gov/rules/sro.shtml>). Copies of the submission, all subsequent amendments, all written statements with respect to the proposed rule change that are filed with the Commission, and all written

¹⁹ 15 U.S.C. 78s(b)(3)(A)(ii).

communications relating to the proposed rule change between the Commission and any person, other than those that may be withheld from the public in accordance with the provisions of 5 U.S.C. 552, will be available for website viewing and printing in the Commission's Public Reference Room, 100 F Street NE, Washington, DC 20549, on official business days between the hours of 10 a.m. and 3 p.m. Copies of the filing also will be available for inspection and copying at the principal office of the Exchange. Do not include personal identifiable information in submissions; you should submit only information that you wish to make available publicly. We may redact in part or withhold entirely from publication submitted material that is obscene or subject to copyright protection. All submissions should refer to file number SR-Phlx-2023-47 and should be submitted on or before December 12, 2023.

For the Commission, by the Division of Trading and Markets, pursuant to delegated authority.²⁰

Sherry R. Haywood,

Assistant Secretary.

[FR Doc. 2023-25657 Filed 11-20-23; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 8011-01-P

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

[Release No. 34-98954; File No. SR-NASDAQ-2023-046]

Self-Regulatory Organizations; The Nasdaq Stock Market LLC; Notice of Filing and Immediate Effectiveness of a Proposed Rule Change To Shorten the Standard Settlement Cycle

November 15, 2023.

Pursuant to Section 19(b)(1) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 ("Act"),¹ and Rule 19b-4 thereunder,² notice is hereby given that on November 13, 2023, The Nasdaq Stock Market LLC ("Nasdaq" or "Exchange") filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("Commission") the proposed rule change as described in Items I and II below, which Items have been prepared by the Exchange. The Commission is publishing this notice to solicit comments on the proposed rule change from interested persons.

I. Self-Regulatory Organization's Statement of the Terms of Substance of the Proposed Rule Change

The Exchange proposes to amend Nasdaq Rules 11140 (Transactions in Securities "Ex-Dividend," "Ex-Rights" or "Ex-Warrants"), 11150 (Transactions "Ex-Interest" in Bonds Which Are Dealt in "Flat"), 11210 (Sent by Each Party), 11320 (Dates of Delivery), and 11620 (Computation of Interest), to conform them to the Commission's amendment to Rule 15c6-1(a) of the Act³ to shorten the standard settlement cycle for most broker-dealer transactions from two business days after the trade date ("T+2") to one business days after the trade date ("T+1").

The text of the proposed rule change is available on the Exchange's website at <https://listingcenter.nasdaq.com/rulebook/nasdaq/rules>, at the principal office of the Exchange, and at the Commission's Public Reference Room.

II. Self-Regulatory Organization's Statement of the Purpose of, and Statutory Basis for, the Proposed Rule Change

In its filing with the Commission, the Exchange included statements concerning the purpose of and basis for the proposed rule change and discussed any comments it received on the proposed rule change. The text of these statements may be examined at the places specified in Item IV below. The Exchange has prepared summaries, set forth in sections A, B, and C below, of the most significant aspects of such statements.

A. Self-Regulatory Organization's Statement of the Purpose of, and Statutory Basis for, the Proposed Rule Change

1. Purpose

Effective May 5, 2023, the Commission adopted rule amendments to shorten the standard settlement cycle for most broker-dealer transactions from T+2 to T+1.⁴ In light of the recently adopted rule amendments to Rule 15c6-1(a) of the Act to require standard settlement no later than T+1, Nasdaq proposes to amend its rules pertaining to securities settlement by, among other things, amending the definition of "standard" settlement as occurring on T+1.

Specifically, Nasdaq proposes to amend the following Rules: 11140 (Transactions in Securities "Ex-

Dividend," "Ex-Rights" or "Ex-Warrants"), 11150 (Transactions "Ex-Interest" in Bonds Which Are Dealt in "Flat"), 11210 (Sent by Each Party), 11320 (Dates of Delivery), and 11620 (Computation of Interest). The details of the proposed rule changes are described below.

Nasdaq Rule 11140

Rule 11140(b)(1) currently provides that for dividends or distributions, and the issuance or distribution of warrants, that are less than 25 percent of the value of the subject security, if definitive information is received sufficiently in advance of the record date, the date designated as the "ex-dividend date" shall be the first business day preceding the record date if the record date falls on a business day, or the second business day preceding the record date if the record date falls on a day designated by Nasdaq Regulation as a non-delivery date. Nasdaq proposes to amend Rule 11140(b)(1) to shorten the time frames by one business day. With this change the ex-dividend date would be the same business day as the record date if the record date falls on a business day, or the first business day preceding the record date if the record date falls on a day designated by Nasdaq Regulation as a non-delivery date.

Rule 11150

Rule 11150(a) currently prescribes the manner for establishing "ex-interest dates" for transactions in bonds or other similar evidence of indebtedness which are traded "flat." Such transactions are "ex-interest" on the first business day preceding the record date if the record date falls on a business day, on the second business day preceding the record date if the record date falls on a day other than a business day, or on the third business day preceding the date on which an interest payment is to be made if no record date has been fixed. Nasdaq proposes to amend Rule 11150(a) to shorten the time frames by one business day.

Rule 11210

Paragraphs (c) and (d) of Rule 11210 set forth the "Don't Know" ("DK") voluntary procedures for using "DK Notices" or other forms of notices, respectively. When a party to a transaction sends a comparison or confirmation of a trade, but does not receive a comparison or confirmation or a signed DK, from the contra-member by the close of one business day following the trade date of the transaction, the confirming member shall send a DK Notice to the contra-member. Thereafter, the contra-member has two business

²⁰ 17 CFR 200.30-3(a)(12).

¹ 15 U.S.C. 78s(b)(1).

² 17 CFR 240.19b-4.

³ See Securities Exchange Act Release No. 96930, Investment Advisers Act Release No. 6239 (February 15, 2023), 88 FR 13872 (March 6, 2023) ("T+1 Adopting Release").

⁴ See *supra* note 3.