Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
IM-4120-1	IM-4120-1. Disclosure of Material Information Rules 4310(c)(16) and 4320(e)(14) require that, except in unusual circumstances, Nasdaq issuers disclose promptly to the public through any Regulation FD compliant method (or combination of methods) of disclosure any material information which would reasonably be expected to affect the value of their securities or 	IM-5250-1	Disclosure of Material Information Rule 5250(b)(1) requires that, except in unusual circumstances, Nasdaq Companies disclose promptly to the public through any Regulation FD compliant method (or combination of methods) of disclosure any material information that would reasonably be expected to affect the value of their securities or influence investors' decisions. Nasdaq Companies must notify Nasdaq in the manner described below of the release of such material information that involves any of the events set forth below prior to its release to the public. Nasdaq recommends that Nasdaq Companies provide such notification at least ten minutes before such release. Under unusual circumstances Companies may not be required to make public disclosure of material events; for example, where it is possible to maintain confidentiality of those events and immediate public disclosure would prejudice the ability of the Company to pursue its legitimate corporate objectives. However, Nasdaq Companies remain obligated to disclose this information to Nasdaq upon request pursuant to Rule 5250(a). Whenever unusual market activity takes place in a Nasdaq Company's securities, the Company normally should determine whether there is material information or news which should be disclosed. If rumors or unusual market activity indicate that information on impending developments has become known to the investing public, or if information from a source other than the Company becomes known to the investing public, a clear public	This IM contains specific instructions to listed Companies on disseminating material news. It is being moved to the 5200 Section, which sets forth Companies' disclosure obligations. The term "issuer" was replaced with the defined term "Company." Rule citations updated. Minor wording and grammatical changes were made for plain English purposes.

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
	becomes known to the investing public, a clear public		announcement may be required as to the state of	
	announcement may be required as to the state of		negotiations or development of Company plans. Such an	
	negotiations or development of issuer plans. Such an		announcement may be required, even though the	
	announcement may be required, even though the issuer		Company may not have previously been advised of such	
	may not have previously been advised of such		information or the matter has not yet been presented to	
	information or the matter has not yet been presented to		the Company's Board of Directors for consideration. In	
	the issuer's Board of Directors for consideration. It may		certain circumstances, it may also be appropriate to	
	also be appropriate, in certain circumstances, to publicly		publicly deny false or inaccurate rumors, which are likely	
	deny false or inaccurate rumors which are likely to have,		to have, or have had, an effect on the trading in its	
	or have had, an effect on the trading in its securities or		securities or would likely have an influence on	
	would likely have an influence on investment decisions.		investment decisions.	
	Notification to Nasdaq MarketWatch Department		Notification to Nasdaq MarketWatch Department	
	Nasdaq issuers must notify Nasdaq's MarketWatch		Nasdaq Companies must notify Nasdaq's MarketWatch	
	Department prior to the distribution of certain material		Department prior to the distribution of certain material	
	news. Except in emergency situations, this notification		news. Except in emergency situations, this notification	
	must be made through Nasdaq's electronic disclosure		must be made through Nasdaq's electronic disclosure	
	submission system available at www.nasdaq.net. In		submission system available at www.nasdaq.net. In	
	emergency situations, issuers shall instead provide		emergency situations, Companies shall instead provide	
	notification by telephone or facsimile. Examples of an		notification by telephone or facsimile. Examples of an	
	emergency situation include: lack of computer or internet		emergency situation include: lack of computer or internet	
	access; technical problems on either the issuer or Nasdaq		access; technical problems on either the Company or	
	system or an incompatibility between those systems; and		Nasdaq system or an incompatibility between those	
	a material development such that no draft disclosure		systems; and a material development such that no draft	
	document exists, but immediate notification to		disclosure document exists, but immediate notification to	
	MarketWatch is important based on the material event.		MarketWatch is important based on the material event.	
	If a Nasdaq issuer repeatedly fails to either notify Nasdaq		If a Nasdaq Company repeatedly fails to either notify	
	prior to the distribution of material news, or use the		Nasdaq prior to the distribution of material news, or	
	electronic disclosure submission system when Nasdaq		repeatedly fails to use the electronic disclosure	
	finds no emergency situation existed, Nasdaq may issue a		submission system when Nasdaq finds no emergency	
	Staff Determination (pursuant to the Rule 4800 Series)		situation existed, Nasdaq may issue a Public Reprimand	

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
	that is a public reprimand letter or, in extreme cases, a		Letter (as defined in Rule 5805(j)) or, in extreme cases, a	
	Staff Determination to delist the company's securities. In		Staff Delisting Determination (as defined in Rule	
	determining whether to issue a public reprimand letter,		5805(h)). In determining whether to issue a Public	
	Nasdaq will consider whether the issuer has demonstrated		Reprimand Letter, Nasdaq will consider whether the	
	a pattern of failures, whether the issuer has been		Company has demonstrated a pattern of failures, whether	
	contacted concerning previous violations, and whether		the Company has been contacted concerning previous	
	the issuer has taken steps to assure that future violations		violations, and whether the Company has taken steps to	
	will not occur.		assure that future violations will not occur.	
	Trading Halts		Trading Halts	
	A trading halt benefits current and potential shareholders		A trading halt benefits current and potential Shareholders	
	by halting all trading in any Nasdaq securities until there		by halting all trading in any Nasdaq securities until there	
	has been an opportunity for the information to be		has been an opportunity for the information to be	
	disseminated to the public. This decreases the possibility		disseminated to the public. This decreases the possibility	
	of some investors acting on information known to them		of some investors acting on information known only to	
	but which is not known to others. A trading halt provides		them. A trading halt provides the public with an	
	the public with an opportunity to evaluate the information		opportunity to evaluate the information and consider it in	
	and consider it in making investment decisions. It also		making investment decisions. It also alerts the	
	alerts the marketplace to the fact that news has been		marketplace to the fact that news has been released.	
	released.		Nasdaq's MarketWatch Department monitors real time	
	Nasdaq's MarketWatch Department monitors real time		trading in all Nasdaq securities during the trading day for	
	trading in all Nasdaq securities during the trading day for		price and volume activity. In the event of certain price	
	price and volume activity. In the event of certain price		and volume movements, the MarketWatch Department	
	and volume movements, the MarketWatch Department		may contact a Company and its Market Makers in order	
	may contact an issuer and its market makers in order to		to ascertain the cause of the unusual market activity. The	
	ascertain the cause of the unusual market activity. The		MarketWatch Department treats the information provided	
	MarketWatch Department treats the information provided		by the Company and other sources in a highly	
	by the issuer and other sources in a highly confidential		confidential manner, and uses it to assess market activity	
	manner, and uses it to assess market activity and assist in		and assist in maintaining fair and orderly markets. A	
	maintaining fair and orderly markets. A Nasdaq listing		Nasdaq listing includes an obligation to disclose to the	
	includes an obligation to disclose to the MarketWatch		MarketWatch Department information that the Company	

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
	Department information that the issuer is not otherwise		is not otherwise disclosing to the investing public or the	
	disclosing to the investing public or the financial		financial community. On occasion, changes in market	
	community. On, occasion, changes in market activity		activity prior to the Company's release of material	
	prior to the issuer's release of material information may		information may indicate that the information has	
	indicate that the information has become known to the		become known to the investing public. Changes in	
	investing public. Changes in market activity also may		market activity also may occur when there is a release of	
	occur when there is a release of material information by a		material information by a source other than the Company,	
	source other than the issuer, such as when a Nasdaq		such as when a Nasdaq Company is subject to an	
	issuer is subject to an unsolicited take-over bid by		unsolicited take-over bid by another company.	
	another company. Depending on the nature of the event		Depending on the nature of the event and the Company's	
	and the issuer's views regarding the business advisability		views regarding the business advisability of disclosing	
	of disclosing the information, the MarketWatch		the information, the MarketWatch Department may work	
	Department may work with the issuer to accomplish a		with the Company to accomplish a timely release of the	
	timely release of the information. Furthermore,		information. Furthermore, depending on the materiality	
	depending on the materiality of the information and the		of the information and the anticipated affect of the	
	anticipated affect of the information on the price of the		information on the price of the Company's securities, the	
	issuer's securities, the MarketWatch Department may		MarketWatch Department may advise the Company that	
	advise the issuer that a temporary trading halt is		a temporary trading halt is appropriate to allow for full	
	appropriate to allow for full dissemination of the		dissemination of the information and to maintain an	
	information and to maintain an orderly market. The		orderly market. The institution of a temporary trading	
	institution of a temporary trading halt pending the release		halt pending the release of information is not a reflection	
	of information is not a reflection on the value of the		on the value of the securities halted. Such trading halts	
	securities halted. Such trading halts are instituted, among		are instituted, among other reasons, to insure that	
	other reasons, to insure that material information is fairly		material information is fairly and adequately	
	and adequately disseminated to the investing public and		disseminated to the investing public and the marketplace,	
	the marketplace, and to provide investors with the		and to provide investors with the opportunity to evaluate	
	opportunity to evaluate the information in making		the information in making investment decisions. A	
	investment decisions. A trading halt normally lasts one		trading halt normally lasts one half hour but may last	
	half hour but may last longer if a determination is made		longer if a determination is made that news has not been	
	that news has not been adequately disseminated or that		adequately disseminated or that the original or an	

### Rule Reference Table

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
	the original or an additional basis under Rule 4120 exists		additional basis under Rule 4120 exists for continuing the	
	for continuing the trading halt.		trading halt.	
	The MarketWatch Department is required to keep non-		The MarketWatch Department is required to keep non-	
	public information, confidential and to use such		public information, confidential and to use such	
	information only for regulatory purposes.		information only for regulatory purposes.	
	Issuers are required to notify the MarketWatch		Companies are required to notify the MarketWatch	
	Department of the release of material information		Department of the release of material information	
	included in the following list of events prior to the release		included in the following list of events prior to the release	
	of such information to the public. It should also be noted		of such information to the public. It should also be noted	
	that every development that might be reported to Nasdaq		that every development that might be reported to Nasdaq	
	in these areas would not necessarily be deemed to		in these areas would not necessarily be deemed to	
	warrant a trading halt. In addition to the following list of		warrant a trading halt. In addition to the following list of	
	events, Nasdaq encourages issuers to avail themselves of		events, Nasdaq encourages Companies to avail	
	the opportunity for advance notification to the		themselves of the opportunity for advance notification to	
	MarketWatch Department in situations where they		the MarketWatch Department in situations where they	
	believe, based upon their knowledge of the significance		believe, based upon their knowledge of the significance	
	of the information, that a temporary trading halt may be		of the information, that a temporary trading halt may be	
	necessary or appropriate.		necessary or appropriate.	
	(a) Financial-related disclosures, including quarterly or		(a) Financial-related disclosures, including quarterly or	
	yearly earnings, earnings restatements, pre-		yearly earnings, earnings restatements, pre-	
	announcements or "guidance."		announcements or "guidance."	
	(b) Corporate reorganizations and acquisitions, including		(b) Corporate reorganizations and acquisitions, including	
	mergers, tender offers, asset transactions and		mergers, tender offers, asset transactions and	
	bankruptcies or receiverships.		bankruptcies or receiverships.	
	(c) New products or discoveries, or developments		(c) New products or discoveries, or developments	
	regarding customers or suppliers (e.g., significant		regarding customers or suppliers (e.g., significant	
	developments in clinical or customer trials, and receipt or		developments in clinical or customer trials, and receipt or	
	cancellation of a material contract or order).		cancellation of a material contract or order).	
	(d) Senior management changes of a material nature or a		(d) Senior management changes of a material nature or a	
	change in control.		change in control.	

\* The new rule text will be operational on April 13, 2009.

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
	(e) Resignation or termination of independent auditors, or		(e) Resignation or termination of independent auditors, or	
	withdrawal of a previously issued audit report.		withdrawal of a previously issued audit report.	
	(f) Events regarding the issuer's securities — e.g.,		(f) Events regarding the Company's securities — e.g.,	
	defaults on senior securities, calls of securities for		defaults on senior securities, calls of securities for	
	redemption, repurchase plans, stock splits or changes in		redemption, repurchase plans, stock splits or changes in	
	dividends, changes to the rights of security holders, or		dividends, changes to the rights of security holders, or	
	public or private sales of additional securities.		public or private sales of additional securities.	
	(g) Significant legal or regulatory developments.		(g) Significant legal or regulatory developments.	
	(h) Any event requiring the filing of a Form 8-K.		(h) Any event requiring the filing of a Form 8-K.	
	Use of Regulation FD Compliant Methods in the		Use of Regulation FD Compliant Methods in the	
	Disclosure of Material Information		Disclosure of Material Information	
	Regardless of the method of disclosure that an issuer		Regardless of the method of disclosure that a Company	
	chooses to utilize, issuers are required to notify the		chooses to use, Companies are required to notify the	
	MarketWatch Department of the release of material		MarketWatch Department of the release of material	
	information that involves any of the events set forth		information that involves any of the events set forth	
	above prior to its release to the public. Nasdaq		above prior to its release to the public. Nasdaq	
	recommends that issuers provide such notification at least		recommends that Companies provide such notification at	
	ten minutes before such release. When an issuer chooses		least ten minutes before such release. When a Company	
	to utilize a Regulation FD compliant method for		chooses to utilize a Regulation FD compliant method for	
	disclosure other than a press release or Form 8-K, the		disclosure other than a press release or Form 8-K, the	
	issuer will be required to provide prior notice to the		Company will be required to provide prior notice to the	
	MarketWatch Department of: 1) the press release		MarketWatch Department of: 1) the press release	
	announcing the logistics of the future disclosure event;		announcing the logistics of the future disclosure event;	
	and 2) a descriptive summary of the material information		and 2) a descriptive summary of the material information	
	to be announced during the disclosure event if the press		to be announced during the disclosure event if the press	
	release does not contain such a summary.		release does not contain such a summary.	
	Depending on the materiality of the information and the		Depending on the materiality of the information and the	
	anticipated effect of the information on the price of the		anticipated effect of the information on the price of the	
	issuer's securities, the MarketWatch Department may		Company's securities, the MarketWatch Department may	
	advise the issuer that a temporary trading halt is		advise the Company that a temporary trading halt is	

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
	appropriate to allow for full dissemination of the information and to maintain an orderly market. The MarketWatch Department will assess with issuers utilizing methods of disclosure other than a press release or Form 8-K the timing within the disclosure event when the issuer will cover the material information so that the halt can be commenced accordingly. Issuers will be responsible for promptly alerting the MarketWatch Department of any significant changes to the previously outlined disclosure timeline. Issuers are reminded that the posting of information on its own website is not by itself considered a sufficient method of public disclosure under Regulation FD, and as a result, under Nasdaq rules.		appropriate to allow for full dissemination of the information and to maintain an orderly market. The MarketWatch Department will assess with Companies using methods of disclosure other than a press release or Form 8-K the timing within the disclosure event when the Company will cover the material information so that the halt can be commenced accordingly. Companies will be responsible for promptly alerting the MarketWatch Department of any significant changes to the previously outlined disclosure timeline. Companies are reminded that the posting of information on its own website is not by itself considered a sufficient method of public disclosure under Regulation FD, and as a result, under Nasdaq rules.	

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
IM-4120-2	<ul> <li>IM-4120-2. Disclosure of Written Notice of Staff Determination</li> <li>Rules 4803(a) and 4804(b) require that an issuer make a public announcement through the news media disclosing the receipt of (i) a notice that the issuer does not meet a listing standard set forth in the Rule 4000 Series, and (ii) a Staff Determination to limit or prohibit continued listing of the issuer's securities under Rule 4804(a) as a result of the issuer's failure to comply with the continued listing requirements. Such public announcement shall be made as promptly as possible, but not more than four business days following the receipt of the notification or the Staff Determination, as applicable. If the public announcement is not made by the issuer within the time allotted, trading of its securities shall be halted, even if the issuer appeals the Staff Determination as set forth in Rule 4805. If the issuer fails to make the public announcement by the time that the Listing Qualifications Panel issues its decision, that decision will also determine whether to delist the issuer's securities for failure to make the public announcement.</li> <li>Rules 4803(a) and 4804(b) do not relieve an issuer of its disclosure obligation under the federal securities laws, nor should it be construed as providing a safe harbor under the federal securities laws. It is suggested that the issuer consult with corporate/securities counsel in assessing its disclosure obligations under the federal securities laws.</li> </ul>	IM-5810-1	Disclosure of Written Notice of Staff Determination Rule 5810(b) requires that a Company make a public announcement through the news media disclosing the receipt of (i) a notice that the Company does not meet a listing standard set forth in the Rule 5000 Series, and (ii) a Staff Delisting Determination to limit or prohibit continued listing of the Company's securities under Rule 5810 as a result of the Company's failure to comply with the continued listing requirements, or (iii) a Public Reprimand Letter. Such public announcement shall be made as promptly as possible, but not more than four business days following the receipt of the notification or the Staff Delisting Determination, or Public Reprimand Letter, as applicable. If the public announcement is not made by the Company within the time allotted, trading of its securities shall be halted, even if the Company appeals the Staff Delisting Determination or Public Reprimand Letter as set forth in Rule 5815. If the Company fails to make the public announcement by the time that the Hearings Panel issues its Decision, that Decision will also determine whether to delist the Company's securities for failure to make the public announcement. Rule 5810(b) does not relieve a Company of its disclosure obligation under the federal securities laws, nor should it be construed as providing a safe harbor under the federal securities laws. It is suggested that the Company consult with corporate/securities counsel in assessing its disclosure obligations under the federal securities laws.	This IM contains relates to the disclosure of notifications of deficiency, Staff Delisting Determinations, and Public Reprimand Letters and is being moved to the 5800 Section, which outlines this process. The term "Listing Qualifications Panel" was replaced with the defined term "Hearings Panel." The term "Staff Determination" was replaced with the defined terms "Staff Delisting Determination" and "Public Reprimand Letter." Rule citations updated. The term "issuer" was replaced with the defined term "Company." Defined terms capitalized.

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
		5000	The following is a list of definitions used throughout the Nasdaq Listing Rules. This section also lists various terms together with references to other rules where they are specifically defined. Unless otherwise specified by the Rules, these terms shall have the meanings set forth below. Defined terms are capitalized throughout the Listing Rules.	This is new introductory language for the Definitions Section.
4200(a)(1)	"Act" means the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.	5000(a)(1)	"Act" means the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.	No changes.
4200(a)(2)	"Best efforts offering" means an offering of securities by members of a selling group under an agreement which imposes no financial commitment on the members of such group to purchase any such securities except as they may elect to do so.	5000(a)(2)	"Best efforts offering" means an offering of securities by members of a selling group under an agreement that imposes no financial commitment on the members of such group to purchase any such securities except as they may elect to do so.	Changed "which" to "that" – otherwise identical
New Definition		5000(a)(3)	"Bid Price" means the closing bid price.	Definition created to clarify that the relevant bid price for the application of the Listing Rules is the closing bid price, which historically has been Nasdaq's practice.

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
4200(a)(3)	For purposes of the Rule 4000 Series, unless the context requires otherwise: (3) "Cash flow" means cash funds provided from limited partnership operations, including lease payments on net leases from builders and sellers, without deduction for depreciation, but after deducting cash funds used to pay all other expenses, debt payments, capital improvements and replacements.	Deleted		As described in the "Purpose" section, Nasdaq has adopted the rule language of AMEX Company Guide Section 126, and as such, Limited Partnership definitions and rules are incorporated by reference to FINRA Rule 2810, which contains the definition contained in the old rule. As a result, this definition is not specifically included in the new rules, but included by reference in Rule 5210(h).
New Definition		5000(a)(4)	"Cash flows", as it pertains to The Nasdaq Global Select Market, is defined in the Rule 5310(b).	This serves as a cross-reference to the definition in the Global Select section. Note that this definition pertains to the requirements for The Nasdaq Global Select Market, not Limited Partnerships.
New Definition		5000(a)(5)	"Commission" or "SEC" means the United States Securities and Exchange Commission.	This definition was added to ease readability of the new rules.
New Definition		5000(a)(6)	"Company" means the issuer of a security listed or applying to list on Nasdaq. For purposes of the Rule 5000 Series, the term "Company" includes an issuer that is not incorporated, such as, for example, a limited partnership.	This definition was added to ease readability of the new rules, by enabling the use of "Company" instead of "Issuer" throughout the rules.
4200(a)(4)	"Consolidated Quotations Service" (CQS) means the consolidated quotation collection system for securities listed on an exchange other than Nasdaq implementing SEC Rule 602.	5000(a)(7)	"Consolidated Quotation Service" (CQS) means the consolidated quotation collection system for securities listed on an exchange other than Nasdaq implementing Rule 602 of Regulation NMS under the Act.	Corrected the name of the CQS, and the rule citation for Rule 602.

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
4200(a)(5)	"Country of Domicile" means the country under whose laws an issuer is organized or incorporated.	5000(a)(8)	"Country of Domicile" means the country under whose laws a Company is organized or incorporated.	The term "issuer" was changed to the defined term "Company."
4200(a)(6)	"Covered security" means a security described in Section 18(b) of the Securities Act of 1933.	5000(a)(9)	"Covered Security" means a security described in Section 18(b) of the Securities Act of 1933.	No changes.
4200(a)(7)	Reserved	Deleted		Reserved rules were not included in the new rules.
4200(a)(8)	Reserved	Deleted		Reserved rules were not included in the new rules.
4200(a)(9)	Reserved	Deleted		Reserved rules were not included in the new rules.
4200(a)(10)	"Direct Registration Program" means any program by an issuer, directly or through its transfer agent, whereby a shareholder may have securities registered in the shareholder's name on the books of the issuer or its transfer agent without the need for a physical certificate to evidence ownership.	5000(a)(10)	"Direct Registration Program" means any program by a Company, directly or through its transfer agent, whereby a Shareholder may have securities registered in the Shareholder's name on the books of the Company or its transfer agent without the need for a physical certificate to evidence ownership.	The term "issuer" was replaced with the defined term "Company." Defined terms capitalized.
New Definition		5000(a)(11)	"Dually-Listed Security" means a security, listed on The Nasdaq Global Market or The Nasdaq Global Select Market, which is also listed on the New York Stock Exchange.	This rule was created to explain what a Dually-Listed Security is.

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text <sup>*</sup>	Comments
4200(a)(11)	"Dissenting Limited Partner" means a person who, on the date on which soliciting material is mailed to investors, is a holder of a beneficial interest in a limited partnership that is the subject of a limited partnership rollup transaction, and who casts a vote against the transaction and complies with procedures established by Nasdaq, except that for purposes of an exchange or tender offer, such person shall file an objection in writing under the rules of Nasdaq during the period in which the offer is outstanding. Such objection in writing shall be filed with the party responsible for tabulating the votes or tenders.	Deleted		As described in the "Purpose" section, Nasdaq has adopted the rule language of AMEX Company Guide Section 126, and as such, Limited Partnership definitions and rules are incorporated by reference to FINRA Rule 2810, which contains the definition contained in the old rule. As a result, this definition is not specifically included in the new rules, but included by reference in Rule 5210(h).
New Definition		5000(a)(12)	"EDGAR System" means the SEC's Electronic Data Gathering, Analysis, and Retrieval system.	This definition was added to ease readability of the new rules.
4200(a)(12)	"ESOP" means employee stock option plan.	5000(a)(13)	"ESOP" means employee stock option plan.	No changes.
New Definition		5000(a)(14)	(13) "Executive Officer" is defined in Rule 5605(a)(1).	This serves a cross-reference to the definition of Executive Officer in the 5600 Series.
New Definition		5000(a)(15)	"Filed with Nasdaq" means submitted to Nasdaq directly or filed with the Commission through the EDGAR System.	This definition is based on rules 4310(c)(14) and 4320(e)(12), which provide that Companies do not have to submit paper copies of filings to Nasdaq if these filings have been filed with the SEC via the EDGAR System.

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
4200(a)(13)	"Firm commitment offering" means an offering of securities by participants in a selling syndicate under an agreement that imposes a financial commitment on participants in such syndicate to purchase such securities.	5000(a)(16)	"Firm commitment offering" means an offering of securities by participants in a selling syndicate under an agreement that imposes a financial commitment on participants in such syndicate to purchase such securities.	No changes.
4200(a)(14)	"Family Member" means a person's spouse, parents, children and siblings, whether by blood, marriage or adoption, or anyone residing in such person's home.	5000(a)(17)	"Family Member" is defined in Rule 5605(a)(2).	This serves as a cross-reference to the definition in the Corporate Governance Section (5600). Note that this rule is being incorporated into the definition for "Independent Director" but there are otherwise no changes to the rule.
4200(a)(14)	"Family Member" means a person's spouse, parents, children and siblings, whether by blood, marriage or adoption, or anyone residing in such person's home.	5605(a)(2) Excerpt	"Independent Director" means a person other than an Executive Officer or employee of the Company or any other individual having a relationship which, in the opinion of the Company's board of directors, would interfere with the exercise of independent judgment in carrying out the responsibilities of a director. For purposes of this rule, "Family Member" means a person's spouse, parents, children and siblings, whether by blood, marriage or adoption, or anyone residing in such person's home.	In the new rules, the definition of Family Member is incorporated into the definition of Independent Director.
New Definition		5000(a)(18)	"Foreign Private Issuer" shall have the same meaning as under Rule 3b-4 under the Act.	This new definition clarifies the use of the term "Foreign Private Issuer."

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
4200(a)(15)	<ul> <li>"Independent director" means a person other than an executive officer or employee of the company or any other individual having a relationship which, in the opinion of the issuer's board of directors, would interfere with the exercise of independent judgment in carrying out the responsibilities of a director. The following persons shall not be considered independent:</li> <li>(A) a director who is, or at any time during the past three years was, employed by the company;</li> <li>(B) a director who accepted or who has a Family Member who accepted any compensation from the company in excess of \$120,000 during any period of twelve consecutive months within the three years preceding the determination of independence, other than the following:</li> <li>(i) compensation for board or board committee service;</li> <li>(ii) compensation paid to a Family Member who is an employee (other than an executive officer) of the company; or</li> <li>(iii) benefits under a tax-qualified retirement plan, or non-discretionary compensation.</li> <li>Provided, however, that in addition to the requirements contained in this paragraph (B), audit committee members are also subject to additional, more stringent requirements under Rule 4350(d).</li> <li>(C) a director who is a Family Member of an individual who is, or at any time during the past three years was, employed by the company as an executive officer;</li> <li>(D) a director who is, or has a Family Member who is, a partner in, or a controlling shareholder or an executive officer of, any organization to which the company made,</li> </ul>	5000(a)(19)	"Independent Director" is defined in Rule 5605(a)(2).	This serves as a cross-reference to the definition in the Corporate Governance Section (5600).

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
	<ul> <li>or from which the company received, payments for property or services in the current or any of the past three fiscal years that exceed 5% of the recipient's consolidated gross revenues for that year, or \$200,000, whichever is more, other than the following: <ul> <li>(i) payments arising solely from investments in the company's securities; or</li> <li>(ii) payments under non-discretionary charitable contribution matching programs.</li> <li>(E) a director of the issuer who is, or has a Family Member who is, employed as an executive officer of another entity where at any time during the past three years any of the executive officers of the issuer serve on the compensation committee of such other entity; or</li> <li>(F) a director who is, or has a Family Member who is, a current partner of the company's outside auditor, or was a partner or employee of the company's outside auditor who worked on the company's audit at any time during any of the past three years.</li> <li>(G) in the case of an investment company, in lieu of paragraphs (A)–(F), a director who is an "interested"</li> </ul> </li> </ul>		New Rule Text*	
	person" of the company as defined in Section 2(a)(19) of the Investment Company Act of 1940, other than in his or her capacity as a member of the board of directors or any board committee.			

### Rule Reference Table

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
4200(a)(15)	<ul> <li>"Independent director" means a person other than an executive officer or employee of the company or any other individual having a relationship which, in the opinion of the issuer's board of directors, would interfere with the exercise of independent judgment in carrying out the responsibilities of a director. The following persons shall not be considered independent: <ul> <li>(A) a director who is, or at any time during the past three years was, employed by the company;</li> <li>(B) a director who accepted or who has a Family Member who accepted any compensation from the company in excess of \$120,000 during any period of twelve consecutive months within the three years preceding the determination of independence, other than the following: <ul> <li>(i) compensation for board or board committee service;</li> <li>(ii) compensation paid to a Family Member who is an employee (other than an executive officer) of the company; or</li> <li>(iii) benefits under a tax-qualified retirement plan, or non-discretionary compensation.</li> <li>Provided, however, that in addition to the requirements contained in this paragraph (B), audit committee members are also subject to additional, more stringent requirements under Rule 4350(d).</li> <li>(C) a director who is a Family Member of an individual who is, or at any time during the past three years was, employed by the company as an executive officer;</li> <li>(D) a director who is, or has a Family Member who is, a partner in, or a controlling shareholder or an executive officer</li> </ul> </li> </ul></li></ul>	5605(a)(2)	<ul> <li>"Independent Director" means a person other than an Executive Officer or employee of the Company or any other individual having a relationship which, in the opinion of the Company's board of directors, would interfere with the exercise of independent judgment in carrying out the responsibilities of a director. For purposes of this rule, "Family Member" means a person's spouse, parents, children and siblings, whether by blood, marriage or adoption, or anyone residing in such person's home. The following persons shall not be considered independent:</li> <li>(A) a director who is, or at any time during the past three years was, employed by the Company;</li> <li>(B) a director who accepted or who has a Family Member who accepted any compensation from the Company in excess of \$120,000 during any period of twelve consecutive months within the three years preceding the determination of independence, other than the following:</li> <li>(i) compensation for board or board committee service;</li> <li>(ii) compensation paid to a Family Member who is an employee (other than an Executive Officer) of the Company; or</li> <li>(iii) benefits under a tax-qualified retirement plan, or non-discretionary compensation.</li> <li>Provided, however, that in addition to the requirements contained in this paragraph (B), audit committee members are also subject to additional, more stringent requirements under Rule 5605(c)(2).</li> <li>(C) a director who is a Family Member of an individual who is, or at any time during the past three years was,</li> </ul>	Note that the definition of "Family Member" is now incorporated into this rule, but otherwise, there are no changes. The term "issuer" was replaced with the defined term "Company." Rule citations updated. Defined terms capitalized.

\* The new rule text will be operational on April 13, 2009.

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
	<ul> <li>or from which the company received, payments for property or services in the current or any of the past three fiscal years that exceed 5% of the recipient's consolidated gross revenues for that year, or \$200,000, whichever is more, other than the following:</li> <li>(i) payments arising solely from investments in the company's securities; or</li> <li>(ii) payments under non-discretionary charitable contribution matching programs.</li> <li>(E) a director of the issuer who is, or has a Family Member who is, employed as an executive officer of another entity where at any time during the past three years any of the executive officers of the issuer serve on the compensation committee of such other entity; or</li> <li>(F) a director who is, or has a Family Member who is, a current partner of the company's outside auditor, or was a partner or employee of the company's outside auditor who worked on the company's audit at any time during any of the past three years.</li> <li>(G) in the case of an investment company, in lieu of paragraphs (A)–(F), a director who is an "interested person" of the company as defined in Section 2(a)(19) of the Investment Company Act of 1940, other than in his or her capacity as a member of the board of directors or any board committee.</li> </ul>		<ul> <li>employed by the company as an Executive Officer;</li> <li>(D) a director who is, or has a Family Member who is, a partner in, or a controlling Shareholder or an Executive Officer of, any organization to which the Company made, or from which the Company received, payments for property or services in the current or any of the past three fiscal years that exceed 5% of the recipient's consolidated gross revenues for that year, or \$200,000, whichever is more, other than the following: <ul> <li>(i) payments arising solely from investments in the Company's securities; or</li> <li>(ii) payments under non-discretionary charitable contribution matching programs.</li> </ul> </li> <li>(E) a director of the Company who is, or has a Family Member who is, employed as an Executive Officer of another entity where at any time during the past three years any of the Executive Officers of the Company serve on the compensation committee of such other entity; or</li> <li>(F) a director who is, or has a Family Member who is, a current partner of the Company's outside auditor, or was a partner or employee of the Company's outside auditor who worked on the Company's audit at any time during any of the past three years.</li> <li>(G) in the case of an investment company, in lieu of paragraphs (A)–(F), a director who is an "interested person" of the Company as defined in Section 2(a)(19) of the Investment Company Act of 1940, other than in his or her capacity as a member of the board of directors or any board committee.</li> </ul>	

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
4200(a)(16)	"Index warrants" means instruments that are direct obligations of the issuing company, either exercisable throughout their life (i.e., American style) or exercisable only on their expiration (i.e., European style), entitling the holder to a cash settlement in U.S. dollars to the extent that the index has declined below (for a put warrant) or increased above (for a call warrant) the pre- stated cash settlement value of the index. Index warrants may be based on either foreign or domestic indexes.	5000(a)(20)	"Index Warrants" is defined in Rule 5725(a).	This serves as a cross-reference to the definition in the Other Securities Section (5700).
4200(a)(16)	"Index warrants" means instruments that are direct obligations of the issuing company, either exercisable throughout their life (i.e., American style) or exercisable only on their expiration (i.e., European style), entitling the holder to a cash settlement in U.S. dollars to the extent that the index has declined below (for a put warrant) or increased above (for a call warrant) the pre- stated cash settlement value of the index. Index warrants may be based on either foreign or domestic indexes.	5725(a)(1)	"Index Warrants" means instruments that are direct obligations of the issuing company, either exercisable throughout their life (i.e., American style) or exercisable only on their expiration (i.e., European style), entitling the holder to a cash settlement in U.S. dollars to the extent that the index has declined below (for a put warrant) or increased above (for a call warrant) the pre- stated cash settlement value of the index. Index Warrants may be based on either foreign or domestic indexes.	No changes.

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text <sup>*</sup>	Comments
4200(a)(17)	"Limited partner" or "investor in a limited partnership" means the purchaser of an interest in a direct participation program, as defined in Nasdaq Rule 2810, that is a limited partnership who is not involved in the day-to-day management of the limited partnership and bears limited liability.	Deleted		As described in the "Purpose" section, Nasdaq has adopted the rule language of AMEX Company Guide Section 126, and as such, Limited Partnership definitions and rules are incorporated by reference to FINRA Rule 2810, which contains the definition contained in the old rule. As a result, this definition is not specifically included in the new rules, but included by reference in Rule 5210(h).
4200(a)(18)	"Limited partnership" means an unincorporated association that is a direct participation program, as defined in Nasdaq Rule 2810, organized as a limited partnership whose partners are one or more general partners and one or more limited partners, which conforms to the provisions of the Revised Uniform Limited Partnership Act or the applicable statute that regulates the organization of such partnership.	Deleted		As described in the "Purpose" section, Nasdaq has adopted the rule language of AMEX Company Guide Section 126, and as such, Limited Partnership definitions and rules are incorporated by reference to FINRA Rule 2810, which contains the definition contained in the old rule. As a result, this definition is not specifically included in the new rules, but included by reference in Rule 5210(h).

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
4200(a)(19)	<ul> <li>"Limited Partnership Rollup Transaction" means a transaction involving the combination or reorganization of one or more limited partnerships, directly or indirectly, in which: (A) some or all of the investors in any of such limited partnerships will receive new securities, or securities in another entity, that will be reported under a transaction reporting plan declared effective before January 1, 1991, by the Commission under Section 11A of the Act1;</li> <li>(B) any of the investors' limited partnership securities are not, as of the date of the filing, reported under a transaction reporting plan declared effective before January 1, 1991, by the Commission under Section 11A of the Act;</li> <li>(C) investors in any of the limited partnerships involved are subject to a significant adverse change with respect to voting rights, the term of existence of the entity, management compensation, or investment objectives; and</li> <li>(D) any of such investors are not provided an option to receive or retain a security under substantially the same terms and conditions as the original issue. Notwithstanding the foregoing definition, a "limited partnership rollup transaction" does not include:</li> <li>(i) a transaction that involves only a limited partnership or partnerships having an operating policy or practice of retaining cash available for distribution and reinvesting proceeds from the sale, financing, or refinancing of assets in accordance with such criteria as the Commission determines appropriate;</li> <li>(ii) a transaction involving only limited partnerships</li> </ul>	Deleted		As described in the "Purpose" section, Nasdaq has adopted the rule language of AMEX Company Guide Section 126, and as such, Limited Partnership definitions and rules are incorporated by reference to FINRA Rule 2810, which contains the definition contained in the old rule. As a result, this definition is not specifically included in the new rules, but included by reference in Rule 5210(h).

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
	wherein the interests of the limited partners are			
	repurchased, recalled or exchanged pursuant to the terms			
	of the pre-existing limited partnership agreements for			
	securities in an operating company specifically identified			
	at the time of the formation of the original limited			
	partnership;			
	(iii) a transaction in which the securities to be issued or			
	exchanged are not required to be and are not registered			
	under the Securities Act of 1933;			
	(iv) a transaction that involves only issuers that are not			
	required to register or report under Section 12 of the Act,			
	both before and after the transaction;			
	(v) a transaction, except as the Commission may			
	otherwise provide for by rule for the protection of			
	investors, involving the combination or reorganization of			
	one or more limited partnerships in which a non-affiliated			
	party succeeds to the interests of the general partner or			
	sponsor, if:			
	a. such action is approved by not less than 66-2/3 percent			
	of the outstanding units of each of the participating limited partnerships; and			
	b. as a result of the transaction, the existing general			
	partners will receive only compensation to which they are			
	entitled as expressly provided for in the pre-existing			
	partnership agreements; or			
	(vi) a transaction, except as the Commission may			
	otherwise provide for by rule for the protection of			
	investors, in which the securities offered to investors are			
	securities of another entity that are reported under a			
	transaction reporting plan declared effective before			

#### Rule Reference Table

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
	<ul> <li>January 1, 1991, by the Commission under Section 11A of the Act2; if:</li> <li>a. such other entity was formed, and such class of securities was reported and regularly traded, not less than 12 months before the date on which soliciting material is mailed to investors; and</li> <li>b. the securities of that entity issued to investors in the transaction do not exceed 20 percent of the total outstanding securities of the entity, exclusive of any securities of such class held by or for the account of the entity or subsidiary of the entity.</li> <li>(vii) a transaction involving only entities registered under the Investment Company Act of 1940 or any Business Development Company as defined in Section 2(a)(48) of that Act.</li> </ul>			
4200(a)(20)	"Listed securities" means securities listed on Nasdaq or another national securities exchange.	5000(a)(21)	"Listed securities" means securities listed on Nasdaq or another national securities exchange.	No changes.
4200(a)(21)	"Management fee" means a fee paid to the sponsor, general partner(s), their affiliates, or other persons for management and administration of a limited partnership.	Deleted		As described in the "Purpose" section, Nasdaq has adopted the rule language of AMEX Company Guide Section 126, and as such, Limited Partnership definitions and rules are incorporated by reference to FINRA Rule 2810, which contains the definition contained in the old rule. As a result, this definition is not specifically included in the new rules, but included by reference in Rule 5210(h).

\* The new rule text will be operational on April 13, 2009.

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
4200(a)(22)	"Market Value" means the closing bid price multiplied by the measure to be valued (e.g., an issuer's market value of public float is equal to the closing bid price multiplied by an issuer's public float).	5000(a)(22)	"Market Value" means the closing bid price multiplied by the measure to be valued (e.g., a Company's Market Value of Publicly Held Shares is equal to the closing bid price multiplied by a Company's Publicly Held Shares).	"Public Float" has been updated to "Publicly Held Shares" - the current term. The term "issuer" was replaced with the defined term "Company."
4200(a)(23)	"Member" means a broker or dealer admitted to membership in Nasdaq.	5000(a)(23)	"Member" means a broker or dealer admitted to membership in Nasdaq.	No changes.
4200(a)(24)	"Nasdaq market maker" means a dealer that, with respect to a security, holds itself out (by entering quotations in the Nasdaq Market Center) as being willing to buy and sell such security for its own account on a regular and continuous basis and that is registered as such.	5000(a)(24)	"Market Maker" means a dealer that, with respect to a security, holds itself out (by entering quotations in the Nasdaq Market Center) as being willing to buy and sell such security for its own account on a regular and continuous basis and that is registered as such.	The term "Nasdaq" removed from the definition.
4200(a)(25)	"Nasdaq Global Market" or "NGM" is a distinct tier of Nasdaq comprised of two segments: the Nasdaq Global Market and the Nasdaq Global Select Market. The Nasdaq Global Market is the successor to the Nasdaq National Market.	5000(a)(25)	"The Nasdaq Global Market" or "Global Market" or "NGM" is a distinct tier of Nasdaq comprised of two segments: The Nasdaq Global Market and The Nasdaq Global Select Market. The Nasdaq Global Market is the successor to the Nasdaq National Market.	The term "Global Market" has been included in the definition as an additional means of referring to this market.
4200(a)(26)	"Nasdaq Global Market security" or "NGM security" means any security listed on Nasdaq which (1) satisfies all applicable requirements of the Rule 4300 Series and substantially meets the criteria set forth in the Rule 4400 Series; (2) is a right to purchase such security; (3) is a warrant to subscribe to such security; or (4) is an index warrant which substantially meets the criteria set forth in Rule 4420.	5000(a)(26)	"Nasdaq Global Market security" or "NGM security" means any security listed on Nasdaq that (1) satisfies all applicable requirements of the Rule 5100 and 5200 Series and meets the criteria set forth in the Rule 5400 Series; (2) is a right to purchase such security; (3) is a warrant to subscribe to such security; or (4) is an Index Warrant which meets the criteria set forth in Rule 5725(a).	The rule citations in the definition were updated.

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
4200(a)(27)	"The Nasdaq Capital Market" is a distinct tier of Nasdaq comprised of securities that meet the requirements of and are listed as Nasdaq Capital Market securities.	5000(a)(27)	"The Nasdaq Capital Market" or "Capital Market" is a distinct tier of Nasdaq comprised of securities that meet the requirements of the Rule 5100, 5200 and 5500 Series, and are listed as Nasdaq Capital Market securities. The Nasdaq Capital Market is the successor to The Nasdaq SmallCap Market.	The term "Capital Market" has been included in the definition as another way of referring to this market. The rule citations in the definition were updated. The new rule also clarifies that the Capital Market is the successor to the Nasdaq SmallCap Market.
4200(a)(28)	"Nasdaq Capital Market security" means any security listed on The Nasdaq Capital Market which (1) satisfies all applicable requirements of the Rule 4300 Series but that is not a Nasdaq Global Market security; (2) is a right to purchase such security; or (3) is a warrant to subscribe to such security.	5000(a)(28)	"Nasdaq Capital Market security" means any security listed on The Nasdaq Capital Market that (1) satisfies all applicable requirements of the Rule 5100, 5200 and 5500 Series but that is not a Nasdaq Global Market security; (2) is a right to purchase such security; or (3) is a warrant to subscribe to such security.	The rule citations in the definition were updated. The word "which" was replaced with "that."
4200(a)(29)	"Nasdaq Global Select Market" or "NGSM" is a segment of the Nasdaq Global Market comprised of NGM securities that met the requirements for initial inclusion contained in Rules 4425, 4426 and 4427.	5000(a)(29)	"The Nasdaq Global Select Market" or "Global Select Market" or "Global Select" or "NGSM" is a segment of The Nasdaq Global Market comprised of NGM securities that met the requirements for initial inclusion contained in the Rule 5100, 5200 and 5300 Series.	The terms "Global Select Market" and "Global Select" have been included in the definition as another way of referring to this market. The rule citations in the definition were updated.
4200(a)(30)	"Nasdaq Global Select Market security" or "NGSM security" means any security listed on Nasdaq and included in the Nasdaq Global Select segment of the Nasdaq Global Market.	5000(a)(30)	"Nasdaq Global Select Market security" or "NGSM security" means any security listed on Nasdaq and included in The Nasdaq Global Select segment of The Nasdaq Global Market.	No changes.

#### Rule Reference Table

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
New Definition		5000(a)(31)	"Other Regulatory Authority" means: (i) in the case of a bank or savings authority identified in Section 12(i) of the Act, the agency vested with authority to enforce the provisions of Section 12 of the Act; or (ii) in the case of an insurance company that is subject to an exemption issued by the Commission that permits the listing of the security, notwithstanding its failure to be registered pursuant to Section 12(b), the Commissioner of Insurance (or other officer or agency performing a similar function) of its domiciliary state.	This definition clarifies the relevant regulatory body for those Companies not regulated by the SEC.
New Definition		5000(a)(32)	"Primary Equity Security" means a Company's first class of Common Stock, Ordinary Shares, Shares or Certificates of Beneficial Interest of Trust, Limited Partnership Interests or American Depositary Receipts (ADR) or Shares (ADS).	This definition is being utilized primarily to avoid repeating the same text throughout the Rules. It is used in those Rules setting forth the quantitative criteria for initial and continued listing.
New Definition		5000(a)(33)	"Publicly Held Shares" means shares not held directly or indirectly by an officer, director or any person who is the beneficial owner of more than 10 percent of the total shares outstanding. Determinations of beneficial ownership in calculating publicly held shares shall be made in accordance with Rule 13d-3 under the Act.	This definition is derived from 4310(c)(7)(C), and 4420(e). Defined terms capitalized. Updated reference to Exchange Act Rules to incorporate the defined term "Act" for consistency.
4200(a)(31)	"Normal unit of trading" means 100 shares of a security unless, with respect to a particular security, Nasdaq determines that a normal unit of trading shall constitute other than 100 shares. If a normal unit of trading is other than 100 shares, a special identifier shall be appended to	5000(a)(35)	"Round Lot" or "Normal Unit of Trading" means 100 shares of a security unless, with respect to a particular security, Nasdaq determines that a normal unit of trading shall constitute other than 100 shares. If a normal unit of trading is other than 100 shares, a special identifier shall	We added to the new rule the term "Round Lot." The term "issuer" was replaced with the defined term "Company."

\* The new rule text will be operational on April 13, 2009.

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
	the issuer's Nasdaq symbol.		be appended to the Company's Nasdaq symbol.	
4200(a)(32)	"Public Holders" of a security include both beneficial holders and holders of record, but does not include any holder who is, either directly or indirectly, an executive officer, director, or the beneficial holder of more than 10% of the total shares outstanding.	5000(a)(34)	"Public Holders" means holders of a security that includes both beneficial holders and holders of record, but does not include any holder who is, either directly or indirectly, an Executive Officer, director, or the beneficial holder of more than 10% of the total shares outstanding.	Minor changes to structure for consistency with other definitions. Defined terms capitalized.
4200(a)(33)	"Round lot holder" means a holder of a normal unit of trading. The number of beneficial holders will be considered in addition to holders of record.	5000(a)(36)	"Round Lot Holder" means a holder of a Normal Unit of Trading. The number of beneficial holders will be considered in addition to holders of record.	Defined terms capitalized.
4200(a)(34)	"SEC Rule 100," "SEC Rule 101," "SEC Rule 103," and "SEC Rule 104" means the rules adopted by the Commission under Regulation M, and any amendments thereto.	4200(a)(34)		This rule does not relate to listed Companies, and as such it will remain in the 4000 Series.
4200(a)(35)	"Solicitation expenses" means direct marketing expenses incurred by a member in connection with a limited partnership rollup transaction, such as telephone calls, broker/dealer fact sheets, members' legal and other fees related to the solicitation, as well as direct solicitation compensation to members.	Deleted		As described in the "Purpose" section, Nasdaq has adopted the rule language of AMEX Company Guide Section 126, and as such, Limited Partnership definitions and rules are incorporated by reference to FINRA Rule 2810, which contains the definition contained in the old rule. As a result, this definition is not specifically included in the new rules, but included by reference in Rule 5210(h).

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
4200(a)(36)	"Stabilizing bid" means the terms "stabilizing" or to "stabilize" as defined in SEC Rule 100.	4200(a)(36)		This rule does not relate to listed Companies, and as such it will remain in the 4000 Series.
New Definition		5000(a)(37)	"Shareholder" means a record or beneficial owner of a security listed or applying to list. For purposes of the Rule 5000 Series, the term "Shareholder" includes, for example, a limited partner, the owner of a depository receipt, or unit.	This new definition clarifies how Nasdaq measures Shareholders for initial and continued listing.
New Definition		5000(a)(38)	"Substantial Shareholder" is defined in Rule 5635(e)(3).	This serves as a cross-reference to the definition in the Corporate Governance Section (5600).
4200(a)(37)	"Substitution Listing Event" means a reverse stock split, re-incorporation or a change in the issuer's place of organization, the formation of a holding company that replaces a listed company, reclassification or exchange of an issuer's listed shares for another security, the listing of a new class of securities in substitution for a previously- listed class of securities, or any technical change whereby the shareholders of the original company receive a share- for-share interest in the new company without any change in their equity position or rights.	5000(a)(39)	"Substitution Listing Event" means: a reverse stock split, re-incorporation or a change in the Company's place of organization, the formation of a holding company that replaces a listed Company, reclassification or exchange of a Company's listed shares for another security, the listing of a new class of securities in substitution for a previously-listed class of securities, or any technical change whereby the Shareholders of the original Company receive a share-for-share interest in the new Company without any change in their equity position or rights.	The term "issuer" was replaced with the defined term "Company."
4200(a)(38)	"Total holders" of a security include both beneficial holders and holders of record.	5000(a)(40)	"Total Holders" means holders of a security that includes both beneficial holders and holders of record.	Minor changes to structure for consistency with other definitions.

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
4200(a)(39)	<ul> <li>"Transaction costs" means costs incurred in connection with a limited partnership rollup transaction, including printing and mailing the proxy, prospectus or other documents; legal fees not related to the solicitation of votes or tenders; financial advisory fees; investment banking fees; appraisal fees; accounting fees; independent committee expenses; travel expenses; and all other fees related to the preparatory work of the transaction, but not including costs that would have otherwise been incurred by the subject limited partnerships in the ordinary course of business or solicitation expenses.</li> </ul>	Deleted		As described in the "Purpose" section, Nasdaq has adopted the rule language of AMEX Company Guide Section 126, and as such, Limited Partnership definitions and rules are incorporated by reference to FINRA Rule 2810, which contains the definition contained in the old rule. As a result, this definition is not specifically included in the new rules, but included by reference in Rule 5210(h).
4200(a)(40)	"Underwriting Activity Report" is a report provided by the Corporate Financing Department of FINRA in connection with a distribution of securities subject to SEC Rule 101 pursuant to NASD Rule 2710(b)(11) and includes forms that are submitted by members to comply with their notification obligations under Rules 4614, 4619, and 4623.	4200(a)(40)		This rule does not relate to listed Companies, and as such it will remain in the 4000 Series.
4200(b)	For purposes of Rules 4614, 4619, and 4623, the following terms shall have the meanings as defined in SEC Rule 100: "affiliated purchaser," "distribution," "distribution participant," "independent bid," "net purchases," "passive market maker," "penalty bid," "reference security," "restricted period," "subject security," and "syndicate covering transaction."	4200(b)		This rule does not relate to listed Companies, and as such it will remain in the 4000 Series.

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
4200(c)	All forms and applications relating to listing of securities on Nasdaq referenced in the Rule 4000 Series are available on www.nasdaq.com.	5205(f)	All forms and applications relating to listing of securities on Nasdaq referenced in the Rule 5000 Series are available on <u>www.nasdaq.com</u>	Updated citation to Rule 5000 Series.
IM-4200	IM-4200 Definition of Independence — Rule 4200(a)(15)It is important for investors to have confidence that individuals serving as independent directors do not have a relationship with the listed company that would impair their independence. The board has a responsibility to make an affirmative determination that no such relationships exist through the application of Rule 4200. Rule 4200 also provides a list of certain relationships that preclude a board finding of independence. These objective measures provide transparency to investors and companies, facilitate uniform application of the rules, and ease administration. Because Nasdaq does not believe that ownership of company stock by itself would preclude a board finding of independence, it is not included in the aforementioned objective factors. It should be noted that there are additional, more stringent requirements that apply to directors serving on audit committees, as specified in Rule 4350. The Rule's reference to the "company" includes any 	IM-5605	IM-5605. Definition of Independence — Rule 5605(a)(2)It is important for investors to have confidence thatindividuals serving as Independent Directors do not havea relationship with the listed Company that would impairtheir independence. The board has a responsibility tomake an affirmative determination that no suchrelationships exist through the application of Rule5605(a)(2). Rule 5605(a)(2) also provides a list of certainrelationships that preclude a board finding ofindependence. These objective measures providetransparency to investors and Companies, facilitateuniform application of the rules, and ease administration.Because Nasdaq does not believe that ownership ofCompany stock by itself would preclude a board findingof independence, it is not included in the aforementionedobjective factors. It should be noted that there areadditional, more stringent requirements that apply todirectors serving on audit committees, as specified inRule 5605(c).The Rule's reference to the "Company" includes anyparent or subsidiary of the Company. The term "parent orsubsidiary" is intended to cover entities the Companycontrols and consolidates with the Company's financialstatements as filed with the Commission (but not if theCompany reflects such entity solely as an investment in	Rule citations updated. The term "issuer" was replaced with the defined term "Company." Defined terms capitalized. Updated reference to Exchange Act Rules to incorporate the defined term "Act" for consistency.

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
	financial statements). The reference to executive officer		its financial statements). The reference to Executive	
	means those officers covered in SEC Rule 16a-1(f) under		Officer means those officers covered in Rule 16a-1(f)	
	the Act. In the context of the definition of Family		under the Act. In the context of the definition of Family	
	Member under Rule $4200(a)(14)$ , the reference to		Member under Rule $5605(a)(2)$ , the reference to marriage	
	marriage is intended to capture relationships specified in		is intended to capture relationships specified in the Rule	
	the Rule (parents, children and siblings) that arise as a		(parents, children and siblings) that arise as a result of	
	result of marriage, such as "in-law" relationships.		marriage, such as "in-law" relationships.	
	The three year look-back periods referenced in		The three year look-back periods referenced in	
	paragraphs (A), (C), (E) and (F) of the Rule commence		paragraphs (A), (C), (E) and (F) of the Rule commence	
	on the date the relationship ceases. For example, a		on the date the relationship ceases. For example, a	
	director employed by the company is not independent		director employed by the Company is not independent	
	until three years after such employment terminates.		until three years after such employment terminates.	
	For purposes of paragraph (A) of the Rule, employment		For purposes of paragraph (A) of the Rule, employment	
	by a director as an executive officer on an interim basis		by a director as an Executive Officer on an interim basis	
	shall not disqualify that director from being considered		shall not disqualify that director from being considered	
	independent following such employment, provided the		independent following such employment, provided the	
	interim employment did not last longer than one year. A		interim employment did not last longer than one year. A	
	director would not be considered independent while		director would not be considered independent while	
	serving as an interim officer. Similarly, for purposes of		serving as an interim officer. Similarly, for purposes of	
	paragraph (B) of the Rule, compensation received by a		paragraph (B) of the Rule, compensation received by a	
	director for former service as an interim executive officer		director for former service as an interim Executive	
	need not be considered as compensation in determining		Officer need not be considered as compensation in	
	independence after such service, provided such interim		determining independence after such service, provided	
	employment did not last longer than one year.		such interim employment did not last longer than one	
	Nonetheless, the issuer's board of directors still must		year. Nonetheless, the Company's board of directors still	
	consider whether such former employment and any		must consider whether such former employment and any	
	compensation received would interfere with the director's		compensation received would interfere with the director's	
	exercise of independent judgment in carrying out the		exercise of independent judgment in carrying out the	
	responsibilities of a director. In addition. if the director		responsibilities of a director. In addition, if the director	
	participated in the preparation of the company's financial		participated in the preparation of the Company's financial	

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
	statements while serving as an interim executive officer.		statements while serving as an interim Executive Officer.	
	Rule 4350(d)(2)(A)(iii) would preclude service on the		Rule 5605(c)(2)(A)(iii) would preclude service on the	
	audit committee for three years.		audit committee for three years.	
	Paragraph (B) of the Rule is generally intended to capture		Paragraph (B) of the Rule is generally intended to capture	
	situations where a compensation is made directly to (or		situations where a compensation is made directly to (or	
	for the benefit of) the director or a Family Member of the		for the benefit of) the director or a Family Member of the	
	director. For example, consulting or personal service		director. For example, consulting or personal service	
	contracts with a director or Family Member of the		contracts with a director or Family Member of the	
	director would be analyzed under paragraph (B) of the		director would be analyzed under paragraph (B) of the	
	Rule. In addition, political contributions to the campaign		Rule. In addition, political contributions to the campaign	
	of a director or a Family Member of the director would		of a director or a Family Member of the director would	
	be considered indirect compensation under paragraph		be considered indirect compensation under paragraph	
	(B). Non-preferential payments made in the ordinary		(B). Non-preferential payments made in the ordinary	
	course of providing business services (such as payments		course of providing business services (such as payments	
	of interest or proceeds related to banking services or		of interest or proceeds related to banking services or	
	loans by an issuer that is a financial institution or		loans by a Company that is a financial institution or	
	payment of claims on a policy by an issuer that is an		payment of claims on a policy by a Company that is an	
	insurance company), payments arising solely from		insurance company), payments arising solely from	
	investments in the company's securities and loans		investments in the Company's securities and loans	
	permitted under Section 13(k) of the Act will not		permitted under Section 13(k) of the Act will not	
	preclude a finding of director independence as long as the		preclude a finding of director independence as long as the	
	payments are non-compensatory in nature. Depending on		payments are non-compensatory in nature. Depending on	
	the circumstances, a loan or payment could be		the circumstances, a loan or payment could be	
	compensatory if, for example, it is not on terms generally		compensatory if, for example, it is not on terms generally	
	available to the public.		available to the public.	
	Paragraph (D) of the Rule is generally intended to capture		Paragraph (D) of the Rule is generally intended to capture	
	payments to an entity with which the director or Family		payments to an entity with which the director or Family	
	Member of the director is affiliated by serving as a		Member of the director is affiliated by serving as a	
	partner, controlling shareholder or executive officer of		partner, controlling Shareholder or Executive Officer of	
	such entity. Under exceptional circumstances, such as		such entity. Under exceptional circumstances, such as	

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
	where a director has direct, significant business holdings,		where a director has direct, significant business holdings,	
	it may be appropriate to apply the corporate		it may be appropriate to apply the corporate	
	measurements in paragraph (D), rather than the		measurements in paragraph (D), rather than the	
	individual measurements of paragraph (B). Issuers should		individual measurements of paragraph (B). Issuers should	
	contact Nasdaq if they wish to apply the Rule in this		contact Nasdaq if they wish to apply the Rule in this	
	manner. The reference to a partner in paragraph (D) is not		manner. The reference to a partner in paragraph (D) is not	
	intended to include limited partners. It should be noted		intended to include limited partners. It should be noted	
	that the independence requirements of paragraph (D) of		that the independence requirements of paragraph (D) of	
	the Rule are broader than SEC Rule 10A-3(e)(8) under		the Rule are broader than Rule 10A-3(e)(8) under the	
	the Act.		Act.	
	Under paragraph (D), a director who is, or who has a		Under paragraph (D), a director who is, or who has a	
	Family Member who is, an executive officer of a		Family Member who is, an Executive Officer of a	
	charitable organization may not be considered		charitable organization may not be considered	
	independent if the company makes payments to the		independent if the Company makes payments to the	
	charity in excess of the greater of 5% of the charity's		charity in excess of the greater of 5% of the charity's	
	revenues or \$200,000. However, Nasdaq encourages		revenues or \$200,000. However, Nasdaq encourages	
	companies to consider other situations where a director or		Companies to consider other situations where a director	
	their Family Member and the company each have a		or their Family Member and the Company each have a	
	relationship with the same charity when assessing		relationship with the same charity when assessing	
	director independence.		director independence.	
	For purposes of determining whether a lawyer is eligible		For purposes of determining whether a lawyer is eligible	
	to serve on an audit committee, SEC Rule 10A-3 under		to serve on an audit committee, Rule 10A-3 under the Act	
	the Act generally provides that any partner in a law firm		generally provides that any partner in a law firm that	
	that receives payments from the issuer is ineligible to		receives payments from the issuer is ineligible to serve on	
	serve on that issuer's audit committee. In determining		that issuer's audit committee. In determining whether a	
	whether a director may be considered independent for		director may be considered independent for purposes	
	purposes other than the audit committee, payments to a		other than the audit committee, payments to a law firm	
	law firm would generally be considered under Rule		would generally be considered under Rule 5605(a)(2),	
	4200(a)(15)(D), which looks to whether the payment		which looks to whether the payment exceeds the greater	
	exceeds the greater of 5% of the recipient's gross		of 5% of the recipient's gross revenues or \$200,000;	

#### Rule Reference Table

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
	<ul> <li>revenues or \$200,000; however, if the firm is a sole proprietorship, Rule 4200(a)(15)(B), which looks to whether the payment exceeds \$120,000, applies.</li> <li>Paragraph (G) of the Rule provides a different measurement for independence for investment companies in order to harmonize with the Investment Company Act of 1940. In particular, in lieu of paragraphs (A)–(F), a director who is an "interested person" of the company as defined in Section 2(a)(19) of the Investment Company Act of 1940, other than in his or her capacity as a member of the board of directors or any board committee, shall not be considered independent.</li> </ul>		<ul> <li>however, if the firm is a sole proprietorship, Rule</li> <li>5605(a)(2)(B), which looks to whether the payment</li> <li>exceeds \$120,000, applies.</li> <li>Paragraph (G) of the Rule provides a different</li> <li>measurement for independence for investment companies</li> <li>in order to harmonize with the Investment Company Act</li> <li>of 1940. In particular, in lieu of paragraphs (A)-(F), a</li> <li>director who is an "interested person" of the company as</li> <li>defined in Section 2(a)(19) of the Investment Company</li> <li>Act of 1940, other than in his or her capacity as a</li> <li>member of the board of directors or any board</li> <li>committee, shall not be considered independent.</li> </ul>	
4300	<ul> <li>Nasdaq is entrusted with the authority to preserve and strengthen the quality of and public confidence in its market. Nasdaq stands for integrity and ethical business practices in order to enhance investor confidence, thereby contributing to the financial health of the economy and supporting the capital formation process. Nasdaq issuers, from new public companies to companies of international stature, are publicly recognized as sharing these important objectives.</li> <li>Nasdaq, therefore, in addition to applying the enumerated criteria set forth in the Rule 4300 and 4400 Series, has broad discretionary authority over the initial and continued listing of securities in Nasdaq in order to maintain the quality of and public confidence in its market, to prevent fraudulent and manipulative acts and practices, to promote just and equitable principles of trade, and to protect investors and the public interest. Nasdaq may use such discretion to deny initial listing,</li> </ul>	5100	Nasdaq is entrusted with the authority to preserve and strengthen the quality of and public confidence in its market. Nasdaq stands for integrity and ethical business practices in order to enhance investor confidence, thereby contributing to the financial health of the economy and supporting the capital formation process. Nasdaq Companies, from new public Companies to Companies of international stature, are publicly recognized as sharing these important objectives. Nasdaq, therefore, in addition to applying the enumerated criteria set forth in the Rule 5000 Series, has broad discretionary authority over the initial and continued listing of securities in Nasdaq in order to maintain the quality of and public confidence in its market, to prevent fraudulent and manipulative acts and practices, to promote just and equitable principles of trade, and to protect investors and the public interest. Nasdaq may use such discretion to deny initial listing, apply additional or	Rule citations updated. The term "issuer" was replaced with the defined term "Company." The name of the Listing Department has been changed to the Listing Qualifications Department.

\* The new rule text will be operational on April 13, 2009.

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
	apply additional or more stringent criteria for the initial or continued listing of particular securities, or suspend or delist particular securities based on any event, condition, or circumstance that exists or occurs that makes initial or continued listing of the securities on Nasdaq inadvisable or unwarranted in the opinion of Nasdaq, even though the securities meet all enumerated criteria for initial or continued listing on Nasdaq. In all circumstances where the Listing Department (as defined in Rule 4801) exercises its authority under Rule 4300, the Listing Department shall issue a Staff Determination under Rule 4804, and in all circumstances where an Adjudicatory Body (as defined in Rule 4801) exercises such authority, the use of the authority shall be described in the written decision of the Adjudicatory Body.		more stringent criteria for the initial or continued listing of particular securities, or suspend or delist particular securities based on any event, condition, or circumstance that exists or occurs that makes initial or continued listing of the securities on Nasdaq inadvisable or unwarranted in the opinion of Nasdaq, even though the securities meet all enumerated criteria for initial or continued listing Qualifications Department (as defined in Rule 5805) exercises its authority under Rule 5100, the Listing Qualifications Department shall issue a Staff Delisting Determination under Rule 5810(c)(1), and in all circumstances where an Adjudicatory Body (as defined in Rule 5805) exercises such authority, the use of the authority shall be described in the written decision of the Adjudicatory Body.	

### Rule Reference Table

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
IM-4300-1	Use of Discretionary Authority In order to further issuers' understanding of Rule 4300, Nasdaq is adopting this Interpretive Material as a non- exclusive description of the circumstances in which the Rule is generally invoked. Nasdaq may use its authority under Rule 4300 to deny initial or continued listing to an issuer when an individual with a history of regulatory misconduct is associated with the issuer. Such individuals are typically an officer, director, substantial security holder (as defined in Rule 4350(i)(5)), or consultant to the issuer. In making this determination, Nasdaq will consider a variety of factors, including: the nature and severity of the conduct, taken in conjunction with the length of time since the conduct occurred; whether the conduct involved fraud or dishonesty; whether the investing public was involved; how the individual has been employed since the violative conduct; whether there are continuing sanctions (either criminal or civil) against the individual; whether the individual made restitution; whether the issuer has taken effective remedial action; and the totality of the individual's relationship to the issuer, giving consideration to: the individual's current or proposed position; the individual's current or proposed position;	IM-5100-1	<ul> <li>Use of Discretionary Authority</li> <li>To further Companies' understanding of Rule 5100,</li> <li>Nasdaq has adopted this Interpretive Material as a non-exclusive description of the circumstances in which the Rule is generally invoked.</li> <li>Nasdaq may use its authority under Rule 5100 to deny initial or continued listing to a Company when an individual with a history of regulatory misconduct is associated with the Company. Such individuals are typically an officer, director, Substantial Shareholder (as defined in Rule 5635(e)(3)), or consultant to the Company. In making this determination, Nasdaq will consider a variety of factors, including:</li> <li>the nature and severity of the conduct, taken in conjunction with the length of time since the conduct occurred;</li> <li>whether the conduct involved fraud or dishonesty;</li> <li>whether the investing public was involved;</li> <li>how the individual has been employed since the violative conduct;</li> <li>whether there are continuing sanctions (either criminal or civil) against the individual;</li> <li>whether the Company has taken effective remedial action; and</li> <li>the totality of the individual's relationship to the Company, giving consideration to: o the individual's current or proposed position; o the individual's current or proposed scope of authority;</li> </ul>	Rule citations updated. The term "issuer" was replaced with the defined term "Company." Defined terms capitalized. The term "listing qualifications panel" was replaced with the defined term "Hearings Panel."

\* The new rule text will be operational on April 13, 2009.

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
	the extent to which the individual has responsibility for		o the extent to which the individual has responsibility for	
	financial accounting or reporting; and		financial accounting or reporting; and	
	the individual's equity interest.		o the individual's equity interest.	
	Based on this review, Nasdaq may determine that the		Based on this review, Nasdaq may determine that the	
	regulatory history rises to the level of a public interest		regulatory history rises to the level of a public interest	
	concern, but may also consider whether remedial		concern, but may also consider whether remedial	
	measures proposed by the issuer, if taken, would allay		measures proposed by the Company, if taken, would	
	that concern. Examples of such remedial measures could		allay that concern. Examples of such remedial measures	
	include any or all of the following, as appropriate:		could include any or all of the following, as appropriate:	
	the individual's resignation from officer and director		• the individual's resignation from officer and director	
	positions, and/or other employment with the company;		positions, and/or other employment with the Company;	
	divestiture of stock holdings;		• divestiture of stock holdings;	
	terminations of contractual arrangements between the		• terminations of contractual arrangements between the	
	issuer and the individual; or		Company and the individual; or	
	the establishment of a voting trust surrounding the		• the establishment of a voting trust surrounding the	
	individual's shares.		individual's shares.	
	Nasdaq staff is willing to discuss with issuers, on a case-		Nasdaq staff is willing to discuss with Companies, on a	
	by-case basis, what remedial measures may be		case-by-case basis, what remedial measures may be	
	appropriate to address public interest concerns, and for		appropriate to address public interest concerns, and for	
	how long such remedial measures would be required.		how long such remedial measures would be required.	
	Alternatively, Nasdaq may conclude that a public interest		Alternatively, Nasdaq may conclude that a public interest	
	concern is so serious that no remedial measure would be		concern is so serious that no remedial measure would be	
	sufficient to alleviate it. In the event that Nasdaq staff		sufficient to alleviate it. In the event that Nasdaq staff	
	denies initial or continued listing based on such public		denies initial or continued listing based on such public	
	interest considerations, the issuer may seek review of that		interest considerations, the Company may seek review of	
	determination through the procedures set forth in the		that determination through the procedures set forth in the	
	Rule 4800 Series. On consideration of such appeal, a		Rule 5800 Series. On consideration of such appeal, a	
	listing qualifications panel comprised of persons		Hearings Panel comprised of persons independent of	
	independent of Nasdaq may accept, reject or modify the		Nasdaq may accept, reject or modify the staff's	
	staff's recommendations by imposing conditions.		recommendations by imposing conditions.	

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text <sup>*</sup>	Comments
	Nasdaq may also use its discretionary authority, for		Nasdaq may also use its discretionary authority, for	
	example, when an issuer files for protection under any		example, when a Company files for protection under any	
	provision of the federal bankruptcy laws or comparable		provision of the federal bankruptcy laws or comparable	
	foreign laws, when an issuer's independent accountants		foreign laws, when a Company's independent	
	issue a disclaimer opinion on financial statements		accountants issue a disclaimer opinion on financial	
	required to be audited, or when financial statements do		statements required to be audited, or when financial	
	not contain a required certification.		statements do not contain a required certification.	
	In addition, pursuant to its discretionary authority,		In addition, pursuant to its discretionary authority,	
	Nasdaq will review the issuer's past corporate		Nasdaq will review the Company's past corporate	
	governance activities. This review may include activities		governance activities. This review may include activities	
	taking place while the issuer is listed on Nasdaq or an		taking place while the Company is listed on Nasdaq or an	
	exchange that imposes corporate governance		exchange that imposes corporate governance	
	requirements, as well as activities taking place after a		requirements, as well as activities taking place after a	
	formerly listed issuer is no longer listed on Nasdaq or		formerly listed company is no longer listed on Nasdaq or	
	such an exchange. Based on such review, and in		such an exchange. Based on such review, and in	
	accordance with the Rule 4800 Series, Nasdaq may take		accordance with the Rule 5800 Series, Nasdaq may take	
	any appropriate action, including placing restrictions on		any appropriate action, including placing restrictions on	
	or additional requirements for listing, or denying listing		or additional requirements for listing, or denying listing	
	of a security, if Nasdaq determines that there have been		of a security, if Nasdaq determines that there have been	
	violations or evasions of such corporate governance		violations or evasions of such corporate governance	
	standards. Such determinations will be made on a case-		standards. Such determinations will be made on a case-	
	by-case basis as necessary to protect investors and the		by-case basis as necessary to protect investors and the	
	public interest.		public interest.	
	Although Nasdaq has broad discretion under Rule 4300		Although Nasdaq has broad discretion under Rule 5100	
	to impose additional or more stringent criteria, the Rule		to impose additional or more stringent criteria, the Rule	
	does not provide a basis for Nasdaq to grant exemptions		does not provide a basis for Nasdaq to grant exemptions	
	or exceptions from the enumerated criteria for initial or		or exceptions from the enumerated criteria for initial or	
	continued listing, which may be granted solely pursuant		continued listing, which may be granted solely pursuant	
	to rules explicitly providing such authority.		to rules explicitly providing such authority.	

### Rule Reference Table

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
IM-4300-2	<ul> <li>Listing of Companies Whose Business Plan is to Complete One or More Acquisitions</li> <li>Generally, Nasdaq will not permit the initial or continued listing of a company that has no specific business plan or that has indicated that its business plan is to engage in a merger or acquisition with an unidentified company or companies.</li> <li>However, in the case of a company whose business plan is to complete an initial public offering and engage in a merger or acquisition with one or more unidentified companies within a specific period of time, Nasdaq will permit the listing if the company meets all applicable initial listing requirements, as well as the conditions described below.</li> <li>(a) At least 90% of the gross proceeds from the initial public offering and any concurrent sale by the company of equity securities must be deposited in a trust account maintained by an independent trustee, an escrow account maintained by an "insured depository institution," as that term is defined in Section 3(c)(2) of the Federal Deposit Insurance Act or in a separate bank account established by a registered broker or dealer (collectively, a "deposit account").</li> <li>(b) Within 36 months of the effectiveness of its IPO registration statement, or such shorter period that the company specifies in its registration statement, the company must complete one or more business combinations having an aggregate fair market value of at least 80% of the value of the deposit account (excluding any deferred underwriters fees and taxes payable on the</li> </ul>	IM-5100-2	<ul> <li>Listing of Companies Whose Business Plan is to Complete One or More Acquisitions</li> <li>Generally, Nasdaq will not permit the initial or continued listing of a Company that has no specific business plan or that has indicated that its business plan is to engage in a merger or acquisition with an unidentified company or companies.</li> <li>However, in the case of a Company whose business plan is to complete an initial public offering and engage in a merger or acquisition with one or more unidentified companies within a specific period of time, Nasdaq will permit the listing if the Company meets all applicable initial listing requirements, as well as the conditions described below.</li> <li>(a) At least 90% of the gross proceeds from the initial public offering and any concurrent sale by the company of equity securities must be deposited in a trust account maintained by an independent trustee, an escrow account maintained by an "insured depository institution," as that term is defined in Section 3(c)(2) of the Federal Deposit Insurance Act or in a separate bank account established by a registered broker or dealer (collectively, a "deposit account").</li> <li>(b) Within 36 months of the effectiveness of its IPO registration statement, or such shorter period that the company specifies in its registration statement, the Company must complete one or more business combinations having an aggregate fair market value of at least 80% of the value of the deposit account (excluding any deferred underwriters fees and taxes payable on the</li> </ul>	The term "issuer" was replaced with the defined term "Company." Rule citations updated. Defined terms capitalized. Updated reference to Exchange Act Rules to incorporate the defined term "Act" for consistency.

\* The new rule text will be operational on April 13, 2009.

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
	income earned on the deposit account) at the time of the		income earned on the deposit account) at the time of the	
	agreement to enter into the initial combination.		agreement to enter into the initial combination.	
	(c) Until the company has satisfied the condition in		(c) Until the Company has satisfied the condition in	
	paragraph (b) above, each business combination must be		paragraph (b) above, each business combination must be	
	approved by a majority of the company's independent		approved by a majority of the Company's Independent	
	directors.		Directors.	
	(d) Until the company has satisfied the condition in		(d) Until the Company has satisfied the condition in	
	paragraph (b) above, each business combination must be		paragraph (b) above, each business combination must be	
	approved by a majority of the shares of common stock		approved by a majority of the shares of common stock	
	voting at the meeting at which the combination is being		voting at the meeting at which the combination is being	
	considered.		considered.	
	(e) Until the company has satisfied the condition in		(e) Until the Company has satisfied the condition in	
	paragraph (b) above, public shareholders voting against a		paragraph (b) above, public Shareholders voting against a	
	business combination must have the right to convert their		business combination must have the right to convert their	
	shares of common stock into a pro rata share of the		shares of common stock into a pro rata share of the	
	aggregate amount then in the deposit account (net of		aggregate amount then in the deposit account (net of	
	taxes payable and amounts distributed to management for		taxes payable and amounts distributed to management for	
	working capital purposes) if the business combination is		working capital purposes) if the business combination is	
	approved and consummated. A company may establish a		approved and consummated. A Company may establish a	
	limit (set no lower than 10% of the shares sold in the		limit (set no lower than 10% of the shares sold in the	
	IPO) as to the maximum number of shares with respect to		IPO) as to the maximum number of shares with respect to	
	which any shareholder, together with any affiliate of such		which any Shareholder, together with any affiliate of	
	shareholder or any person with whom such shareholder is		such Shareholder or any person with whom such	
	acting as a "group" (as such term is used in Sections		shareholder is acting as a "group" (as such term is used in	
	13(d) and 14(d) of the Exchange Act), may exercise such		Sections 13(d) and 14(d) of the Act), may exercise such	
	conversion rights. For purposes of this paragraph (e),		conversion rights. For purposes of this paragraph (e),	
	public shareholder excludes officers and directors of the		public Shareholder excludes officers and directors of the	
	company, the company's sponsor, the founding		Company, the Company's sponsor, the founding	
	shareholders of the company, and any Family Member or		Shareholders of the Company, and any Family Member	
	affiliate of any of the foregoing persons.		or affiliate of any of the foregoing persons.	

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
	Until the company completes a business combination where all conditions in paragraph (b) above are met, the company must notify Nasdaq on the appropriate form about each proposed business combination. Following each business combination, the combined company must meet the requirements for initial listing. If the company does not meet the requirements for initial listing following a business combination or does not comply with one of the requirements set forth above, Nasdaq will issue a Staff Determination under Rule 4804 to delist the company's securities.		Until the Company completes a business combination where all conditions in paragraph (b) above are met, the Company must notify Nasdaq on the appropriate form about each proposed business combination. Following each business combination, the combined Company must meet the requirements for initial listing. If the Company does not meet the requirements for initial listing following a business combination or does not comply with one of the requirements set forth above, Nasdaq will issue a Staff Delisting Determination under Rule 5810 to delist the Company's securities.	
4305	Transition of Securities Included on the Market Operated by The Nasdaq Stock Market, Inc.	Deleted		This rule is being deleted since it no longer applies to listed Companies.
4305(a)	Notwithstanding any of the criteria for listing on the Nasdaq Global Market contained in the other rules within the Rule 4300 and 4400 Series, a security included on the Nasdaq Global Market, as operated by The Nasdaq Stock Market, Inc. as a facility of the NASD on the day prior to the first date on which Nasdaq commences operations as a national securities exchange (the "Operation Date") shall be listed on the Nasdaq Global Market on the Operation Date.	Deleted		This rule is being deleted since it no longer applies to listed Companies.

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
4305(b)	Notwithstanding any of the criteria for listing on the Nasdaq Capital Market contained in the other rules within the Rule 4300 Series, a security included on the Nasdaq Capital Market, as operated by The Nasdaq Stock Market, Inc. as a facility of the NASD on the day prior to Operation Date shall be listed on the Nasdaq Capital Market on the Operation Date.	Deleted		This rule is being deleted since it no longer applies to listed Companies.
4305(c)	Nothing in this rule shall be deemed to limit the authority of Nasdaq under the Rule 4000 Series with respect to proceedings to delist issuers following the Operation Date.	Deleted		This rule is being deleted since it no longer applies to listed Companies.
4305(d)	Any issuer listed on the Nasdaq Global Market or the Nasdaq Capital Market pursuant to paragraphs (a) or (b) above that had received any notice or was subject to any Rule of The Nasdaq Stock Market, Inc. as a facility of the NASD shall be treated as though such notice or such Rule was a notice from or a rule of Nasdaq in computing applicable time frames.	Deleted		This rule is being deleted since it no longer applies to listed Companies.
4310	To qualify for listing in Nasdaq, a security of a domestic or Canadian issuer shall satisfy all applicable requirements contained in paragraphs (a), (b), and (c) hereof. Issuers that meet these requirements, but that are not listed on the Nasdaq Global Market, are listed on the Nasdaq Capital Market.	5500	This section contains the initial and continued listing requirements and standards for listing a Company's Primary Equity Security on The Nasdaq Capital Market. This section also contains the initial and continued listing requirements for Rights and Warrants; Preferred and Secondary Classes of Common Stock; and Convertible Debt, Rights and Warrants on the Capital Market.	The introductory language found in the old rule was substantially rewritten and expanded. The term "issuer" was replaced with the defined term "Company." Defined terms capitalized.
			In addition to meeting the quantitative requirements in this section, a Company must meet the requirements of	

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
			Rule 5100, the disclosure obligations set forth in Rule 5200, the Corporate Governance requirements set forth in Rule 5600, and pay any applicable fees in Rule 5900. A Company's failure to meet any of the continued listing requirements will be processed in accordance with the provisions set forth in the Rule 5800 Series.	
			Companies that meet these requirements, but are not listed on the Nasdaq Global Market, are listed on the Nasdaq Capital Market.	
4310(a)(1)	A security shall be considered for listing on Nasdaq provided that it is: (1) registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act; or	5210(a)(1)	Registration under 12(b) of the Act A security shall be eligible for listing on Nasdaq provided that it is: (1) registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act; or	No changes.
4310(a)(2)	A security shall be considered for listing on Nasdaq provided that it is:	5210(a)(2)	Registration under 12(b) of the Act **** (2) subject to an exemption issued by the Commission that permits the listing of the security notwithstanding its failure to be registered pursuant to Section 12(b).	No changes.

### Rule Reference Table

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text <sup>*</sup>	Comments
4310(b)	An issuer that wishes to have a security listed on Nasdaq shall submit to Nasdaq a listing application that provides the information required by Section 12(b) of the Act on the form designated by Nasdaq. Upon approval of a listing application, Nasdaq shall certify to the Commission, pursuant to Section 12(d) of the Act and the rules thereunder, that it has approved the security for listing and registration. Listing can commence only upon effectiveness of the security's registration pursuant to Section 12(d).	5205(a)	To apply for listing on Nasdaq, a Company shall execute a Listing Agreement and a Listing Application on the forms designated by Nasdaq providing the information required by Section 12(b) of the Act.	The old rule was split into 2 new rules - this portion sets forth the Listing Application requirement. It was reworded for clarity.
4310(b)	An issuer that wishes to have a security listed on Nasdaq shall submit to Nasdaq a listing application that provides the information required by Section 12(b) of the Act on the form designated by Nasdaq. Upon approval of a listing application, Nasdaq shall certify to the Commission, pursuant to Section 12(d) of the Act and the rules thereunder, that it has approved the security for listing and registration. Listing can commence only upon effectiveness of the security's registration pursuant to Section 12(d).	5210(f)	Nasdaq Certification Upon approval of a listing application, Nasdaq shall certify to the Commission, pursuant to Section 12(d) of the Act and the rules thereunder, that it has approved the security for listing and registration. Listing can commence only upon effectiveness of the security's registration pursuant to Section 12(d).	The old rule was split into 2 new rules - this portion describes the certification by Nasdaq upon approval of a listing application.
4310(c)(1)	In addition to the requirements contained in paragraph (a) and (b) above, and unless otherwise indicated, a security shall satisfy the following criteria for listing on Nasdaq: (1) For initial listing, the issue shall have three registered and active market makers, and for continued listing, the issue shall have two registered and active market makers, one of which may be a market maker entering a	5225(a)(4)	Market Makers (1) For initial inclusion, a unit shall have at least three registered and active Market Makers. (2) For continued listing, a unit shall have at least two registered and active Market Makers, one of which may be a Market Maker entering a stabilizing bid.	In the new Rules, we have taken this one requirement and placed it in the relevant sections, as described here and below. This citation sets forth the NGS and NGM initial and continued market maker requirement for units. Defined terms capitalized.

\* The new rule text will be operational on April 13, 2009.

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text <sup>*</sup>	Comments
	stabilizing bid.			
4310(c)(1)	In addition to the requirements contained in paragraph (a) and (b) above, and unless otherwise indicated, a security shall satisfy the following criteria for listing on Nasdaq: (1) For initial listing, the issue shall have three registered and active market makers, and for continued listing, the issue shall have two registered and active market makers, one of which may be a market maker entering a stabilizing bid.	5225(b)(3)	Market Makers (1) For initial inclusion, a unit shall have at least three registered and active Market Makers. (2) For continued listing, a unit shall have at least two registered and active Market Makers, one of which may be a Market Maker entering a stabilizing bid.	The new rule is the NCM market maker requirement for units. Defined terms capitalized.
4310(c)(1)	In addition to the requirements contained in paragraph (a) and (b) above, and unless otherwise indicated, a security shall satisfy the following criteria for listing on Nasdaq: (1) For initial listing, the issue shall have three registered and active market makers, and for continued listing, the issue shall have two registered and active market makers, one of which may be a market maker entering a stabilizing bid.	5315(e)(3)	The Primary Equity Security shall meet all of the following: ***** (3) Market Makers A Company that meets the requirements of the NGM Income Standard (Rule 5405(b)(1)) or the NGM Equity Standard (Rule 5405(b)(2)) shall have at least three registered and active Market Makers. Otherwise, a Company shall have at least four registered and active Market Makers.	Since the current NGS rules do not contain a market maker requirement, this Market Maker requirement is adopted from the initial listing standards for the NGM.

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
4310(c)(1)	In addition to the requirements contained in paragraph (a) and (b) above, and unless otherwise indicated, a security shall satisfy the following criteria for listing on Nasdaq: (1) For initial listing, the issue shall have three registered and active market makers, and for continued listing, the issue shall have two registered and active market makers, one of which may be a market maker entering a stabilizing bid.	5410(c)	For initial listing, the rights or warrants must meet all the requirements below:	The new rule is the NGM market maker requirement for rights and warrants, initial listing. Defined terms capitalized.
4310(c)(1)	In addition to the requirements contained in paragraph (a) and (b) above, and unless otherwise indicated, a security shall satisfy the following criteria for listing on Nasdaq: (1) For initial listing, the issue shall have three registered and active market makers, and for continued listing, the issue shall have two registered and active market makers, one of which may be a market maker entering a stabilizing bid.	5455(b)	For continued listing, the rights or warrants must meet all the requirements below: **** (b) There must be at least two registered and active Market Makers, one of which may be a Market Maker entering a stabilizing bid.	The new rule is the NGM market maker requirement for rights and warrants, continued listing. Defined terms capitalized.
4310(c)(1)	In addition to the requirements contained in paragraph (a) and (b) above, and unless otherwise indicated, a security shall satisfy the following criteria for listing on Nasdaq: (1) For initial listing, the issue shall have three registered and active market makers, and for continued listing, the issue shall have two registered and active market makers, one of which may be a market maker entering a stabilizing bid.	5505(a)(4)	Initial Listing Requirements for Primary Equity Securities: **** (4) At least three registered and active Market Makers.	This new rule is the NCM market maker requirement for Primary Equity Securities, initial listing. Defined terms capitalized.

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
4310(c)(1)	In addition to the requirements contained in paragraph (a) and (b) above, and unless otherwise indicated, a security shall satisfy the following criteria for listing on Nasdaq: (1) For initial listing, the issue shall have three registered and active market makers, and for continued listing, the issue shall have two registered and active market makers, one of which may be a market maker entering a stabilizing bid.	5550(a)(1)	Continued Listing Requirements for Primary Equity Securities: (1) At least two registered and active Market Makers, one of which may be a Market Maker entering a stabilizing bid;	This new rule is the NCM market maker requirement for Primary Equity Securities, continued listing. Defined terms capitalized.
4310(c)(1)	In addition to the requirements contained in paragraph (a) and (b) above, and unless otherwise indicated, a security shall satisfy the following criteria for listing on Nasdaq: (1) For initial listing, the issue shall have three registered and active market makers, and for continued listing, the issue shall have two registered and active market makers, one of which may be a market maker entering a stabilizing bid.	5510(a)(5)	<ul> <li>(a) When the Primary Equity Security is listed on the Capital Market or is a Covered Security, a Company's preferred stock or secondary class of common stock must meet all of the requirements in Rules (1) through (5) below in order to be listed.</li> <li>****</li> <li>(5) At least three registered and active Market Makers.</li> </ul>	This new rule is the NCM market maker requirement for Preferred & Secondary classes of common stock, initial listing. Defined terms capitalized.

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text <sup>*</sup>	Comments
4310(c)(1)	In addition to the requirements contained in paragraph (a) and (b) above, and unless otherwise indicated, a security shall satisfy the following criteria for listing on Nasdaq: (1) For initial listing, the issue shall have three registered and active market makers, and for continued listing, the issue shall have two registered and active market makers, one of which may be a market maker entering a stabilizing bid.	5555(a)(5)	When the Primary Equity Security is listed on the Capital Market or is a Covered Security, a Company's preferred stock or secondary class of common stock must meet all of the requirements in (1) through (5) below in order to be listed. Failure to meet any of the continued listing requirements will be processed in accordance with the provisions set forth in the Rule 5800 Series. ***** (5) At least two registered and active Market Makers, one of which may be a Market Maker entering a stabilizing bid.	This new rule is the NCM market maker requirement for Preferred & Secondary classes of common stock, continued listing. Defined terms capitalized.
4310(c)(1)	In addition to the requirements contained in paragraph (a) and (b) above, and unless otherwise indicated, a security shall satisfy the following criteria for listing on Nasdaq: (1) For initial listing, the issue shall have three registered and active market makers, and for continued listing, the issue shall have two registered and active market makers, one of which may be a market maker entering a stabilizing bid.	5515(a)(3)	The following requirements apply to a Company listing convertible debt, rights or warrants on The Nasdaq Capital Market. (a) For initial listing, rights, warrants and put warrants must meet the following requirements: ***** (3) At least three registered and active Market Makers.	This new rule is the NCM market maker requirements for Rights, Warrants & Convertible Debt, initial listing. Defined terms capitalized.
4310(c)(1)	In addition to the requirements contained in paragraph (a) and (b) above, and unless otherwise indicated, a security shall satisfy the following criteria for listing on Nasdaq: (1) For initial listing, the issue shall have three registered and active market makers, and for continued listing, the issue shall have two registered and active market makers, one of which may be a market maker entering a stabilizing bid.	5560(a)	For rights and warrants, the underlying security must remain listed on Nasdaq or be a Covered Security, and there must be at least two registered and active Market Makers, one of which may be a Market Maker entering a stabilizing bid.	This new rule is the NCM market maker requirements for Rights and Warrants, continued listing. Defined terms capitalized.

### Rule Reference Table

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
4310(c)(1)	In addition to the requirements contained in paragraph (a) and (b) above, and unless otherwise indicated, a security shall satisfy the following criteria for listing on Nasdaq: (1) For initial listing, the issue shall have three registered and active market makers, and for continued listing, the issue shall have two registered and active market makers, one of which may be a market maker entering a stabilizing bid.	5560(b)(2)	A convertible debt security must meet the following requirements for continued listing: ***** (2) At least two registered and active Market Makers, one of which may be a Market Maker entering a stabilizing bid; and	This new rule is the NCM market maker requirement for Convertible Debt, continued listing. Defined terms capitalized.
4310(c)(2)(A)(i- iii)	For initial listing, the issuer shall have either: (A) (i) stockholders' equity of \$5 million; and (ii) a market value of publicly held shares of \$15 million; and (iii) an operating history of at least two years; or	5505(b)(1)(A-C)	<ul> <li>Initial Listing Standards for Primary Equity Securities:</li> <li>(1) Equity Standard</li> <li>(A) Stockholders' equity of at least \$5 million;</li> <li>(B) Market Value of Publicly Held Shares of at least \$15 million; and</li> <li>(C) Two year operating history.</li> </ul>	For clarity, this was named the Equity Standard. Defined terms capitalized. In this Standard and the subsequent Standards, the requirements were reordered for clarity.
4310(c)(2)(B)(i- iii)	For initial listing, the issuer shall have either: ***** (B) (i) stockholders' equity of \$4 million; and (ii) market value of listed securities of \$50 million (currently traded issuers must meet this requirement and the bid price requirement under Rule 4310(c)(4) for 90 consecutive trading days prior to applying for listing); and (iii) a market value of publicly held shares of \$15 million; or	5505(b)(2)(A-C)	Initial Listing Standards for Primary Equity Securities: ***** (2) Market Value of Listed Securities Standard (A) Market Value of Listed Securities of at least \$50 million (current publicly traded Companies must meet this requirement and the \$4 bid price requirement for 90 consecutive trading days prior to applying for listing if qualifying to list only under the Market Value of Listed Securities requirement); (B) Stockholders' equity of at least \$4 million; and (C) Market Value of Publicly Held Shares of at least \$15 million.	For clarity, this was named the Market Value of Listed Securities Standard. The language describing the 90 day seasoning period was reworded slightly. Defined terms were capitalized. The term "issuer" was replaced with the defined term "Company."

\* The new rule text will be operational on April 13, 2009.

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
4310(c)(2)(C)(i- iii)	For initial listing, the issuer shall have either:	5505(b)(3)(A-C)	<ul> <li>Initial Listing Standards for Primary Equity Securities:</li> <li>****</li> <li>(3) Net Income Standard</li> <li>(A) Net income from continuing operations of \$750,000 in the most recently completed fiscal year or in two of the three most recently completed fiscal years;</li> <li>(B) Stockholders' equity of at least \$4 million; and</li> <li>(C) Market Value of Publicly Held Shares of at least \$5 million.</li> </ul>	This Standard was renamed the Net Income Standard, and rearranged in terms of relevance. Defined terms capitalized.
4310(c)(3)(A-C)	For continued listing, the issuer shall maintain either: (A) stockholders' equity of \$2.5 million; or (B) market value of listed securities of \$35 million; or (C) net income from continuing operations of \$500,000 in the most recently completed fiscal year or in two of the last three most recently completed fiscal years.	5550(b)(1-3)	Continued Listing Standards for Primary Equity Securities: (1) Stockholders' equity of at least \$2.5 million; (2) Market Value of Listed Securities of at least \$35 million; or (3) Net income from continuing operations of \$500,000 in the most recently completed fiscal year or in two of the three most recently completed fiscal years.	Added the words "at least" for clarity. Defined terms capitalized.
4310(c)(4)	For initial listing, common stock, preferred stock and secondary classes of common stock shall have a minimum bid price of \$4 per share. For continued listing the minimum bid price per share shall be \$1.	5505(a)(1)	Initial Listing Requirements for Primary Equity Securities: (1) Minimum bid price of at least \$4 per share;	The old rule was split into initial and continued listing requirements. This is the initial listing requirement for Primary Equity Securities, which was reworded for clarity and consistency. Defined terms capitalized.

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
4310(c)(4)	For initial listing, common stock, preferred stock and secondary classes of common stock shall have a minimum bid price of \$4 per share. For continued listing the minimum bid price per share shall be \$1.	5550(a)(2)	Continued Listing Requirements for Primary Equity Securities: (2) Minimum bid price of at least \$1 per share;	The old rule was split into initial and continued listing requirements. This is the continued listing requirement for Primary Equity Securities, which was reworded for clarity and consistency. Defined terms capitalized.
4310(c)(4)	For initial listing, common stock, preferred stock and secondary classes of common stock shall have a minimum bid price of \$4 per share. For continued listing the minimum bid price per share shall be \$1.	5510(a)(1)	<ul> <li>When the Primary Equity Security is listed on the Capital Market or is a Covered Security, a Company's preferred stock or secondary class of common stock must meet all of the requirements in Rules (1) through (5) below in order to be listed.</li> <li>(1) Minimum bid price of at least \$4 per share;</li> </ul>	The old rule was split into initial and continued listing requirements. This is the initial listing requirement for Preferred Stock and Secondary Classes of Common Stock, which was reworded for clarity and consistency. Defined terms capitalized.
4310(c)(4)	For initial listing, common stock, preferred stock and secondary classes of common stock shall have a minimum bid price of \$4 per share. For continued listing the minimum bid price per share shall be \$1.	5555(a)(1)	When the Primary Equity Security is listed on the Capital Market or is a Covered Security, a Company's preferred stock or secondary class of common stock must meet all of the requirements in (1) through (5) below in order to be listed. Failure to meet any of the continued listing requirements will be processed in accordance with the provisions set forth in the Rule 5800 Series. (1) Minimum bid price of at least \$1 per share;	The old rule was split into initial and continued listing requirements. This is the continued listing requirement for Preferred Stock and Secondary Classes of Common Stock, which was reworded for clarity and consistency. Defined terms capitalized.

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
4310(c)(5)(A)	In the case of a convertible debt security, for initial listing, there shall be a principal amount outstanding of at least \$10 million.	5515(b)(1)	For initial listing, a convertible debt security must meet the requirements in (1) through (3), and one of the conditions in (4) must be satisfied: (1) Principal amount outstanding of at least \$10 million;	The requirements for convertible debt have been reorganized for consistency and clarity.
4310(c)(5)(B)(i- iv)	In addition, for the initial listing of convertible debt, one of the following conditions must be satisfied: (i) the issuer of the debt must have an equity security that is listed on Nasdaq, the American Stock Exchange or the New York Stock Exchange; (ii) an issuer whose equity security is listed on Nasdaq, the American Stock Exchange or the New York Stock Exchange, directly or indirectly owns a majority interest in, or is under common control with, the issuer of the debt security, or has guaranteed the debt security; (iii) a nationally recognized securities rating organization (an "NRSRO") has assigned a current rating to the debt security that is no lower than an S&P Corporation "B" rating or equivalent rating by another NRSRO; or, (iv) if no NRSRO has assigned a rating to the issue, an NRSRO has currently assigned: (1) an investment grade rating to an immediately senior issue; or (2) a rating that is no lower than an S&P Corporation "B" rating, or an equivalent rating by another NRSRO, to a pari passu or junior issue.	5515(b)(4)(A- D)	For initial listing, a convertible debt security must meet the requirements in (1) through (3), and one of the conditions in (4) must be satisfied: ***** (4)(A) the issuer of the debt must have an equity security that is listed on Nasdaq, the American Stock Exchange or the New York Stock Exchange; (B) an issuer whose equity security is listed on Nasdaq, the American Stock Exchange or the New York Stock Exchange, directly or indirectly owns a majority interest in, or is under common control with, the issuer of the debt security, or has guaranteed the debt security; (C) a nationally recognized securities rating organization (an "NRSRO") has assigned a current rating to the debt security that is no lower than an S&P Corporation "B" rating or equivalent rating by another NRSRO; or (D) if no NRSRO has assigned: (1) an investment grade rating to an immediately senior issue; or (2) a rating that is no lower than an S&P Corporation "B" rating, or an equivalent rating by another NRSRO, to a pari passu or junior issue.	No changes.

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
4310(c)(5)(C)	For initial and continued listing of convertible debt, current last sale information must be available in the United States with respect to the underlying security into which the bond or debenture is convertible.	5515(b)(2)	<ul> <li>For initial listing, a convertible debt security must meet the requirements in (1) through (3), and one of the conditions in (4) must be satisfied:</li> <li>****</li> <li>(2) Current last sale information must be available in the United States with respect to the underlying security into</li> </ul>	The old rule was split into initial and continued listing requirements. This is the initial listing requirement.
			which the bond or debenture is convertible;	
4310(c)(5)(C)	For initial and continued listing of convertible debt, current last sale information must be available in the United States with respect to the underlying security into which the bond or debenture is convertible.	5560(b)(3)	<ul> <li>A convertible debt security must meet the following requirements for continued listing:</li> <li>****</li> <li>(3) Current last sale information must be available in the United States with respect to the underlying security into which the bond or debenture is convertible.</li> </ul>	The old rule was split into initial and continued listing requirements. This is the continued listing requirement.
4310(c)(5)(D)	For continued listing of a convertible debt security, there shall be a principal amount outstanding of at least \$5 million.	5560(b)(1)	A convertible debt security must meet the following requirements for continued listing: (1) A principal amount outstanding of at least \$5 million;	Reworded for consistency and clarity.
4310(c)(6)(A)	In the case of common stock, for initial listing there shall be at least 300 round lot holders of the security and for continued listing there shall be at least 300 public holders of the security.	5505(a)(3)	Initial Listing Requirements for Primary Equity Securities: (3) At least 300 Round Lot Holders; and	Reworded for consistency and clarity. Defined terms have been capitalized.
4310(c)(6)(A)	In the case of common stock, for initial listing there shall be at least 300 round lot holders of the security and for continued listing there shall be at least 300 public holders of the security.	5550(a)(3)	Continued Listing Requirements for Primary Equity Securities: (3) At least 300 Public Holders;	The old Rule was divided into initial and continued listing requirements. It was also reworded for consistency and clarity. Defined terms have been capitalized. This is the continued listing requirement.

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
4310(c)(6)(B)	In the case of preferred stock and secondary classes of common stock, for initial listing there shall be at least 100 round lot holders of the security and for continued listing there shall be at least 100 public holders of the security, provided in each case that the issuer's common stock or common stock equivalent equity security must be listed on Nasdaq or be a covered security. In the event the issuer's common stock or common stock equivalent security either is not listed on Nasdaq or is not a covered security, the preferred stock and/or secondary class of common stock may be listed on Nasdaq so long as the security satisfies the listing criteria for common stock.	5510(b)	In the event the Company's Primary Equity Security is not listed on the Capital Market or is not a Covered Security, the preferred stock and/or secondary class of common stock may be listed on the Capital Market so long as it satisfies the initial listing criteria for Primary Equity Securities set forth in Rule 5505.	Divided into initial and continued listing requirements. This is the initial inclusion requirement. Reworded for consistency and clarity, and adds a specific rule reference instead of "the listing criteria for common stock." The 100 Round Lot holder requirement is set forth in 5510(a)(2). Defined terms capitalized.
4310(c)(6)(B)	In the case of preferred stock and secondary classes of common stock, for initial listing there shall be at least 100 round lot holders of the security and for continued listing there shall be at least 100 public holders of the security, provided in each case that the issuer's common stock or common stock equivalent equity security must be listed on Nasdaq or be a covered security. In the event the issuer's common stock or common stock equivalent security either is not listed on Nasdaq or is not a covered security, the preferred stock and/or secondary class of common stock may be listed on Nasdaq so long as the security satisfies the listing criteria for common stock.	5510(a)(2)	<ul> <li>When the Primary Equity Security is listed on the Capital Market or is a Covered Security, a Company's preferred stock or secondary class of common stock must meet all of the requirements in Rules (1) through (5) below in order to be listed.</li> <li>****</li> <li>(2) At least 100 Round Lot Holders.</li> </ul>	Divided into initial and continued listing requirements. This is the initial inclusion requirement for Shareholders. Reworded for consistency and clarity. Defined terms capitalized.

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
4310(c)(6)(B)	In the case of preferred stock and secondary classes of common stock, for initial listing there shall be at least 100 round lot holders of the security and for continued listing there shall be at least 100 public holders of the security, provided in each case that the issuer's common stock or common stock equivalent equity security must be listed on Nasdaq or be a covered security. In the event the issuer's common stock or common stock equivalent security either is not listed on Nasdaq or is not a covered security, the preferred stock and/or secondary class of common stock may be listed on Nasdaq so long as the security satisfies the listing criteria for common stock.	5555(b)	In the event the Company's Primary Equity Security is not listed on the Capital Market or is not a Covered Security, the preferred stock and/or secondary class of common stock may be listed on the Capital Market so long as the security satisfies the continued listing criteria for Primary Equity Securities set forth in Rule 5550.	Divided into initial and continued listing requirements. This is the continued listing requirement. Reworded for consistency and clarity, and adds a specific rule reference instead of "the listing criteria for common stock." The 100 public holder requirement is set forth in 5555(a)(2). Defined terms capitalized. The new rule utilizes the defined term "Primary Equity Securities."
4310(c)(6)(B)	In the case of preferred stock and secondary classes of common stock, for initial listing there shall be at least 100 round lot holders of the security and for continued listing there shall be at least 100 public holders of the security, provided in each case that the issuer's common stock or common stock equivalent equity security must be listed on Nasdaq or be a covered security. In the event the issuer's common stock or common stock equivalent security either is not listed on Nasdaq or is not a covered security, the preferred stock and/or secondary class of common stock may be listed on Nasdaq so long as the security satisfies the listing criteria for common stock.	5555(a)(2)	<ul> <li>When the Primary Equity Security is listed on the Capital Market or is a Covered Security, a Company's preferred stock or secondary class of common stock must meet all of the requirements in (1) through (5) below in order to be listed. Failure to meet any of the continued listing requirements will be processed in accordance with the provisions set forth in the Rule 5800 Series.</li> <li>****</li> <li>(2) At least 100 Public Holders.</li> </ul>	Divided into initial and continued listing requirements. This is the continued listing requirement. Reworded for consistency and clarity, and adds a specific rule reference instead of "the listing criteria for common stock." Defined terms capitalized.

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
4310(c)(6)(C)	An account of a member that is beneficially owned by a customer (as defined in Rule 0120) will be considered a holder of a security upon appropriate verification by the member.	5205(h)	An account of a Member that is beneficially owned by a customer (as defined in Rule 0120) will be considered a holder of a security upon appropriate verification by the Member.	Defined terms capitalized.
4310(c)(7)(A)	In the case of common stock, there shall be at least 1,000,000 publicly held shares for initial listing and 500,000 publicly held shares for continued listing. For initial listing such shares shall have a market value as provided in the applicable provision of Rule 4310(c)(2). For continued listing such shares shall have a market value of at least \$1 million.	5505(a)(2)	Initial Listing Requirements for Primary Equity Securities: * * * * * (2) At least 1,000,000 Publicly Held Shares;	The old rule contains several requirements, which were divided into the relevant sections in the new rules. This is the NCM initial listing requirement for Publicly Held Shares for Primary Equity Securities. The initial inclusion requirements for Market Value of Publicly Held Shares are set forth in 5505(b)(1)(B), 5505(b)(2)(C), and 5510(b)(3)(C). Defined terms capitalized.
4310(c)(7)(A)	In the case of common stock, there shall be at least 1,000,000 publicly held shares for initial listing and 500,000 publicly held shares for continued listing. For initial listing such shares shall have a market value as provided in the applicable provision of Rule 4310(c)(2). For continued listing such shares shall have a market value of at least \$1 million.	5550(a)(4)	Continued Listing Requirements for Primary Equity Securities: ***** (4) At least 500,000 Publicly Held Shares	The old rule contains several requirements, which were divided into the relevant sections in the new rules. This is the NCM continued listing requirement for Publicly Held Shares for Primary Equity Securities. Defined terms capitalized.

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
4310(c)(7)(A)	In the case of common stock, there shall be at least 1,000,000 publicly held shares for initial listing and 500,000 publicly held shares for continued listing. For initial listing such shares shall have a market value as provided in the applicable provision of Rule 4310(c)(2). For continued listing such shares shall have a market value of at least \$1 million.	5550(a)(5)	Continued Listing Requirements for Primary Equity Securities: **** (5) Market Value of Publicly Held Shares of at least \$1 million.	The old rule contains several requirements, which were divided into the relevant sections in the new rules. This is the NCM continued listing requirement for Market Value of Publicly Held Shares for Primary Equity Securities. Defined terms capitalized.
4310(c)(7)(B)	In the case of preferred stock and secondary classes of common stock, there shall be at least 200,000 publicly held shares having a market value of at least \$3.5 million for initial listing and 100,000 publicly held shares having a market value of \$1 million for continued listing. In addition, the issuer's common stock or common stock equivalent security must be listed on Nasdaq or be a covered security. In the event the issuer's common stock or common stock equivalent security either is not listed on Nasdaq or is not a covered security, the preferred stock and/or secondary class of common stock may be traded on Nasdaq so long as the security satisfies the listing criteria for common stock.	5510(a)(3)	When the Primary Equity Security is listed on the Capital Market or is a Covered Security, a Company's preferred stock or secondary class of common stock must meet all of the requirements in Rules (1) through (5) below in order to be listed.	The old rule contains several requirements, which were divided into the relevant sections in the new rules. This is the NCM initial listing requirement for Publicly Held Shares for Preferred and Secondary classes of common stock. Defined terms capitalized.

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text <sup>*</sup>	Comments
4310(c)(7)(B)	In the case of preferred stock and secondary classes of common stock, there shall be at least 200,000 publicly held shares having a market value of at least \$3.5 million for initial listing and 100,000 publicly held shares having a market value of \$1 million for continued listing. In addition, the issuer's common stock or common stock equivalent security must be listed on Nasdaq or be a covered security. In the event the issuer's common stock or common stock equivalent security either is not listed on Nasdaq or is not a covered security, the preferred stock and/or secondary class of common stock may be traded on Nasdaq so long as the security satisfies the listing criteria for common stock.	5510(a)(4)	When the Primary Equity Security is listed on the Capital Market or is a Covered Security, a Company's preferred stock or secondary class of common stock must meet all of the requirements in Rules (1) through (5) below in order to be listed. (4) Market Value of Publicly Held Shares of at least \$3.5 million.	The old rule contains several requirements, which were divided into the relevant sections in the new rules. This is the NCM initial listing requirement for Market Value of Publicly Held Shares for Preferred and Secondary classes of common stock. Defined terms capitalized.
4310(c)(7)(B)	In the case of preferred stock and secondary classes of common stock, there shall be at least 200,000 publicly held shares having a market value of at least \$3.5 million for initial listing and 100,000 publicly held shares having a market value of \$1 million for continued listing. In addition, the issuer's common stock or common stock equivalent security must be listed on Nasdaq or be a covered security. In the event the issuer's common stock or common stock equivalent security either is not listed on Nasdaq or is not a covered security, the preferred stock and/or secondary class of common stock may be traded on Nasdaq so long as the security satisfies the listing criteria for common stock.	5510(b)	In the event the Company's Primary Equity Security is not listed on the Capital Market or is not a Covered Security, the preferred stock and/or secondary class of common stock may be listed on the Capital Market so long as it satisfies the initial listing criteria for Primary Equity Securities set forth in Rule 5505.	The old rule contains several requirements, which were divided into the relevant sections in the new rules. This new rule sets forth the treatment of Preferred and secondary classes of common stock for initial listing on The Nasdaq Capital Market. Defined terms capitalized.

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
4310(c)(7)(B)	In the case of preferred stock and secondary classes of common stock, there shall be at least 200,000 publicly held shares having a market value of at least \$3.5 million for initial listing and 100,000 publicly held shares having a market value of \$1 million for continued listing. In addition, the issuer's common stock or common stock equivalent security must be listed on Nasdaq or be a covered security. In the event the issuer's common stock or common stock equivalent security either is not listed on Nasdaq or is not a covered security, the preferred stock and/or secondary class of common stock may be traded on Nasdaq so long as the security satisfies the listing criteria for common stock.	5555(a)(3)	When the Primary Equity Security is listed on the Capital Market or is a Covered Security, a Company's preferred stock or secondary class of common stock must meet all of the requirements in (1) through (5) below in order to be listed. Failure to meet any of the continued listing requirements will be processed in accordance with the provisions set forth in the Rule 5800 Series. ***** (3) At least 100,000 Publicly Held Shares.	The old rule contains several requirements, which were divided into the relevant sections in the new rules. This is the NCM continued listing requirement for Publicly Held Shares for Preferred and Secondary classes of common stock. Defined terms capitalized.
4310(c)(7)(B)	In the case of preferred stock and secondary classes of common stock, there shall be at least 200,000 publicly held shares having a market value of at least \$3.5 million for initial listing and 100,000 publicly held shares having a market value of \$1 million for continued listing. In addition, the issuer's common stock or common stock equivalent security must be listed on Nasdaq or be a covered security. In the event the issuer's common stock or common stock equivalent security either is not listed on Nasdaq or is not a covered security, the preferred stock and/or secondary class of common stock may be traded on Nasdaq so long as the security satisfies the listing criteria for common stock.	5555(a)(4)	When the Primary Equity Security is listed on the Capital Market or is a Covered Security, a Company's preferred stock or secondary class of common stock must meet all of the requirements in (1) through (5) below in order to be listed. Failure to meet any of the continued listing requirements will be processed in accordance with the provisions set forth in the Rule 5800 Series. ***** (4) Market Value of Publicly Held Shares of at least \$1 million.	The old rule contains several requirements, which were divided into the relevant sections in the new rules. This is the NCM continued listing requirement for Market Value of Publicly Held Shares for Preferred and Secondary classes of common stock. Defined terms capitalized.

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
4310(c)(7)(B)	In the case of preferred stock and secondary classes of common stock, there shall be at least 200,000 publicly held shares having a market value of at least \$3.5 million for initial listing and 100,000 publicly held shares having a market value of \$1 million for continued listing. In addition, the issuer's common stock or common stock equivalent security must be listed on Nasdaq or be a covered security. In the event the issuer's common stock or common stock equivalent security either is not listed on Nasdaq or is not a covered security, the preferred stock and/or secondary class of common stock may be traded on Nasdaq so long as the security satisfies the listing criteria for common stock.	5555(b)	In the event the Company's Primary Equity Security is not listed on the Capital Market or is not a Covered Security, the preferred stock and/or secondary class of common stock may be listed on the Capital Market so long as the security satisfies the continued listing criteria for Primary Equity Securities set forth in Rule 5550.	The old rule contains several requirements, which were divided into the relevant sections in the new rules. This new rule sets forth the treatment of Preferred and secondary classes of common stock for continued listing on The Nasdaq Capital Market. Defined terms capitalized.
4310(c)(7)(C)	Shares held directly or indirectly by any officer or director of the issuer and by any person who is the beneficial owner of more than 10 percent of the total shares outstanding are not considered to be publicly held.	5000(a)(33)	"Publicly Held Shares" means shares not held directly or indirectly by an officer, director or any person who is the beneficial owner of more than 10 percent of the total shares outstanding. Determinations of beneficial ownership in calculating publicly held shares shall be made in accordance with Rule 13d-3 under the Act.	This new definition combines 4310(c)(7)(C) and the relevant portion of 4420(e). The term "issuer" was replaced with the defined term "Company." Defined terms capitalized. Updated reference to Exchange Act Rules to incorporate the defined term "Act" for consistency.

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
4310(c)(8)(A)	A failure to meet the continued listing requirement for a number of market makers shall be determined to exist only if the deficiency continues for a period of 10 consecutive business days. Upon such failure, the issuer shall be notified promptly and shall have a period of 30 calendar days from such notification to achieve compliance. Compliance can be achieved by meeting the applicable standard for a minimum of 10 consecutive business days during the 30 day compliance period.	5810(c)(3)(B)	A failure to meet the continued listing requirement for a number of Market Makers shall be determined to exist only if the deficiency continues for a period of 10 consecutive business days. Upon such failure, the Company shall be notified promptly and shall have a period of 30 calendar days from such notification to achieve compliance. Compliance can be achieved by meeting the applicable standard for a minimum of 10 consecutive business days during the 30 day compliance period.	The term "issuer" was replaced with the defined term "Company." Defined terms capitalized.
4310(c)(8)(B)	A failure to meet the continued listing requirement for market value of publicly held shares shall be determined to exist only if the deficiency continues for a period of 30 consecutive business days. Upon such failure, the issuer shall be notified promptly and shall have a period of 90 calendar days from such notification to achieve compliance. Compliance can be achieved by meeting the applicable standard for a minimum of 10 consecutive business days during the 90 day compliance period.	5810(c)(3)(D)	A failure to meet the continued listing requirement for Market Value of Publicly Held Shares shall be determined to exist only if the deficiency continues for a period of 30 consecutive business days. Upon such failure, the Company shall be notified promptly and shall have a period of 90 calendar days from such notification to achieve compliance. Compliance can be achieved by meeting the applicable standard for a minimum of 10 consecutive business days during the 90 day compliance period.	Defined terms capitalized and the term "issuer" was replaced with the defined term "Company." Defined terms capitalized.

### Rule Reference Table

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text <sup>*</sup>	Comments
4310(c)(8)(C)	A failure to meet the continued listing requirement for market value of listed securities shall be determined to exist only if the deficiency continues for a period of 10 consecutive business days. Upon such failure, the issuer shall be notified promptly and shall have a period of 90 calendar days from such notification to achieve compliance. Compliance can be achieved by meeting the applicable standard for a minimum of 10 consecutive business days during the 90 day compliance period.	5810(c)(3)(C)	A failure to meet the continued listing requirements for MVLS shall be determined to exist only if the deficiency continues for a period of 10 consecutive business days. Upon such failure, the Company shall be notified promptly and shall have a period of 90 calendar days from such notification to achieve compliance with the applicable continued listing standard. Compliance can be achieved by meeting the applicable standard for a minimum of 10 consecutive business days during the 90 day compliance period.	The term "issuer" was replaced with the defined term "Company." Defined terms capitalized.
4310(c)(8)(D)	A failure to meet the continued listing requirement for minimum bid price on The Nasdaq Capital Market shall be determined to exist only if the deficiency continues for a period of 30 consecutive business days. Upon such failure, the issuer shall be notified promptly and shall have a period of 180 calendar days from such notification to achieve compliance. If the issuer has not been deemed in compliance prior to the expiration of the 180 day compliance period, it will be afforded an additional 180 day compliance period, provided, that on the 180th day of the first compliance period, the issuer demonstrates that it meets the criteria for initial listing set forth in Rule 4310(c) (except for the bid price requirement set forth in Rule 4310(c)(4)), based on the issuer's most recent public filings and market information. If the issuer has publicly announced information (e.g., in an earnings release) indicating that it no longer satisfies the applicable initial listing criteria, it shall not be eligible for the additional compliance period under this rule.	5810(c)(3)(A)	A failure to meet the continued listing requirement for minimum bid price shall be determined to exist only if the deficiency continues for a period of 30 consecutive business days. Upon such failure, the Company shall be notified promptly and shall have a period of 180 calendar days from such notification to achieve compliance. Compliance can be achieved during any compliance period by meeting the applicable standard for a minimum of 10 consecutive business days during the applicable compliance period. A Company achieves compliance when the bid price of the security meets the applicable standard for a minimum of 10 consecutive business days, unless Staff exercises its discretion to extend this period as discussed in Rule 5810(c)(3)(F). (i) Global Select Market and Global Market If a Company listed on The Nasdaq Global Market has not been deemed in compliance prior to the expiration of the 180 day compliance period, it may transfer to The	The old rule deals only with bid price deficiencies on The Capital Market. In the new rules, the parameters surrounding bid price deficiencies for both markets are set forth in one section. This new rule covers the initial 180 day compliance period for both markets.

\* The new rule text will be operational on April 13, 2009.

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
	Compliance can be achieved during any compliance period by meeting the applicable standard for a minimum of 10 consecutive business days.		<ul> <li>Nasdaq Capital Market, provided that it meets all applicable requirements for initial listing on the Capital Market, other than the minimum bid price requirement. A Company listed on The Nasdaq Global Market transferring to The Nasdaq Capital Market must pay any applicable entry fees set forth in Rule 5920(a). The Company may also request a hearing to remain on The Nasdaq Global Market pursuant to the Rule 5800 Series. Following a transfer to The Nasdaq Capital Market, the Company will be afforded the remainder of any compliance period set forth in Rule 5810(c)(3)(A) or Rule 5810(c)(3)(A)(ii) as if the Company had been listed on The Nasdaq Capital Market. Any time spent in the hearing process will not extend the length of the remaining applicable compliance periods on The Nasdaq Capital Market afforded by this rule.</li> </ul>	
			(ii) Capital Market	
			If a Company listed on the Capital Market is not deemed in compliance before the expiration of the 180 day compliance period, it will be afforded an additional 180 day compliance period, provided that on the 180th day of the first compliance period, the Company demonstrates that it meets all applicable standards for initial listing on the Capital Market (except the bid price requirement) based on the Company's most recent public filings and market information. If the Company has publicly announced information (e.g., in an earnings release) indicating that it no longer satisfies the applicable initial listing criteria, it shall not be eligible for the additional	

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
			compliance period under this rule.	

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text <sup>*</sup>	Comments
4310(c)(8)(E)	Nasdaq may, in its discretion, require an issuer to maintain a bid price of at least \$1.00 per share for a period in excess of ten consecutive business days, but generally no more than 20 consecutive business days, before determining that the issuer has demonstrated an ability to maintain long-term compliance. In determining whether to monitor bid price beyond ten business days, Nasdaq will consider the following four factors: (i) margin of compliance (the amount by which the price is above the \$1.00 minimum standard); (ii) trading volume (a lack of trading volume may indicate a lack of bona fide market interest in the security at the posted bid price); (iii) the market maker montage (the number of market makers quoting at or above \$1.00 and the size of their quotes); and, (iv) the trend of the stock price (is it up or down).	5810(c)(3)(F)	Staff may, in its discretion, require a Company to maintain a bid price of at least \$1.00 per share for a period in excess of ten consecutive business days, but generally no more than 20 consecutive business days, before determining that the Company has demonstrated an ability to maintain long-term compliance. In determining whether to require a Company to meet the minimum \$1.00 bid price standard beyond ten business days, Staff will consider the following four factors: (i) margin of compliance (the amount by which the bid price is above the \$1.00 minimum standard); (ii) trading volume (a lack of trading volume may indicate a lack of bona fide market interest in the security at the posted bid price); (iii) the market maker montage (the number of Market Makers quoting at or above \$1.00 and the size of their quotes); and (iv) the trend of the stock price (is it up or down).	Minor wording changes: changed "Nasdaq" to "Staff", the term "issuer" was replaced with the defined term "Company," and rewording of the phrase "whether to monitor"
4310(c)(9)(A)	In the case of rights and warrants, for initial listing only, there shall be at least 400,000 issued and the underlying security must be listed on Nasdaq or be a covered security. For continued listing, the underlying security must remain listed on Nasdaq or be a covered security.	5515(a)(1)&(2)	For initial listing, rights, warrants and put warrants (that is, instruments that grant the holder the right to sell to the issuing company a specified number of shares of the Company's common stock, at a specified price until a specified period of time) must meet the following requirements: (1) At least 400,000 issued; (2) The underlying security must be listed on Nasdaq or be a Covered Security	The old rule contains both initial and continued listing requirements. In the new rules, these were separated. These are the initial listing requirements. Capitalized defined terms.

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
4310(c)(9)(A)	In the case of rights and warrants, for initial listing only, there shall be at least 400,000 issued and the underlying security must be listed on Nasdaq or be a covered security. For continued listing, the underlying security must remain listed on Nasdaq or be a covered security.	5560(a)	For rights, warrants, and put warrants, the underlying security must remain listed on Nasdaq or be a Covered Security, and there must be at least two registered and active Market Makers, one of which may be a Market Maker entering a stabilizing bid.	The old rule contains both initial and continued listing requirements. In the new rules, these were separated. These are the continued listing requirements. Note that the new rule also contains the market maker requirement, formerly located in $4310(c)(1)$ . Defined terms capitalized.
4310(c)(9)(B)	In the case of put warrants (that is, instruments that grant the holder the right to sell to the issuing company a specified number of shares of the Company's common stock, at a specified price until a specified period of time), for initial listing only, there shall be at least 400,000 issued and the underlying security must be listed on Nasdaq or be a covered security. For continued listing, the underlying security must remain listed on Nasdaq or be a covered security.	5515(a)(1)&(2)	For initial listing, rights, warrants and put warrants (that is, instruments that grant the holder the right to sell to the issuing company a specified number of shares of the Company's common stock, at a specified price until a specified period of time) must meet the following requirements: (1) At least 400,000 issued; (2) The underlying security must be listed on Nasdaq or be a Covered Security	The requirements for put warrants are identical to those of warrants, so these have been incorporated into the Rights, Warrants, and Convertible Debt requirements. The old rule contains both initial and continued listing requirements. In the new rules, these were separated. This is the initial listing requirement for number issued. Defined terms capitalized.
4310(c)(9)(B)	In the case of put warrants (that is, instruments that grant the holder the right to sell to the issuing company a specified number of shares of the Company's common stock, at a specified price until a specified period of time), for initial listing only, there shall be at least 400,000 issued and the underlying security must be listed on Nasdaq or be a covered security. For continued listing, the underlying security must remain listed on Nasdaq or be a covered security.	5560(a)	For rights, warrants, and put warrants (that is, instruments that grant the holder the right to sell to the issuing company a specified number of shares of the Company's common stock, at a specified price until a specified period of time), the underlying security must remain listed on Nasdaq or be a Covered Security, and there must be at least two registered and active Market Makers, one of which may be a Market Maker entering a stabilizing bid.	The old rule contains both initial and continued listing requirements. In the new rules, these were separated. These are the continued listing requirements. Note that the new rule also contains the market maker requirement, formerly located in 4310(c)(1). Defined terms capitalized.

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
4310(c)(9)(C)	In the case of index warrants, the criteria established in the Rule 4400 Series for Nasdaq Global Market securities shall apply.	5515(c)	In the case of Index Warrants, the requirements established in Rule 5725 for Nasdaq Global Market securities apply.	Minor wording changes for consistency and clarity. Rule citation upated.
4310(c)(10)(A)	In the case of units, all component parts shall meet the requirements for initial and continued listing.	5225(b)(1)(A)	Units Issued by a Domestic or Canadian Company (A) In the case of units, all component parts shall meet the requirements for initial and continued listing.	Added descriptive header.
4310(c)(10)(B)	In the case of units, the minimum period for listing of the units shall be 30 days from the first day of listing, except the period may be shortened if the units are suspended or withdrawn for regulatory purposes. Issuers and underwriters seeking to withdraw units from listing must provide Nasdaq with notice of such intent at least 15 days prior to withdrawal.	5225(b)(1)(B)	Units Issued by a Domestic or Canadian Company **** (B) In the case of units, the minimum period for listing of the units shall be 30 days from the first day of listing, except the period may be shortened if the units are suspended or withdrawn for regulatory purposes. Companies and underwriters seeking to withdraw units from listing must provide Nasdaq with notice of such intent at least 15 days prior to withdrawal.	The term "issuers" was replaced with the defined term "Companies."
4310(c)(11)	The security shall not currently be suspended from trading by the Commission pursuant to Section 12(k) of the Act.	5210(e)	No security shall be approved for listing that is delinquent in its filing obligation with the Commission or Other Regulatory Authority or suspended from trading by the Commission pursuant to Section 12(k) of the Act or by the appropriate regulatory authorities of the Company's country of domicile.	The old rule was enhanced to clarify that Nasdaq will not list a Company delinquent in its filing obligations. The new rule includes the new defined term "Other Regulatory Authority" and thereby captures that not every Company files with the Commission. The new rule combines 4310(c)(11) and 4320(e)(9), and therefore includes the phrase "appropriate regulatory authorities of the Company's country of domicile."

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text <sup>*</sup>	Comments
4310(c)(12)	The issuer shall certify, at or before the time of qualification, that all applicable listing criteria have been satisfied.	5205(b) emphasis added	A Company's compliance with the initial listing criteria will be determined on the basis of information filed with the Commission or appropriate regulatory authority and information provided to Nasdaq. <i>The Company shall</i> <i>certify, at or before the time of listing, that all applicable</i> <i>listing criteria have been satisfied.</i>	The term "issuer" was replaced with the defined term "Company." The old rule is reflected in the italicized portion of the new rule. The new rule combines $4410(a)$ and $4310(c)(12)$ .
4310(c)(13)	The issuer shall pay the Nasdaq Issuer Listing Fee described in the Rule 4500 Series.	5210(d)	The Company is required to pay all applicable fees as described in the Rule 5900 Series.	The term "issuer" was replaced with the defined term "Company." The Rule citation was updated. Plain English changes.
4310(c)(14)	An issuer that has applied for listing on Nasdaq or that is listed on Nasdaq shall file with Nasdaq three (3) copies of all reports and other documents filed or required to be filed with the Commission. This requirement is considered fulfilled for purposes of this paragraph if the issuer files the report or document with the Commission through the Electronic Data Gathering, Analysis, and Retrieval ("EDGAR") system. An issuer that is not required to file reports with the Commission shall file with Nasdaq three (3) copies of reports required to be filed with the appropriate regulatory authority. All required reports shall be filed with Nasdaq on or before the date they are required to be filed with the Commission or appropriate regulatory authority. Annual reports filed with Nasdaq shall contain audited financial statements.	5205(d)	A Company that has applied for initial listing on Nasdaq shall file with Nasdaq all reports and other documents filed or required to be filed with the Commission or Other Regulatory Authority. This requirement is satisfied by publicly filing documents through the EDGAR System. All required reports must be filed with Nasdaq on or before the date they are required to be filed with the Commission or Other Regulatory Authority. Annual reports filed with Nasdaq shall contain audited financial statements.	The rules relating to a Company's filing obligations were divided into initial and continued listing obligations. This is the initial listing requirement. The rule was reworded for clarity and to include the use of defined terms. Also, the requirement to provide three copies was removed. The defined term "Other Regulatory Authority" was used to capture the regulatory bodies with whom certain banks and insurance companies must file. The term "issuer" was replaced with the defined term "Company."

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
4310(c)(14)	An issuer that has applied for listing on Nasdaq or that is listed on Nasdaq shall file with Nasdaq three (3) copies of all reports and other documents filed or required to be filed with the Commission. This requirement is considered fulfilled for purposes of this paragraph if the issuer files the report or document with the Commission through the Electronic Data Gathering, Analysis, and Retrieval ("EDGAR") system. An issuer that is not required to file reports with the Commission shall file with Nasdaq three (3) copies of reports required to be filed with the appropriate regulatory authority. All required reports shall be filed with Nasdaq on or before the date they are required to be filed with the Commission or appropriate regulatory authority. Annual reports filed with Nasdaq shall contain audited financial statements.	5250(c)(1)	A Company shall timely file all required periodic financial reports with the Commission through the EDGAR System or with the Other Regulatory Authority. A Company that does not file through the EDGAR System shall supply to Nasdaq two (2) copies of all reports required to be filed with the Other Regulatory Authority or email an electronic version of the report to Nasdaq at continuedlisting@nasdaq.com. All required reports must be filed with Nasdaq on or before the date they are required to be filed with the Commission or Other Regulatory Authority. Annual reports filed with Nasdaq shall contain audited financial statements.	The rules relating to a Company's filing obligations were divided into initial and continued listing obligations. This is the continued listing requirement. The rule was reworded for clarity and to include the use of defined terms. Also, the requirement to provide 3 copies was reduced to 2 copies, and paper filers are now able to email these filings to a group mailbox. The term "issuer" was replaced with the defined term "Company." Defined terms capitalized.

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
4310(c)(15)	The issuer shall provide full and prompt responses to requests by Nasdaq for information related to unusual market activity or to events that may have a material impact on trading of its securities in Nasdaq.	5250(a) emphasis added	Nasdaq may request any additional information or documentation, public or non-public, deemed necessary to make a determination regarding a Company's continued listing, including, but not limited to, any material provided to or received from the Commission or Other Regulatory Authority. A Company may be denied continued listing if it fails to provide such information within a reasonable period of time or if any communication to Nasdaq contains a material misrepresentation or omits material information necessary to make the communication to Nasdaq not misleading. <i>The Company shall provide full and prompt</i> <i>responses to requests by Nasdaq or by FINRA acting on</i> <i>behalf of Nasdaq for information related to unusual</i> <i>market activity or to events that may have a material</i> <i>impact on trading of its securities in Nasdaq</i> .	The text of the old rule relates to the italicized portion of the new rule. This rule was combined with 4330, which describes a Company's obligation to provide information to Nasdaq. Also, the term "issuer" was replaced with the defined term "Company," and it was clarified that a Company must respond to Nasdaq directly or to FINRA acting on behalf of Nasdaq. Defined terms capitalized.

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
4310(c)(16)	Except in unusual circumstances, a Nasdaq-listed issuer shall make prompt disclosure to the public through any Regulation FD compliant method (or combination of methods) of disclosure of any material information that would reasonably be expected to affect the value of its securities or influence investors' decisions. The issuer shall, prior to the release of the information, provide notice of such disclosure to Nasdaq's Market Watch Department if the information involves any of the events set forth in IM-4120-1.	5250(b)(1)	Except in unusual circumstances, a Nasdaq-listed Company shall make prompt disclosure to the public through any Regulation FD compliant method (or combination of methods) of disclosure of any material information that would reasonably be expected to affect the value of its securities or influence investors' decisions. The Company shall, prior to the release of the information, provide notice of such disclosure to Nasdaq's MarketWatch Department if the information involves any of the events set forth in IM-5250-1. As described in IM-5250-1, prior notice to the MarketWatch Department should be made through the electronic disclosure submission system available at www.nasdaq.net.	Rule citations were updated, and a sentence was added to clarify that public disclosures should be submitted to the MarketWatch Department through <u>www.nasdaq.net</u> . The term "issuer" was replaced with the defined term "Company." Defined terms capitalized.

### Rule Reference Table

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
4310(c)(17)(A- D)	A listed company is required to notify Nasdaq at least 15 calendar days prior to: (A)(i) establishing or materially amending a stock option plan, purchase plan or other equity compensation arrangement pursuant to which stock may be acquired by officers, directors, employees, or consultants without shareholder approval; (ii) Nasdaq recognizes that when an issuer makes an equity grant to induce an individual to accept employment, as permitted by the exception contained in Rule 4350(i)(1)(A)(iv), it may not be practical to provide the advance notice otherwise required by this Rule. Therefore, when an issuer relies on that exception to make such an inducement grant without shareholder approval, it is sufficient to notify Nasdaq about the grant and the use of the exception no later than the earlier of: (x) five calendar days after entering into the agreement to issue the securities; or (y) the date of the public announcement of the award required by Rule 4350(i)(1)(A)(iv); or (B) issuing securities that may potentially result in a change of control of the issuer; or (C) issuing any common stock or security convertible into common stock in connection with the acquisition of the stock or assets of another company, if any officer or director or substantial shareholder of the issuer has a 5% or greater interest (or if such persons collectively have a 10% or greater interest) in the company to be acquired or in the consideration to be paid; or (D) issuing any common stock, or any security	5250(e)(2)(A-D)	A Company shall be required to notify Nasdaq, except for a Company solely listing American Depositary Receipts, on the appropriate form no later than 15 calendar days prior to: (A)(i) establishing or materially amending a stock option plan, purchase plan or other equity compensation arrangement pursuant to which stock may be acquired by officers, directors, employees, or consultants without shareholder approval; (ii) Nasdaq recognizes that when a Company makes an equity grant to induce an individual to accept employment, as permitted by the exception contained in Rule 5635(c)(4), it may not be practical to provide the advance notice otherwise required by this Rule. Therefore, when a Company relies on that exception to make such an inducement grant without shareholder approval, it is sufficient to notify Nasdaq about the grant and the use of the exception no later than the earlier of: (x) five calendar days after entering into the agreement to issue the securities; or (y) the date of the public announcement of the award required by Rule 5635(c)(4); or (B) issuing securities that may potentially result in a change of control of the Company; or (C) issuing any common stock or security convertible into common stock in connection with the acquisition of the stock or assets of another company, if any officer or director or Substantial Shareholder of the Company has a 5% or greater interest (or if such persons collectively have a 10% or greater interest) in the Company to be	The term "issuer" was replaced with the defined term "Company," and the carve- out for ADRs from 4320(e)(15) was added to the new rule. Rule citations updated.

\* The new rule text will be operational on April 13, 2009.

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text <sup>*</sup>	Comments
	convertible into common stock in a transaction that may result in the potential issuance of common stock (or securities convertible into common stock) greater than 10% of either the total shares outstanding or the voting power outstanding on a pre-transaction basis. The notifications required by this paragraph must be made on the Notification Form: Listing of Additional Shares and Nasdaq encourages companies to file this form as soon as practicable, even if all of the relevant terms are not yet known. Nasdaq reviews these forms to determine compliance with applicable Nasdaq rules, including the shareholder approval requirements. Therefore, if a company fails to file timely the form required by this paragraph, Nasdaq may issue a Staff Determination (pursuant to the Rule 4800 Series) that is either a public reprimand letter or a delisting determination.		acquired or in the consideration to be paid; or (D) issuing any common stock, or any security convertible into common stock in a transaction that may result in the potential issuance of common stock (or securities convertible into common stock) greater than 10% of either the total shares outstanding or the voting power outstanding on a pre-transaction basis. The notifications required by this paragraph must be made on the Notification Form: Listing of Additional Shares and Nasdaq encourages Companies to file this form as soon as practicable, even if all of the relevant terms are not yet known. Nasdaq reviews these forms to determine compliance with applicable Nasdaq rules, including the shareholder approval requirements. Therefore, if a Company fails to file timely the form required by this paragraph, Nasdaq may issue either a Public Reprimand Letter or a Delisting Determination (pursuant to the Rule 5800 Series).	
4310(c)(18)	The issuer of any class of securities listed on Nasdaq shall notify Nasdaq promptly in writing of any change in the issuer's transfer agent or registrar.	5250(e)(5)	The issuer of any class of securities listed on Nasdaq, except for American Depositary Receipts, shall notify Nasdaq promptly in writing of any change in the Company's transfer agent or registrar.	The term "issuer" was changed to the defined term "Company." Note that the exclusion for ADRs comes from $4320(e)(16)$ , which is otherwise identical to $4310(c)(18)$ .

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
4310(c)(19)	The issuer shall comply with any obligation of any person regarding filing or disclosure of information material to the issuer or the security, whether such obligation arises under the federal securities laws and the rules and regulations promulgated thereunder or other applicable federal or state statutes or rules.	5250(d)(5)	The Company shall comply with any obligation of any person regarding filing or disclosure of information material to the Company or the security, whether such obligation arises under the federal securities laws and the rules and regulations promulgated thereunder or other applicable federal or state statutes or rules.	The term "issuer" was replaced with the defined term "Company."
4310(c)(20)	The issuer shall notify Nasdaq promptly in writing of any change in the general character or nature of its business and any change in the address of its principal executive offices. The issuer also shall file on a form designated by Nasdaq notification of any corporate name change, or other change requiring payment of a record-keeping fee, no later than 10 days after the change.	5250(e)(3)(A-B)	<ul> <li>(A) The Company shall file on a form designated by Nasdaq notification of any corporate name change, or other change requiring payment of a record-keeping fee, no later than 10 days after the change. The Company shall also pay the appropriate Record-Keeping Fee as referenced in the Rule 5900 Series.</li> <li>(B) The Company shall also notify Nasdaq promptly in writing, absent any fees, of any change in the general character or nature of its business and any change in the address of its principal executive offices.</li> </ul>	This rule was bifurcated to reflect that certain corporate changes require a form and a fee, and others do not. The term "issuer" was replaced with the defined term "Company." The new rule also points Companies to the 5900 series for the amount of the fee.
4310(c)(21) - Reserved	Reserved	Deleted		Reserved rules were not included in the new rules.

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
4310(c)(22)	The issuer of units shall include in its prospectus or other offering document used in connection with any offering of securities that is required to be filed with the Commission under the federal securities law and the rules and regulations thereunder a statement regarding any intention to delist the units immediately after the minimum listing period.	5225(b)(1)(C)	<ul> <li>Units Issued by a Domestic or Canadian Company ****</li> <li>(C) The issuer of units shall include in its prospectus or other offering document used in connection with any offering of securities that is required to be filed with the Commission under the federal securities law and the rules and regulations thereunder a statement regarding any intention to delist the units immediately after the minimum listing period.</li> </ul>	No changes.
4310(c)(23)(A)	For initial listing, a security, except for the security of a Canadian issuer, shall have a CUSIP number identifying the securities included in the file of eligible issues maintained by a securities depository registered as a clearing agency under Section 17A of the Act ("securities depository" or "securities depositories"), in accordance with the rules and procedures of such securities depository; except that this subparagraph shall not apply to a security if the terms of the security do not and cannot be reasonably modified to meet the criteria for depository eligibility at all securities depositories.	5210(g)(1-2)	<ul> <li>(1) "Securities Depository" means a securities depository registered as a clearing agency under Section 17A of the Act.</li> <li>(2) For initial listing, a security shall have a CUSIP number identifying the securities included in the file of eligible issues maintained by a Securities Depository in accordance with the rules and procedures of such securities depository. This subparagraph shall not apply to a security if the terms of the security do not and cannot be reasonably modified to meet the criteria for depository eligibility at all Securities Depositories.</li> </ul>	A definition was created for "Securities Depository" in order to streamline the language of the new rule. Note that the requirement to have a CUSIP number is being extended to all Companies listing on Nasdaq.

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text <sup>*</sup>	Comments
4310(c)(23)(B)	A security depository's inclusion of a CUSIP number identifying a security in its file of eligible issues does not render the security "depository eligible" under Rule 11310 until: (i) in the case of any new issue distributed by an underwriting syndicate on or after the date a securities depository system for monitoring repurchases of distributed shares by the underwriting syndicate is available, the date of the commencement of trading in such security on Nasdaq; or (ii) in the case of any new issue distributed by an underwriting syndicate prior to the date a securities depository system for monitoring repurchases of distributed shares by the underwriting syndicate is available where the managing underwriter elects not to deposit the securities on the date of the commencement of trading in such security on Nasdaq, such later date designated by the managing underwriter in a notification submitted to the securities depository; but in no event more than three (3) months after the commencement of trading in such security on Nasdaq.	5210(g)(3)	A Security Depository's inclusion of a CUSIP number identifying a security in its file of eligible issues does not render the security "depository eligible" under Rule 11310 until: (A) in the case of any new issue distributed by an underwriting syndicate on or after the date a Securities Depository system for monitoring repurchases of distributed shares by the underwriting syndicate is available, the date of the commencement of trading in such security on Nasdaq; or (B) in the case of any new issue distributed by an underwriting syndicate prior to the date a Securities Depository system for monitoring repurchases of distributed shares by the underwriting syndicate is available where the managing underwriter elects not to deposit the securities on the date of the commencement of trading in such security on Nasdaq, such later date designated by the managing underwriter in a notification submitted to the Securities Depository; but in no event more than three (3) months after the commencement of trading in such security on Nasdaq.	The term "Security Depository" was capitalized since it is a defined term in the new rules.
4310(c)(24)	The issuer shall file, on a form designated by Nasdaq no later than 10 days after the occurrence, any aggregate increase or decrease of any class of securities listed on Nasdaq that exceeds 5% of the amount of securities of the class outstanding.	5250(e)(1)	The Company shall file, on a form designated by Nasdaq no later than 10 days after the occurrence, any aggregate increase or decrease of any class of securities listed on Nasdaq that exceeds 5% of the amount of securities of the class outstanding.	The term "issuer" was replaced with the defined term "Company."

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
4310(c)(25)	<ul> <li>In the case of any dividend action or action relating to a stock distribution of a listed stock the issuer shall, no later than 10 calendar days prior to the record date of such action:</li> <li>(i) notify Nasdaq by filing the appropriate form as designated by Nasdaq; and</li> <li>(ii) provide public notice using a Regulation FD compliant method.</li> <li>Notice to Nasdaq should be given as soon as possible after declaration and, in any event, no later than simultaneously with the public notice.</li> </ul>	5250(e)(6)	In the case of any dividend action or action relating to a stock distribution of a listed stock the Company shall, no later than 10 calendar days prior to the record date of such action: (i) notify Nasdaq by filing the appropriate form as designated by Nasdaq; and (ii) provide public notice using a Regulation FD compliant method. Notice to Nasdaq should be given as soon as possible after declaration and, in any event, no later than simultaneously with the public notice.	The term "issuer" was replaced with the defined term "Company."
4310(c)(26) - Reserved	Reserved	Deleted		Reserved rules were not included in the new rules.
4310(c)(27) - Reserved	Reserved	Deleted		Reserved rules were not included in the new rules.
4310(c)(28) - Reserved	Reserved	Deleted		Reserved rules were not included in the new rules.
4310(c)(29) - Reserved	Reserved	Deleted		Reserved rules were not included in the new rules.

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
4310(c)(30)	The issuer shall notify Nasdaq of a Substitution Listing Event (other than a re-incorporation or a change to an issuer's place of organization) no later than 15 calendar days prior to the implementation of such event by filing the appropriate form as designated by Nasdaq. For a re- incorporation or change to an issuer's place of organization, an issuer shall notify Nasdaq as soon as practicable after such event has been implemented by filing the appropriate form as designated by Nasdaq. Issuers shall also pay the appropriate fee associated with Substitution Listing Events. The Substitution Listing Event fee shall not apply to securities that are listed on a national securities exchange other than Nasdaq and not designated by Nasdaq as Nasdaq national market system securities.	5250(e)(4)	The Company shall notify Nasdaq of a Substitution Listing Event (other than a re-incorporation or a change to a Company's place of organization) no later than 15 calendar days prior to the implementation of such event by filing the appropriate form as designated by Nasdaq. For a re-incorporation or change to a Company's place of organization, a Company shall notify Nasdaq as soon as practicable after such event has been implemented by filing the appropriate form as designated by Nasdaq. The Company shall also pay the appropriate Substitution Listing Fee as referenced in the Rule 5900 Series. The Substitution Listing Fee shall not apply to securities that are listed on a national securities exchange other than Nasdaq and not designated by Nasdaq as Nasdaq national market system securities.	The term "issuer" was replaced with the defined term "Company." The new rule also points to the 5900 Series, which contain the applicable fees for this action.
4310(d)	Nasdaq issuers which distribute interim reports to shareholders should distribute such reports to both registered and beneficial shareholders. Nasdaq issuers are also encouraged to consider additional technological methods to communicate such information to shareholders in a timely and less costly manner as such technology becomes available.	5250(d)(2)	Distribution of Interim Reports Nasdaq Companies that distribute interim reports to Shareholders should distribute such reports to both registered and beneficial Shareholders. Nasdaq Companies are also encouraged to consider additional technological methods to communicate such information to Shareholders in a timely and less costly manner as such technology becomes available.	The term "issuer" was replaced with the defined term "Company." Replaced "which" with "that."

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
4320	To qualify for listing on Nasdaq, a security of a non- Canadian foreign issuer, an American Depositary Receipt (ADR) or similar security issued in respect of a security of a foreign issuer shall satisfy the requirements of paragraphs (a), (b), and (e) of this Rule. Issuers that meet these requirements, but that are not listed on the Nasdaq Global Market, are listed on the Nasdaq Capital Market.	5215(a)	American Depositary Receipts can be listed on Nasdaq provided they represent shares in a non-Canadian foreign Company.	The old rule was divided into several new rules. This new rule sets forth the provision that only non-U.S., non- Canadian Companies can list ADRs on Nasdaq. The language relating to the requirements for listing on The Nasdaq Capital Market is found in the introduction to 5500.
4320	To qualify for listing on Nasdaq, a security of a non- Canadian foreign issuer, an American Depositary Receipt (ADR) or similar security issued in respect of a security of a foreign issuer shall satisfy the requirements of paragraphs (a), (b), and (e) of this Rule. Issuers that meet these requirements, but that are not listed on the Nasdaq Global Market, are listed on the Nasdaq Capital Market.	5500	This section contains the initial and continued listing requirements and standards for listing a Company's Primary Equity Security on The Nasdaq Capital Market. This section also contains the initial and continued listing requirements for Rights and Warrants; Preferred and Secondary Classes of Common Stock; and Convertible Debt, Rights and Warrants on the Capital Market.	The introductory language found in the old rule was substantially rewritten and expanded for plain English. The term "issuer" was replaced with the defined term "Company." Defined terms capitalized. Rule citations updated.
			In addition to meeting the quantitative requirements in this section, a Company must meet the requirements of Rule 5100, the disclosure obligations set forth in Rule 5200, the Corporate Governance requirements set forth in Rule 5600, and pay any applicable fees in Rule 5900. A Company's failure to meet any of the continued listing requirements will be processed in accordance with the provisions set forth in the Rule 5800 Series.	
			Companies that meet these requirements, but are not listed on the Nasdaq Global Market, are listed on the Nasdaq Capital Market.	

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
4320(a)(1-2)	<ul> <li>(a) A security of a foreign issuer, an ADR or similar security issued in respect of a security of a foreign issuer shall be considered for listing provided that it is:</li> <li>(1) registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act; or</li> <li>(2) subject to an exemption issued by the Commission that permits the listing of the security notwithstanding its failure to be registered pursuant to Section 12(b).</li> </ul>	5210(a)(1-2)	A security shall be eligible for listing on Nasdaq provided that it is: (1) registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act; or (2) subject to an exemption issued by the Commission that permits the listing of the security notwithstanding its failure to be registered pursuant to Section 12(b).	This rule was combined with 4310(a)(1- 2) - which is identical but only applies to domestic and Canadian Companies - to capture the full gamut of issues eligible for listing on Nasdaq.
4320(b)	An issuer that wishes to have a security listed on Nasdaq shall submit to Nasdaq a listing application that provides the information required by Rule 12(b) of the Act on the form designated by Nasdaq. Upon approval of a listing application, Nasdaq shall certify to the Commission, pursuant to Section 12(d) of the Act and the rules thereunder, that it has approved the security for listing and registration. Listing can commence only upon effectiveness of the security's registration pursuant to Section 12(d).	5210(f)	Upon approval of a listing application, Nasdaq shall certify to the Commission, pursuant to Section 12(d) of the Act and the rules thereunder, that it has approved the security for listing and registration. Listing can commence only upon effectiveness of the security's registration pursuant to Section 12(d).	The old rule was split into two: one setting forth the requirement to file a Listing Application, the other describing Nasdaq's certification to the Commission upon approval of an application. This is the rule describing the certification by Nasdaq to the Commission.

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
4320(b)	An issuer that wishes to have a security listed on Nasdaq shall submit to Nasdaq a listing application that provides the information required by Rule 12(b) of the Act on the form designated by Nasdaq. Upon approval of a listing application, Nasdaq shall certify to the Commission, pursuant to Section 12(d) of the Act and the rules thereunder, that it has approved the security for listing and registration. Listing can commence only upon effectiveness of the security's registration pursuant to Section 12(d).	5205(a)	To apply for listing on Nasdaq, a Company shall execute a Listing Agreement and a Listing Application on the forms designated by Nasdaq providing the information required by Section 12(b) of the Act.	The old rule was split into two: one setting forth the requirement to file a Listing Application, the other describing Nasdaq's certification to the Commission upon approval of an application. This is the rule setting forth the obligation to file a Listing Application.
4320(c) - Reserved	Reserved	Deleted		Reserved rules were not included in the new rules.
4320(d) - Reserved	Reserved	Deleted		Reserved rules were not included in the new rules.
4320(e)	In addition to the requirements contained in paragraphs (a) and (b), the security shall satisfy the criteria set out in this subsection for listing on Nasdaq. In the case of ADRs, the underlying security will be considered when determining the ADR's qualification for initial or continued listing on Nasdaq.	5215(b)	In the case of American Depositary Receipts, annual income from continuing operations and Stockholders' Equity shall relate to the foreign issuer and not to any depositary or any other person deemed to be an issuer for purposes of Form S-12 under the Securities Act of 1933. The underlying security will be considered when determining annual income from continuing operations, Publicly Held Shares, Market Value of Publicly Held Shares, Stockholders' Equity, Round Lot or Public Holders, operating history, Market Value of Listed Securities, and total assets and total revenue.	The old rule contains two distinct thoughts: the first describing the requirements for listing on Nasdaq, the second describing Nasdaq's treatment of ADRs. The requirements for listing on The Capital Market are set forth in the introduction to the 5500 Series. This is the new description of how Nasdaq treats ADRs. Note that it has been expanded to include the language contained in 4420(e), but has been laid out in plain English, not in rule citations.

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
4320(e)(1)	For initial listing, the issue shall have three registered and active market makers, and for continued listing, the issue shall have two registered and active market makers. A failure to meet the continued listing requirement for number of market makers shall be determined to exist only if the deficiency continues for a period of 10 consecutive business days. Upon such failure the issuer shall be notified promptly and shall have a period of 30 calendar days from such notification to achieve compliance with the market maker requirements.	5225(a)(4)	Market Makers (1) For initial inclusion, a unit shall have at least three registered and active Market Makers. (2) For continued listing, a unit shall have at least two registered and active Market Makers, one of which may be a Market Maker entering a stabilizing bid.	In the new Rules, we have taken this one requirement and placed it in the relevant sections, as described here and below. This citation sets forth the NGS and NGM initial and continued market maker requirement for units. Defined terms capitalized.
4320(e)(1)	For initial listing, the issue shall have three registered and active market makers, and for continued listing, the issue shall have two registered and active market makers. A failure to meet the continued listing requirement for number of market makers shall be determined to exist only if the deficiency continues for a period of 10 consecutive business days. Upon such failure the issuer shall be notified promptly and shall have a period of 30 calendar days from such notification to achieve compliance with the market maker requirements.	5225(b)(3)	Market Makers (1) For initial inclusion, a unit shall have at least three registered and active Market Makers. (2) For continued listing, a unit shall have at least two registered and active Market Makers, one of which may be a Market Maker entering a stabilizing bid.	This citation sets forth the NCM initial and continued market maker requirement for units. Defined terms capitalized. The provision allowing one Market Maker to enter a stabilizing bid has been extended to foreign Companies, as was permitted under old Rule 4310(c)(1) for domestic and Canadian Companies.

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
4320(e)(1)	For initial listing, the issue shall have three registered and active market makers, and for continued listing, the issue shall have two registered and active market makers. A failure to meet the continued listing requirement for number of market makers shall be determined to exist only if the deficiency continues for a period of 10 consecutive business days. Upon such failure the issuer shall be notified promptly and shall have a period of 30 calendar days from such notification to achieve compliance with the market maker requirements.	5505(a)(4)	A Company applying to list its Primary Equity Security on the Capital Market must meet all of the requirements set forth in Rule 5505(a) and at least one of the Standards in Rule 5505(b). (a) Initial Listing Requirements for Primary Equity Securities: ***** (4) At least three registered and active Market Makers.	This is the NCM market maker requirement for Primary Equity Securities, initial listing. Defined terms capitalized.
4320(e)(1)	For initial listing, the issue shall have three registered and active market makers, and for continued listing, the issue shall have two registered and active market makers. A failure to meet the continued listing requirement for number of market makers shall be determined to exist only if the deficiency continues for a period of 10 consecutive business days. Upon such failure the issuer shall be notified promptly and shall have a period of 30 calendar days from such notification to achieve compliance with the market maker requirements.	5550(a)(1)	A Company that has its Primary Equity Security listed on the Capital Market must continue to meet all of the requirements set forth in Rule 5550(a) and at least one of the Standards set forth in Rule 5550(b). Failure to meet any of the continued listing requirements will be processed in accordance with the provisions set forth in the Rule 5800 Series. (a) Continued Listing Requirements for Primary Equity Securities: (1) At least two registered and active Market Makers, one of which may be a Market Maker entering a stabilizing bid;	This is the NCM market maker requirement for Primary Equity Securities, continued listing. Defined terms capitalized. The provision allowing one Market Maker to enter a stabilizing bid has been extended to foreign Companies, as was permitted under old Rule 4310(c)(1) for domestic and Canadian Companies.

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
4320(e)(1)	For initial listing, the issue shall have three registered and active market makers, and for continued listing, the issue shall have two registered and active market makers. A failure to meet the continued listing requirement for number of market makers shall be determined to exist only if the deficiency continues for a period of 10 consecutive business days. Upon such failure the issuer shall be notified promptly and shall have a period of 30 calendar days from such notification to achieve compliance with the market maker requirements.	5510(a)	<ul> <li>When the Primary Equity Security is listed on the Capital Market or is a Covered Security, a Company's preferred stock or secondary class of common stock must meet all of the requirements in Rules (1) through (5) below in order to be listed.</li> <li>(1) Minimum bid price of at least \$4 per share;</li> <li>(2) At least 100 Round Lot Holders;</li> <li>(3) At least 200,000 Publicly Held Shares;</li> <li>(4) Market Value of Publicly Held Shares of at least \$3.5 million; and</li> <li>(5) At least three registered and active Market Makers.</li> </ul>	This is the NCM market maker requirement for Preferred & Secondary Classes of Common Stock, initial listing. Defined terms capitalized.
4320(e)(1)	For initial listing, the issue shall have three registered and active market makers, and for continued listing, the issue shall have two registered and active market makers. A failure to meet the continued listing requirement for number of market makers shall be determined to exist only if the deficiency continues for a period of 10 consecutive business days. Upon such failure the issuer shall be notified promptly and shall have a period of 30 calendar days from such notification to achieve compliance with the market maker requirements.	5555(a)(5)	When the Primary Equity Security is listed on the Capital Market or is a Covered Security, a Company's preferred stock or secondary class of common stock must meet all of the requirements in (1) through (5) below in order to be listed. Failure to meet any of the continued listing requirements will be processed in accordance with the provisions set forth in the Rule 5800 Series. ***** (5) At least two registered and active Market Makers, one of which may be a Market Maker entering a stabilizing bid.	This is the NCM market maker requirement for Preferred & Secondary Classes of Common Stock, continued listing. Defined terms capitalized. The provision allowing one Market Maker to enter a stabilizing bid has been extended to foreign Companies, as was permitted under old Rule 4310(c)(1) for domestic and Canadian Companies.

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
4320(e)(1)	For initial listing, the issue shall have three registered and active market makers, and for continued listing, the issue shall have two registered and active market makers. A failure to meet the continued listing requirement for number of market makers shall be determined to exist only if the deficiency continues for a period of 10 consecutive business days. Upon such failure the issuer shall be notified promptly and shall have a period of 30 calendar days from such notification to achieve compliance with the market maker requirements.	5515(a)(3)	For initial listing, rights, warrants and put warrants must meet the following requirements: ***** (3) At least three registered and active Market Makers.	This is the NCM market maker requirement for Rights, Warrants & Convertible Debt, initial listing. Defined terms capitalized.
4320(e)(1)	For initial listing, the issue shall have three registered and active market makers, and for continued listing, the issue shall have two registered and active market makers. A failure to meet the continued listing requirement for number of market makers shall be determined to exist only if the deficiency continues for a period of 10 consecutive business days. Upon such failure the issuer shall be notified promptly and shall have a period of 30 calendar days from such notification to achieve compliance with the market maker requirements.	5560(a)	For rights and warrants, the underlying security must remain listed on Nasdaq or be a Covered Security, and there must be at least two registered and active Market Makers, one of which may be a Market Maker entering a stabilizing bid.	This is the NCM market maker requirement for Rights & Warrants, continued listing. Defined terms capitalized. The provision allowing one Market Maker to enter a stabilizing bid has been extended to foreign Companies, as was permitted under old Rule 4310(c)(1) for domestic and Canadian Companies.

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
4320(e)(1)	For initial listing, the issue shall have three registered and active market makers, and for continued listing, the issue shall have two registered and active market makers. A failure to meet the continued listing requirement for number of market makers shall be determined to exist only if the deficiency continues for a period of 10 consecutive business days. Upon such failure the issuer shall be notified promptly and shall have a period of 30 calendar days from such notification to achieve compliance with the market maker requirements.	5560(b)(2)	A convertible debt security must meet the following requirements for continued listing: ***** (2) At least two registered and active Market Makers, one of which may be a Market Maker entering a stabilizing bid; and	This is the NCM market maker requirement for Convertible Debt, continued listing. Defined terms capitalized. The provision allowing one Market Maker to enter a stabilizing bid has been extended to foreign Companies, as was permitted under old Rule 4310(c)(1) for domestic and Canadian Companies.
4320(e)(1) emphasis added	For initial listing, the issue shall have three registered and active market makers, and for continued listing, the issue shall have two registered and active market makers. <i>A</i> <i>failure to meet the continued listing requirement for</i> <i>number of market makers shall be determined to exist</i> <i>only if the deficiency continues for a period of 10</i> <i>consecutive business days. Upon such failure the issuer</i> <i>shall be notified promptly and shall have a period of 30</i> <i>calendar days from such notification to achieve</i> <i>compliance with the market maker requirements.</i>	5810(c)(3)(B) emphasis added	A failure to meet the continued listing requirement for a number of Market Makers shall be determined to exist only if the deficiency continues for a period of 10 consecutive business days. Upon such failure, the Company shall be notified promptly and shall have a period of 30 calendar days from such notification to achieve compliance. Compliance can be achieved by meeting the applicable standard for a minimum of 10 consecutive business days during the 30 day compliance period.	The italicized text in the old rule is conveyed in the italicized portion of the new rule. The term "issuer" was replaced with the defined term "Company." Note that the sentence describing how a Company regains compliance with this requirement is included in the new rule, applying to all Companies. While this specific provision regarding regaining compliance with the market maker requirement is not included in 4320(e)(1), it has historically been applied by Nasdaq to non-U.S. Companies as well as domestic.

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
4320(e)(2)(A)	For initial listing, the issue shall meet the requirements of Rule 4310(c)(2)(A), (B) or (C).	5505	Initial Listing of Primary Equity Securities A Company applying to list its Primary Equity Security on the Capital Market must meet all of the requirements set forth in Rule 5505(a) and at least one of the Standards in Rule 5505(b).	Due to the structure of the new rules, this structure of having two sets of quantitative rules for The Capital Market (i.e., 4310 and 4320) was combined into one section: the 5500 Series. The new rules contain the same requirements, but they are divided into requirements and standards. Defined terms capitalized.
4320(e)(2)(B)	For continued listing, the issuer shall meet the requirements of Rule 4310(c)(3)(A), (B) or (C).	5550	Continued Listing of Primary Equity Securities A Company that has its Primary Equity Security listed on the Capital Market must continue to meet all of the requirements set forth in Rule 5550(a) and at least one of the Standards set forth in Rule 5550(b). Failure to meet any of the continued listing requirements will be processed in accordance with the provisions set forth in the Rule 5800 Series.	Due to the structure of the new rules, this structure of having two sets of quantitative rules for The Capital Market (i.e., 4310 and 4320) was combined into one section: the 5500 Series. The new rules contain the same requirements, but they are divided into requirements and standards. Note that the new contains a reference to the 5800 Series in the event that a Company fails to meet any of the continued listing criteria. Defined terms capitalized.

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
4320(e)(2)(C)	An issuer's qualifications will be determined on the basis of financial statements that are either: (i) prepared in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles; or (ii) reconciled to U.S. generally accepted accounting principles as required by the Commission's rules; or (iii) prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards, as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board, for companies that are permitted to file financial statements using those standards consistent with the Commission's rules.	5205(c)	A Company's qualifications will be determined on the basis of financial statements that are either: (i) prepared in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles; or (ii) reconciled to U.S. generally accepted accounting principles as required by the Commission's rules; or (iii) prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards, as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board, for Companies that are permitted to file financial statements using those standards consistent with the Commission's rules.	The term "issuer" was replaced with the defined term "Company."
4320(e)(2)(D)	A failure to meet the continued listing requirements for market value of listed securities shall be determined to exist only if the deficiency continues for a period of 10 consecutive business days. Upon such failure, the issuer shall be notified promptly and shall have a period of 90 calendar days from such notification to achieve compliance with the applicable continued listing standard. Compliance can be achieved by meeting the applicable standard for a minimum of 10 consecutive business days during the 90 day compliance period.	5810(c)(3)(C)	Market Value of Listed Securities (MVLS) A failure to meet the continued listing requirements for MVLS shall be determined to exist only if the deficiency continues for a period of 10 consecutive business days. Upon such failure, the Company shall be notified promptly and shall have a period of 90 calendar days from such notification to achieve compliance with the applicable continued listing standard. Compliance can be achieved by meeting the applicable standard for a minimum of 10 consecutive business days during the 90 day compliance period.	The new rule largely mirrors the old, except the new rule uses the acronym "MVLS." Also, the term "issuer" was replaced with the defined term "Company."

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
4320(e)(2)(E)(i)	For initial listing, common stock, preferred stock and secondary classes of common stock, or their equivalents, shall have a minimum bid price of \$4 per share.	5505(a)	Initial Listing Requirements for Primary Equity Securities: (1) Minimum bid price of at least \$4 per share;	This rule, along with 4310(c)(4), which contains a similar provision, becomes the basis for the initial bid price requirement for Primary Equity Securities, Preferred and Secondary Classes of Common Stock. This is the initial inclusion requirement for Primary Equity Securities. Defined terms capitalized.
4320(e)(2)(E)(i)	For initial listing, common stock, preferred stock and secondary classes of common stock, or their equivalents, shall have a minimum bid price of \$4 per share.	5510(a)	When the Primary Equity Security is listed on the Capital Market or is a Covered Security, a Company's preferred stock or secondary class of common stock must meet all of the requirements in Rules (1) through (5) below in order to be listed. (1) Minimum bid price of at least \$4 per share;	This rule, along with 4310(c)(4), which contains a similar provision, becomes the basis for the initial bid price requirement for Primary Equity Securities, Preferred and Secondary Classes of Common Stock. This is the initial inclusion requirement for Preferred Stock and Secondary Classes of Common Stock. Defined terms capitalized.

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
4320(e)(2)(E)(ii )	For continued listing, the minimum bid price per share shall be \$1. A failure to meet the continued listing requirement for minimum bid price on The Nasdaq Capital Market shall be determined to exist only if the deficiency continues for a period of 30 consecutive business days. Upon such failure, the issuer shall be notified promptly and shall have a period of 180 calendar days from such notification to achieve compliance. If the issuer has not been deemed in compliance prior to the expiration of the 180 day compliance period, it shall be afforded an additional 180 day compliance period, provided, that on the 180th day of the first compliance period, the issuer demonstrates that it meets the criteria for initial listing set forth in Rule 4320(e) (except for the bid price requirement set forth in this Rule 4320(e)(2)(E)(ii)) based on the issuer's most recent public filings and market information. If the issuer has publicly announced information (e.g., in an earnings release) indicating that it no longer satisfies the applicable initial listing criteria, it shall not be eligible for the additional compliance period under this rule. Compliance can be achieved during any compliance period by meeting the applicable standard for a minimum of 10 consecutive business days.	5550(a)(2)	Continued Listing Requirements for Primary Equity Securities: ***** (2) Minimum bid price of \$1 per share;	The old rule contains identical provisions to those set forth in 4310(c)(4) and 4310(c)(8)(D), although this 4320 rule relates to non-Canadian foreign securities and ADRs. In the new rules, the continued listing requirement for bid price on The Capital Market is set forth in 5550(a)(2) and 5555(a)(1), and the treatment of a failure to meet the continued listing bid price requirement is set forth in 5810(c)(3)(A). This rule is the continued listing requirement for Primary Equity Securities. Defined terms capitalized.

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text <sup>*</sup>	Comments
4320(e)(2)(E)(ii )	For continued listing, the minimum bid price per share shall be \$1. A failure to meet the continued listing requirement for minimum bid price on The Nasdaq Capital Market shall be determined to exist only if the deficiency continues for a period of 30 consecutive business days. Upon such failure, the issuer shall be notified promptly and shall have a period of 180 calendar days from such notification to achieve compliance. If the issuer has not been deemed in compliance prior to the expiration of the 180 day compliance period, it shall be afforded an additional 180 day compliance period, provided, that on the 180th day of the first compliance period, the issuer demonstrates that it meets the criteria for initial listing set forth in Rule 4320(e) (except for the bid price requirement set forth in this Rule 4320(e)(2)(E)(ii)) based on the issuer's most recent public filings and market information. If the issuer has publicly announced information (e.g., in an earnings release) indicating that it no longer satisfies the applicable initial listing criteria, it shall not be eligible for the additional compliance period under this rule. Compliance can be achieved during any compliance period by meeting the applicable standard for a minimum of 10 consecutive business days.	5555(a)(1)	When the Primary Equity Security is listed on the Capital Market or is a Covered Security, a Company's preferred stock or secondary class of common stock must meet all of the requirements in (1) through (5) below in order to be listed. Failure to meet any of the continued listing requirements will be processed in accordance with the provisions set forth in the Rule 5800 Series. ***** (1) Minimum bid price of \$1 per share;	The old rule contains identical provisions to those set forth in 4310(c)(4) and 4310(c)(8)(D), although this 4320 rule relates to non-Canadian foreign securities and ADRs. In the new rules, the continued listing requirement for bid price on The Capital Market is set forth in 5550(a)(2) and 5555(a)(1), and the treatment of a failure to meet the continued listing bid price requirement is set forth in 5810(c)(3)(A). This rule is the continued listing requirement for Preferred Stock and Secondary Classes of Common Stock. Defined terms capitalized.

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text <sup>*</sup>	Comments
4320(e)(2)(E)(ii )	For continued listing, the minimum bid price per share shall be \$1. A failure to meet the continued listing requirement for minimum bid price on The Nasdaq Capital Market shall be determined to exist only if the deficiency continues for a period of 30 consecutive business days. Upon such failure, the issuer shall be notified promptly and shall have a period of 180 calendar days from such notification to achieve compliance. If the issuer has not been deemed in compliance prior to the expiration of the 180 day compliance period, it shall be afforded an additional 180 day compliance period, provided, that on the 180th day of the first compliance period, the issuer demonstrates that it meets the criteria for initial listing set forth in Rule 4320(e) (except for the bid price requirement set forth in this Rule 4320(e)(2)(E)(ii)) based on the issuer's most recent public filings and market information. If the issuer has publicly announced information (e.g., in an earnings release) indicating that it no longer satisfies the applicable initial listing criteria, it shall not be eligible for the additional compliance period under this rule. Compliance can be achieved during any compliance period by meeting the applicable standard for a minimum of 10 consecutive business days.	5810(c)(3)(A)	A failure to meet the continued listing requirement for minimum bid price shall be determined to exist only if the deficiency continues for a period of 30 consecutive business days. Upon such failure, the Company shall be notified promptly and shall have a period of 180 calendar days from such notification to achieve compliance. Compliance can be achieved during any compliance period by meeting the applicable standard for a minimum of 10 consecutive business days during the applicable compliance period, unless Staff exercises its discretion to extend this 10 day period as discussed in Rule 5810(c)(3)(F).	The old rule contains identical provisions to those set forth in 4310(c)(4) and $4310(c)(8)(D)$ , although this 4320 rule relates to non-Canadian foreign securities and ADRs. In the new rules, the continued listing requirement for bid price on The Capital Market is set forth in 5550(a)(2) and 5555(a)(1), and the treatment of a failure to meet the continued listing bid price requirement is set forth in 5810(c)(3)(A). The new rule contains a description of the initial notification to a Company whose security fails to maintain the \$1 bid price. The term "issuer" was replaced with the defined term "Company." Reworded for clarity.

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
4320(e)(2)(E)(ii )	For continued listing, the minimum bid price per share shall be \$1. A failure to meet the continued listing requirement for minimum bid price on The Nasdaq Capital Market shall be determined to exist only if the deficiency continues for a period of 30 consecutive business days. Upon such failure, the issuer shall be notified promptly and shall have a period of 180 calendar days from such notification to achieve compliance. If the issuer has not been deemed in compliance prior to the expiration of the 180 day compliance period, it shall be afforded an additional 180 day compliance period, provided, that on the 180th day of the first compliance period, the issuer demonstrates that it meets the criteria for initial listing set forth in Rule 4320(e) (except for the bid price requirement set forth in this Rule 4320(e)(2)(E)(ii)) based on the issuer's most recent public filings and market information. If the issuer has publicly announced information (e.g., in an earnings release) indicating that it no longer satisfies the applicable initial listing criteria, it shall not be eligible for the additional compliance period under this rule. Compliance can be achieved during any compliance period by meeting the applicable standard for a minimum of 10 consecutive business days.	5810(c)(3)(A)(ii )	If a Company listed on the Capital Market is not deemed in compliance before the expiration of the 180 day compliance period, it will be afforded an additional 180 day compliance period, provided that on the 180th day of the first compliance period, the Company demonstrates that it meets all applicable standards for initial listing on the Capital Market (except the bid price requirement) based on the Company's most recent public filings and market information. If the Company has publicly announced information (e.g., in an earnings release) indicating that it no longer satisfies the applicable initial listing criteria, it shall not be eligible for the additional compliance period under this rule.	The old rule contains identical provisions to those set forth in 4310(c)(4) and $4310(c)(8)(D)$ , although this 4320 rule relates to non-Canadian foreign securities and ADRs. In the new rules, the continued listing requirement for bid price on The Capital Market is set forth in 5550(a)(2) and 5555(a)(1), and the treatment of a failure to meet the continued listing bid price requirement is set forth in 5810(c)(3)(A). This rule contains a description of the treatment of a Company whose security fails to maintain the \$1 bid price but is sufficiently large enough to be granted a second 180 day compliance period.

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text <sup>*</sup>	Comments
4320(e)(2)(E)(iii )	Nasdaq may, in its discretion, require an issuer to maintain a bid price of at least \$1.00 per share for a period in excess of ten consecutive business days, but generally no more than 20 consecutive business days, before determining that the issuer has demonstrated an ability to maintain long-term compliance. In determining whether to monitor bid price beyond ten business days, Nasdaq will consider the following four factors: (i) margin of compliance (the amount by which the price is above the \$1.00 minimum standard); (ii) trading volume (a lack of trading volume may indicate a lack of bona fide market interest in the security at the posted bid price); (iii) the market maker montage (the number of market makers quoting at or above \$1.00 and the size of their quotes); and, (iv) the trend of the stock price (is it up or down).	5810(c)(3)(F)	<ul> <li>Staff may, in its discretion, require a Company to maintain a bid price of at least \$1.00 for a period in excess of ten consecutive business days, but generally no more than 20 consecutive business days, before determining that the Company has demonstrated an ability to maintain long-term compliance. In determining whether to require a Company to meet the minimum \$1.00 bid price standard beyond ten business days, Staff will consider the following four factors:</li> <li>(i) margin of compliance (the amount by which the bid price is above the \$1.00 minimum standard);</li> <li>(ii) trading volume (a lack of trading volume may indicate a lack of bona fide market interest in the security at the posted bid price);</li> <li>(iii) the market maker montage (the number of Market Makers quoting at or above \$1.00 and the size of their quotes); and</li> <li>(iv) the trend of the stock price (is it up or down).</li> </ul>	Minor wording changes: changed Nasdaq to Staff, the term "issuer" was replaced with the defined term "Company," and rewording of the phrase "whether to monitor"
4320(e)(3)(A)	In the case of a convertible debt security, for initial listing, there shall be a principal amount outstanding of at least U.S. \$10 million.	5515(b)(1)	For initial listing, a convertible debt security must meet the requirements in (1) through (3), and one of the conditions in (4) must be satisfied: (1) Principal amount outstanding of at least \$10 million;	The requirements for convertible debt have been reorganized for consistency and clarity.

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
4320(e)(3)(B)(i- iv)	In addition, for the initial listing of convertible debt, one of the following conditions must be satisfied: (i) the issuer of the debt must have an equity security that is listed on Nasdaq, the American Stock Exchange or the New York Stock Exchange; (ii) an issuer whose equity security is listed on Nasdaq, the American Stock Exchange or the New York Stock Exchange, directly or indirectly owns a majority interest in, or is under common control with, the issuer of the debt security, or has guaranteed the debt security; (iii) a nationally recognized securities rating organization (an "NRSRO") has assigned a current rating to the debt security that is no lower than an S&P Corporation "B" rating or equivalent rating by another NRSRO; or, (iv) if no NRSRO has assigned: (1) an investment grade rating to an immediately senior issue; or (2) a rating that is no lower than an S&P Corporation "B" rating, or an equivalent rating by another NRSRO, to a pari passu or junior issue.	5515(b)(4)(A- D)	For initial listing, a convertible debt security must meet the requirements in (1) through (3), and one of the conditions in (4) must be satisfied:	Minor rewording. The term "issuer" was replaced with the defined term "Company," where appropriate.

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
4320(e)(3)(C)	For initial and continued listing of convertible debt, current last sale information must be available in the United States with respect to the underlying security into which the bond or debenture is convertible.	5515(b)(2)	For initial listing, a convertible debt security must meet the requirements in (1) through (3), and one of the conditions in (4) must be satisfied: *****	The old rule was split into initial and continued listing requirements. This is the initial listing requirement.
			(2) Current last sale information must be available in the United States with respect to the underlying security into which the bond or debenture is convertible;	
4320(e)(3)(C)	For initial and continued listing of convertible debt, current last sale information must be available in the United States with respect to the underlying security into	5560(b)(3)	A convertible debt security must meet the following requirements for continued listing: * * * * *	The old rule was split into initial and continued listing requirements. This is the continued listing requirement.
	which the bond or debenture is convertible.		(3) Current last sale information must be available in the United States with respect to the underlying security into which the bond or debenture is convertible.	
4320(e)(3)(D)	For continued listing of a convertible debt security, there shall be a principal amount outstanding of at least \$5 million.	5560(b)(1)	<ul><li>A convertible debt security must meet the following requirements for continued listing:</li><li>(1) A principal amount outstanding of at least \$5 million;</li></ul>	Reworded for consistency and clarity.
4320(e)(4)(A)	In the case of common stock, for initial listing there shall be at least 300 round lot holders of the security and for continued listing there shall be at least 300 public holders of the security.	5505(a)(3)	Initial Listing Requirements for Primary Equity Securities: (3) At least 300 Round Lot Holders; and	Reworded for consistency and clarity. Defined terms have been capitalized.
4320(e)(4)(A)	In the case of common stock, for initial listing there shall be at least 300 round lot holders of the security and for continued listing there shall be at least 300 public holders of the security.	5550(a)(3)	Continued Listing Requirements for Primary Equity Securities: ***** (3) At least 300 Public Holders;	The old rule was divided into initial and continued listing requirements. It was also reworded for consistency and clarity. Defined terms have been capitalized. This is the continued listing requirement.

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
4320(e)(4)(B)	In the case of preferred stock and secondary classes of common stock, for initial listing there shall be at least 100 round lot holders of the security and for continued listing there shall be at least 100 public holders of the security, provided in each case that the issuer's common stock or common stock equivalent equity security must be listed on Nasdaq or be a covered security. In the event the issuer's common stock or common stock equivalent security either is not listed on Nasdaq or is not a covered security, the preferred stock and/or secondary class of common stock may be listed on Nasdaq so long as the security satisfies the listing criteria for common stock.	5510(b)	In the event the Company's Primary Equity Security is not listed on either the Capital Market or is a Covered Security, the preferred stock and/or secondary class of common stock may be listed on the Capital Market so long as it satisfies the initial listing criteria for Primary Equity Securities set forth in Rule 5505.	The old rule was divided into initial and continued listing requirements. This is the initial inclusion requirement. Reworded for consistency and clarity, and adds a specific rule reference instead of "the listing criteria for common stock." The 100 round lot holder requirement is set forth in 5510(a)(2). Defined terms capitalized. The term "issuer" was replaced with the defined term "Company."
4320(e)(4)(B)	In the case of preferred stock and secondary classes of common stock, for initial listing there shall be at least 100 round lot holders of the security and for continued listing there shall be at least 100 public holders of the security, provided in each case that the issuer's common stock or common stock equivalent equity security must be listed on Nasdaq or be a covered security. In the event the issuer's common stock or common stock equivalent security either is not listed on Nasdaq or is not a covered security, the preferred stock and/or secondary class of common stock may be listed on Nasdaq so long as the security satisfies the listing criteria for common stock.	5510(a)(2)	When the Primary Equity Security is listed on the Capital Market or is a Covered Security, a Company's preferred stock or secondary class of common stock must meet all of the requirements in Rules (1) through (5) below in order to be listed. ***** (2) At least 100 Round Lot Holders.	The old rule was divided into initial and continued listing requirements. This is the initial inclusion requirement for Shareholders. It was reworded for consistency and clarity, and adds a specific rule reference instead of "the listing criteria for common stock." Defined terms capitalized. The term "issuer" was replaced with the defined term "Company."

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
4320(e)(4)(B)	In the case of preferred stock and secondary classes of common stock, for initial listing there shall be at least 100 round lot holders of the security and for continued listing there shall be at least 100 public holders of the security, provided in each case that the issuer's common stock or common stock equivalent equity security must be listed on Nasdaq or be a covered security. In the event the issuer's common stock or common stock equivalent security either is not listed on Nasdaq or is not a covered security, the preferred stock and/or secondary class of common stock may be listed on Nasdaq so long as the security satisfies the listing criteria for common stock.	5555(b)	In the event the Company's Primary Equity Security is not listed on the Capital Market or is not a Covered Security, the preferred stock and/or secondary class of common stock may be listed on the Capital Market so long as the security satisfies the continued listing criteria for Primary Equity Securities set forth in Rule 5550.	The old rule was divided into initial and continued listing requirements. This is the continued listing requirement, which was reworded for consistency and clarity, and adds a specific rule reference instead of "the listing criteria for common stock." The 100 Public Holder requirement is set forth in 5555(a)(2). Defined terms capitalized. The term "issuer" was replaced with the defined term "Company."
4320(e)(4)(B)	In the case of preferred stock and secondary classes of common stock, for initial listing there shall be at least 100 round lot holders of the security and for continued listing there shall be at least 100 public holders of the security, provided in each case that the issuer's common stock or common stock equivalent equity security must be listed on Nasdaq or be a covered security. In the event the issuer's common stock or common stock equivalent security either is not listed on Nasdaq or is not a covered security, the preferred stock and/or secondary class of common stock may be listed on Nasdaq so long as the security satisfies the listing criteria for common stock.	5555(a)(2)	When the Primary Equity Security is listed on the Capital Market or is a Covered Security, a Company's preferred stock or secondary class of common stock must meet all of the requirements in (1) through (5) below in order to be listed. Failure to meet any of the continued listing requirements will be processed in accordance with the provisions set forth in the Rule 5800 Series. **** (2) At least 100 Public Holders;	Divided into initial and continued listing requirements. This is the continued listing requirement. Reworded for consistency and clarity, and adds a specific rule reference instead of "the listing criteria for common stock." This is the 100 Public Holder requirement. Defined terms capitalized. The term "issuer" was replaced with the defined term "Company."

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
4320(e)(4)(C)	An account of a member that is beneficially owned by a customer (as defined in Rule 0120) will be considered a holder of a security upon appropriate verification by the member.	5205(h)	An account of a Member that is beneficially owned by a customer (as defined in Rule 0120) will be considered a holder of a security upon appropriate verification by the Member.	Defined terms were capitalized.
4320(e)(5)	There shall be at least 1,000,000 publicly held shares for initial listing and 500,000 publicly held shares for continued listing. For initial listing, such shares shall have a market value as provided in the applicable provision of Rule 4310(c)(2). For continued listing, such shares shall have a market value of at least \$1 million. In the case of preferred stock and secondary classes of common stock, there shall be at least 200,000 publicly held shares having a market value of at least \$3.5 million for initial listing and 100,000 publicly held shares having a market value of \$1 million for continued listing. In addition, the issuer's common stock or common stock equivalent security must be listed on either Nasdaq or be a covered security. In the event the issuer's common stock or common stock equivalent security either is not listed on Nasdaq or is not a covered security, the preferred stock and/or secondary class of common stock may be traded on Nasdaq so long as the security satisfies the listing criteria for common stock. Shares held directly or indirectly by any officer or director of the issuer and by any person who is the beneficial owner of more than 10 percent of the total shares outstanding are not considered to be publicly held.	5505(a)(2)	Initial Listing Requirements for Primary Equity Securities: ***** (2) At least 1,000,000 Publicly Held Shares;	The old rule contains several requirements, which were divided into the relevant sections in the new rules. This is the NCM initial listing requirement for Publicly Held Shares for Primary Equity Securities. The initial inclusion requirements for Market Value of Publicly Held Shares are set forth in 5510(b)(1)(B), 5510(b)(2)(C), and 5510(b)(3)(C). Defined terms capitalized.

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
4320(e)(5)	There shall be at least 1,000,000 publicly held shares for initial listing and 500,000 publicly held shares for continued listing. For initial listing, such shares shall have a market value as provided in the applicable provision of Rule 4310(c)(2). For continued listing, such shares shall have a market value of at least \$1 million. In the case of preferred stock and secondary classes of common stock, there shall be at least 200,000 publicly held shares having a market value of at least \$3.5 million for initial listing and 100,000 publicly held shares having a market value of \$1 million for continued listing. In addition, the issuer's common stock or common stock equivalent security must be listed on either Nasdaq or be a covered security. In the event the issuer's common stock or common stock equivalent security either is not listed on Nasdaq or is not a covered security, the preferred stock and/or secondary class of common stock may be traded on Nasdaq so long as the security satisfies the listing criteria for common stock. Shares held directly or indirectly by any officer or director of the issuer and by any person who is the beneficial owner of more than 10 percent of the total shares outstanding are not considered to be publicly held.	5550(a)(4)	Continued Listing Requirements for Primary Equity Securities: ***** (4) At least 500,000 Publicly Held Shares	The old rule contains several requirements, which were divided into the relevant sections in the new rules. This is the NCM continued listing requirement for Publicly Held Shares for Primary Equity Securities. Defined terms capitalized.

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
4320(e)(5)	There shall be at least 1,000,000 publicly held shares for initial listing and 500,000 publicly held shares for continued listing. For initial listing, such shares shall have a market value as provided in the applicable provision of Rule 4310(c)(2). For continued listing, such shares shall have a market value of at least \$1 million. In the case of preferred stock and secondary classes of common stock, there shall be at least 200,000 publicly held shares having a market value of at least \$3.5 million for initial listing and 100,000 publicly held shares having a market value of \$1 million for continued listing. In addition, the issuer's common stock or common stock equivalent security must be listed on either Nasdaq or be a covered security. In the event the issuer's common stock or common stock equivalent security either is not listed on Nasdaq or is not a covered security, the preferred stock and/or secondary class of common stock may be traded on Nasdaq so long as the security satisfies the listing criteria for common stock. Shares held directly or indirectly by any officer or director of the issuer and by any person who is the beneficial owner of more than 10 percent of the total shares outstanding are not considered to be publicly held.	5550(a)(5)	Continued Listing Requirements for Primary Equity Securities: **** (5) Market Value of Publicly Held Shares of at least \$1 million.	The old rule contains several requirements, which were divided into the relevant sections in the new rules. This is the NCM continued listing requirement for Market Value of Publicly Held Shares for Primary Equity Securities. Defined terms capitalized.

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
4320(e)(5)	There shall be at least 1,000,000 publicly held shares for initial listing and 500,000 publicly held shares for continued listing. For initial listing, such shares shall have a market value as provided in the applicable provision of Rule 4310(c)(2). For continued listing, such shares shall have a market value of at least \$1 million. In the case of preferred stock and secondary classes of common stock, there shall be at least 200,000 publicly held shares having a market value of at least \$3.5 million for initial listing and 100,000 publicly held shares having a market value of \$1 million for continued listing. In addition, the issuer's common stock or common stock equivalent security must be listed on either Nasdaq or be a covered security. In the event the issuer's common stock or common stock equivalent security either is not listed on Nasdaq or is not a covered security, the preferred stock and/or secondary class of common stock may be traded on Nasdaq so long as the security satisfies the listing criteria for common stock. Shares held directly or indirectly by any officer or director of the issuer and by any person who is the beneficial owner of more than 10 percent of the total shares outstanding are not considered to be publicly held.	5510(a)(3)	When the Primary Equity Security is listed on the Capital Market or is a Covered Security, a Company's preferred stock or secondary class of common stock must meet all of the requirements in Rules (1) through (5) below in order to be listed. (3) At least 200,000 Publicly Held Shares.	The old rule contains several requirements, which were divided into the relevant sections in the new rules. This is the NCM initial listing requirement for Publicly Held Shares for Preferred and Secondary classes of common stock. Defined terms capitalized. The term "issuer" was replaced with the defined term "Company."

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
4320(e)(5)	There shall be at least 1,000,000 publicly held shares for initial listing and 500,000 publicly held shares for continued listing. For initial listing, such shares shall have a market value as provided in the applicable provision of Rule 4310(c)(2). For continued listing, such shares shall have a market value of at least \$1 million. In the case of preferred stock and secondary classes of common stock, there shall be at least 200,000 publicly held shares having a market value of at least \$3.5 million for initial listing and 100,000 publicly held shares having a market value of \$1 million for continued listing. In addition, the issuer's common stock or common stock equivalent security must be listed on either Nasdaq or be a covered security. In the event the issuer's common stock or common stock equivalent security either is not listed on Nasdaq or is not a covered security, the preferred stock and/or secondary class of common stock may be traded on Nasdaq so long as the security satisfies the listing criteria for common stock. Shares held directly or indirectly by any officer or director of the issuer and by any person who is the beneficial owner of more than 10 percent of the total shares outstanding are not considered to be publicly held.	5510(a)(4)	When the Primary Equity Security is listed on the Capital Market or is a Covered Security, a Company's preferred stock or secondary class of common stock must meet all of the requirements in Rules (1) through (5) below in order to be listed. (4) Market Value of Publicly Held Shares of at least \$3.5 million.	The old rule contains several requirements, which were divided into the relevant sections in the new rules. This is the NCM initial listing requirement for Market Value of Publicly Held Shares for Preferred and Secondary classes of common stock. Defined terms capitalized. The term "issuer" was replaced with the defined term "Company."

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
4320(e)(5)	There shall be at least 1,000,000 publicly held shares for initial listing and 500,000 publicly held shares for continued listing. For initial listing, such shares shall have a market value as provided in the applicable provision of Rule 4310(c)(2). For continued listing, such shares shall have a market value of at least \$1 million. In the case of preferred stock and secondary classes of common stock, there shall be at least 200,000 publicly held shares having a market value of at least \$3.5 million for initial listing and 100,000 publicly held shares having a market value of \$1 million for continued listing. In addition, the issuer's common stock or common stock equivalent security must be listed on either Nasdaq or be a covered security. In the event the issuer's common stock or common stock equivalent security either is not listed on Nasdaq or is not a covered security, the preferred stock and/or secondary class of common stock may be traded on Nasdaq so long as the security satisfies the listing criteria for common stock. Shares held directly or indirectly by any officer or director of the issuer and by any person who is the beneficial owner of more than 10 percent of the total shares outstanding are not considered to be publicly held.	5510(b)	In the event the Company's Primary Equity Security is not listed on the Capital Market or is not a Covered Security, the preferred stock and/or secondary class of common stock may be listed on the Capital Market so long as it satisfies the initial listing criteria for Primary Equity Securities set forth in Rule 5505.	The old rule contains several requirements, which were divided into the relevant sections in the new rules. This new rule sets forth the treatment of Preferred and secondary classes of common stock for initial listing on The Nasdaq Capital Market. Defined terms capitalized. The term "issuer" was replaced with the defined term "Company."

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
4320(e)(5)	There shall be at least 1,000,000 publicly held shares for initial listing and 500,000 publicly held shares for continued listing. For initial listing, such shares shall have a market value as provided in the applicable provision of Rule 4310(c)(2). For continued listing, such shares shall have a market value of at least \$1 million. In the case of preferred stock and secondary classes of common stock, there shall be at least 200,000 publicly held shares having a market value of at least \$3.5 million for initial listing and 100,000 publicly held shares having a market value of \$1 million for continued listing. In addition, the issuer's common stock or common stock equivalent security must be listed on either Nasdaq or be a covered security. In the event the issuer's common stock or common stock equivalent security either is not listed on Nasdaq or is not a covered security, the preferred stock and/or secondary class of common stock may be traded on Nasdaq so long as the security satisfies the listing criteria for common stock. Shares held directly or indirectly by any officer or director of the issuer and by any person who is the beneficial owner of more than 10 percent of the total shares outstanding are not considered to be publicly held.	5555(a)(3)	When the Primary Equity Security is listed on the Capital Market or is a Covered Security, a Company's preferred stock or secondary class of common stock must meet all of the requirements in (1) through (5) below in order to be listed. Failure to meet any of the continued listing requirements will be processed in accordance with the provisions set forth in the Rule 5800 Series. ***** (3) At least 100,000 Publicly Held Shares.	The old rule contains several requirements, which were divided into the relevant sections in the new rules. This is the NCM continued listing requirement for Publicly Held Shares for Preferred and Secondary classes of common stock. Defined terms capitalized. The term "issuer" was replaced with the defined term "Company."

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
4320(e)(5)	There shall be at least 1,000,000 publicly held shares for initial listing and 500,000 publicly held shares for continued listing. For initial listing, such shares shall have a market value as provided in the applicable provision of Rule 4310(c)(2). For continued listing, such shares shall have a market value of at least \$1 million. In the case of preferred stock and secondary classes of common stock, there shall be at least 200,000 publicly held shares having a market value of at least \$3.5 million for initial listing and 100,000 publicly held shares having a market value of \$1 million for continued listing. In addition, the issuer's common stock or common stock equivalent security must be listed on either Nasdaq or be a covered security. In the event the issuer's common stock or common stock equivalent security either is not listed on Nasdaq or is not a covered security, the preferred stock and/or secondary class of common stock may be traded on Nasdaq so long as the security satisfies the listing criteria for common stock. Shares held directly or indirectly by any officer or director of the issuer and by any person who is the beneficial owner of more than 10 percent of the total shares outstanding are not considered to be publicly held.	5555(a)(4)	When the Primary Equity Security is listed on the Capital Market or is a Covered Security, a Company's preferred stock or secondary class of common stock must meet all of the requirements in (1) through (5) below in order to be listed. Failure to meet any of the continued listing requirements will be processed in accordance with the provisions set forth in the Rule 5800 Series. ***** (4) Market Value of Publicly Held Shares of at least \$1 million.	The old rule contains several requirements, which were divided into the relevant sections in the new rules. This is the NCM continued listing requirement for Market Value of Publicly Held Shares for Preferred and Secondary classes of common stock. Defined terms capitalized. The term "issuer" was replaced with the defined term "Company."

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text <sup>*</sup>	Comments
4320(e)(5)	There shall be at least 1,000,000 publicly held shares for initial listing and 500,000 publicly held shares for continued listing. For initial listing, such shares shall have a market value as provided in the applicable provision of Rule 4310(c)(2). For continued listing, such shares shall have a market value of at least \$1 million. In the case of preferred stock and secondary classes of common stock, there shall be at least 200,000 publicly held shares having a market value of at least \$3.5 million for initial listing and 100,000 publicly held shares having a market value of \$1 million for continued listing. In addition, the issuer's common stock or common stock equivalent security must be listed on either Nasdaq or be a covered security. In the event the issuer's common stock or common stock equivalent security either is not listed on Nasdaq or is not a covered security, the preferred stock and/or secondary class of common stock may be traded on Nasdaq so long as the security satisfies the listing criteria for common stock. Shares held directly or indirectly by any officer or director of the issuer and by any person who is the beneficial owner of more than 10 percent of the total shares outstanding are not considered to be publicly held.	5555(b)	In the event the Company's Primary Equity Security is not listed on the Capital Market or is not a Covered Security, the preferred stock and/or secondary class of common stock may be listed on the Capital Market so long as the security satisfies the continued listing criteria for Primary Equity Securities set forth in Rule 5550.	The old rule contains several requirements, which were divided into the relevant sections in the new rules. This new rule sets forth the treatment of Preferred and secondary classes of common stock for continued listing on The Nasdaq Capital Market. Defined terms capitalized. The term "issuer" was replaced with the defined term "Company."

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
4320(e)(5)	There shall be at least 1,000,000 publicly held shares for initial listing and 500,000 publicly held shares for continued listing. For initial listing, such shares shall have a market value as provided in the applicable provision of Rule 4310(c)(2). For continued listing, such shares shall have a market value of at least \$1 million. In the case of preferred stock and secondary classes of common stock, there shall be at least 200,000 publicly held shares having a market value of at least \$3.5 million for initial listing and 100,000 publicly held shares having a market value of \$1 million for continued listing. In addition, the issuer's common stock or common stock equivalent security must be listed on either Nasdaq or be a covered security. In the event the issuer's common stock or common stock equivalent security either is not listed on Nasdaq or is not a covered security, the preferred stock and/or secondary class of common stock may be traded on Nasdaq so long as the security satisfies the listing criteria for common stock. Shares held directly or indirectly by any officer or director of the issuer and by any person who is the beneficial owner of more than 10 percent of the total shares outstanding are not considered to be publicly held.	5000(a)(33)	"Publicly Held Shares" means shares not held directly or indirectly by an officer, director or any person who is the beneficial owner of more than 10 percent of the total shares outstanding. Determinations of beneficial ownership in calculating publicly held shares shall be made in accordance with Rule 13d-3 under the Act.	The new definition of "Publicly Held Shares" is a compilation of 4310(c)(7)(C) (which is equivalent to the last sentence of 4320(e)(5)) and the relevant portion of 4420(e). Defined terms were capitalized. The term "issuer" was replaced with the defined term "Company." Updated reference to Exchange Act Rules to incorporate the defined term "Act" for consistency.
4320(e)(6)	In the case of rights, warrants and ADRs for initial listing only, at least 400,000 shall be issued. Issuers of ADRs must also meet the round lot holders and publicly held shares requirements set forth in the applicable provisions of Rules $4310(c)(2)$ , $4320(e)(4)$ and $4320(e)(5)$ .	5505(a)(2-5)	Initial Listing Requirements for Primary Equity Securities: ***** (2) At least 1,000,000 Publicly Held Shares; (3) At least 300 Round Lot Holders; (4) At least three registered and active Market Makers; and	These are the applicable Publicly Held Shares, Round Lot Holder and minimum ADR distribution requirements (from the initial inclusion criteria for Primary Equity Securities). Defined terms capitalized.

### Rule Reference Table

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
			(5) In the case of ADRs, at least 400,000 issued.	
4320(e)(6)	In the case of rights, warrants and ADRs for initial listing only, at least 400,000 shall be issued. Issuers of ADRs must also meet the round lot holders and publicly held shares requirements set forth in the applicable provisions of Rules 4310(c)(2), 4320(e)(4) and 4320(e)(5).	5505(a)(5)	Initial Listing Requirements for Primary Equity Securities: ***** (5) In the case of ADRs, there must be at least 400,000 issued.	Note that in the new rules, ADRs are included as "Primary Equity Securities," so this rule is included in the initial listing criteria for such securities. This is the initial inclusion requirement for ADRs to have at least 400,000 outstanding. Defined terms capitalized.
4320(e)(6)	In the case of rights, warrants and ADRs for initial listing only, at least 400,000 shall be issued. Issuers of ADRs must also meet the round lot holders and publicly held shares requirements set forth in the applicable provisions of Rules $4310(c)(2)$ , $4320(e)(4)$ and $4320(e)(5)$ .	5515(a)(1)	For initial listing, rights, warrants and put warrants must meet the following requirements: (1) At least 400,000 issued;	The old rule contains provisions for ADRs (see above) and rights & warrants. This is the corresponding new rule containing the initial listing provisions for rights and warrants.
4320(e)(7)	In the case of rights and warrants, for initial and continued listing, the underlying security shall be listed on Nasdaq or be a covered security.	5515(a)(2)	For initial listing, rights, warrants and put warrants must meet the following requirements: ***** (2) The underlying security must be listed on Nasdaq or be a Covered Security;	Reworded slightly to reflect the structure of the new rules. Defined terms are capitalized. This is the initial inclusion requirement.
4320(e)(7)	In the case of rights and warrants, for initial and continued listing, the underlying security shall be listed on Nasdaq or be a covered security.	5560(a)	For rights and warrants, the underlying security must remain listed on Nasdaq or be a Covered Security, and there must be at least two registered and active Market Makers, one of which may be a Market Maker entering a stabilizing bid.	Reworded slightly to reflect the structure of the new rules. Defined terms are capitalized. This is the continued listing requirement, which includes the market maker requirement.

\* The new rule text will be operational on April 13, 2009.

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
4320(e)(8)	In the case of units, all component parts shall meet the requirements for initial and continued listing.	5225(b)(2)	In the case of units issued by a non-Canadian foreign Company, all component parts shall meet the requirements for initial and continued listing.	Given the structure of the new rules, we added a qualifier to this rule to specify its application.
4320(e)(9)	The security shall not currently be suspended from trading by the Commission pursuant to Section 12(k) of the Act or by the appropriate regulatory authorities of the issuer's country of domicile.	5210(e)	Good Standing No security shall be approved for listing that is delinquent in its filing obligation with the Commission or Other Regulatory Authority or suspended from trading by the Commission pursuant to Section 12(k) of the Act or by the appropriate regulatory authorities of the Company's country of domicile.	The new rule adds the filing obligation set forth as 4310(c)(14) in the old rules and 5205(d) in the new rules. Also, the term "issuer" was replaced with the defined term "Company." Defined terms capitalized.
4320(e)(10)	The issuer shall certify, at or before the time of listing, that all applicable listing criteria have been satisfied.	5205(b) emphasis added	A Company's compliance with the initial listing criteria will be determined on the basis of information filed with the Commission or Other Regulatory Authority and information provided to Nasdaq. <i>The Company shall</i> <i>certify, at or before the time of listing, that all applicable</i> <i>listing criteria have been satisfied.</i>	The old rule relates to the italicized portion of the new rule. The new rule combines 4410(a) and 4320(e)(10) (which is the same as 4310(c)(12)).The term "issuer" was replaced the defined term "Company." Defined terms capitalized.
4320(e)(11)	The issuer shall pay the Nasdaq Issuer Listing Fee described in the Rule 4500 Series.	5210(d)	The Company is required to pay all applicable fees as described in the Rule 5900 Series.	Changed issuer to Company, and other plain English changes.

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text <sup>*</sup>	Comments
4320(e)(12)	An issuer that has applied for listing on Nasdaq or that is listed on Nasdaq shall file with Nasdaq three (3) copies of all reports and other documents filed or required to be filed with the Commission. This requirement is considered fulfilled for purposes of this paragraph if the issuer files the report or document with the Commission through the Electronic Data Gathering, Analysis, and Retrieval ("EDGAR") system. All required reports must be filed with Nasdaq on or before the date they are required to be filed with the Commission.	5205(d)	A Company that has applied for initial listing on Nasdaq shall file with Nasdaq all reports and other documents filed or required to be filed with the Commission or Other Regulatory Authority. This requirement is satisfied by publicly filing documents through the EDGAR System. All required reports must be filed with Nasdaq on or before the date they are required to be filed with the Commission or Other Regulatory Authority. Annual reports filed with Nasdaq shall contain audited financial statements.	The rules relating to a Company's filing obligations were divided into initial and continued listing obligations. This is the initial listing requirement. The rule was reworded for clarity and to include the use of defined terms. Also, the requirement to provide three copies was reduced to one copy. The defined term "Other Regulatory Authority" was utilized to capture the regulatory bodies with whom certain banks and insurance companies must file. The term "issuer" was replaced with the defined term "Company."
4320(e)(12)	An issuer that has applied for listing on Nasdaq or that is listed on Nasdaq shall file with Nasdaq three (3) copies of all reports and other documents filed or required to be filed with the Commission. This requirement is considered fulfilled for purposes of this paragraph if the issuer files the report or document with the Commission through the Electronic Data Gathering, Analysis, and Retrieval ("EDGAR") system. All required reports must be filed with Nasdaq on or before the date they are required to be filed with the Commission.	5250(c)(1)	A Company shall timely file all required periodic financial reports with the Commission through the EDGAR System or with the Other Regulatory Authority. A Company that does not file through the EDGAR System shall supply to Nasdaq two (2) copies of all reports required to be filed with the Other Regulatory Authority or email an electronic version of the report to Nasdaq at <u>continuedlisting@nasdaq.com</u> . All required reports must be filed with Nasdaq on or before the date they are required to be filed with the Commission or Other Regulatory Authority. Annual reports filed with Nasdaq shall contain audited financial statements.	The rules relating to a Company's filing obligations were divided into initial and continued listing obligations. This is the continued listing requirement. The rule was reworded for clarity and to include the use of defined terms. Also, the requirement to provide 3 copies was reduced to 2 copies, and paper filers are now able to email these filings to a group mailbox. The term "issuer" was replaced with the defined term "Company." Defined terms capitalized.

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
4320(e)(13)	The issuer shall provide full and prompt responses to requests by Nasdaq for information related to unusual market activity or to events that may have a material impact on trading of its securities in Nasdaq.	5250(a)	Obligation to Provide Information to Nasdaq Nasdaq may request any additional information or documentation, public or non-public, deemed necessary to make a determination regarding a Company's continued listing, including, but not limited to, any material provided to or received from the Commission or Other Regulatory Authority. A Company may be denied continued listing if it fails to provide such information within a reasonable period of time or if any communication to Nasdaq contains a material misrepresentation or omits material information necessary to make the communication to Nasdaq not misleading. The Company shall provide full and prompt responses to requests by Nasdaq or by FINRA acting on behalf of Nasdaq for information related to unusual market activity or to events that may have a material impact on trading of its securities in Nasdaq.	The old rule was combined with 4330 to form the new rule. The term "issuer" was replaced with the defined term "Company." The phrase "or by FINRA acting on behalf of Nasdaq" was added for clarity. Defined terms capitalized.

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
4320(e)(14)	Except in unusual circumstances, a Nasdaq-listed issuer shall make prompt disclosure to the public in the United States through any Regulation FD compliant method (or combination of methods) of disclosure of any material information that would reasonably be expected to affect the value of its securities or influence investors' decisions. The issuer shall, prior to the release of the information, provide notice of such disclosure to Nasdaq if the information involves any of the events set forth in IM-4120-1.	5250(b)(1)	Except in unusual circumstances, a Nasdaq-listed Company shall make prompt disclosure to the public through any Regulation FD compliant method (or combination of methods) of disclosure of any material information that would reasonably be expected to affect the value of its securities or influence investors' decisions. The Company shall, prior to the release of the information, provide notice of such disclosure to Nasdaq's MarketWatch Department if the information involves any of the events set forth in IM-5250-1. As described in IM-5250-1, prior notice to the MarketWatch Department should be made through the electronic disclosure submission system available at <u>www.nasdaq.net</u> .	Rule citations were updated, and clarifications were added to include that public disclosures should be submitted to the MarketWatch Department through <u>www.nasdaq.net</u> . The term "issuer" was replaced with the defined term "Company."

#### Rule Reference Table

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
4320(e)(15)(A- D)	The issuer of any class of securities listed on Nasdaq, except for American Depositary Receipts, is required to notify Nasdaq on the appropriate form at least 15 calendar days prior to: (A)(i) establishing or materially amending a stock option plan, purchase plan or other equity compensation arrangement pursuant to which stock may be acquired by officers, directors, employees, or consultants without shareholder approval; (ii) Nasdaq recognizes that when an issuer makes an equity grant to induce an individual to accept employment, as permitted by the exception contained in Rule 4350(i)(1)(A)(iv), it may not be practical to provide the advance notice otherwise required by this Rule. Therefore, when an issuer relies on that exception to make such an inducement grant without shareholder approval, it is sufficient to notify Nasdaq about the grant and the use of the exception no later than the earlier of: (x) five calendar days after entering into the agreement to issue the securities; or (y) the date of the public announcement of the award required by Rule 4350(i)(1)(A)(iv); or (B) issuing securities that may potentially result in a change of control of the issuer; or (C) issuing any common stock or security convertible into common stock in connection with the acquisition of the stock or assets of another company, if any officer or director or substantial shareholder of the issuer has a 5% or greater interest (or if such persons collectively have a 10% or greater interest) in the company to be acquired or	5250(e)(2)(A-D)	A Company shall be required to notify Nasdaq, except for a Company solely listing American Depositary Receipts, on the appropriate form at least 15 calendar days prior to: (A)(i) establishing or materially amending a stock option plan, purchase plan or other equity compensation arrangement pursuant to which stock may be acquired by officers, directors, employees, or consultants without shareholder approval; (ii) Nasdaq recognizes that when a Company makes an equity grant to induce an individual to accept employment, as permitted by the exception contained in Rule 5635(c)(4), it may not be practical to provide the advance notice otherwise required by this Rule. Therefore, when a Company relies on that exception to make such an inducement grant without shareholder approval, it is sufficient to notify Nasdaq about the grant and the use of the exception no later than the earlier of: (x) five calendar days after entering into the agreement to issue the securities; or (y) the date of the public announcement of the award required by Rule 5635(c)(4); or (B) issuing securities that may potentially result in a change of control of the Company; or (C) issuing any common stock or security convertible into common stock in connection with the acquisition of the stock or assets of another company, if any officer or director or Substantial Shareholder of the Company has a 5% or greater interest (or if such persons collectively have a 10% or greater interest) in the Company to be	The old rule is similar to 4310(c)(17). The term "issuer" was replaced with the defined term "Company," and the carve- out for ADRs from 4320(e)(15) was included in the new rule. Rule citations updated.

\* The new rule text will be operational on April 13, 2009.

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
	in the consideration to be paid; or (D) issuing any common stock, or any security convertible into common stock in a transaction that may result in the potential issuance of common stock (or securities convertible into common stock) greater than 10% of either the total shares outstanding or the voting power outstanding on a pre-transaction basis. The notifications required by this paragraph must be made on the Notification Form: Listing of Additional Shares and Nasdaq encourages companies to file this form as soon as practicable, even if all of the relevant terms are not yet known. Nasdaq reviews these forms to determine compliance with applicable Nasdaq rules, including the shareholder approval requirements. Therefore, if a company fails to file timely the form required by this paragraph, Nasdaq may issue a Staff Determination (pursuant to the Rule 4800 Series) that is either a public reprimand letter or a delisting determination.		acquired or in the consideration to be paid; or (D) issuing any common stock, or any security convertible into common stock in a transaction that may result in the potential issuance of common stock (or securities convertible into common stock) greater than 10% of either the total shares outstanding or the voting power outstanding on a pre-transaction basis. The notifications required by this paragraph must be made on the Notification Form: Listing of Additional Shares and Nasdaq encourages Companies to file this form as soon as practicable, even if all of the relevant terms are not yet known. Nasdaq reviews these forms to determine compliance with applicable Nasdaq rules, including the shareholder approval requirements. Therefore, if a Company fails to file timely the form required by this paragraph, Nasdaq may issue either a Public Reprimand Letter or a Delisting Determination (pursuant to the Rule 5800 Series).	
4320(e)(16)	The issuer of any class of securities listed on Nasdaq, except for American Depositary Receipts, shall notify Nasdaq promptly in writing of any change in the issuer's transfer agent or registrar.	5250(e)(5)	The issuer of any class of securities listed on Nasdaq, except for American Depositary Receipts, shall notify Nasdaq promptly in writing of any change in the Company's transfer agent or registrar.	The old rule is similar to 4310(c)(18). The term "issuer" was replaced with the defined term "Company," where appropriate.

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
4320(e)(17)	The issuer shall comply with any obligation of any person regarding filing or disclosure of information material to the issuer or the security, whether such obligation arises under the securities laws of the United States or the issuer's country of domicile, or other applicable federal or state statutes or rules.	5250(d)(5)	The Company shall comply with any obligation of any person regarding filing or disclosure of information material to the Company or the security, whether such obligation arises under the securities laws of the United States or the Company's country of domicile, or other applicable federal or state statutes or rules.	The term "issuer" was replaced with the defined term "Company."
4320(e)(18)	The issuer shall notify Nasdaq promptly in writing of any change in the general character or nature of its business and any change in the address of its principal executive offices. The issuer also shall file on a form designated by Nasdaq notification of any corporate name change, or other change requiring payment of a record-keeping fee, no later than 10 days after the change.	5250(e)(3)(A-B)	<ul> <li>(A) The Company shall file on a form designated by Nasdaq notification of any corporate name change, or other change requiring payment of a record-keeping fee, no later than 10 days after the change. The Company shall also pay the appropriate Record-Keeping Fee as referenced in the Rule 5900 Series.</li> <li>(B) The Company shall also notify Nasdaq promptly in writing, absent any fees, of any change in the general character or nature of its business and any change in the address of its principal executive offices.</li> </ul>	This rule was bifurcated to reflect that certain corporate changes require a form and a fee, and others do not. The term "issuer" was replaced with the defined term "Company." The new rule also points Companies to the 5900 series for the amount of the fee.
4320(e)(19) - Reserved	Reserved	Deleted		Reserved rules were not included in the new rules.
4320(e)(20)	The issuer shall file, on a form designated by Nasdaq no later than 10 days after the occurrence, any aggregate increase or decrease of any class of securities listed on Nasdaq that exceeds 5% of the amount of securities of the class outstanding.	5250(e)(1)	The Company shall file, on a form designated by Nasdaq no later than 10 days after the occurrence, any aggregate increase or decrease of any class of securities listed on Nasdaq that exceeds 5% of the amount of securities of the class outstanding.	The term "issuer" was replaced with the defined term "Company."

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
4320(e)(21)	<ul> <li>In the case of any dividend action or action relating to a stock distribution of a listed stock the issuer shall, no later than 10 calendar days prior to the record date of such action:</li> <li>(i) notify Nasdaq by filing the appropriate form as designated by Nasdaq; and</li> <li>(ii) provide public notice using a Regulation FD compliant method.</li> <li>Notice to Nasdaq should be given as soon as possible after declaration and, in any event, no later than simultaneously with the public notice.</li> </ul>	5250(e)(6)	In the case of any dividend action or action relating to a stock distribution of a listed stock the Company shall, no later than 10 calendar days prior to the record date of such action: (i) notify Nasdaq by filing the appropriate form as designated by Nasdaq; and (ii) provide public notice using a Regulation FD compliant method. Notice to Nasdaq should be given as soon as possible after declaration and, in any event, no later than simultaneously with the public notice.	The term "issuer" was replaced with the defined term "Company."
4320(e)(22) - Reserved	Reserved	Deleted		Reserved rules were not included in the new rules.
4320(e)(23) - Reserved	Reserved	Deleted		Reserved rules were not included in the new rules.
4320(e)(24) - Reserved	Reserved	Deleted		Reserved rules were not included in the new rules.
4320(e)(25) - Reserved	Reserved	Deleted		Reserved rules were not included in the new rules.

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text <sup>*</sup>	Comments
4320(e)(26)	The issuer shall notify Nasdaq of a Substitution Listing Event (other than a re-incorporation or a change to an issuer's place of organization) no later than 15 calendar days prior to the implementation of such event by filing the appropriate form as designated by Nasdaq. For a re- incorporation or change to an issuer's place of organization, an issuer shall notify Nasdaq as soon as practicable after such event has been implemented by filing the appropriate form as designated by Nasdaq. Issuers shall also pay the appropriate fee associated with Substitution Listing Events. The Substitution Listing Event fee shall not apply to securities that are listed on a national securities exchange other than Nasdaq and not designated by Nasdaq as Nasdaq national market system securities.	5250(e)(4)	The Company shall notify Nasdaq of a Substitution Listing Event (other than a re-incorporation or a change to a Company's place of organization) no later than 15 calendar days prior to the implementation of such event by filing the appropriate form as designated by Nasdaq. For a re-incorporation or change to a Company's place of organization, a Company shall notify Nasdaq as soon as practicable after such event has been implemented by filing the appropriate form as designated by Nasdaq. The Company shall also pay the appropriate Substitution Listing Fee as referenced in the Rule 5900 Series. The Substitution Listing Fee shall not apply to securities that are listed on a national securities exchange other than Nasdaq and not designated by Nasdaq as Nasdaq national market system securities.	The term "issuer" was replaced with the defined term "Company." The new rule also points to the 5900 Series, which contain the applicable fees for this action. Defined terms capitalized.
4320(f)	Nasdaq issuers which distribute interim reports to shareholders should distribute such reports to both registered and beneficial shareholders. Nasdaq issuers are also encouraged to consider additional technological methods to communicate such information to shareholders in a timely and less costly manner as such technology becomes available.	5250(d)(2)	Nasdaq Companies that distribute interim reports to Shareholders should distribute such reports to both registered and beneficial Shareholders. Nasdaq Companies are also encouraged to consider additional technological methods to communicate such information to Shareholders in a timely and less costly manner as such technology becomes available.	The term "issuer" was replaced with the defined term "Company." Minor changes to wording. Defined terms capitalized.

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
4330	Nasdaq may request any additional information or documentation, public or non-public, deemed necessary to make a determination regarding a security's initial or continued listing, including, but not limited to, any material provided to or received from the Commission or other appropriate regulatory authority. An issuer may be delisted or denied initial listing if it fails to provide such information within a reasonable period of time or if any communication to Nasdaq contains a material misrepresentation or omits material information necessary to make the communication to Nasdaq not misleading.	5205(e)	Nasdaq may request any information or documentation, public or non-public, deemed necessary to make a determination regarding a security's initial listing, including, but not limited to, any material provided to or received from the Commission or Other Regulatory Authority. A Company's security may be denied listing if the Company fails to provide such information within a reasonable period of time or if any communication to Nasdaq contains a material misrepresentation or omits material information necessary to make the communication to Nasdaq not misleading.	In the new rules, the old rule was split into initial and continued listing requirements. This is the initial listing requirement, so Nasdaq may request "any information" instead of "any additional information" Also a Company may only be denied initial listing, not delisted or denied continued listing - that is contained in the continued listing requirement set forth in 5250(a). Also, the term "issuer" was replaced with the defined term "Company." Defined terms capitalized.

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
4330	Nasdaq may request any additional information or documentation, public or non-public, deemed necessary to make a determination regarding a security's initial or continued listing, including, but not limited to, any material provided to or received from the Commission or other appropriate regulatory authority. An issuer may be delisted or denied initial listing if it fails to provide such information within a reasonable period of time or if any communication to Nasdaq contains a material misrepresentation or omits material information necessary to make the communication to Nasdaq not misleading.	5250(a) emphasis added	Nasdaq may request any additional information or documentation, public or non-public, deemed necessary to make a determination regarding a Company's continued listing, including, but not limited to, any material provided to or received from the Commission or Other Regulatory Authority. A Company may be denied continued listing if it fails to provide such information within a reasonable period of time or if any communication to Nasdaq contains a material misrepresentation or omits material information necessary to make the communication to Nasdaq not misleading. The Company shall provide full and prompt responses to requests by Nasdaq or by FINRA acting on behalf of Nasdaq for information related to unusual market activity or to events that may have a material impact on trading of its securities in Nasdaq.	The italicized portion of the new rule relates to the old rule. In the new rules, the old rule was split into initial and continued listing requirements. This is the continued listing requirement, so a Company may be only denied continued - not initial - listing. The term "issuer" was replaced with the defined term "Company." Also, the new rule combines 4330 with provisions from 4310(c)(15). The new rule utilizes the defined term "Other Regulatory Authority."

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
4340(a)	Business Combinations with non-Nasdaq Entities Resulting in a Change of Control. An issuer must apply for initial listing in connection with a transaction whereby the issuer combines with a non-Nasdaq entity, resulting in a change of control of the issuer and potentially allowing the non-Nasdaq entity to obtain a Nasdaq Listing. In determining whether a change of control has occurred, Nasdaq shall consider all relevant factors including, but not limited to, changes in the management, board of directors, voting power, ownership, and financial structure of the issuer. Nasdaq shall also consider the nature of the businesses and the relative size of the Nasdaq issuer and non-Nasdaq entity. The issuer must submit an application for the post- transaction entity with sufficient time to allow Nasdaq to complete its review before the transaction is completed. If the issuer's application for initial listing has not been approved prior to consummation of the transaction, Nasdaq will issue a Staff Determination Letter as set forth in Rule 4804 and begin delisting proceedings pursuant to the Rule 4800 Series.	5110(a)	Business Combinations with non-Nasdaq Entities Resulting in a Change of Control A Company must apply for initial listing in connection with a transaction whereby the Company combines with a non-Nasdaq entity, resulting in a change of control of the Company and potentially allowing the non-Nasdaq entity to obtain a Nasdaq Listing. In determining whether a change of control has occurred, Nasdaq shall consider all relevant factors including, but not limited to, changes in the management, board of directors, voting power, ownership, and financial structure of the Company. Nasdaq shall also consider the nature of the businesses and the relative size of the Nasdaq Company and non- Nasdaq entity. The Company must submit an application for the post-transaction entity with sufficient time to allow Nasdaq to complete its review before the transaction is completed. If the Company's application for initial listing has not been approved prior to consummation of the transaction, Nasdaq will issue a Staff Delisting Determination and begin delisting proceedings pursuant to the Rule 5800 Series.	The term "issuer" was replaced with the defined term "Company." Updated "Staff Determination Letter" to the new defined term "Staff Delisting Determination." Rule citations updated.

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
4340(b)	Nasdaq may use its discretionary authority under Rule 4300 to deny listing to an issuer that has filed for protection under any provision of the federal bankruptcy laws or comparable foreign laws, even though the issuer's securities otherwise meet all enumerated criteria for continued listing on Nasdaq. In the event that Nasdaq determines to continue the listing of such an issuer during a bankruptcy reorganization, the issuer shall nevertheless be required to satisfy all requirements for initial listing, including the payment of initial listing fees, upon emerging from bankruptcy proceedings.	5110(b)	Nasdaq may use its discretionary authority under Rule 5100 to deny listing to a Company that has filed for protection under any provision of the federal bankruptcy laws or comparable foreign laws, or has announced that liquidation has been authorized by its board of directors and that it is committed to proceed, even though the Company's securities otherwise meet all enumerated criteria for continued listing on Nasdaq. In the event that Nasdaq determines to continue the listing of such a Company during a bankruptcy reorganization, the Company shall nevertheless be required to satisfy all requirements for initial listing, including the payment of initial listing fees, upon emerging from bankruptcy proceedings.	The new rule incorporates the phrase "or has announced that liquidation has been authorized by its board of directors and that it is committed to proceed," taken from 4450(f). Also, the term "issuer" was replaced with the defined term "Company."

### Rule Reference Table

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
4350(a)(1)	A foreign private issuer may follow its home country practice in lieu of the requirements of Rule 4350, provided, however, that such an issuer shall: comply with Rules 4350(b)(1)(B), 4350(j) and 4350(m), have an audit committee that satisfies Rule 4350(d)(3), and ensure that such audit committee's members meet the independence requirement in Rule 4350(d)(2)(A)(ii). In addition, a foreign private issuer must be eligible to participate in a Direct Registration Program, as required by Rule 4350(l), unless prohibited from complying by a law or regulation in its home country. A foreign private issuer that follows a home country practice in lieu of one or more provisions of Rule 4350 shall disclose in its annual reports filed with the Commission or on its website each requirement of Rule 4350 that it does not follow and describe the home country practice followed by the issuer in lieu of such requirements. In addition, a foreign private issuer making its initial public offering or first U.S. listing on Nasdaq shall make the same disclosures in its registration statement or on its website.	5255(c)	Exemption A Foreign Private Issuer must be eligible to participate in a Direct Registration Program, as required by Rule 5255, unless prohibited from complying by a law or regulation in its home country. In such case, a Foreign Private Issuer may follow its home country practice in lieu of this requirement by using the process described in Rule 5615(a)(3).	The new rule relates only to the Direct Registration Program requirement set forth in 5255. Foreign Private Issuers will continue to have the ability to exempt themselves from this requirement, even though it is not contained in 5600. Rule citations updated. Defined terms capitalized.
4350(a)(1)	A foreign private issuer may follow its home country practice in lieu of the requirements of Rule 4350, provided, however, that such an issuer shall: comply with Rules 4350(b)(1)(B), 4350(j) and 4350(m), have an audit committee that satisfies Rule 4350(d)(3), and ensure that such audit committee's members meet the independence requirement in Rule 4350(d)(2)(A)(ii). A foreign private issuer that follows a home country practice in lieu of one or more provisions of Rule 4350 shall disclose in its annual reports filed with the Commission or on its	5615(a)(3)	A Foreign Private Issuer may follow its home country practice in lieu of the requirements of the Rule 5600 Series and the Direct Registration Program requirement set forth in 5210(c) and 5255, provided, however, that such a Company shall: comply with the Notification of Material Noncompliance requirement (Rule 5625), the Voting Rights requirement (Rule 5640), have an audit committee that satisfies Rule 5605(c)(3), and ensure that such audit committee's members meet the independence requirement in Rule 5605(c)(2)(A)(ii). A Foreign Private	Substantively, the new rule is the same as the old, but it had to be reorganized based on the new structure. First, since the Direct Registration Program rules were moved out of the Corporate Governance Section (5600) and into the general (5200) section, it needed to be added to the list of requirements that Foreign Private Issuers can exempt themselves from since Foreign Private

\* The new rule text will be operational on April 13, 2009.

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text <sup>*</sup>	Comments
	website each requirement of Rule 4350 that it does not follow and describe the home country practice followed by the issuer in lieu of such requirements. In addition, a foreign private issuer making its initial public offering or first U.S. listing on Nasdaq shall make the same disclosures in its registration statement or on its website.		Issuer that follows a home country practice in lieu of one or more provisions of Rule 5600 and the Direct Registration Program requirement set forth in 5210(c) and 5255 shall disclose in its annual reports filed with the Commission or on its website each requirement that it does not follow and describe the home country practice followed by the issuer in lieu of such requirements. In addition, a Foreign Private Issuer making its initial public offering or first U.S. listing on Nasdaq shall make the same disclosures in its registration statement or on its website. Except as provided in this paragraph, a Foreign Private Issuer must comply with the requirements of the 5000 Series, including the going concern disclosure requirement in Rule 5250(b)(2), and the listing agreement requirement in Rule 5205(a).	Issuers can exempt themselves from this requirement. Second, we needed to add the Voting Rights requirement to the list of requirements that could not be exempted from - this requirement was previously located outside 4350, but we decided to move it into the Corporate Governance Section (5600) to keep it with the shareholder approval rules. Other than those structural changes, the rule remains the same. While in the old rule we just listed rule citations, we decided to describe the requirement as well as list a rule citation for extra clarity. Also, the defined term Foreign Private Issuer was capitalized. The term "issuer" was replaced with the defined term "Company."
4350(a)(2)	Management investment companies (including business development companies) are subject to all the requirements of Rule 4350, except that management investment companies registered under the Investment Company Act of 1940 are exempt from the requirements of Rule 4350(c) and (n).	5615(a)(5)	Management investment companies (including business development companies) are subject to all the requirements of the Rule 5600 Series, except that management investment companies registered under the Investment Company Act of 1940 are exempt from the requirements of Independent Directors and the Code of Conduct requirements set forth in Rules 5605(b) and 5610, respectively.	The new rule is fundamentally the same as the old rule, except that it provides a description of the rules from which BDCs are exempt, instead of just rule citations.

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
4350(a)(3)	Asset-backed Issuers and Other Passive Issuers. The following are exempt from the requirements of Rule 4350(c), (d) and (n): (a) asset-backed issuers; and (b) issuers, such as unit investment trusts, that are organized as trusts or other unincorporated associations that do not have a board of directors or persons acting in a similar capacity and whose activities are limited to passively owning or holding (as well as administering and distributing amounts in respect of) securities, rights, collateral or other assets on behalf of or for the benefit of the holders of the listed securities.	5615(a)(1)(A-B)	Asset-backed Issuers and Other Passive Issuers The following are exempt from the requirements relating to Majority Independent Board [5605(b)], Audit Committee [5605(c)], Independent Director Oversight of Executive Officer Compensation [5605(d)] and Director Nominations [5605(e)], the Controlled Company Exemption [5615(c)(2)], and Code of Conduct [5610]: (A) asset-backed issuers; and (B) issuers, such as unit investment trusts, that are organized as trusts or other unincorporated associations that do not have a board of directors or persons acting in a similar capacity and whose activities are limited to passively owning or holding (as well as administering and distributing amounts in respect of) securities, rights, collateral or other assets on behalf of or for the benefit of the holders of the listed securities.	The new rule is fundamentally the same as the old rule, except that it provides a description of the rules, instead of just rule citations.
4350(a)(4)	Cooperatives. Cooperative entities, such as agricultural cooperatives, that are structured to comply with relevant state law and federal tax law and that do not have a publicly traded class of common stock are exempt from Rule 4350(c). However, such entities must comply with all federal securities laws, including without limitation those rules required by Section 10A(m) of the Act and Rule 10A-3 thereunder.	5615(a)(2)	Cooperatives Cooperative entities, such as agricultural cooperatives, that are structured to comply with relevant state law and federal tax law and that do not have a publicly traded class of common stock are exempt from Rules 5605(b), (d), (e), and 5615(c)(2). However, such entities must comply with all federal securities laws, including without limitation those rules required by Section 10A(m) of the Act and Rule 10A-3 thereunder.	Rule citations updated.

### Rule Reference Table

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
4350(a)(5)	<ul> <li>Phase-in Periods</li> <li>A company listing in connection with its initial public offering shall be permitted to phase in its compliance with the independent committee requirements set forth in Rule 4350(c) on the same schedule as it is permitted to phase in its compliance with the independent audit committee requirement pursuant to SEC Rule 10A-3(b)(1)(iv)(A). Accordingly, a company listing in connection with its initial public offering shall be permitted to phase in its compliance with the independent committee requirements set forth in Rule 4350(c) as follows: (1) one independent member at the time of listing; (2) a majority of independent members within 90 days of listing. Furthermore, a company listing in connection with its initial public offering shall have twelve months from the date of listing to comply with the majority independent board requirement in Rule 4350(c). It should be noted, however, that pursuant to SEC Rule 10A-3(b)(1)(ii) investment companies are not afforded the exemptions under SEC Rule 10A-3(b)(1)(iv). Issuers may choose not to adopt a compensation or nomination committee and may instead rely upon a majority of the independent directors to discharge responsibilities under Rule 4350(c). For purposes of Rule 4350 other than Rule 4350(d)(2)(A)(ii) and Rule 4350(m), a company shall be considered to be listing in conjunction with an initial public offering if, immediately prior to listing, it does not have a class of common stock registered under the Act. For purposes of Rule 4350(d)(2)(A)(ii) and Rule</li> </ul>	5615(b)(1-3)	Phase-In Schedules (1) Initial Public Offerings A Company listing in connection with its initial public offering shall be permitted to phase in its compliance with the independent committee requirements set forth in Rules 5605(d) and (e) on the same schedule as it is permitted to phase in its compliance with the independent audit committee requirement pursuant to Rule 10A- 3(b)(1)(iv)(A) under the Act. Accordingly, a Company listing in connection with its initial public offering shall be permitted to phase in its compliance with the independent committee requirements set forth in Rule 5605(d) and (e) as follows: (1) one independent member at the time of listing; (2) a majority of independent members within 90 days of listing; and (3) all independent members within one year of listing. Furthermore, a Company listing in connection with its initial public offering shall have twelve months from the date of listing to comply with the majority independent board requirement in Rule 5605(b). It should be noted, however, that pursuant to Rule 10A-3(b)(1)(iii) under the Act investment companies are not afforded the exemptions under Rule 10A-3(b)(1)(iv) under the Act. Companies may choose not to adopt a compensation or nomination committee and may instead rely upon a majority of the Independent Directors to discharge responsibilities under Rule 5605(b). For purposes of the Rule 5600 Series other than Rules 5605(c)(2)(A)(ii) and 5625, a Company shall be considered to be listing in conjunction with an initial public offering if, immediately	The new rule is substantively similar to the old rule, except that "Company" is capitalized since it is a defined term, and descriptive headers were added to the text to enhance readability. The old rule includes a description of the treatment of Companies ceasing to be controlled companies; we split that into 5615(c)(3). Defined terms capitalized. The term "issuer" was replaced with the defined term "Company." Updated reference to Exchange Act Rules to incorporate the defined term "Act" for consistency.

\* The new rule text will be operational on April 13, 2009.

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text <sup>*</sup>	Comments
	4350(m), a company shall be considered to be listing in conjunction with an initial public offering only if it meets the conditions in SEC Rule 10A-3(b)(1)(iv)(A) under the Act, namely, that the company was not, immediately prior to the effective date of a registration statement, required to file reports with the Commission pursuant to Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Act. Companies that are emerging from bankruptcy or have ceased to be Controlled Companies within the meaning of Rule 4350(c)(5) shall be permitted to phase-in independent nomination and compensation committees and majority independent boards on the same schedule as companies listing in conjunction with their initial public offering. It should be noted, however, that a company that has ceased to be a Controlled Company within the meaning of Rule 4350(c)(5) must comply with the audit committee requirements of Rule 4350(d) as of the date it ceased to be a Controlled Company. Furthermore, the executive sessions requirement of Rule 4350(c)(2) applies to Controlled Company. Furthermore, the executive sessions requirement of Rule 4350(c)(2) applies to Controlled Companies as of the date of listing and continues to apply after it ceases to be controlled. Companies transferring from other markets with a substantially similar requirement shall be afforded the balance of any grace period afforded by the other market. Companies transferring from other listed markets that do not have a substantially similar requirement shall be afforded one year from the date of listing on Nasdaq. This transition period is not intended to supplant any applicable requirements of Rule 10A-3 under the Act.		prior to listing, it does not have a class of common stock registered under the Act. For purposes of Rule 5605(c)(2)(A)(ii) and Rule 5625, a Company shall be considered to be listing in conjunction with an initial public offering only if it meets the conditions in Rule 10A-3(b)(1)(iv)(A) under the Act, namely, that the Company was not, immediately prior to the effective date of a registration statement, required to file reports with the Commission pursuant to Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Act. (2) Companies Emerging from Bankruptcy Companies that are emerging from bankruptcy shall be permitted to phase-in independent nomination and compensation committees and majority independent boards on the same schedule as Companies listing in conjunction with their initial public offering. (3) Transfers from other Markets Companies transferring from other markets with a substantially similar requirement shall be afforded the balance of any grace period afforded by the other market. Companies transferring from other listed markets that do not have a substantially similar requirement shall be afforded one year from the date of listing on Nasdaq. This transition period is not intended to supplant any applicable requirements of Rule 10A-3 under the Act.	

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
4350(a)(5)	<ul> <li>Phase-in Periods</li> <li>A company listing in connection with its initial public offering shall be permitted to phase in its compliance with the independent committee requirements set forth in Rule 4350(c) on the same schedule as it is permitted to phase in its compliance with the independent audit committee requirement pursuant to SEC Rule 10A-3(b)(1)(iv)(A). Accordingly, a company listing in connection with its initial public offering shall be permitted to phase in its compliance with the independent committee requirements set forth in Rule 4350(c) as follows: (1) one independent member at the time of listing; (2) a majority of independent members within 90 days of listing; and (3) all independent members within one year of listing. Furthermore, a company listing in connection with its initial public offering shall have twelve months from the date of listing to comply with the majority independent board requirement in Rule 4350(c). It should be noted, however, that pursuant to SEC Rule 10A-3(b)(1)(ii) investment companies are not afforded the exemptions under SEC Rule 10A-3(b)(1)(iv). Issuers may choose not to adopt a compensation or nomination committee and may instead rely upon a majority of the independent directors to discharge responsibilities under Rule 4350(c). For purposes of Rule 4350 other than Rule 4350(d)(2)(A)(ii) and Rule 4350(m), a company shall be considered to be listing in conjunction with an initial public offering if, immediately prior to listing, it does not have a class of common stock registered under the Act. For purposes of Rule 4350(d)(2)(A)(ii) and Rule</li> </ul>	5615(c)(3)	Phase-In Schedule for a Company Ceasing to be a Controlled Company A Company that has ceased to be a Controlled Company within the meaning of Rule 5615(c)(1) shall be permitted to phase-in its independent nomination and compensation committees and majority independent board on the same schedule as Companies listing in conjunction with their initial public offering. It should be noted, however, that a Company that has ceased to be a Controlled Company within the meaning of Rule 5615(c)(1) must comply with the audit committee requirements of Rule 5605(c) as of the date it ceased to be a Controlled Company. Furthermore, the executive sessions requirement of Rule 5605(b)(2) applies to Controlled Companies as of the date of listing and continues to apply after it ceases to be controlled.	This new rule is a subset of 4350(a)(5) pertaining to Companies ceasing to be Controlled Companies. This was carved out in the new rules for clarity, and to make it easier to locate.

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
	4350(m), a company shall be considered to be listing in			
	conjunction with an initial public offering only if it meets			
	the conditions in SEC Rule 10A-3(b)(1)(iv)(A) under the			
	Act, namely, that the company was not, immediately			
	prior to the effective date of a registration statement,			
	required to file reports with the Commission pursuant to			
	Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Act.			
	Companies that are emerging from bankruptcy or have			
	ceased to be Controlled Companies within the meaning			
	of Rule $4350(c)(5)$ shall be permitted to phase-in			
	independent nomination and compensation committees			
	and majority independent boards on the same schedule as			
	companies listing in conjunction with their initial public			
	offering. It should be noted, however, that a company			
	that has ceased to be a Controlled Company within the			
	meaning of Rule $4350(c)(5)$ must comply with the audit			
	committee requirements of Rule 4350(d) as of the date it			
	ceased to be a Controlled Company. Furthermore, the			
	executive sessions requirement of Rule 4350(c)(2)			
	applies to Controlled Companies as of the date of listing			
	and continues to apply after it ceases to be controlled.			
	Companies transferring from other markets with a			
	substantially similar requirement shall be afforded the			
	balance of any grace period afforded by the other market.			
	Companies transferring from other listed markets that do			
	not have a substantially similar requirement shall be			
	afforded one year from the date of listing on Nasdaq.			
	This transition period is not intended to supplant any			
	applicable requirements of Rule 10A-3 under the Act.			

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
4350(b)(1)(A)	Each issuer shall make available to shareholders of such securities an annual report containing audited financial statements of the company and its subsidiaries, which, for example, may be on Form 10-K, 20-F, 40-F or N-CSR. An issuer may comply with this requirement either: (i) by mailing the report to shareholders; (ii) by satisfying the requirements for furnishing an annual report contained in Exchange Act Rule 14a-16; or (iii) by posting the annual report to shareholders on or through the company's website (or, in the case of an issuer that is an investment company that does not maintain its own website, on a website that the issuer is allowed to use to satisfy the website posting requirement in Exchange Act Rule 16a-3(k)), along with a prominent undertaking in the English language to provide shareholders, upon request, a hard copy of the company's annual report free of charge. An issuer that chooses to satisfy this requirement pursuant to this paragraph (iii) must, simultaneous with this posting, issue a press release stating that its annual report has been filed with the Commission (or other appropriate regulatory authority). This press release must also state that the annual report is available on the company's website and include the website address and that shareholders may receive a hard copy free of charge upon request. An issuer must provide such hard copies within a reasonable period of time following the request.	5250(d)(1)	Distribution of Annual Reports Each Company (including a limited partnership) shall make available to Shareholders an annual report containing audited financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries (which, for example, may be on Form 10-K, 20-F, 40-F or N-CSR) within a reasonable period of time following the filing of the annual report with the Commission. A Company may comply with this requirement either: (A) by mailing the report to Shareholders; (B) by satisfying the requirements for furnishing an annual report contained in Rule 14a-16 under the Act; or (C) by posting the annual report to Shareholders on or through the Company's website (or, in the case of a Company that is an investment company that does not maintain its own website, on a website that the Company is allowed to use to satisfy the website posting requirement in Rule 16a-3(k) under the Act), along with a prominent undertaking in the English language to provide Shareholders, upon request, a hard copy of the Company's annual report free of charge. A Company that chooses to satisfy this requirement pursuant to this paragraph (C) must, simultaneous with this posting, issue a press release stating that its annual report has been filed with the Commission (or Other Regulatory Authority). This press release shall also state that the annual report is available on the Company's website and include the website address and that Shareholders may receive a hard copy free of charge upon request. A Company must provide such hard copies within a reasonable period of	The term "issuer" was replaced with the defined term "Company." The word "must" was replaced with "shall." Defined terms capitalized. Note that the new rule combines 4350(b)(1)(A) and 4360(b)(1), which apply to non-limited partnerships and limited partnerships, respectively, but are substantively similar. Updated reference to Exchange Act Rules to incorporate the defined term "Act" for consistency.

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
			time following the request.	

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
4350(b)(1)(B)	An issuer that receives an audit opinion that expresses doubt about the ability of the company to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time must make a public announcement through the news media disclosing the receipt of such opinion. Prior to the release of the public announcement, the issuer must provide the text of the public announcement to the StockWatch section of Nasdaq's MarketWatch Department ("Nasdaq StockWatch"). The public announcement shall be provided to Nasdaq StockWatch and released to the media not later than seven calendar days following the filing of such audit opinion in a public filing with the Securities and Exchange Commission.	5250(b)(2)	A Company other than a limited partnership that receives an audit opinion that expresses doubt about the ability of the Company to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time must make a public announcement through the news media disclosing the receipt of such opinion. Prior to the release of the public announcement, the Company must provide the text of the public announcement to the MarketWatch Department. The public announcement shall be provided to the MarketWatch Department and released to the media no later than seven calendar days following the filing of such audit opinion in a public filing with the Commission.	The term "issuer" was replaced with the defined term "Company," and the defined term "Commission" replaced "Securities and Exchange Commission." Since the Nasdaq MarketWatch Department is no longer divided into the StockWatch and TradeWatch sections, we refer to the Department only as MarketWatch.

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
4350(b)(2)	Each issuer which is subject to SEC Rule 13a-13 shall make available copies of quarterly reports including statements of operating results to shareholders either prior to or as soon as practicable following the company's filing of its Form 10-Q with the Commission. If the form of such quarterly report differs from the Form 10-Q, the issuer shall file one copy of the report with Nasdaq in addition to filing its Form 10-Q pursuant to Rule 4310(c)(14). The statement of operations contained in quarterly reports shall disclose, as a minimum, any substantial items of an unusual or nonrecurrent nature and net income before and after estimated federal income taxes or net income and the amount of estimated federal taxes.	5250(d)(3)(A)	Access to Quarterly Reports (A) Each Company that is not a limited partnership (limited partnerships are governed by paragraph (B) below) and is subject to Rule 13a-13 under the Act shall make available copies of quarterly reports including statements of operating results to Shareholders either prior to or as soon as practicable following the Company's filing of its Form 10-Q with the Commission. If the form of such quarterly report differs from the Form 10-Q, the Company shall file one copy of the report with Nasdaq in addition to filing its Form 10-Q pursuant to Rule 5250(c)(1). The statement of operations contained in quarterly reports shall disclose, at a minimum, any substantial items of an unusual or non-recurrent nature and net income before and after estimated federal income taxes or net income and the amount of estimated federal taxes.	The term "issuer" was replaced with the defined term "Company." The rule citation for the filing requirement was updated. Minor editing changes for plain English. Defined terms capitalized. Note that a similar requirement for limited partnerships is found in 5250(d)(3)(B), which includes a provision addressing any additional state law requirements imposed upon limited partnerships. Updated reference to Exchange Act Rules to incorporate the defined term "Act" for consistency.

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
4350(b)(3)	Each issuer which is not subject to SEC Rule 13a-13 and which is required to file with the Commission, or another federal or state regulatory authority, interim reports relating primarily to operations and financial position, shall make available to shareholders reports which reflect the information contained in those interim reports. Such reports shall be made available to shareholders either before or as soon as practicable following filing with the appropriate regulatory authority. If the form of the interim report provided to shareholders differs from that filed with the regulatory authority, the issuer shall file one copy of the report to shareholders with Nasdaq in addition to the report to the regulatory authority that is filed with Nasdaq pursuant to Rule 4310(c)(14).	5250(d)(4)(A)	Access to Interim Reports (A) Each Company that is not a limited partnership (limited partnerships are governed by paragraph (B) below) and is not subject to Rule 13a-13 under the Act and that is required to file with the Commission, or another federal or state regulatory authority, interim reports relating primarily to operations and financial position, shall make available to Shareholders reports which reflect the information contained in those interim reports. Such reports shall be made available to Shareholders either before or as soon as practicable following filing with the appropriate regulatory authority. If the form of the interim report provided to Shareholders differs from that filed with the regulatory authority, the Company shall file one copy of the report to Shareholders with Nasdaq in addition to the report to the regulatory authority that is filed with Nasdaq pursuant to Rule 5250(c)(1).	The term "issuer" was replaced with the defined term "Company." The rule citation for the filing requirement was updated. Minor editing for plain English purposes. Defined terms capitalized. Note that a similar requirement for limited partnerships is found in 5250(d)(4)(B), which includes a provision addressing any additional state law requirements imposed upon limited partnerships. Updated reference to Exchange Act Rules to incorporate the defined term "Act" for consistency.
4350(b)(4)	Each foreign private issuer shall publish, in a press release, which would also be submitted on a Form 6-K, an interim balance sheet and income statement as of the end of its second quarter. This information, which must be presented in English but does not have to be reconciled to U.S. GAAP, must be provided not later than six months following the end of the issuer's second quarter.	5250(c)(2)	Each Foreign Private Issuer shall publish, in a press release and on a Form 6-K, an interim balance sheet and income statement as of the end of its second quarter. This information, which must be presented in English, but does not have to be reconciled to U.S. GAAP, must be provided not later than six months following the end of the Company's second quarter.	The term "Foreign Private Issuer" was capitalized since it is a defined term, and the term "issuer" was replaced with the defined term "Company."

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
4350(c)(1)	A majority of the board of directors must be comprised of independent directors as defined in Rule 4200. The company must disclose in its annual proxy (or, if the issuer does not file a proxy, in its Form 10-K or 20-F) those directors that the board of directors has determined to be independent under Rule 4200. If an issuer fails to comply with this requirement due to one vacancy, or one director ceases to be independent due to circumstances beyond their reasonable control, the issuer shall regain compliance with the requirement by the earlier of its next annual shareholders meeting or one year from the occurrence of the event that caused the failure to comply with this requirement; provided, however, that if the annual shareholders meeting occurs no later than 180 days following the event that caused the failure to comply with this requirement, the issuer shall instead have 180 days from such event to regain compliance. An issuer relying on this provision shall provide notice to Nasdaq immediately upon learning of the event or circumstance that caused the non-compliance.	5605(b)(1)	A majority of the board of directors must be comprised of Independent Directors as defined in Rule 5605(a)(2). The Company must disclose in its annual proxy (or, if the Company does not file a proxy, in its Form 10-K or 20-F) those directors that the board of directors has determined to be independent under Rule 5605(a)(2).	The new rule divides the requirement and the cure period. This rule is the requirement only. The term "issuer" was replaced with the defined term "Company."

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
4350(c)(1)	A majority of the board of directors must be comprised of independent directors as defined in Rule 4200. The company must disclose in its annual proxy (or, if the issuer does not file a proxy, in its Form 10-K or 20-F) those directors that the board of directors has determined to be independent under Rule 4200. If an issuer fails to comply with this requirement due to one vacancy, or one director ceases to be independent due to circumstances beyond their reasonable control, the issuer shall regain compliance with the requirement by the earlier of its next annual shareholders meeting or one year from the occurrence of the event that caused the failure to comply with this requirement; provided, however, that if the annual shareholders meeting occurs no later than 180 days following the event that caused the failure to comply with this requirement, the issuer shall instead have 180 days from such event to regain compliance. An issuer relying on this provision shall provide notice to Nasdaq immediately upon learning of the event or circumstance that caused the non-compliance.	5605(b)(1)(A)	Cure Period for Majority Independent Board If a Company fails to comply with this requirement due to one vacancy, or one director ceases to be independent due to circumstances beyond their reasonable control, the Company shall regain compliance with the requirement by the earlier of its next annual shareholders meeting or one year from the occurrence of the event that caused the failure to comply with this requirement; provided, however, that if the annual shareholders meeting occurs no later than 180 days following the event that caused the failure to comply with this requirement, the Company shall instead have 180 days from such event to regain compliance. A Company relying on this provision shall provide notice to Nasdaq immediately upon learning of the event or circumstance that caused the noncompliance.	The new rule divides the requirement and the cure period. This new rule is the cure period, for failure to meet majority independent board. The term "issuer" was replaced with the defined term "Company."
4350(c)(2)	Independent directors must have regularly scheduled meetings at which only independent directors are present ("executive sessions").	5605(b)(2)	Independent Directors must have regularly scheduled meetings at which only Independent Directors are present ("executive sessions").	Defined terms capitalized.

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
4350(c)(3)(A)(i- ii)	Compensation of the chief executive officer of the company must be determined, or recommended to the Board for determination, either by: (i) a majority of the independent directors, or (ii) a compensation committee comprised solely of independent directors. The chief executive officer may not be present during voting or deliberations.	5605(d)(1)(A-B)	Compensation of the chief executive officer of the Company must be determined, or recommended to the Board for determination, either by: (A) Independent Directors constituting a majority of the Board's Independent Directors in a vote in which only Independent Directors participate; or (B) a compensation committee comprised solely of Independent Directors. The chief executive officer may not be present during voting or deliberations.	The term "issuer" was replaced with the defined term "Company." Also, the requirement in (A) was expanded to provide more clarity as to what the rule requires, but its meaning is unchanged. Defined terms capitalized.
4350(c)(3)(B)(i- ii)	Compensation of all other executive officers must be determined, or recommended to the Board for determination, either by: (i) a majority of the independent directors, or (ii) a compensation committee comprised solely of independent directors.	5605(d)(2)(A-B)	Compensation of all other Executive Officers must be determined, or recommended to the Board for determination, either by: (A) Independent Directors constituting a majority of the Board's Independent Directors in a vote in which only Independent Directors participate; or (B) a compensation committee comprised solely of Independent Directors.	The requirement in (A) was expanded to provide more clarity as to what the rule requires, but its meaning is unchanged. Defined terms capitalized.

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
4350(c)(3)(C)	Notwithstanding paragraphs (3)(A)(ii) and (3)(B)(ii) above, if the compensation committee is comprised of at least three members, one director who is not independent as defined in Rule 4200 and is not a current officer or employee or a Family Member of an officer or employee, may be appointed to the compensation committee if the board, under exceptional and limited circumstances, determines that such individual's membership on the committee is required by the best interests of the company and its shareholders, and the board discloses, in the proxy statement for the next annual meeting subsequent to such determination (or, if the issuer does not file a proxy, in its Form 10-K or 20-F), the nature of the relationship and the reasons for the determination. A member appointed under this exception may not serve longer than two years.	5605(d)(3)	Notwithstanding paragraphs 5605(d)(1)(B) and 5605(d)(2)(B) above, if the compensation committee is comprised of at least three members, one director who is not independent as defined in Rule 5605(a)(2) and is not a current officer or employee or a Family Member of an officer or employee, may be appointed to the compensation committee if the board, under exceptional and limited circumstances, determines that such individual's membership on the committee is required by the best interests of the Company and its Shareholders, and the board discloses, in the proxy statement for the next annual meeting subsequent to such determination (or, if the Company does not file a proxy, in its Form 10- K or 20-F), the nature of the relationship and the reasons for the determination. A member appointed under this exception may not serve longer than two years.	Rule citations updated. Defined terms capitalized.
4350(c)(4)(A)(i- ii)	Director nominees must either be selected, or recommended for the Board's selection, either by: (i) a majority of the independent directors, or (ii) a nominations committee comprised solely of independent directors.	5605(e)(1)(A-B)	Director nominees must either be selected, or recommended for the Board's selection, either by: (A) Independent Directors constituting a majority of the Board's Independent Directors in a vote in which only Independent Directors participate, or (B) a nominations committee comprised solely of Independent Directors.	The requirement in (A) was expanded to provide more clarity as to what the rule requires, but its meaning is unchanged. Defined terms capitalized.

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
4350(c)(4)(B)	Each issuer must certify that it has adopted a formal written charter or board resolution, as applicable, addressing the nominations process and such related matters as may be required under the federal securities laws.	5605(e)(2)	Each Company must certify that it has adopted a formal written charter or board resolution, as applicable, addressing the nominations process and such related matters as may be required under the federal securities laws.	The term "issuer" was replaced with the defined term "Company."
4350(c)(4)(C)	Notwithstanding paragraph (4)(A)(ii) above, if the nominations committee is comprised of at least three members, one director, who is not independent as defined in Rule 4200 and is not a current officer or employee or a Family Member of an officer or employee, may be appointed to the nominations committee if the board, under exceptional and limited circumstances, determines that such individual's membership on the committee is required by the best interests of the company and its shareholders, and the board discloses, in the proxy statement for next annual meeting subsequent to such determination (or, if the issuer does not file a proxy, in its Form 10-K or 20-F), the nature of the relationship and the reasons for the determination. A member appointed under this exception may not serve longer than two years.	5605(e)(3)	Notwithstanding paragraph 5605(e)(1)(B) above, if the nominations committee is comprised of at least three members, one director, who is not independent as defined in Rule 5605(a)(2) and is not a current officer or employee or a Family Member of an officer or employee, may be appointed to the nominations committee if the board, under exceptional and limited circumstances, determines that such individual's membership on the committee is required by the best interests of the Company and its Shareholders, and the board discloses, in the proxy statement for next annual meeting subsequent to such determination (or, if the Company does not file a proxy, in its Form 10-K or 20-F), the nature of the relationship and the reasons for the determination. A member appointed under this exception may not serve longer than two years.	Rule citations updated. The term "Company" was capitalized since it is a defined term. Defined terms capitalized.

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
4350(c)(4)(D)	Independent director oversight of director nominations shall not apply in cases where the right to nominate a director legally belongs to a third party. However, this does not relieve a company's obligation to comply with the committee composition requirements under Rule 4350(c) and (d).	5605(e)(4)	Independent Director oversight of director nominations shall not apply in cases where the right to nominate a director legally belongs to a third party. However, this does not relieve a Company's obligation to comply with the committee composition requirements under Rules 5605(c), (d) and (e).	Rule citations updated. The term "Company" was capitalized since it is a defined term. Defined terms capitalized.
4350(c)(4)(E)	This Rule 4350(c)(4) is not applicable to a company if the company is subject to a binding obligation that requires a director nomination structure inconsistent with this rule and such obligation pre-dates the approval date of this rule.	5605(e)(5)	This Rule 5605(e) is not applicable to a Company if the Company is subject to a binding obligation that requires a director nomination structure inconsistent with this rule and such obligation pre-dates the approval date of this rule.	Rule citations updated. The term "Company" was capitalized since it is a defined term.
4350(c)(5)	A Controlled Company is exempt from the requirements of this Rule 4350(c), except for the requirements of subsection (c)(2) which pertain to executive sessions of independent directors. A Controlled Company is a company of which more than 50% of the voting power for the election of directors is held by an individual, a group or another company. A Controlled Company relying upon this exemption must disclose in its annual meeting proxy statement (or, if the issuer does not file a proxy, in its Form 10-K or 20-F) that it is a Controlled Company and the basis for that determination.	5615(c)(1)	Definition A Controlled Company is a Company of which more than 50% of the voting power for the election of directors is held by an individual, a group or another company.	The old rule was split into two rules; of which this is the definition of Controlled Company. The term "issuer" was replaced with the defined term "Company."

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
4350(c)(5)	A Controlled Company is exempt from the requirements of this Rule 4350(c), except for the requirements of subsection (c)(2) which pertain to executive sessions of independent directors. A Controlled Company is a company of which more than 50% of the voting power for the election of directors is held by an individual, a group or another company. A Controlled Company relying upon this exemption must disclose in its annual meeting proxy statement (or, if the issuer does not file a proxy, in its Form 10-K or 20-F) that it is a Controlled Company and the basis for that determination.	5615(c)(2)	Exemptions Afforded to a Controlled Company A Controlled Company is exempt from the requirements of Rules 5605(b), (d) and (e), except for the requirements of subsection (b)(2) which pertain to executive sessions of Independent Directors. A Controlled Company relying upon this exemption must disclose in its annual meeting proxy statement (or, if the Company does not file a proxy, in its Form 10-K or 20-F) that it is a Controlled Company and the basis for that determination.	The old rule was split into two rules; of which these are the exemptions afforded to Controlled Companies. Defined terms capitalized.

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
4350(d)(1)	<ul> <li>Audit Committee Charter</li> <li>Each Issuer must certify that it has adopted a formal written audit committee charter and that the audit committee has reviewed and reassessed the adequacy of the formal written charter on an annual basis. The charter must specify:</li> <li>(A) the scope of the audit committee's responsibilities, and how it carries out those responsibilities, including structure, processes, and membership requirements;</li> <li>(B) the audit committee's responsibility for ensuring its receipt from the outside auditors of a formal written statement delineating all relationships between the auditor and the company, consistent with Independence Standards Board Standard 1, and the audit committee's responsibility for actively engaging in a dialogue with the auditor with respect to any disclosed relationships or services that may impact the objectivity and independence of the auditor and for taking, or recommending that the full board take, appropriate action to oversee the independence of the outside auditor; and (C) the committee's purpose of overseeing the accounting and financial reporting processes of the issuer;</li> <li>(D) the specific audit committee responsibilities and authority set forth in Rule 4350(d)(3).</li> </ul>	5605(c)(1)	<ul> <li>Audit Committee Charter</li> <li>Each Company must certify that it has adopted a formal written audit committee charter and that the audit committee has reviewed and reassessed the adequacy of the formal written charter on an annual basis. The charter must specify:</li> <li>(A) the scope of the audit committee's responsibilities, and how it carries out those responsibilities, including structure, processes, and membership requirements;</li> <li>(B) the audit committee's responsibility for ensuring its receipt from the outside auditors of a formal written statement delineating all relationships between the auditor and the Company, consistent with Independence Standards Board Standard 1, and the audit committee's responsibility for actively engaging in a dialogue with the auditor with respect to any disclosed relationships or services that may impact the objectivity and independence of the auditor and for taking, or recommending that the full board take, appropriate action to oversee the independence of the outside auditor; and (C) the committee's purpose of overseeing the accounting and financial reporting processes of the Company and the audits of the financial statements of the Company;</li> <li>(D) the specific audit committee responsibilities and authority set forth in Rule 5605(c)(3).</li> </ul>	The term "issuer" was replaced with the defined term "Company." Rule citation updated.

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
4350(d)(2)(A)	Each issuer must have, and certify that it has and will continue to have, an audit committee of at least three members, each of whom must: (i) be independent as defined under Rule 4200(a)(15); (ii) meet the criteria for independence set forth in Rule 10A-3(b)(1) under the Act (subject to the exemptions provided in Rule 10A-3(c)); (iii) not have participated in the preparation of the financial statements of the company or any current subsidiary of the company at any time during the past three years; and (iv) be able to read and understand fundamental financial statements, including a company's balance sheet, income statement, and cash flow statement. Additionally, each issuer must certify that it has, and will continue to have, at least one member of the audit committee who has past employment experience in finance or accounting, requisite professional certification in accounting, or any other comparable experience or background which results in the individual's financial sophistication, including being or having been a chief executive officer, chief financial officer or other senior officer with financial oversight responsibilities.	5605(c)(2)(A)	Each Company must have, and certify that it has and will continue to have, an audit committee of at least three members, each of whom must: (i) be independent as defined under Rule 5605(a)(2); (ii) meet the criteria for independence set forth in Rule 10A-3(b)(1) under the Act (subject to the exemptions provided in Rule 10A-3(c) under the Act); (iii) not have participated in the preparation of the financial statements of the Company or any current subsidiary of the Company at any time during the past three years; and (iv) be able to read and understand fundamental financial statements, including a Company's balance sheet, income statement, and cash flow statement. Additionally, each Company must certify that it has, and will continue to have, at least one member of the audit committee who has past employment experience in finance or accounting, requisite professional certification in accounting, or any other comparable experience or background which results in the individual's financial sophistication, including being or having been a chief executive officer, chief financial officer or other senior officer with financial oversight responsibilities.	The term "issuer" was replaced with the defined term "Company." Also, rule citations were updated. Updated reference to Exchange Act Rules to incorporate the defined term "Act" for consistency.

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
4350(d)(2)(B)	Notwithstanding paragraph (2)(A)(i), one director who: (i) is not independent as defined in Rule 4200; (ii) meets the criteria set forth in Section 10A(m)(3) under the Act and the rules thereunder; and (iii) is not a current officer or employee or a Family Member of such officer or employee, may be appointed to the audit committee, if the board, under exceptional and limited circumstances, determines that membership on the committee by the individual is required by the best interests of the company and its shareholders, and the board discloses, in the next annual proxy statement subsequent to such determination (or, if the issuer does not file a proxy, in its Form 10-K or 20-F), the nature of the relationship and the reasons for that determination. A member appointed under this exception may not serve longer than two years and may not chair the audit committee.	5605(c)(2)(B)	Notwithstanding paragraph (2)(A)(i), one director who: (i) is not independent as defined in Rule 5605(a)(2); (ii) meets the criteria set forth in Section 10A(m)(3) under the Act and the rules thereunder; and (iii) is not a current officer or employee or a Family Member of such officer or employee, may be appointed to the audit committee, if the board, under exceptional and limited circumstances, determines that membership on the committee by the individual is required by the best interests of the Company and its Shareholders, and the board discloses, in the next annual proxy statement subsequent to such determination (or, if the Company does not file a proxy, in its Form 10-K or 20-F), the nature of the relationship and the reasons for that determination. A member appointed under this exception may not serve longer than two years and may not chair the audit committee.	The term "issuer" was replaced with the defined term "Company." Also, rule citations were updated. Defined terms capitalized.

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
4350(d)(3)	The audit committee must have the specific audit committee responsibilities and authority necessary to comply with Rule 10A-3(b)(2), (3), (4) and (5) under the Act (subject to the exemptions provided in Rule 10A- 3(c)), concerning responsibilities relating to: (i) registered public accounting firms, (ii) complaints relating to accounting, internal accounting controls or auditing matters, (iii) authority to engage advisors, and (iv) funding as determined by the audit committee. Audit committees for investment companies must also establish procedures for the confidential, anonymous submission of concerns regarding questionable accounting or auditing matters by employees of the investment adviser, administrator, principal underwriter, or any other provider of accounting related services for the investment company, as well as employees of the investment company.	5605(c)(3)	The audit committee must have the specific audit committee responsibilities and authority necessary to comply with Rule 10A-3(b)(2), (3), (4) and (5) under the Act (subject to the exemptions provided in Rule 10A-3(c) under the Act), concerning responsibilities relating to: (i) registered public accounting firms, (ii) complaints relating to accounting, internal accounting controls or auditing matters, (iii) authority to engage advisors, and (iv) funding as determined by the audit committee. Audit committees for investment companies must also establish procedures for the confidential, anonymous submission of concerns regarding questionable accounting or auditing matters by employees of the investment adviser, administrator, principal underwriter, or any other provider of accounting related services for the investment company, as well as employees of the investment company.	Updated reference to Exchange Act Rules to incorporate the defined term "Act" for consistency.

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
4350(d)(4)(A)	If an issuer fails to comply with the audit committee composition requirement under Rule 10A-3(b)(1) under the Act and Rule 4350(d)(2) because an audit committee member ceases to be independent for reasons outside the member's reasonable control, the audit committee member may remain on the audit committee until the earlier of its next annual shareholders meeting or one year from the occurrence of the event that caused the failure to comply with this requirement. An issuer relying on this provision must provide notice to Nasdaq immediately upon learning of the event or circumstance that caused the non-compliance.	5605(c)(4)(A)	If a Company fails to comply with the audit committee composition requirement under Rule 10A-3(b)(1) under the Act and Rule 5605(c)(2)(A) because an audit committee member ceases to be independent for reasons outside the member's reasonable control, the audit committee member may remain on the audit committee until the earlier of its next annual shareholders meeting or one year from the occurrence of the event that caused the failure to comply with this requirement. A Company relying on this provision must provide notice to Nasdaq immediately upon learning of the event or circumstance that caused the noncompliance.	The term "issuer" was replaced with the defined term "Company." Rule citations updated.

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
4350(d)(4)(B)	If an issuer fails to comply with the audit committee composition requirement under Rule 4350(d)(2)(A) due to one vacancy on the audit committee, and the cure period in paragraph (A) is not otherwise being relied upon for another member, the issuer will have until the earlier of the next annual shareholders meeting or one year from the occurrence of the event that caused the failure to comply with this requirement; provided, however, that if the annual shareholders meeting occurs no later than 180 days following the event that caused the vacancy, the issuer shall instead have 180 days from such event to regain compliance. An issuer relying on this provision must provide notice to Nasdaq immediately upon learning of the event or circumstance that caused the non-compliance.	5605(c)(4)(B)	If a Company fails to comply with the audit committee composition requirement under Rule 5605(c)(2)(A) due to one vacancy on the audit committee, and the cure period in paragraph (A) is not otherwise being relied upon for another member, the Company will have until the earlier of the next annual shareholders meeting or one year from the occurrence of the event that caused the failure to comply with this requirement; provided, however, that if the annual shareholders meeting occurs no later than 180 days following the event that caused the vacancy, the Company shall instead have 180 days from such event to regain compliance. A Company relying on this provision must provide notice to Nasdaq immediately upon learning of the event or circumstance that caused the noncompliance.	The term "issuer" was replaced with the defined term "Company." Rule citations updated.

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
4350(d)(5)	At any time when an issuer has a class of common equity securities (or similar securities') that is listed on another national securities exchange or national securities association subject to the requirements of SEC Rule 10A- 3 under the Act, the listing of classes of securities of a direct or indirect consolidated subsidiary or an at least 50% beneficially owned subsidiary of the issuer (except classes of equity securities, other than non-convertible. non-participating preferred securities, of such subsidiary) shall not be subject to the requirements of this paragraph (d).	5605(c)(5)	At any time when a Company has a class of common equity securities (or similar securities') that is listed on another national securities exchange or national securities association subject to the requirements of Rule 10A-3 under the Act, the listing of classes of securities of a direct or indirect consolidated subsidiary or an at least 50% beneficially owned subsidiary of the Company (except classes of equity securities, other than non- convertible, non-participating preferred securities, of such subsidiary) shall not be subject to the requirements of Rule 5605(c).	The term "issuer" was replaced with the defined term "Company." Rule citation updated. Updated reference to Exchange Act Rules for consistency.
4350(e)	Each issuer listing common stock or voting preferred stock, and their equivalents, shall hold an annual meeting of shareholders no later than one year after the end of the issuer's fiscal year-end.	5620(a)	Each Company listing common stock or voting preferred stock, and their equivalents, shall hold an annual meeting of Shareholders no later than one year after the end of the Company's fiscal year-end, unless such Company is a limited partnership that meets the requirements of Rule 5615(a)(4)(D).	The new rule contains the provisions of 4350(e) and the carve-out for limited partnerships formerly located in 4360(e), now in 5615(a)(4)(D). Also, the term "issuer" was replaced with the defined term "Company." Defined terms capitalized.
4350(f)	Each issuer shall provide for a quorum as specified in its by-laws for any meeting of the holders of common stock; provided, however, that in no case shall such quorum be less than 33 1/3 % of the outstanding shares of the company's common voting stock.	5620(c)	Each Company that is not a limited partnership shall provide for a quorum as specified in its by-laws for any meeting of the holders of common stock; provided, however, that in no case shall such quorum be less than 33 1/3 % of the outstanding shares of the Company's common voting stock. Limited partnerships that are required to hold an annual meeting of partners are subject to the requirements of Rule 5615(a)(4)(E).	The new rule contains the provisions of 4350(f) and the carve-out for limited partnerships formerly located in 4360(f), now in 5615(a)(4)(E). Also, the term "issuer" was replaced with the defined term "Company."

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
4350(g)	Each issuer shall solicit proxies and provide proxy statements for all meetings of shareholders and shall provide copies of such proxy solicitation to Nasdaq.	5620(b)	Each Company that is not a limited partnership shall solicit proxies and provide proxy statements for all meetings of Shareholders and shall provide copies of such proxy solicitation to Nasdaq. Limited partnerships that are required to hold an annual meeting of partners are subject to the requirements of Rule 5615(a)(4)(F).	The new rule is an amalgamation of 4350(g) and the applicable limited partnership rule from 4360(g). As such, the new rule includes the phrase "that is not a limited partnership" to precede the language from 4350(g), and a cross-reference to the carve-out language for LPs in 5615(a)(4)(F) is appended to the end of the rule. Defined terms capitalized.
4350(h)	Each issuer shall conduct appropriate review and oversight of all related party transactions for potential conflict of interest situations on an ongoing basis by the company's audit committee or another independent body of the board of directors. For purposes of this rule, the term "related party transaction" shall refer to transactions required to be disclosed pursuant to SEC Regulation S-K, Item 404. However, in the case of small business issuers (as that term is defined in SEC Rule 12b-2), the term "related party transactions" shall refer to transactions required to be disclosed pursuant to SEC Regulation S-B, Item 404, and in the case of non-U.S. issuers, the term "related party transactions" shall refer to transactions required to be disclosed pursuant to SEC Regulation S-B, Item 404, and in the case of non-U.S. issuers, the term "related party transactions" shall refer to transactions required to be disclosed pursuant to Form 20-F, Item 7.B.	5630(a-b)	<ul> <li>(a) Each Company that is not a limited partnership shall conduct an appropriate review and oversight of all related party transactions for potential conflict of interest situations on an ongoing basis by the Company's audit committee or another independent body of the board of directors. For purposes of this rule, the term "related party transaction" shall refer to transactions required to be disclosed pursuant to Item 404 of Regulation S-K under the Act. However, in the case of small business issuers (as that term is defined in Rule 12b-2 under the Act), the term "related party transactions" shall refer to transactions" shall refer to transactions required to be disclosed pursuant to Item 404 of Regulation S-K under the Act, the term "related party transactions" shall refer to transactions required to be disclosed pursuant to Item 404 of Regulation S-B under the Act, and in the case of non-U.S. issuers, the term "related party transactions" shall refer to transactions required to be disclosed pursuant to Form 20 F, Item 7.B.</li> <li>(b) Limited partnerships shall comply with the requirements of Rule 5615(a)(4)(G).</li> </ul>	The new rule contains the qualifier "that is not a limited partnership" The term "issuer" was replaced with the defined term "Company." Updated reference to Exchange Act Rules to incorporate the defined term "Act" for consistency.

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
4350(i)(1)(A)	<ul> <li>Each issuer shall require shareholder approval or prior to the issuance of securities under subparagraph (A), (B), (C), or (D) below:</li> <li>(A) when a stock option or purchase plan is to be established or materially amended or other equity compensation arrangement made or materially amended, pursuant to which stock may be acquired by officers, directors, employees, or consultants, except for:</li> </ul>	5635(c)	Equity Compensation Shareholder approval is required prior to the issuance of securities when a stock option or purchase plan is to be established or materially amended or other equity compensation arrangement made or materially amended, pursuant to which stock may be acquired by officers, directors, employees, or consultants, except for:	For clarity, the new rule starts with the phrase "Shareholder approval is required prior to the issuance of securities" Also, the new rule has a descriptive header.
4350(i)(1)(A)(i)	warrants or rights issued generally to all security holders of the company or stock purchase plans available on equal terms to all security holders of the company (such as a typical dividend reinvestment plan); or	5635(c)(1)	warrants or rights issued generally to all security holders of the Company or stock purchase plans available on equal terms to all security holders of the Company (such as a typical dividend reinvestment plan);	The term "issuer" was replaced with the defined term "Company." To avoid unnecessary repetition, the word "or" was removed from the end of the new rule.
4350(i)(1)(A)(ii)	tax qualified, non-discriminatory employee benefit plans (e.g., plans that meet the requirements of Section 401(a) or 423 of the Internal Revenue Code) or parallel nonqualified plans, provided such plans are approved by the issuer's independent compensation committee or a majority of the issuer's independent directors; or plans that merely provide a convenient way to purchase shares on the open market or from the issuer at fair market value; or	5635(c)(2)	tax qualified, non-discriminatory employee benefit plans (e.g., plans that meet the requirements of Section 401(a) or 423 of the Internal Revenue Code) or parallel nonqualified plans, provided such plans are approved by the Company's independent compensation committee or a majority of the Company's Independent Directors; or plans that merely provide a convenient way to purchase shares on the open market or from the Company at Market Value;	The term "issuer" was replaced with the defined term "Company." To avoid unnecessary repetition, the word "or" was removed from the end of the new rule. The word "fair" was removed from the last sentence in the new rule as it has caused investor confusion relating to its definition. Defined terms capitalized.
4350(i)(1)(A)(iii )	plans or arrangements relating to an acquisition or merger as permitted under IM-4350-5; or	5635(c)(3)	plans or arrangements relating to an acquisition or merger as permitted under IM-5635-1; or	Citation updated.

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
4350(i)(1)(A)(iv )	issuances to a person not previously an employee or director of the company, or following a bona fide period of non-employment, as an inducement material to the individual's entering into employment with the company, provided such issuances are approved by either the issuer's independent compensation committee or a majority of the issuer's independent directors. Promptly following an issuance of any employment inducement grant in reliance on this exception, a company must disclose in a press release the material terms of the grant, including the recipient(s) of the grant and the number of shares involved.	5635(c)(4)	issuances to a person not previously an employee or director of the Company, or following a bona fide period of non-employment, as an inducement material to the individual's entering into employment with the Company, provided such issuances are approved by either the Company's independent compensation committee or a majority of the Company's Independent Directors. Promptly following an issuance of any employment inducement grant in reliance on this exception, a Company must disclose in a press release the material terms of the grant, including the recipient(s) of the grant and the number of shares involved.	The term "issuer" was replaced with the defined term "Company."
4350(i)(1)(B)	Each issuer shall require shareholder approval or prior to the issuance of securities under subparagraph (A), (B), (C), or (D) below: ***** (B) when the issuance or potential issuance will result in a change of control of the issuer;	5635(b)	Change of Control Shareholder approval is required prior to the issuance of securities when the issuance or potential issuance will result in a change of control of the Company.	For clarity, the new rule starts with the phrase "Shareholder approval is required prior to the issuance of securities" Also, the new rule has a descriptive header.

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
4350(i)(1)(C)(i)	Each issuer shall require shareholder approval or prior to the issuance of securities under subparagraph (A), (B), (C), or (D) below: ***** (C) in connection with the acquisition of the stock or assets of another company if: (i) any director, officer or substantial shareholder of the issuer has a 5% or greater interest (or such persons collectively have a 10% or greater interest), directly or indirectly, in the company or assets to be acquired or in the consideration to be paid in the transaction or series of related transactions and the present or potential issuance of common stock, or securities convertible into or exercisable for common stock, could result in an increase in outstanding common shares or voting power of 5% or more; or	5635(a)(2)	Acquisition of Stock or Assets of Another Company Shareholder approval is required prior to the issuance of securities in connection with the acquisition of the stock or assets of another company if: ***** (2) any director, officer or Substantial Shareholder (as defined by Rule 5635(e)(3)) of the Company has a 5% or greater interest (or such persons collectively have a 10% or greater interest), directly or indirectly, in the Company or assets to be acquired or in the consideration to be paid in the transaction or series of related transactions and the present or potential issuance of common stock, or securities convertible into or exercisable for common stock, could result in an increase in outstanding common shares or voting power of 5% or more; or	The new rule is substantially similar to the old rule, except for a couple of structural changes to incorporate new defined terms. As such, the defined term "Substantial Shareholder" is capitalized and a reference to the location of the definition is included. Also, the defined term "Company" is capitalized.

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
4350(i)(1)(C)(ii) (ab.)	where, due to the present or potential issuance of common stock, or securities convertible into or exercisable for common stock, other than a public offering for cash: a. the common stock has or will have upon issuance voting power equal to or in excess of 20% of the voting power outstanding before the issuance of stock or securities convertible into or exercisable for common stock; or b. the number of shares of common stock to be issued is or will be equal to or in excess of 20% of the number of shares or common stock outstanding before the issuance of the stock or securities; or	5635(a)(1)(A-B)	<ul> <li>where, due to the present or potential issuance of common stock or securities convertible into or exercisable for common stock, other than a public offering for cash:</li> <li>(A) the common stock has or will have upon issuance voting power equal to or in excess of 20% of the voting power outstanding before the issuance of stock or securities convertible into or exercisable for common stock; or</li> <li>(B) the number of shares of common stock to be issued is or will be equal to or in excess of 20% of the number of shares of common stock or stock to be issued is or will be equal to or in excess of 20% of the number of shares of common stock or securities; or</li> </ul>	Note that the phrase "shares or common stock" in the old rule was corrected to read "shares of common stock" in the new rule.

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
4350(i)(1)(D)(i- ii)	Each issuer shall require shareholder approval or prior to the issuance of securities under subparagraph (A), (B), (C), or (D) below: ***** (D) in connection with a transaction other than a public offering involving: (i) the sale, issuance or potential issuance by the issuer of common stock (or securities convertible into or exercisable for common stock) at a price less than the greater of book or market value which together with sales by officers, directors or substantial shareholders of the company equals 20% or more of common stock or 20% or more of the voting power outstanding before the issuance; or (ii) the sale, issuance or potential issuance by the company of common stock (or securities convertible into or exercisable common stock) equal to 20% or more of the common stock or 20% or more of the voting power outstanding before the issuance for less than the greater of book or market value of the stock.	5635(d)(1-2)	Private Placements Shareholder approval is required prior to the issuance of securities in connection with a transaction other than a public offering involving: (1) the sale, issuance or potential issuance by the Company of common stock (or securities convertible into or exercisable for common stock) at a price less than the greater of book or market value which together with sales by officers, directors or Substantial Shareholders of the Company equals 20% or more of common stock or 20% or more of the voting power outstanding before the issuance; or (2) the sale, issuance or potential issuance by the Company of common stock (or securities convertible into or exercisable common stock) equal to 20% or more of the common stock or 20% or more of the voting power outstanding before the issuance for less than the greater of book or market value of the stock.	For clarity, the new rule starts with the phrase "Shareholder approval is required prior to the issuance of securities" Also, the new rule has a descriptive header. Defined terms capitalized.

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
4350(i)(2)(A-B)	An exception applicable to a specified issuance of securities may be made upon prior written application to Nasdaq's Listing Qualifications Department when: (A) the delay in securing stockholder approval would seriously jeopardize the financial viability of the enterprise; and (B) reliance by the company on this exception is expressly approved by the audit committee or a comparable body of the board of directors comprised solely of independent, disinterested directors. The Listing Qualifications Department shall respond to each application for such an exception in writing. A company that receives such an exception must mail to all shareholders not later than ten days before issuance of the securities a letter alerting them to its omission to seek the shareholder approval that would otherwise be required. Such notification shall disclose the terms of the transaction (including the number of shares of common stock that could be issued and the consideration received), the fact that the issuer is relying on a financial viability exception to the stockholder approval rules, and that the audit committee or a comparable body of the board of directors comprised solely of independent, disinterested directors has expressly approved reliance on the exception. The issuer shall also make a public announcement through the news media disclosing the same information as promptly as possible, but no later than ten days before the issuance of the securities.	5635(f)	<ul> <li>Financial Viability Exception</li> <li>An exception applicable to a specified issuance of securities may be made upon prior written application to Nasdaq's Listing Qualifications Department when:</li> <li>(1) the delay in securing stockholder approval would seriously jeopardize the financial viability of the enterprise; and</li> <li>(2) reliance by the Company on this exception is expressly approved by the audit committee or a comparable body of the board of directors comprised solely of independent, disinterested directors. The Listing Qualifications Department shall respond to each application for such an exception in writing.</li> <li>A Company that receives such an exception must mail to all Shareholders not later than ten days before issuance of the securities a letter alerting them to its omission to seek the shareholder approval that would otherwise be required. Such notification shall disclose the terms of the transaction (including the number of shares of common stock that could be issued and the consideration received), the fact that the Company is relying on a financial viability exception to the stockholder approval rules, and that the audit committee or a comparable body of the board of directors comprised solely of the board of directors comprised solely of the board of directors comprised solely of the audit committee or a comparable body of the board of directors comprised solely of independent, disinterested directors has expressly approved reliance on the exception. The Company shall also make a public announcement through the news media disclosing the same information as promptly as possible, but no later than ten days before the issuance of the securities.</li> </ul>	The defined term "Company" was capitalized, and the term "issuer" was replaced with the defined term "Company." The new rule has a descriptive header.

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
4350(i)(3)	Only shares actually issued and outstanding (excluding treasury shares or shares held by a subsidiary) are to be used in making any calculation provided for in this paragraph (i). Unissued shares reserved for issuance upon conversion of securities or upon exercise of options or warrants will not be regarded as outstanding.	5635(e)(1)	For purposes of making any computation in this paragraph, when determining the number of shares issuable in a transaction, all shares that could be issued are included, regardless of whether they are currently treasury shares. When determining the number of shares outstanding, only shares issued and outstanding are considered. Treasury shares, shares held by a subsidiary, and unissued shares reserved for issuance upon conversion of securities or upon exercise of options or warrants are not considered outstanding.	The new rule clarifies the application of the old rule by providing additional detail on the method used to calculate shares issuable in a transaction, and the method to determine the number of shares outstanding.
4350(i)(4)	Voting power outstanding as used in this Rule refers to the aggregate number of votes which may be cast by holders of those securities outstanding which entitle the holders thereof to vote generally on all matters submitted to the company's security holders for a vote.	5635(e)(2)	Voting power outstanding as used in this Rule refers to the aggregate number of votes which may be cast by holders of those securities outstanding which entitle the holders thereof to vote generally on all matters submitted to the Company's security holders for a vote.	The defined term "Company" was capitalized.
4350(i)(5)	An interest consisting of less than either 5% of the number of shares of common stock or 5% of the voting power outstanding of an issuer or party shall not be considered a substantial interest or cause the holder of such an interest to be regarded as a substantial security holder.	5635(e)(3)	An interest consisting of less than either 5% of the number of shares of common stock or 5% of the voting power outstanding of a Company or party shall not be considered a substantial interest or cause the holder of such an interest to be regarded as a "Substantial Shareholder."	The term "Substantial Shareholder" is treated as a defined term in the new rules, and as such, is capitalized. The term "issuer" was replaced with the defined term "Company."

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
4350(i)(6)	Where shareholder approval is required, the minimum vote which will constitute shareholder approval shall be a majority of the total votes cast on the proposal. These votes may be cast in person, by proxy at a meeting of shareholders or by written consent in lieu of a special meeting to the extent permitted by applicable state and federal law and rules (including interpretations thereof), including, without limitation, SEC Regulations 14A and 14C. Nothing contained in this Rule 4350(i)(6) shall affect an issuer's obligation to hold an annual meeting of shareholders as required by Rule 4350(e).	5635(e)(4)	Where shareholder approval is required, the minimum vote that will constitute shareholder approval shall be a majority of the total votes cast on the proposal. These votes may be cast in person, by proxy at a meeting of Shareholders or by written consent in lieu of a special meeting to the extent permitted by applicable state and federal law and rules (including interpretations thereof), including, without limitation, Regulations 14A and 14C under the Act. Nothing contained in this Rule 5635(e)(4) shall affect a Company's obligation to hold an annual meeting of Shareholders as required by Rule 5620(a).	A grammatical change puts "that" in the place of "which." Rule citations updated. Defined terms capitalized. The term "issuer" was replaced with the defined term "Company." Updated reference to Exchange Act Rules to incorporate the defined term "Act" for consistency.
4350(i)(7)	Shareholder approval shall not be required for any share issuance if such issuance is part of a court-approved reorganization under the federal bankruptcy laws or comparable foreign laws.	5635(e)(5)	Shareholder approval shall not be required for any share issuance if such issuance is part of a court-approved reorganization under the federal bankruptcy laws or comparable foreign laws.	No changes.
4350(j)	Each issuer shall execute a Listing Agreement in the form designated by Nasdaq.	5205(a)	To apply for listing on Nasdaq, a Company shall execute a Listing Agreement and a Listing Application on the forms designated by Nasdaq providing the information required by Section 12(b) of the Act.	In the new rules, this rule was moved out of the Corporate Governance section. This rule was also merged with the provision contained in the identical rules 4310(b) and 4320(b).

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
4350(k)	Each listed issuer must be audited by an independent public accountant that is registered as a public accounting firm with the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board, as provided for in Section 102 of the Sarbanes- Oxley Act of 2002 [15 U.S.C. 7212].	5210(b)	Each Company applying for initial listing must be audited by an independent public accountant that is registered as a public accounting firm with the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board, as provided for in Section 102 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 [15 U.S.C. 7212].	The old rule was split into initial and continued listing requirements. This is the initial listing requirement. In the new rules, this rule was moved out of the Corporate Governance section. The term "issuer" was replaced with the defined term "Company."
4350(k)	Each listed issuer must be audited by an independent public accountant that is registered as a public accounting firm with the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board, as provided for in Section 102 of the Sarbanes- Oxley Act of 2002 [15 U.S.C. 7212].	5250(c)(3)	Each listed Company shall be audited by an independent public accountant that is registered as a public accounting firm with the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board, as provided for in Section 102 of the Sarbanes- Oxley Act of 2002 [15 U.S.C. 7212].	The old rule was split into initial and continued listing requirements. This is the continued listing requirement. In the new rules, this rule was moved out of the Corporate Governance section. The term "issuer" was replaced with the defined term "Company."
4350(1)(1)	All securities initially listing on Nasdaq on or after January 1, 2007 must be eligible for a Direct Registration Program operated by a clearing agency registered under Section 17A of the Exchange Act. This provision does not extend to: (i) additional classes of securities of companies which already have securities listed on Nasdaq; (ii) companies which immediately prior to such listing had securities listed on another registered securities exchange in the U.S.; or, (iii) non-equity securities which are book-entry only.	5210(c)	All securities initially listing on Nasdaq must be eligible for a Direct Registration Program operated by a clearing agency registered under Section 17A of the Act. This provision does not extend to: (i) additional classes of securities of Companies which already have securities listed on Nasdaq; (ii) Companies which immediately prior to such listing had securities listed on another registered securities exchange in the U.S.; or, (iii) non- equity securities that are book-entry only. A Foreign Private Issuer may follow its home country practice in lieu of this requirement by utilizing the process described in Rule 5615(a)(3).	The new contains the exact provisions of the old, save two changes: (i) the qualifier "on or after January 1, 2007" was removed since it has since passed; and (ii) the provision whereby a Foreign Private Issuer could exempt itself from this rule was added, since the new rule was moved out of the Corporate Governance Section. Defined terms capitalized. Changed "Exchange Act" to the defined term "Act" for consistency.

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
4350(1)(2)	<ul> <li>(A) Except as indicated in paragraph (2)(B) below, on and after March 31, 2008, all securities listed on Nasdaq (except securities which are book-entry only) must be eligible for a Direct Registration Program operated by a clearing agency registered under Section 17A of the Exchange Act.</li> <li>(B) Until March 31, 2009, a foreign private issuer may follow its home country practice in lieu of the requirements of this Rule 4350(1), provided, however, that such an issuer must follow the requirements of Rule 4350(a) and IM-4350-6 for doing so. Thereafter, the listed securities of such issuers (except securities which are book-entry only) must be eligible for a Direct Registration Program operated by a clearing agency registered under Section 17A of the Exchange Act unless prohibited from complying by a law or regulation in its home country.</li> </ul>	5255(a)	<ul> <li>(1) Except as indicated in paragraph (a)(2) below, all securities listed on Nasdaq (except securities which are book-entry only) must be eligible for a Direct Registration Program operated by a clearing agency registered under Section 17A of the Act.</li> <li>(2) Until March 31, 2009, a Foreign Private Issuer may follow its home country practice in lieu of the requirements of this Rule 5255, provided, however, that such a Company must follow the requirements of Rule 5615(a)(3) and IM-5615-3 for doing so. Thereafter, the listed securities of such Companies (except securities which are book-entry only) must be eligible for a Direct Registration Program operated by a clearing agency registered under Section 17A of the Act unless prohibited from complying by a law or regulation in its home country.</li> </ul>	The phrase "On and after March 31, 2008" was removed since it has passed. Rule citations updated. The term "issuer" was replaced with the defined term "Company." Changed "Exchange Act" to the defined term "Act" for consistency.
4350(1)(3)	If an issuer establishes or maintains a Direct Registration Program for its shareholders, the issuer shall, directly or through its transfer agent, participate in an electronic link with a clearing agency registered under Section 17A of the Act to facilitate the electronic transfer of securities held pursuant to such program.	5255(b)	If a Company establishes or maintains a Direct Registration Program for its Shareholders, the Company shall, directly or through its transfer agent, participate in an electronic link with a clearing agency registered under Section 17A of the Act to facilitate the electronic transfer of securities held pursuant to such program.	The term "issuer" was replaced with the defined term "Company." Defined terms capitalized.

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text <sup>*</sup>	Comments
4350(m)	An issuer must provide Nasdaq with prompt notification after an executive officer of the issuer becomes aware of any material noncompliance by the issuer with the requirements of this Rule 4350.	5625	A Company must provide Nasdaq with prompt notification after an Executive Officer of the Company becomes aware of any material noncompliance by the Company with the requirements of this Rule 5600 Series.	The term "issuer" was replaced with the defined term "Company." Citation updated.
4350(n)	Each Issuer shall adopt a code of conduct applicable to all directors, officers and employees, which shall be publicly available. A code of conduct satisfying this rule must comply with the definition of a "code of ethics" set out in Section 406(c) of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 ("the Sarbanes-Oxley Act") and any regulations promulgated thereunder by the Commission. See 17 C.F.R. 228.406 and 17 C.F.R. 229.406. In addition, the code must provide for an enforcement mechanism. Any waivers of the code for directors or executive officers must be approved by the Board. Issuers, other than foreign private issuers, shall disclose such waivers in a Form 8-K within four business days. Foreign private issuers shall disclose such waivers either in a Form 6-K or in the next Form 20-F or 40-F.	5610	Each Company shall adopt a code of conduct applicable to all directors, officers and employees, which shall be publicly available. A code of conduct satisfying this rule must comply with the definition of a "code of ethics" set out in Section 406(c) of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 ("the Sarbanes-Oxley Act") and any regulations promulgated thereunder by the Commission. See 17 C.F.R. 228.406 and 17 C.F.R. 229.406. In addition, the code must provide for an enforcement mechanism. Any waivers of the code for directors or Executive Officers must be approved by the Board. Companies, other than Foreign Private Issuers, shall disclose such waivers in a Form 8-K within four business days. Foreign Private Issuers shall disclose such waivers either in a Form 6-K or in the next Form 20-F or 40-F.	The term "issuer" was replaced with the defined term "Company." Also, "Foreign Private Issuer" was capitalized since it is a defined term.

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
IM-4350-1 - Paragraph 1	Summary Future Priced Securities are private financing instruments which were created as an alternative means of quickly raising capital for issuers. The security is generally structured in the form of a convertible security and is often issued via a private placement. Issuers will typically receive all capital proceeds at the closing. The conversion price of the Future Priced Security is generally linked to a percentage discount to the market price of the underlying common stock at the time of conversion and accordingly the conversion rate for Future Priced Securities floats with the market price of the common stock. As such, the lower the price of the issuer's common stock at the time of conversion, the more shares into which the Future Priced Security is convertible. The delay in setting the conversion price is appealing to issuers who believe that their stock will achieve greater value after the financing is received. However, the issuance of Future Priced Securities may be followed by a decline in the common stock price, creating additional dilution to the existing holders of the common stock. As these shares are issued upon conversion of the Future Priced Security, the common stock price may tend to decline further.	IM-5635-4 - Paragraph 1	Summary Provisions of this IM-5635-4 would apply to any security with variable conversion terms. For example, Future Priced Securities are private financing instruments which were created as an alternative means of quickly raising capital for Companies. The security is generally structured in the form of a convertible security and is often issued via a private placement. Companies will typically receive all capital proceeds at the closing. The conversion price of the Future Priced Security is generally linked to a percentage discount to the market price of the underlying common stock at the time of conversion and accordingly the conversion rate for Future Priced Securities floats with the market price of the common stock. As such, the lower the price of the Company's common stock at the time of conversion, the more shares into which the Future Priced Security is convertible. The delay in setting the conversion price is appealing to Companies who believe that their stock will achieve greater value after the financing is received. However, the issuance of Future Priced Securities may be followed by a decline in the common stock price, creating additional dilution to the existing holders of the common stock. Such a price decline allows holders to convert the Future Priced Security into large amounts of the Company's common stock. As these shares are issued upon conversion of the Future Priced Security, the common stock price may tend to decline further.	New introductory sentence added, which clarifies the application of this IM. The term "issuer" was replaced with the defined term "Company."

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
IM-4350-1 - Paragraph 2	For example, an issuer may issue \$10 million of convertible preferred stock (the Future Priced Security), which is convertible by the holder or holders into \$10 million of common stock based on a conversion price of 80% of the closing price of the common stock on the date of conversion. If the closing price is \$5 on the date of conversion, the Future Priced Security holders would receive 2,500,000 shares of common stock. If, on the other hand, the closing price is \$1 on the date of conversion, the Future Priced Security holders would receive 12,500,000 shares of common stock.	IM-5635-4 - Paragraph 2	For example, a Company may issue \$10 million of convertible preferred stock (the Future Priced Security), which is convertible by the holder or holders into \$10 million of common stock based on a conversion price of 80% of the closing price of the common stock on the date of conversion. If the closing price is \$5 on the date of conversion, the Future Priced Security holders would receive 2,500,000 shares of common stock. If, on the other hand, the closing price is \$1 on the date of conversion, the Future Priced Security holders would receive 12,500,000 shares of common stock.	The term "issuer" was replaced with the defined term "Company."

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
IM-4350-1 - Paragraph 3	Unless the issuer carefully considers the terms of the securities in connection with several Nasdaq Rules, the issuance of Future Priced Securities could result in a failure to comply with Nasdaq listing standards and the concomitant delisting of the issuer's securities from Nasdaq. Nasdaq's experience has been that issuers do not always appreciate this potential consequence. Nasdaq Rules that bear upon the continued listing qualification of an issuer and that must be considered when issuing Future Priced Securities include: 1. the shareholder approval rules 2. the voting rights rules 3. the bid price requirement 4. the listing of additional shares rules 5. the change in control rules 6. Nasdaq's discretionary authority rules It is important for issuers to clearly understand that failure to comply with any of these rules could result in the delisting of the issuer's securities.	IM-5635-4 - Paragraph 3	Unless the Company carefully considers the terms of the securities in connection with several Nasdaq Rules, the issuance of Future Priced Securities could result in a failure to comply with Nasdaq listing standards and the concomitant delisting of the Company's securities from Nasdaq. Nasdaq's experience has been that Companies do not always appreciate this potential consequence. Nasdaq Rules that bear upon the continued listing qualification of a Company and that must be considered when issuing Future Priced Securities include: 1. the shareholder approval rules [see Rule 5635] 2. the voting rights rules [see Rule 5640] 3. the bid price requirement [see Rules 5450(a)(1) and 5555(b)(1)] 4. the listing of additional shares rules [see Rule 5250(e)(2)] 5. the change in control rules [see Rule 5635(b) and 5110(a)] 6. Nasdaq's discretionary authority rules [see Rule 5100] It is important for Companies to clearly understand that failure to comply with any of these rules could result in the delisting of the Company's securities.	The term "issuer" was replaced with the defined term "Company." For clarity, rule citations were added to list of rules.

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
IM-4350-1 - Paragraph 4	This notice is intended to be of assistance to companies considering financings involving Future Priced Securities. By adhering to the above requirements, issuers can avoid unintended listing qualifications problems. Issuers having any questions about this notice should contact the Nasdaq Office of General Counsel at (301) 978-8400 or Listing Qualifications Department at (301) 978-8008. Nasdaq will provide an issuer with a written interpretation of the application of Nasdaq Rules to a specific transaction, upon request of the issuer.	IM-5635-4 - Paragraph 4	This notice is intended to be of assistance to Companies considering financings involving Future Priced Securities. By adhering to the above requirements, Companies can avoid unintended listing qualifications problems. Companies having any questions about this notice should contact the Nasdaq Office of General Counsel at (301) 978-8400 or Listing Qualifications Department at (301) 978-8008. Nasdaq will provide a Company with a written interpretation of the application of Nasdaq Rules to a specific transaction, upon request of the Company.	The term "issuer" was replaced with the defined term "Company."

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
IM-4350-1 - Paragraph 5	How the Rules Apply Shareholder Approval Rule 4350(i)(1)(D) provides, in part: Each issuer shall require shareholder approval prior to the issuance of securities in connection with a transaction other than a public offering involving the sale, issuance or potential issuance by the issuer of common stock (or securities convertible into or exercisable for common stock) at a price less than the greater of book or market value which together with sales by officers, directors or substantial shareholders of the company equals 20% or more of the common stock or 20% or more of the voting power outstanding before the issuance. <sup>1</sup> <sup>1</sup> Nasdaq may make exceptions to this requirement when the delay in securing stockholder approval would seriously jeopardize the financial viability of the enterprise and reliance by the company on this exception is expressly approved by the Audit Committee or a comparable body of the Board of Directors.	IM-5635-4 - Paragraph 5	How the Rules Apply Shareholder Approval Rule 5635(d) provides, in part: Each Company shall require shareholder approval prior to the issuance of securities in connection with a transaction other than a public offering involving the sale, issuance or potential issuance by the issuer of common stock (or securities convertible into or exercisable for common stock) at a price less than the greater of book or market value which together with sales by officers, directors or Substantial Shareholders of the Company equals 20% or more of the common stock or 20% or more of the voting power outstanding before the issuance. (Nasdaq may make exceptions to this requirement when the delay in securing stockholder approval would seriously jeopardize the financial viability of the enterprise and reliance by the Company on this exception is expressly approved by the Audit Committee or a comparable body of the Board of Directors.)	The term "issuer" was replaced with the defined term "Company," where appropriate. While the old rule contains a footnote, this was included as a parenthetical comment in the new rules, since footnotes do not convey well in web browsers. Rule citation updated. The new rule utilized the defined term "Substantial Shareholder."

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
IM-4350-1 - Paragraph 6	When Nasdaq staff is unable to determine the number of shares to be issued in a transaction, it looks to the maximum potential issuance of shares to determine whether there will be an issuance of 20 percent or more of the common stock outstanding. In the case of Future Priced Securities, the actual conversion price is dependent on the market price at the time of conversion and so the number of shares that will be issued is uncertain until the conversion occurs. Accordingly, staff will look to the maximum potential issuance of common shares at the time the Future Priced Security is issued. Typically, with a Future Priced Security, the maximum potential issuance will exceed 20 percent of the common stock outstanding because the Future Priced Security could, potentially, be converted into common stock based on a share price of one cent per share, or less. Further, for purposes of this calculation, the lowest possible conversion price is below the book or market value of the stock at the time of issuance of the Future Priced Security. Therefore, shareholder approval must be obtained <u>prior</u> to the issuance of the Future Priced Security. Issuers should also be cautioned that obtaining shareholder ratification of the transaction after the issuance of a Future Priced Security does not satisfy the shareholder approval requirements.	IM-5635-4 - Paragraph 6	When Nasdaq staff is unable to determine the number of shares to be issued in a transaction, it looks to the maximum potential issuance of shares to determine whether there will be an issuance of 20 percent or more of the common stock outstanding. In the case of Future Priced Securities, the actual conversion price is dependent on the market price at the time of conversion and so the number of shares that will be issued is uncertain until the conversion occurs. Accordingly, staff will look to the maximum potential issuance of common shares at the time the Future Priced Security is issued. Typically, with a Future Priced Security, the maximum potential issuance will exceed 20 percent of the common stock outstanding because the Future Priced Security could, potentially, be converted into common stock based on a share price of one cent per share, or less. Further, for purposes of this calculation, the lowest possible conversion price is below the book or market value of the stock at the time of issuance of the Future Priced Security. Therefore, shareholder approval must be obtained <u>prior</u> to the issuance of the Future Priced Security. Companies should also be cautioned that obtaining shareholder ratification of the transaction after the issuance of a Future Priced Security does not satisfy the shareholder approval requirements.	The term "issuer" was replaced with the defined term "Company."

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
IM-4350-1 - Paragraph 7	Some Future Priced Securities may contain features to obviate the need for shareholder approval by: (1) placing a cap on the number of shares that can be issued upon conversion, such that the holders of the Future Priced Security cannot, without prior shareholder approval, convert the security into 20% or more of the common stock or voting power outstanding before the issuance of the Future Priced Security, <sup>2</sup> or (2) placing a floor on the conversion price, such that the conversion price will always be at least as high as the greater of book or market value of the common stock prior to the issuance of the Future Priced Securities. Even when a Future Priced Security contains these features, however, shareholder approval is still required under Rule 4350(i)(1)(B) if the issuance will result in a change of control. <sup>2</sup> See IM-4350-2, Interpretative Material Regarding the Use of Share Caps to Comply with Rule 4350(i).	IM-5635-4 - Paragraph 7	Some Future Priced Securities may contain features to obviate the need for shareholder approval by: (1) placing a cap on the number of shares that can be issued upon conversion, such that the holders of the Future Priced Security cannot, without prior shareholder approval, convert the security into 20% or more of the common stock or voting power outstanding before the issuance of the Future Priced Security (See IM-5635-2, Interpretative Material Regarding the Use of Share Caps to Comply with Rule 5635), or (2) placing a floor on the conversion price, such that the conversion price will always be at least as high as the greater of book or market value of the common stock prior to the issuance of the Future Priced Securities. Even when a Future Priced Security contains these features, however, shareholder approval is still required under Rule 5635(b) if the issuance will result in a change of control. Additionally, discounted issuances of common stock to officers, directors, employees or consultants require shareholder approval pursuant to 5635(c).	While the old rule contains a footnote, this was included as a parenthetical comment in the new rules, since footnotes do not convey well in web browsers. Rule citations updated. The new rule contains a new sentence explaining how the existing rule is applied.

## Rule Reference Table

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
IM-4350-1 - Paragraph 8	Voting Rights Rule 4351 provides:Voting rights of existing shareholders of publicly traded common stock registered under Section 12 of the Act cannot be disparately reduced or restricted through any corporate action or issuance.IM-4351 also provides rules relating to voting rights of Nasdaq issuers.Under the voting rights rules, an issuer cannot create a new class of security that votes at a higher rate than an existing class of securities or take any other action that has the effect of restricting or reducing the voting rights rules are typically implicated when the holders of the Future 	IM-5635-4 - Paragraph 8	Voting Rights Rule 5640 provides: Voting rights of existing Shareholders of publicly traded common stock registered under Section 12 of the Act cannot be disparately reduced or restricted through any corporate action or issuance. IM-5640 also provides rules relating to voting rights of Nasdaq Companies. Under the voting rights rules, a Company cannot create a new class of security that votes at a higher rate than an existing class of securities or take any other action that has the effect of restricting or reducing the voting rights of an existing class of securities. The voting rights rules are typically implicated when the holders of the Future Priced Security are entitled to vote on an as-converted basis or when the holders of the Future Priced Security are entitled to representation on the Board of Directors. The percentage of the overall vote attributable to the Future Priced Security holders and the Future Priced Security holders' representation on the board of directors must not exceed their relative contribution to the Company based on the Company's overall book or market value at the time of the issuance of the Future Priced Security. Staff will consider whether a voting rights violation exists by comparing the Future Priced Security holders' voting rights to their relative contribution to the Company based on the Company's overall book or market value at the time of the issuance of the Future Priced Security. If the voting power or the board percentage exceeds that percentage interest, a	The term "issuer" was replaced with the defined term "Company." Rule citations updated. The order of sentences was reordered in the new rule for clarity. Defined terms capitalized.

\* The new rule text will be operational on April 13, 2009.

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
	because a new class of securities has been created that votes at a higher rate than an already existing class. Future Priced Securities that vote on an as-converted basis also raise voting rights concerns because of the possibility that, due to a decline in the price of the underlying common stock, the Future Priced Security holder will have voting rights disproportionate to its investment in the Company.		violation exists because a new class of securities has been created that votes at a higher rate than an already existing class. Future Priced Securities that vote on an as- converted basis also raise voting rights concerns because of the possibility that, due to a decline in the price of the underlying common stock, the Future Priced Security holder will have voting rights disproportionate to its investment in the Company.	

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
IM-4350-1 - Paragraph 9	It is important to note that compliance with the shareholder approval rules prior to the issuance of a Future Priced Security does not affect whether the transaction is in violation of the voting rights rule. Furthermore, shareholders can not otherwise agree to permit a voting rights violation by the issuer. Because a violation of the voting rights requirement can result in delisting of the issuer's securities from Nasdaq, careful attention must be given to this issue to prevent a violation of the rule.	IM-5635-4 - Paragraph 9	It is important to note that compliance with the shareholder approval rules prior to the issuance of a Future Priced Security does not affect whether the transaction is in violation of the voting rights rule. Furthermore, Shareholders can not otherwise agree to permit a voting rights violation by the Company. Because a violation of the voting rights requirement can result in delisting of the Company's securities from Nasdaq, careful attention must be given to this issue to prevent a violation of the rule.	The term "issuer" was replaced with the defined term "Company." Defined terms capitalized.
IM-4350-1 - Paragraph 10	<i>The Bid Price Requirement</i> The bid price requirement establishes a minimum bid price for issues listed on Nasdaq. Rules 4310(c)(4), 4320(e)(2)(E), 4450(a)(5) and 4450(b)(4) provide that, for an issue to be eligible for continued listing on Nasdaq, the minimum bid price per share shall be \$1. An issue is subject to delisting from Nasdaq if its bid price falls below \$1.	IM-5635-4 - Paragraph 10	The Bid Price Requirement The bid price requirement establishes a minimum bid price for issues listed on Nasdaq. The Nasdaq Rules provide that, for an issue to be eligible for continued listing on Nasdaq, the minimum bid price per share shall be \$1. An issue is subject to delisting from Nasdaq, as described in the Rule 5800 Series if its bid price falls below \$1.	The rule citations for bid price were consolidated into the "the Nasdaq Rules." In addition, "as described in the 5800 Series" was added to the last sentence.

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
IM-4350-1 - Paragraph 11	The bid price rules must be thoroughly considered because the characteristics of Future Priced Securities often exert downward pressure on the bid price of the issuer's common stock. Specifically, dilution from the discounted conversion of the Future Priced Security may result in a significant decline in the price of the common stock. Furthermore, there appear to be instances where short selling has contributed to a substantial price decline, which, in turn, could lead to a failure to comply with the bid price requirement. <sup>3</sup> <sup>3</sup> If used to manipulate the price of the stock, short selling by the holders of the Future Priced Security is prohibited by the antifraud provisions of the securities laws and by Nasdaq Rules and may be prohibited by the terms of the placement.	IM-5635-4 - Paragraph 11	The bid price rules must be thoroughly considered because the characteristics of Future Priced Securities often exert downward pressure on the bid price of the Company's common stock. Specifically, dilution from the discounted conversion of the Future Priced Security may result in a significant decline in the price of the common stock. Furthermore, there appear to be instances where short selling has contributed to a substantial price decline, which, in turn, could lead to a failure to comply with the bid price requirement. (If used to manipulate the price of the stock, short selling by the holders of the Future Priced Security is prohibited by the antifraud provisions of the securities laws and by Nasdaq Rules and may be prohibited by the terms of the placement.)	The term "issuer" was replaced with the defined term "Company." While the old rule contains a footnote, this was included as a parenthetical comment in the new rules, since footnotes do not convey well in web browsers.

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text <sup>*</sup>	Comments
IM-4350-1 - Paragraph 12	Listing of Additional Shares Rule 4310(c)(17) provides: The issuer shall be required to notify Nasdaq on the appropriate form no later than 15 calendar days prior to: issuing securities that may potentially result in a change of control of the issuer; or entering into a transaction that may result in the potential issuance of common stock (or securities convertible into common stock) greater than 10% of either the total shares outstanding or the voting power outstanding on a pre-transaction basis. Issuers should be cognizant that under this rule notification is required at least 15 days <u>prior</u> to issuing any security (including a Future Priced Security) convertible into shares of a class of securities already listed on Nasdaq. Failure to provide such notice can result in an issuer's removal from Nasdaq.	IM-5635-4 - Paragraph 12	Listing of Additional Shares Rule 5250(e)(2) provides: The Company shall be required to notify Nasdaq on the appropriate form no later than 15 calendar days prior to: establishing or materially amending a stock option plan, purchase plan or other equity compensation arrangement pursuant to which stock may be acquired by officers, directors, employees, or consultants without shareholder approval; issuing securities that may potentially result in a change of control of the Company; issuing any common stock or security convertible into common stock in connection with the acquisition of the stock or assets of another company, if any officer or director or Substantial Shareholder of the Company has a 5% or greater interest (or if such persons collectively have a 10% or greater interest) in the Company to be acquired or in the consideration to be paid; or entering into a transaction that may result in the potential issuance of common stock (or securities convertible into common stock) greater than 10% of either the total shares outstanding or the voting power outstanding on a pre-transaction basis. Companies should be cognizant that under this rule notification is required at least 15 days <u>prior</u> to issuing any security (including a Future Priced Security) convertible into shares of a class of securities already listed on Nasdaq. Failure to provide such notice can result in a Company's removal from Nasdaq.	The term "issuer" was replaced with the defined term "Company." Rule citations updated. The new rule captures all the requirements of 5250(e)(2).

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
IM-4350-1 - Paragraph 13	<ul> <li>Public Interest Concerns</li> <li>Rule 4300 provides:</li> <li>Nasdaq is entrusted with the authority to preserve and strengthen the quality of and public confidence in its market. Nasdaq stands for integrity and ethical business practices in order to enhance investor confidence, thereby contributing to the financial health of the economy and supporting the capital formation process. Nasdaq issuers,</li> </ul>	IM-5635-4 - Paragraph 13	<ul> <li>Public Interest Concerns</li> <li>Rule 5100 provides:</li> <li>Nasdaq is entrusted with the authority to preserve and strengthen the quality of and public confidence in its market. Nasdaq stands for integrity and ethical business practices in order to enhance investor confidence, thereby contributing to the financial health of the economy and supporting the capital formation process. Nasdaq</li> </ul>	Updated rule citation. The term "issuer" was replaced with the defined term "Company." Note that the new rule replaces the phrase "criteria set forth in the Rule 4300 and 4400 Series" with "criteria set forth in the Listing Rules."
	<ul> <li>from new public companies to companies of international stature, are publicly recognized as sharing these important objectives.</li> <li>Nasdaq, therefore, in addition to applying the enumerated criteria set forth in the Rule 4300 and 4400 Series, has broad discretionary authority over the initial and continued listing of securities in Nasdaq in order to</li> </ul>		Companies, from new public Companies to Companies of international stature, are publicly recognized as sharing these important objectives. Nasdaq, therefore, in addition to applying the enumerated criteria set forth in the Listing Rules, has broad discretionary authority over the initial and continued listing of securities in Nasdaq in order to maintain the	
	maintain the quality of and public confidence in its market, to prevent fraudulent and manipulative acts and practices, to promote just and equitable principles of trade, and to protect investors and the public interest. Nasdaq may use such discretion to deny initial listing, apply additional or more stringent criteria for the initial		quality of and public confidence in its market, to prevent fraudulent and manipulative acts and practices, to promote just and equitable principles of trade, and to protect investors and the public interest. Nasdaq may use such discretion to deny initial listing, apply additional or more stringent criteria for the initial or continued listing	
	or continued listing of particular securities, or suspend or delist particular securities based on any event, condition, or circumstance that exists or occurs that makes initial or continued listing of the securities on Nasdaq inadvisable or unwarranted in the opinion of Nasdaq, even though the securities meet all enumerated criteria for initial or continued listing on Nasdaq.		of particular securities, or suspend or delist particular securities based on any event, condition, or circumstance that exists or occurs that makes initial or continued listing of the securities on Nasdaq inadvisable or unwarranted in the opinion of Nasdaq, even though the securities meet all enumerated criteria for initial or continued listing on Nasdaq.	

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
IM-4350-1 - Paragraph 14	The returns on Future Priced Securities may become excessive compared with those of public investors in the issuer's common securities. In egregious situations, the use of a Future Priced Security may raise public interest concerns under Rule 4300. In addition to the demonstrable business purpose of the transaction, other factors that Nasdaq staff will consider in determining whether a transaction raises public interest concerns include: (1) the amount raised in the transaction relative to the issuer's existing capital structure; (2) the dilutive effect of the transaction on the existing holders of common stock; (3) the risk undertaken by the Future Priced Security investor; (4) the relationship between the Future Priced Security investor and the issuer; (5) whether the transaction was preceded by other similar transactions; and (6) whether the transaction is consistent with the just and equitable principles of trade.	IM-5635-4 - Paragraph 14	The returns on Future Priced Securities may become excessive compared with those of public investors in the Company's common securities. In egregious situations, the use of a Future Priced Security may raise public interest concerns under Rule 5100. In addition to the demonstrable business purpose of the transaction, other factors that Nasdaq staff will consider in determining whether a transaction raises public interest concerns include: (1) the amount raised in the transaction relative to the Company's existing capital structure; (2) the dilutive effect of the transaction on the existing holders of common stock; (3) the risk undertaken by the Future Priced Security investor; (4) the relationship between the Future Priced Security investor and the Company; (5) whether the transaction was preceded by other similar transactions; and (6) whether the transaction is consistent with the just and equitable principles of trade.	The term "issuer" was replaced with the defined term "Company." Rule citations updated.

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text <sup>*</sup>	Comments
IM-4350-1 - Paragraph 15	Some Future Priced Securities may contain features that address the public interest concerns. These features tend to provide incentives to the investor to hold the security for a longer time period and limit the number of shares into which the Future Priced Security may be converted. Such features may limit the dilutive effect of the transaction and increase the risk undertaken by the Future Priced Security investor in relationship to the reward available.	IM-5635-4 - Paragraph 15	Some Future Priced Securities may contain features that address the public interest concerns. These features tend to provide incentives to the investor to hold the security for a longer time period and limit the number of shares into which the Future Priced Security may be converted. Such features may limit the dilutive effect of the transaction and increase the risk undertaken by the Future Priced Security investor in relationship to the reward available.	No changes.

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
IM-4350-1 - Paragraph 16	Business Combinations with non-Nasdaq Entities Resulting in a Change of Control Rule 4340(a) provides: An issuer must apply for initial listing in connection with a transaction whereby the issuer combines with a non- Nasdaq entity, resulting in a change of control of the issuer and potentially allowing the non-Nasdaq entity to obtain a Nasdaq Listing. In determining whether a change of control has occurred, Nasdaq shall consider all relevant factors including, but not limited to, changes in the management, board of directors, voting power, ownership, and financial structure of the issuer. Nasdaq shall also consider the nature of the businesses and the relative size of the Nasdaq issuer and non-Nasdaq entity. The issuer must submit an application for the post- transaction entity with sufficient time to allow Nasdaq to complete its review before the transaction is completed. If the issuer's application for initial listing has not been approved prior to consummation of the transaction, Nasdaq will issue a Staff Determination Letter as set forth in Rule 4804 and begin delisting proceedings pursuant to the Rule 4800 Series.	IM-5635-4 - Paragraph 16	Business Combinations with non-Nasdaq Entities Resulting in a Change of Control Rule 5110(a) provides: A Company must apply for initial listing in connection with a transaction whereby the Company combines with a non-Nasdaq entity, resulting in a change of control of the Company and potentially allowing the non-Nasdaq entity to obtain a Nasdaq Listing. In determining whether a change of control has occurred, Nasdaq shall consider all relevant factors including, but not limited to, changes in the management, board of directors, voting power, ownership, and financial structure of the Company. Nasdaq shall also consider the nature of the businesses and the relative size of the Nasdaq Company and non- Nasdaq entity. The Company must submit an application for the post-transaction entity with sufficient time to allow Nasdaq to complete its review before the transaction is completed. If the Company's application for initial listing has not been approved prior to consummation of the transaction, Nasdaq will issue a Staff Delisting Determination and begin delisting proceedings pursuant to the Rule 5800 Series.	The term "issuer" was replaced with the defined term "Company." Rule citations updated.

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
IM-4350-1 - Paragraph 17	This provision, which applies regardless of whether the issuer obtains shareholder approval for the transaction, requires issuers to qualify under the initial listing standards in connection with a combination that results in a change of control. It is important for issuers to realize that in certain instances, the conversion of a Future Priced Security may implicate this provision. For example, if there is no limit on the number of common shares issuable upon conversion, or if the limit is set high enough, the exercise of conversion rights under a Future Priced Security could result in the holders of the Future Priced Securities obtaining control of the listed company. In such event, an issuer may be required to re-apply for initial listing and satisfy all initial listing requirements.	IM-5635-4 - Paragraph 17	This provision, which applies regardless of whether the Company obtains shareholder approval for the transaction, requires Companies to qualify under the initial listing standards in connection with a combination that results in a change of control. It is important for Companies to realize that in certain instances, the conversion of a Future Priced Security may implicate this provision. For example, if there is no limit on the number of common shares issuable upon conversion, or if the limit is set high enough, the exercise of conversion rights under a Future Priced Security could result in the holders of the Future Priced Securities obtaining control of the listed Company. In such event, a Company may be required to re-apply for initial listing and satisfy all initial listing requirements.	The term "issuer" was replaced with the defined term "Company."

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
IM-4350-2 - Paragraph 1	Interpretative Material Regarding the Use of Share Caps to Comply with Rule 4350(i) Rule 4350(i) limits the number of shares or voting power that can be issued or granted without shareholder approval prior to the issuance of certain securities. <sup>1</sup> Generally, this limitation applies to issuances of 20% or more of the common stock or 20% or more of the voting power outstanding before the issuance. <sup>2</sup> Issuers sometimes comply with the 20% limitation in this rule by placing a "cap" on the number of shares that can be issued in the transaction, such that there cannot, under any circumstances, be an issuance of 20% or more of the common stock or voting power previously outstanding without prior shareholder approval. If an issuer determines to defer a shareholder vote in this manner, shares that are issuable under the cap (in the first part of the transaction) must not be entitled to vote to approve the remainder of the transaction. In addition, a cap must apply for the life of the transaction, unless shareholder approval is obtained. For example, caps that no longer apply if a company is not listed on Nasdaq are not permissible under the Rule. Of course, if shareholder approval is not obtained, then the investor will not be able to acquire 20% or more of the common stock or voting power outstanding before the transaction and would continue to hold the balance of the original security in its unconverted form. <sup>1</sup> An exception to this rule is available to issuers when the delay in securing stockholder approval would seriously jeopardize the financial viability of the enterprise. Rule	IM-5635-2 - Paragraph 1	Interpretative Material Regarding the Use of Share Caps to Comply with Rule 5635 Rule 5635 limits the number of shares or voting power that can be issued or granted without shareholder approval prior to the issuance of certain securities. (An exception to this rule is available to Companies when the delay in securing stockholder approval would seriously jeopardize the financial viability of the enterprise as set forth in Rule 5635(f). However, a share cap is not permissible in conjunction with the financial viability exception provided in Rule 5635(f), because the application to Nasdaq and the notice to Shareholders required in the rule must occur prior to the issuance of any common stock or securities convertible into or exercisable for common stock.) Generally, this limitation applies to issuances of 20% or more of the common stock or 20% or more of the voting power outstanding before the issuance. (While Nasdaq's experience is that this issue is generally implicated with respect to these situations, it may also arise with respect to the 5% threshold set forth in Rule 5635(a)(2).) Companies sometimes comply with the 20% limitation in this rule by placing a "cap" on the number of shares that can be issued in the transaction, such that there cannot, under any circumstances, be an issuance of 20% or more of the common stock or voting power previously outstanding without prior shareholder approval. If a Company determines to defer a shareholder vote in this manner, shares that are issuable under the cap (in the first part of the transaction) must not be entitled to vote to approve	The term "issuer" was replaced with the defined term "Company." While the old rule contains footnotes, these were included as parenthetical comments in the new rules, since footnotes do not convey well in web browsers. Rule citations updated. Defined terms capitalized.

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
	<ul> <li>4350(i)(2). However, a share cap is not permissible in conjunction with the financial viability exception provided in Rule 4350(i)(2), because the application to Nasdaq and the notice to shareholders required in the rule must occur prior to the issuance of any common stock or securities convertible into or exercisable for common stock.</li> <li><sup>2</sup> While Nasdaq's experience is that this issue is generally implicated with respect to these situations, it may also arise with respect to the 5% threshold set forth in Rule 4350(i)(1)(C)(i).</li> </ul>		the remainder of the transaction. In addition, a cap must apply for the life of the transaction, unless shareholder approval is obtained. For example, caps that no longer apply if a Company is not listed on Nasdaq are not permissible under the Rule. Of course, if shareholder approval is not obtained, then the investor will not be able to acquire 20% or more of the common stock or voting power outstanding before the transaction and would continue to hold the balance of the original security in its unconverted form.	

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
IM-4350-2 - Paragraph 2	Nasdaq has observed situations where issuers have attempted to cap the issuance of shares at below 20% but have also provided an alternative outcome based upon whether shareholder approval is obtained, such as a "penalty" or a "sweetener." For example, a company issues a convertible preferred stock or debt instrument that provides for conversions of up to 20% of the total shares outstanding with any further conversions subject to shareholder approval. However, the terms of the instrument provide that if shareholders reject the transaction, the coupon or conversion ratio will increase or the issuer will be penalized by a specified monetary payment. Likewise, a transaction may provide for improved terms if shareholder approval is obtained. Nasdaq believes that in such situations the cap is defective because the related penalty or sweetener has a coercive effect on the shareholder vote, and thus may deprive shareholders of their ability to freely exercise their vote. Accordingly, Nasdaq will not accept a cap that defers the need for shareholder approval in such situations. Instead, if the terms of a transaction can change based upon the outcome of the shareholder vote, no shares may be issued prior to the approval of the shareholders. Issuers that engage in transactions with defective caps may be subject to delisting.	IM-5635-2 - Paragraph 2	<ul> <li>Nasdaq has observed situations where Companies have attempted to cap the issuance of shares at below 20% but have also provided an alternative outcome based upon whether shareholder approval is obtained, including, but not limited to a "penalty" or a "sweetener." Instead, if the terms of a transaction can change based upon the outcome of the shareholder vote, no common shares may be issued prior to the approval of the Shareholders.</li> <li>Companies that engage in transactions with defective caps may be subject to delisting. For example, a</li> <li>Company issues a convertible preferred stock or debt instrument that provides for conversions of up to 20% of the total shares outstanding with any further conversions subject to shareholder approval. However, the terms of the instrument provide that if Shareholders reject the transaction, the coupon or conversion ratio will increase or the Company will be penalized by a specified monetary payment, including a rescission of the transaction. Likewise, a transaction may provide for improved terms if shareholder approval is obtained.</li> <li>Nasdaq believes that in such situations the cap is defective because the presence of the alternative outcome has a coercive effect on the shareholder vote, and thus may deprive Shareholders of their ability to freely exercise their vote. Accordingly, Nasdaq will not accept a cap that defers the need for shareholder approval in such situations.</li> </ul>	The term "issuer" was replaced with the defined term "Company." Reorganized rule text. Defined terms capitalized.

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
IM-4350-2 - Paragraph 3	Issuers having questions regarding this policy are encouraged to contact the Nasdaq Listing Qualifications Department at (301) 978-8008, which will provide a written interpretation of the application of Nasdaq Rules to a specific transaction, upon prior written request of the issuer.	IM-5635-2 - Paragraph 3	Companies having questions regarding this policy are encouraged to contact the Nasdaq Listing Qualifications Department at (301) 978-8008, which will provide a written interpretation of the application of Nasdaq Rules to a specific transaction, upon prior written request of the Company.	The term "issuer" was replaced with the defined term "Company."
IM-4350-3 - Paragraph 1	Definition of a Public Offering Rule 4350(i)(1)(D) provides that shareholder approval is required for the issuance of common stock (or securities convertible into or exercisable for common stock) equal to 20 percent or more of the common stock or 20 percent or more of the voting power outstanding before the issuance for less than the greater of book or market value of the stock. Under this rule, however, shareholder approval is not required for a "public offering."	IM-5635-3 - Paragraph 1	Definition of a Public Offering Rule 5635(d) provides that shareholder approval is required for the issuance of common stock (or securities convertible into or exercisable for common stock) equal to 20 percent or more of the common stock or 20 percent or more of the voting power outstanding before the issuance for less than the greater of book or market value of the stock. Under this rule, however, shareholder approval is not required for a "public offering."	Rule citation updated.

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
IM-4350-3 - Paragraph 2	Issuers are encouraged to consult with Nasdaq staff in order to determine if a particular offering is a "public offering" for purposes of the shareholder approval rules. Generally, a firm commitment underwritten securities offering registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission will be considered a public offering for these purposes. Likewise, any other securities offering which is registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission and which is publicly disclosed and distributed in the same general manner and extent as a firm commitment underwritten securities offering will be considered a public offering for purposes of the shareholder approval rules. However, Nasdaq staff will not treat an offering as a "public offering" for purposes of the shareholder approval rules merely because they are registered with the Commission prior to the closing of the transaction.	IM-5635-3 - Paragraph 2	Companies are encouraged to consult with Nasdaq staff in order to determine if a particular offering is a "public offering" for purposes of the shareholder approval rules. Generally, a firm commitment underwritten securities offering registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission will be considered a public offering for these purposes. Likewise, any other securities offering which is registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission and which is publicly disclosed and distributed in the same general manner and extent as a firm commitment underwritten securities offering will be considered a public offering for purposes of the shareholder approval rules. However, Nasdaq staff will not treat an offering as a "public offering" for purposes of the shareholder approval rules merely because they are registered with the Commission prior to the closing of the transaction.	The term "issuer" was replaced with the defined term "Company."

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
IM-4350-3 - Paragraph 3	When determining whether an offering is a "public offering" for purposes of these rules, Nasdaq staff will consider all relevant factors, including but not limited to: (i) the type of offering (including whether the offering is conducted by an underwriter on a firm commitment basis, or an underwriter or placement agent on a best-efforts basis, or whether the offering is self-directed by the issuer); (ii) the manner in which the offering is marketed (including the number of investors offered securities, how those investors were chosen, and the breadth of the marketing effort); (iii) the extent of the offering's distribution (including the number and identity of the investors who participate in the offering and whether any prior relationship existed between the issuer and those investors); (iv) the offering price (including the extent of any discount to the market price of the securities offered); and (v) the extent to which the issuer controls the offering and its distribution.	IM-5635-3 - Paragraph 3	When determining whether an offering is a "public offering" for purposes of these rules, Nasdaq staff will consider all relevant factors, including but not limited to: (i) the type of offering (including whether the offering is conducted by an underwriter on a firm commitment basis, or an underwriter or placement agent on a best-efforts basis, or whether the offering is self-directed by the Company); (ii) the manner in which the offering is marketed (including the number of investors offered securities, how those investors were chosen, and the breadth of the marketing effort); (iii) the extent of the offering's distribution (including the number and identity of the investors who participate in the offering and whether any prior relationship existed between the Company and those investors); (iv) the offering price (including the extent of any discount to the market price of the securities offered); and (v) the extent to which the Company controls the offering and its distribution.	The term "issuer" was replaced with the defined term "Company."

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
IM-4350-4 - Paragraph 1	Majority Independent Board. Independent directors (as defined in Rule 4200(a)(15)) play an important role in assuring investor confidence. Through the exercise of independent judgment, they act on behalf of investors to maximize shareholder value in the companies they oversee and guard against conflicts of interest. Requiring that the board be comprised of a majority of independent directors empowers such directors to carry out more effectively these responsibilities.	IM-5605-1	Majority Independent Board. Independent Directors (as defined in Rule 5605(a)(2)) play an important role in assuring investor confidence. Through the exercise of independent judgment, they act on behalf of investors to maximize shareholder value in the Companies they oversee and guard against conflicts of interest. Requiring that the board be comprised of a majority of Independent Directors empowers such directors to carry out more effectively these responsibilities.	The old rules contained a long list of items in one IM. In the new rules, the interpretative material was broken into smaller pieces, each of which stands alone as an IM. As such, the old IM was divided up into smaller, more relevant sections. Defined terms capitalized. Rule citation updated.
IM-4350-4 - Paragraph 2	Executive Sessions of Independent Directors. Regularly scheduled executive sessions encourage and enhance communication among independent directors. It is contemplated that executive sessions will occur at least twice a year, and perhaps more frequently, in conjunction with regularly scheduled board meetings.	IM-5605-2	Executive Sessions of Independent Directors Regularly scheduled executive sessions encourage and enhance communication among Independent Directors. It is contemplated that executive sessions will occur at least twice a year, and perhaps more frequently, in conjunction with regularly scheduled board meetings.	The old rules contained a long list of items in one IM. In the new rules, the interpretative material was broken into smaller pieces, each of which stands alone as an IM. As such, the old IM was divided up into smaller, more relevant sections. Defined terms capitalized.

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
IM-4350-4 - Paragraph 3	Independent Director Oversight of Executive Compensation. Independent director oversight of executive officer compensation helps assure that appropriate incentives are in place, consistent with the board's responsibility to maximize shareholder value. The rule is intended to provide flexibility for an issuer to choose an appropriate board structure and to reduce resource burdens, while ensuring independent director control of compensation decisions.	IM-5605-6	Independent Director Oversight of Executive Compensation Independent Director oversight of executive officer compensation helps assure that appropriate incentives are in place, consistent with the board's responsibility to maximize shareholder value. The rule is intended to provide flexibility for a Company to choose an appropriate board structure and to reduce resource burdens, while ensuring Independent Director control of compensation decisions.	The term "issuer" was replaced with the defined term "Company." The old rules contained a long list of items in one IM. In the new rules, the interpretative material was broken into smaller pieces, each of which stands alone as an IM. As such, the old IM was divided up into smaller, more relevant sections. Defined terms capitalized.

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
IM-4350-4 - Paragraph 4	Independent Director Oversight of Director Nominations. Independent director oversight of nominations enhances investor confidence in the selection of well-qualified director nominees, as well as independent nominees as required by the rules. This rule is also intended to provide flexibility for a company to choose an appropriate board structure and reduce resource burdens, while ensuring that independent directors approve all nominations. This rule does not apply in cases where the right to nominate a director legally belongs to a third party. For example, investors may negotiate the right to nominate directors in connection with an investment in the company, holders of preferred stock may be permitted to nominate or appoint directors upon certain defaults, or the company may be a party to a shareholder's agreement that allocates the right to nominate directors. Because the right to nominate directors in these cases does not reside with the company, independent director approval would not be required. This rule is not applicable if the company is subject to a binding obligation that requires a director nomination structure inconsistent with the rule and such obligation pre-dates the approval date of this rule.	IM-5605-7	Independent Director Oversight of Director Nominations Independent Director oversight of nominations enhances investor confidence in the selection of well-qualified director nominees, as well as independent nominees as required by the rules. This rule is also intended to provide flexibility for a Company to choose an appropriate board structure and reduce resource burdens, while ensuring that Independent Directors approve all nominations. This rule does not apply in cases where the right to nominate a director legally belongs to a third party. For example, investors may negotiate the right to nominate directors in connection with an investment in the Company, holders of preferred stock may be permitted to nominate or appoint directors upon certain defaults, or the Company may be a party to a shareholder's agreement that allocates the right to nominate some directors. Because the right to nominate directors in these cases does not reside with the Company, Independent Director approval would not be required. This rule is not applicable if the Company is subject to a binding obligation that requires a director nomination structure inconsistent with the rule and such obligation pre-dates the approval date of this rule.	The term "issuer" was replaced with the defined term "Company." The old rules contained a long list of items in one IM. In the new rules, the interpretative material was broken into smaller pieces, each of which stands alone as an IM. As such, the old IM was divided up into smaller, more relevant sections. Defined terms capitalized.

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
IM-4350-4 - Paragraph 5	Controlled Company Exemption. This exemption recognizes that majority shareholders, including parent companies, have the right to select directors and control certain key decisions, such as executive officer compensation, by virtue of their ownership rights. In order for a group to exist for purposes of this rule, the shareholders must have publicly filed a notice that they are acting as a group (e.g., a Schedule 13D). A Controlled Company not relying upon this exemption need not provide any special disclosures about its controlled status. It should be emphasized that this controlled company exemption does not extend to the audit committee requirements under Rule 4350(d) or the requirement for executive sessions of independent directors under Rule 4350(c)(2).	IM-5615-5	Controlled Company Exemption This exemption recognizes that majority Shareholders, including parent companies, have the right to select directors and control certain key decisions, such as executive officer compensation, by virtue of their ownership rights. In order for a group to exist for purposes of this rule, the Shareholders must have publicly filed a notice that they are acting as a group (e.g., a Schedule 13D). A Controlled Company not relying upon this exemption need not provide any special disclosures about its controlled status. It should be emphasized that this controlled company exemption does not extend to the audit committee requirements under Rule 5605(c) or the requirement for executive sessions of Independent Directors under Rule 5605(b)(2).	The old rules contained a long list of items in one IM. In the new rules, the interpretative material was broken into smaller pieces, each of which stands alone as an IM. As such, the old IM was divided up into smaller, more relevant sections. Defined terms capitalized. Rule citations updated.

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
IM-4350-4 - Paragraph 6	Audit Committee Charter. Each issuer is required to adopt a formal written charter that specifies the scope of its responsibilities and the means by which it carries out those responsibilities; the outside auditor's accountability to the audit committee; and the audit committee's responsibility to ensure the independence of the outside auditor. Consistent with this, the charter must specify all audit committee responsibilities set forth in Rule 10A- 3(b)(2), (3), (4) and (5) under the Act. Rule 10A- 3(b)(3)(ii) requires that each audit committee must establish procedures for the confidential, anonymous submission by employees of the listed issuer of concerns regarding questionable accounting or auditing matters. The rights and responsibilities as articulated in the audit committee charter empower the audit committee and enhance its effectiveness in carrying out its responsibilities. Rule 4350(d)(3) imposes additional requirements for investment company audit committees that must also be set forth in audit committee charters for these issuers.	IM-5605-3	Audit Committee Charter Each Company is required to adopt a formal written charter that specifies the scope of its responsibilities and the means by which it carries out those responsibilities; the outside auditor's accountability to the audit committee; and the audit committee's responsibility to ensure the independence of the outside auditor. Consistent with this, the charter must specify all audit committee responsibilities set forth in Rule 10A-3(b)(2), (3), (4) and (5) under the Act. Rule 10A-3(b)(3)(ii) under the Act requires that each audit committee must establish procedures for the confidential, anonymous submission by employees of the listed Company of concerns regarding questionable accounting or auditing matters. The rights and responsibilities as articulated in the audit committee charter empower the audit committee and enhance its effectiveness in carrying out its responsibilities. Rule 5605(c)(3) imposes additional requirements for investment company audit committees that must also be set forth in audit committee charters for these Companies.	The term "issuer" was replaced with the defined term "Company." The old rules contained a long list of items in one IM. In the new rules, the interpretative material was broken into smaller pieces, each of which stands alone as an IM. As such, the old IM was divided up into smaller, more relevant sections. Rule citations updated. Updated reference to Exchange Act Rules to incorporate the defined term "Act" for consistency.

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
IM-4350-4 - Paragraph 7	Audit Committee Composition. Audit committees are required to have a minimum of three members and be comprised only of independent directors. In addition to satisfying the independent director requirements under Rule 4200, audit committee members must meet the criteria for independence set forth in Rule 10A-3(b)(1) under the Act (subject to the exemptions provided in Rule 10A-3(c)): they must not accept any consulting, advisory, or other compensatory fee from the company other than for board service, and they must not be an affiliated person of the company. It is recommended that an issuer disclose in its annual proxy (or, if the issuer does not file a proxy, in its Form 10-K or 20-F) if any director is deemed independent but falls outside the safe harbor provisions of Rule 10A-3(e)(1)(ii) under the Act. A director who qualifies as an audit committee financial expert under Item 401(h) of Regulation S-K or Item 401(e) of Regulation S-B is presumed to qualify as a financially sophisticated audit committee member under Rule 4350(d)(2)(A).	IM-5605-4	Audit Committee Composition Audit committees are required to have a minimum of three members and be comprised only of Independent Directors. In addition to satisfying the Independent Director requirements under Rule 5605(a)(2), audit committee members must meet the criteria for independence set forth in Rule 10A-3(b)(1) under the Act (subject to the exemptions provided in Rule 10A-3(c) under the Act): they must not accept any consulting, advisory, or other compensatory fee from the Company other than for board service, and they must not be an affiliated person of the Company. It is recommended that a Company disclose in its annual proxy (or, if the Company does not file a proxy, in its Form 10-K or 20-F) if any director is deemed independent but falls outside the safe harbor provisions of Rule 10A-3(e)(1)(ii) under the Act. A director who qualifies as an audit committee financial expert under Item 407(d)(5) of Regulation S-K or Item 407(d)(5) of Regulation S-B is presumed to qualify as a financially sophisticated audit committee member under Rule 5605(c)(2)(A).	The term "issuer" was replaced with the defined term "Company." While the old rules contain one long IM placed at the end of 4350, the new rules contain the same language, split up into smaller paragraphs, and placed immediately following the corresponding requirements. Rule citations updated, including the citations to Regulations S-K and S-B. Defined terms capitalized. Updated reference to Exchange Act Rules to incorporate the defined term "Act" for consistency.

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
IM-4350-4 - Paragraph 8	The Audit Committee Responsibilities and Authority. Audit committees must have the specific audit committee responsibilities and authority necessary to comply with Rule 10A-3(b)(2), (3), (4) and (5) under the Act (subject to the exemptions provided in Rule 10A-3(c)), concerning responsibilities relating to registered public accounting firms; complaints relating to accounting; internal accounting controls or auditing matters; authority to engage advisors; and funding. Audit committees for investment companies must also establish procedures for the confidential, anonymous submission of concerns regarding questionable accounting or auditing matters by employees of the investment adviser, administrator, principal underwriter, or any other provider of accounting related services for the investment company, as well as employees of the investment company.	IM-5605-5	The Audit Committee Responsibilities and Authority Audit committees must have the specific audit committee responsibilities and authority necessary to comply with Rule 10A-3(b)(2), (3), (4) and (5) under the Act (subject to the exemptions provided in Rule 10A-3(c) under the Act), concerning responsibilities relating to registered public accounting firms; complaints relating to accounting; internal accounting controls or auditing matters; authority to engage advisors; and funding. Audit committees for investment companies must also establish procedures for the confidential, anonymous submission of concerns regarding questionable accounting or auditing matters by employees of the investment adviser, administrator, principal underwriter, or any other provider of accounting related services for the investment company, as well as employees of the investment company.	While the old rules contain one long IM placed at the end of 4350, the new rules contain the same language, split up into smaller paragraphs, and placed immediately following the corresponding requirements. Updated reference to Exchange Act Rules to incorporate the defined term "Act" for consistency.
IM-4350-4 - Paragraph 9	Executive Officers. References to executive officers in Rule 4350 mean those officers covered in Rule 16a-1(f) under the Act.	5605(a)(1)	Definitions (1) "Executive Officer" means those officers covered in Rule 16a-1(f) under the Act.	While the old rules contain one long IM placed at the end of 4350, the new rules contain the same language, split up into smaller paragraphs, and placed immediately following the corresponding requirements. In this case, what was formerly located at the end of an IM became a definition at the front of a section, adding clarity.

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
IM-4350-5 - Paragraph 1	Shareholder Approval for Stock Option Plans or Other Equity Compensation Arrangements Employee ownership of company stock can be an effective tool to align employee interests with those of other shareholders. Stock option plans or other equity compensation arrangements can also assist in the recruitment and retention of employees, which is especially critical to young, growing companies, or companies with insufficient cash resources to attract and retain highly qualified employees. However, these plans can potentially dilute shareholder interests. As such, Rule 4350(i)(1)(A) ensures that shareholders have a voice in these situations, given this potential for dilution.	IM-5635-1 - Paragraph 1	Shareholder Approval for Stock Option Plans or Other Equity Compensation Arrangements Employee ownership of Company stock can be an effective tool to align employee interests with those of other Shareholders. Stock option plans or other equity compensation arrangements can also assist in the recruitment and retention of employees, which is especially critical to young, growing Companies, or Companies with insufficient cash resources to attract and retain highly qualified employees. However, these plans can potentially dilute shareholder interests. Rule 5635(c) ensures that Shareholders have a voice in these situations, given this potential for dilution.	Defined terms capitalized. Rule citations updated.

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
IM-4350-5 - Paragraph 2	<ul> <li>Rule 4350(i)(1)(A) requires shareholder approval when a plan or other equity compensation arrangement is established or materially amended. For these purposes, a material amendment would include, but not be limited to, the following: <ul> <li>(1) any material increase in the number of shares to be issued under the plan (other than to reflect a reorganization, stock split, merger, spinoff or similar transaction);</li> <li>(2) any material increase in benefits to participants, including any material change to: (i) permit a repricing (or decrease in exercise price) of outstanding options, (ii) reduce the price at which shares or options to purchase shares may be offered, or (iii) extend the duration of a plan;</li> <li>(3) any material expansion of the class of participants eligible to participate in the plan; and</li> <li>(4) any expansion in the types of options or awards provided under the plan.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	IM-5635-1 - Paragraph 2	<ul> <li>Rule 5635(c) requires shareholder approval when a plan or other equity compensation arrangement is established or materially amended. For these purposes, a material amendment would include, but not be limited to, the following: <ul> <li>(1) any material increase in the number of shares to be issued under the plan (other than to reflect a reorganization, stock split, merger, spinoff or similar transaction);</li> <li>(2) any material increase in benefits to participants, including any material change to: (i) permit a repricing (or decrease in exercise price) of outstanding options, (ii) reduce the price at which shares or options to purchase shares may be offered, or (iii) extend the duration of a plan;</li> <li>(3) any material expansion of the class of participants eligible to participate in the plan; and</li> <li>(4) any expansion in the types of options or awards provided under the plan.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	Rule citation updated.

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
IM-4350-5 - Paragraph 3	While general authority to amend a plan would not obviate the need for shareholder approval, if a plan permits a specific action without further shareholder approval, then no such approval would generally be required. However, if a plan contains a formula for automatic increases in the shares available (sometimes called an "evergreen formula"), or for automatic grants pursuant to a dollar-based formula (such as annual grants based on a certain dollar value, or matching contributions based upon the amount of compensation the participant elects to defer), such plans cannot have a term in excess of ten years unless shareholder approval is obtained every ten years. However, plans that do not contain a formula and do not impose a limit on the number of shares available for grant would require shareholder approval of each grant under the plan. A requirement that grants be made out of treasury shares or repurchased shares will not alleviate these additional shareholder approval requirements.	IM-5635-1 - Paragraph 3	While general authority to amend a plan would not obviate the need for shareholder approval, if a plan permits a specific action without further shareholder approval, then no such approval would generally be required. However, if a plan contains a formula for automatic increases in the shares available (sometimes called an "evergreen formula"), or for automatic grants pursuant to a dollar-based formula (such as annual grants based on a certain dollar value, or matching contributions based upon the amount of compensation the participant elects to defer), such plans cannot have a term in excess of ten years unless shareholder approval is obtained every ten years. However, plans that do not contain a formula and do not impose a limit on the number of shares available for grant would require shareholder approval of each grant under the plan. A requirement that grants be made out of treasury shares or repurchased shares will not alleviate these additional shareholder approval requirements.	No changes.
IM-4350-5 - Paragraph 4	As a general matter, when preparing plans and presenting them for shareholder approval, issuers should strive to make plan terms easy to understand. In that regard, it is recommended that plans meant to permit repricing use explicit terminology to make this clear.	IM-5635-1 - Paragraph 4	As a general matter, when preparing plans and presenting them for shareholder approval, Companies should strive to make plan terms easy to understand. In that regard, it is recommended that plans meant to permit repricing use explicit terminology to make this clear.	The term "issuer" was replaced with the defined term "Company."

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
IM-4350-5 - Paragraph 5	Rule 4350(i)(1)(A) provides an exception to the requirement for shareholder approval for warrants or rights offered generally to all shareholders. In addition, an exception is provided for tax qualified, non- discriminatory employee benefit plans as well as parallel nonqualified plans as these plans are regulated under the Internal Revenue Code and Treasury Department regulations. An equity compensation plan that provides non-U.S. employees with substantially the same benefits as a comparable tax qualified, non-discriminatory employee benefit plan or parallel nonqualified plan that the issuer provides to its U.S. employees, but for features necessary to comply with applicable foreign tax law, are also exempt from shareholder approval under this section.	IM-5635-1 - Paragraph 5	Rule 5635(c) provides an exception to the requirement for shareholder approval for warrants or rights offered generally to all Shareholders. In addition, an exception is provided for tax qualified, non-discriminatory employee benefit plans as well as parallel nonqualified plans as these plans are regulated under the Internal Revenue Code and Treasury Department regulations. An equity compensation plan that provides non-U.S. employees with substantially the same benefits as a comparable tax qualified, non-discriminatory employee benefit plan or parallel nonqualified plan that the Company provides to its U.S. employees, but for features necessary to comply with applicable foreign tax law, is also exempt from shareholder approval under this section.	Rule citation updated. Defined terms capitalized.

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
IM-4350-5 - Paragraph 6	Further, there is an exception for inducement grants to new employees because in these cases a company has an arm's length relationship with the new employees. Inducement grants for these purposes include grants of options or stock to new employees in connection with a merger or acquisition. The rule requires that such issuances must be approved by the issuer's independent compensation committee or a majority of the issuer's independent directors. The rule further requires that promptly following an issuance of any employment inducement grant in reliance on this exception, a company must disclose in a press release the material terms of the grant, including the recipient(s) of the grant and the number of shares involved.	IM-5635-1 - Paragraph 6	Further, the rule provides an exception for inducement grants to new employees because in these cases a Company has an arm's length relationship with the new employees. Inducement grants for these purposes include grants of options or stock to new employees in connection with a merger or acquisition. The rule requires that such issuances be approved by the Company's independent compensation committee or a majority of the Company's Independent Directors. The rule further requires that promptly following an issuance of any employment inducement grant in reliance on this exception, a Company must disclose in a press release the material terms of the grant, including the recipient(s) of the grant and the number of shares involved.	Defined terms capitalized. The term "issuer" was replaced with the defined term "Company."
IM-4350-5 - Paragraph 7	In addition, plans or arrangements involving a merger or acquisition do not require shareholder approval in two situations. First, shareholder approval will not be required to convert, replace or adjust outstanding options or other equity compensation awards to reflect the transaction. Second, shares available under certain plans acquired in acquisitions and mergers may be used for certain post- transaction grants without further shareholder approval. This exception applies to situations where the party which is not a listed company following the transaction has shares available for grant under pre-existing plans that meet the requirements of this Rule 4350(i)(1)(A). These shares may be used for post-transaction grants of	IM-5635-1 - Paragraph 7	In addition, plans or arrangements involving a merger or acquisition do not require shareholder approval in two situations. First, shareholder approval will not be required to convert, replace or adjust outstanding options or other equity compensation awards to reflect the transaction. Second, shares available under certain plans acquired in acquisitions and mergers may be used for certain post- transaction grants without further shareholder approval. This exception applies to situations where the party which is not a listed company following the transaction has shares available for grant under pre-existing plans that meet the requirements of this Rule 5635(c) These shares may be used for post-transaction grants of options	Minor editing changes. Defined terms capitalized. Rule citations updated.

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
	options and other equity awards by the listed company		and other equity awards by the listed Company (after	
	(after appropriate adjustment of the number of shares to		appropriate adjustment of the number of shares to reflect	
	reflect the transaction), either under the pre-existing plan		the transaction), either under the pre-existing plan or	
	or arrangement or another plan or arrangement, without		arrangement or another plan or arrangement, without	
	further shareholder approval, provided: (1) the time		further shareholder approval, provided: (1) the time	
	during which those shares are available for grants is not		during which those shares are available for grants is not	
	extended beyond the period when they would have been		extended beyond the period when they would have been	
	available under the pre-existing plan, absent the		available under the pre-existing plan, absent the	
	transaction, and (2) such options and other awards are not		transaction, and (2) such options and other awards are not	
	granted to individuals who were employed by the		granted to individuals who were employed by the	
	granting company or its subsidiaries at the time the		granting company or its subsidiaries at the time the	
	merger or acquisition was consummated. Nasdaq would		merger or acquisition was consummated. Nasdaq would	
	view a plan or arrangement adopted in contemplation of		view a plan or arrangement adopted in contemplation of	
	the merger or acquisition transaction as not pre-existing		the merger or acquisition transaction as not pre-existing	
	for purposes of this exception. This exception is		for purposes of this exception. This exception is	
	appropriate because it will not result in any increase in		appropriate because it will not result in any increase in	
	the aggregate potential dilution of the combined		the aggregate potential dilution of the combined	
	enterprise. In this regard, any additional shares available		enterprise. In this regard, any additional shares available	
	for issuance under a plan or arrangement acquired in a		for issuance under a plan or arrangement acquired in	
	connection with a merger or acquisition would be		connection with a merger or acquisition would be	
	counted by Nasdaq in determining whether the		counted by Nasdaq in determining whether the	
	transaction involved the issuance of 20% or more of the		transaction involved the issuance of 20% or more of the	
	company's outstanding common stock, thus triggering		Company's outstanding common stock, thus triggering	
	the shareholder approval requirements under Rule		the shareholder approval requirements under Rule	
	4350(i)(1)(C).		5635(a).	

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
IM-4350-5 - Paragraph 8	Inducement grants, tax qualified non-discriminatory benefit plans, and parallel nonqualified plans are subject to approval by either the issuer's independent compensation committee or a majority of the issuer's independent directors. It should also be noted that a company would not be permitted to use repurchased shares to fund option plans or grants without prior shareholder approval.	IM-5635-1 - Paragraph 8	Inducement grants, tax qualified non-discriminatory benefit plans, and parallel nonqualified plans are subject to approval by either the Company's independent compensation committee or a majority of the Company's Independent Directors. It should also be noted that a Company would not be permitted to use repurchased shares to fund option plans or grants without prior shareholder approval.	Defined terms capitalized. The term "issuer" was replaced by the defined term "Company."

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
IM-4350-5 - Paragraph 9	For purposes of Rule 4350(i)(1)(A) and IM-4350-5, the term "parallel nonqualified plan" means a plan that is a "pension plan" within the meaning of the Employee Retirement Income Security Act ("ERISA"), 29 U.S.C. §1002 (1999), that is designed to work in parallel with a plan intended to be qualified under Internal Revenue Code Section 401(a), to provide benefits that exceed the limits set forth in Internal Revenue Code Section 402(g) (the section that limits an employee's annual pre-tax contributions to a 401(k) plan), Internal Revenue Code Section 401(a)(17) (the section that limits the amount of an employee's compensation that can be taken into account for plan purposes) and/or Internal Revenue Code Section 415 (the section that limits the contributions and benefits under qualified plans) and/or any successor or similar limitations that may thereafter be enacted. However, a plan will not be considered a parallel nonqualified plan unless: (i) it covers all or substantially all employees of an employer who are participants in the related qualified plan whose annual compensation is in excess of the limit of Code Section 401(a)(17) (or any successor or similar limitations described in the preceding sentence; and, (iii) no participant receives employer equity contributions under the plan in excess of 25% of the participant's cash compensation.	IM-5635-1 - Paragraph 9	For purposes of Rule 5635(c) and IM-5635-1, the term "parallel nonqualified plan" means a plan that is a "pension plan" within the meaning of the Employee Retirement Income Security Act ("ERISA"), 29 U.S.C. §1002 (1999), that is designed to work in parallel with a plan intended to be qualified under Internal Revenue Code Section 401(a), to provide benefits that exceed the limits set forth in Internal Revenue Code Section 402(g) (the section that limits an employee's annual pre-tax contributions to a 401(k) plan), Internal Revenue Code Section 401(a)(17) (the section that limits the amount of an employee's compensation that can be taken into account for plan purposes) and/or Internal Revenue Code Section 415 (the section that limits the contributions and benefits under qualified plans) and/or any successor or similar limitations that may thereafter be enacted. However, a plan will not be considered a parallel nonqualified plan unless: (i) it covers all or substantially all employees of an employer who are participants in the related qualified plan whose annual compensation is in excess of the limit of Code Section 401(a)(17) (or any successor or similar limitation that may hereafter be enacted); (ii) its terms are substantially the same as the qualified plan that it parallels except for the elimination of the limitations described in the preceding sentence; and, (iii) no participant receives employer equity contributions under the plan in excess of 25% of the participant's cash compensation.	Rule citations updated.

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
IM-4350-6 Applicability - Paragraph 1	1. Foreign Private Issuer Exception and Disclosure. A foreign private issuer (as defined in Rule 3b-4 under the Act) listed on Nasdaq may follow the practice in such issuer's home country (as defined in General Instruction F of Form 20-F) in lieu of some of the provisions of Rule 4350, subject to several important exceptions. First, such an issuer shall comply with Rule 4350(b)(1)(B) (Disclosure of Going Concern Opinion), Rule 4350(j) (Listing Agreement) and Rule 4350(m) (Notification of Material Noncompliance). Second, such an issuer shall have an audit committee that satisfies Rule 4350(d)(3). Third, members of such audit committee shall meet the criteria for independence referenced in Rule 4350(d)(2)(A)(ii) (the criteria set forth in Rule 10A-3(b)(1), subject to the exemptions provided in Rule 10A-3(c) under the Act). Fourth, a foreign private issuer must comply with Rule 4350(1) (Direct Registration Program) unless prohibited from complying by a law or regulation in its home country. Finally, a foreign private issuer that elects to follow home country practice in lieu of a requirement of Rule 4350 shall submit to Nasdaq a written statement from an independent counsel in such issuer's home country certifying that the issuer's practices are not prohibited by the home country's laws and, in the case of a company prohibited from complying with Rule 4350(1), certifying that a law or regulation in the home country prohibits such compliance. In the case of new listings, this certification is required at the time of listing. For existing issuers, the certification is required at the time of listing. For existing issuers, the certification is required at the time of listing. For existing issuers, the certification is required at the time of listing. For existing issuers, the certification is required at the time of listing. For existing issuers, the certification is required at the time of listing. For existing issuers, the certification is required at the time of listing. For existing issuers, the certification is	IM-5615-3	Foreign Private Issuers A Foreign Private Issuer (as defined in Rule 5000) listed on Nasdaq may follow the practice in such Company's home country (as defined in General Instruction F of Form 20-F) in lieu of the provisions of Rule 5600, subject to several important exceptions. First, such a Company shall comply with Rule 5250(b)(2) (Disclosure of Going Concern Opinion), Rule 5205(a) (Listing Agreement) and Rule 5625 (Notification of Material Noncompliance). Second, such an issuer shall have an audit committee that satisfies Rule 5605(c)(3). Third, members of such audit committee shall meet the criteria for independence referenced in Rule 5605(c)(2)(A)(ii) (the criteria set forth in Rule 10A-3(b)(1) under the Act, subject to the exemptions provided in Rule 10A-3(c) under the Act). Fourth, a Foreign Private Issuer must comply with Rules 5210(c) and 5255 (Direct Registration Program) unless prohibited from complying by a law or regulation in its home country. Finally, a Foreign Private Issuer that elects to follow home country practice in lieu of a requirement of Rule 5600 shall submit to Nasdaq a written statement from an independent counsel in such Company's home country certifying that the Company's practices are not prohibited by the home country's laws and, in the case of a company prohibited from complying with Rules 5210(c) and 5255, certifying that a law or regulation in the home country prohibits such compliance. In the case of new listings, this certification is required at the time of listing. For existing Companies, the certification is required at the time the Company seeks to adopt its first	While the old rules contain one long IM placed at the end of 4350, the new rules contain the same language, split up into smaller paragraphs, and placed immediately following the corresponding requirements. The ability of an FPI to exempt themselves from going concern disclosure, and Listing Agreement was removed since these rules do not reside in 5600 (these rules did reside in 4350). We also added that FPIs cannot exempt themselves from Voting Rights rule which now resides in 5600 series (but did not reside in 4350). Defined terms capitalized. The term "issuer" was replaced with the defined term "Company." Note that in the new rules, Foreign Private Issuers still cannot exempt themselves from the requirement to disclose a going concern opinion; since this rule is in the 5200 Series, it applies to all listed Companies and is not included in this list. Rule citations updated. Updated reference to Exchange Act Rules to incorporate the defined term "Act" for consistency.

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
	compliant practice. In the interest of transparency, the		noncompliant practice. In the interest of transparency, the	
	rule requires a foreign private issuer to make appropriate		rule requires a Foreign Private Issuer to make appropriate	
	disclosures in the issuer's annual filings with the		disclosures in the Company's annual filings with the	
	Commission (typically Form 20-F or 40-F), and at the		Commission (typically Form 20-F or 40-F), and at the	
	time of the issuer's original listing in the United States, if		time of the Company's original listing in the United	
	that listing is on Nasdaq, in its registration statement		States, if that listing is on Nasdaq, in its registration	
	(typically Form F-1, 20-F, or 40-F); alternatively, the		statement (typically Form F-1, 20-F, or 40-F);	
	issuer may provide these disclosures in English on its		alternatively, the Company may provide these disclosures	
	website. The issuer shall disclose each requirement of		in English on its website. The Company shall disclose	
	Rule 4350 that it does not follow and include a brief		each requirement of Rule 5600 that it does not follow and	
	statement of the home country practice the issuer follows		include a brief statement of the home country practice the	
	in lieu of these corporate governance requirement(s). If		Company follows in lieu of these corporate governance	
	the disclosure is only available on the website, the annual		requirement(s). If the disclosure is only available on the	
	report and registration statement should so state and		website, the annual report and registration statement	
	provide the web address at which the information may be		should so state and provide the web address at which the	
	obtained.		information may be obtained.	

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
IM-4350-6 Applicability - Paragraph 2	2. Management Investment Companies. Management investment companies registered under the Investment Company Act of 1940 are already subject to a pervasive system of federal regulation in certain areas of corporate governance covered by Rule 4350. In light of this, Nasdaq exempts from Rule 4350(c) and (n) management investment companies registered under the Investment Company Act of 1940. Business development companies, which are a type of closed-end management investment company defined in Section 2(a)(48) of the Investment Company Act of 1940 that are not registered under that Act, are required to comply with all of the provisions of Rule 4350.	IM-5615-4	Management Investment Companies Management investment companies registered under the Investment Company Act of 1940 are already subject to a pervasive system of federal regulation in certain areas of corporate governance covered by 5600. In light of this, Nasdaq exempts from Rule 5605(b) and 5610 management investment companies registered under the Investment Company Act of 1940. Business development companies, which are a type of closed-end management investment company defined in Section 2(a)(48) of the Investment Company Act of 1940 that are not registered under that Act, are required to comply with all of the provisions of the Rule 5600 Series.	While the old rules contain one long IM placed at the end of 4350, the new rules contain the same language, split up into smaller paragraphs, and placed immediately following the corresponding requirements. Rule citations updated.

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
IM-4350-6 Applicability - Paragraph 3	3. Asset-backed Issuers and Other Passive Issuers. Because of their unique attributes, Rule 4350(c), (d) and (n) do not apply to asset-backed issuers and issuers, such as unit investment trusts, that are organized as trusts or other unincorporated associations that do not have a board of directors or persons acting in a similar capacity and whose activities are limited to passively owning or holding (as well as administering and distributing amounts in respect of) securities, rights, collateral or other assets on behalf of or for the benefit of the holders of the listed securities. This is consistent with Nasdaq's traditional approach to such issuers.	IM-5615-1	Asset-backed Issuers and Other Passive Issuers Because of their unique attributes, Rules 5605(b), 5605(c), 5605(d), 5605(e) and 5610 do not apply to asset- backed issuers and issuers, such as unit investment trusts, that are organized as trusts or other unincorporated associations that do not have a board of directors or persons acting in a similar capacity and whose activities are limited to passively owning or holding (as well as administering and distributing amounts in respect of) securities, rights, collateral or other assets on behalf of or for the benefit of the holders of the listed securities. This is consistent with Nasdaq's traditional approach to such issuers.	While the old rules contain one long IM placed at the end of 4350, the new rules contain the same language, split up into smaller paragraphs, and placed immediately following the corresponding requirements. Rule citations updated.
IM-4350-6 Applicability - Paragraph 4	4. Cooperatives. Certain member-owned cooperatives that list their preferred stock are required to have their common stock owned by their members. Because of their unique structure and the fact that they do not have a publicly traded class of common stock, such entities are exempt from Rule 4350(c). Again, this is consistent with Nasdaq's traditional approach to such issuers.	IM-5615-2	Cooperatives Cooperatives. Certain member-owned cooperatives that list their preferred stock are required to have their common stock owned by their members. Because of their unique structure and the fact that they do not have a publicly traded class of common stock, such entities are exempt from Rule 5605(b), (c), (d), and (e). Again, this is consistent with Nasdaq's traditional approach to such Companies.	While the old rules contain one long IM placed at the end of 4350, the new rules contain the same language, split up into smaller paragraphs, and placed immediately following the corresponding requirements. Rule citations updated. The term "issuer" was replaced with the defined term "Company."

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
IM-4350-7 Code of Conduct - Paragraph 1	Ethical behavior is required and expected of every corporate director, officer and employee whether or not a formal code of conduct exists. The requirement of a publicly available code of conduct applicable to all directors, officers and employees of an issuer is intended to demonstrate to investors that the board and management of Nasdaq issuers have carefully considered the requirement of ethical dealing and have put in place a system to ensure that they become aware of and take prompt action against any questionable behavior. For company personnel, a code of conduct with enforcement provisions provides assurance that reporting of questionable behavior is protected and encouraged, and fosters an atmosphere of self-awareness and prudent conduct.	IM-5610 Code of Conduct - Paragraph 1	Ethical behavior is required and expected of every corporate director, officer and employee whether or not a formal code of conduct exists. The requirement of a publicly available code of conduct applicable to all directors, officers and employees of a Company is intended to demonstrate to investors that the board and management of Nasdaq Companies have carefully considered the requirement of ethical dealing and have put in place a system to ensure that they become aware of and take prompt action against any questionable behavior. For Company personnel, a code of conduct with enforcement provisions provides assurance that reporting of questionable behavior is protected and encouraged, and fosters an atmosphere of self-awareness and prudent conduct.	The term "issuer" was replaced with the defined term "Company."

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
IM-4350-7 Code of Conduct - Paragraph 2	Rule 4350(n) requires issuers to adopt a code of conduct complying with the definition of a "code of ethics" under Section 406(c) of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 ("the Sarbanes-Oxley Act") and any regulations promulgated thereunder by the Commission. See 17 C.F.R. 228.406 and 17 C.F.R. 229.406. Thus, the code must include such standards as are reasonably necessary to promote the ethical handling of conflicts of interest, full and fair disclosure, and compliance with laws, rules and regulations, as specified by the Sarbanes-Oxley Act. However, the code of conduct required by Rule 4350(n) must apply to all directors, officers, and employees. Issuers can satisfy this obligation by adopting one or more codes of conduct, such that all directors, officers and employees are subject to a code that satisfies the definition of a "code of ethics."	IM-5610 Code of Conduct - Paragraph 2	Rule 5610 requires Companies to adopt a code of conduct complying with the definition of a "code of ethics" under Section 406(c) of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 ("the Sarbanes-Oxley Act") and any regulations promulgated thereunder by the Commission. See 17 C.F.R. 228.406 and 17 C.F.R. 229.406. Thus, the code must include such standards as are reasonably necessary to promote the ethical handling of conflicts of interest, full and fair disclosure, and compliance with laws, rules and regulations, as specified by the Sarbanes-Oxley Act. However, the code of conduct required by Rule 5610 must apply to all directors, officers, and employees. Companies can satisfy this obligation by adopting one or more codes of conduct, such that all directors, officers and employees are subject to a code that satisfies the definition of a "code of ethics."	The term "issuer" was replaced with the defined term "Company." Rule citations updated.

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
IM-4350-7 Code of Conduct - Paragraph 3	As the Sarbanes-Oxley Act recognizes, investors are harmed when the real or perceived private interest of a director, officer or employee is in conflict with the interests of the company, as when the individual receives improper personal benefits as a result of his or her position with the company, or when the individual has other duties, responsibilities or obligations that run counter to his or her duty to the company. Also, the disclosures an issuer makes to the Commission are the essential source of information about the company for regulators and investors — there can be no question about the duty to make them fairly, accurately and timely. Finally, illegal action must be dealt with swiftly and the violators reported to the appropriate authorities. Each code of conduct must require that any waiver of the code for executive officers or directors may be made only by the board and must be disclosed to shareholders, along with the reasons for the waiver. All issuers, other than foreign private issuers, must disclose such waivers in a Form 8-K within four business days. Foreign private issuers must disclose such waivers either in a Form 6-K or in the next Form 20-F or 40-F. This disclosure requirement provides investors the comfort that waivers are not granted except where they are truly necessary and warranted, and that they are limited and qualified so as to protect the company and its shareholders to the greatest extent possible.	IM-5610 Code of Conduct - Paragraph 3	As the Sarbanes-Oxley Act recognizes, investors are harmed when the real or perceived private interest of a director, officer or employee is in conflict with the interests of the Company, as when the individual receives improper personal benefits as a result of his or her position with the Company, or when the individual has other duties, responsibilities or obligations that run counter to his or her duty to the Company. Also, the disclosures a Company makes to the Commission are the essential source of information about the Company for regulators and investors — there can be no question about the duty to make them fairly, accurately and timely. Finally, illegal action must be dealt with swiftly and the violators reported to the appropriate authorities. Each code of conduct must require that any waiver of the code for Executive Officers or directors may be made only by the board and must be disclosed to Shareholders, along with the reasons for the waiver. All Companies, other than Foreign Private Issuers, must disclose such waivers in a Form 8-K within four business days. Foreign Private Issuers must disclose such waivers are not granted except where they are truly necessary and warranted, and that they are limited and qualified so as to protect the Company and its Shareholders to the greatest extent possible.	The term "issuer" was replaced with the defined term "Company." Defined terms capitalized.

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
IM-4350-7 Code of Conduct - Paragraph 4	Each code of conduct must also contain an enforcement mechanism that ensures prompt and consistent enforcement of the code, protection for persons reporting questionable behavior, clear and objective standards for compliance, and a fair process by which to determine violations.	IM-5610 Code of Conduct - Paragraph 4	Each code of conduct must also contain an enforcement mechanism that ensures prompt and consistent enforcement of the code, protection for persons reporting questionable behavior, clear and objective standards for compliance, and a fair process by which to determine violations.	No changes.
IM-4350-8 Shareholder Meetings - Paragraph 1	Rule 4350(e) requires that each issuer listing common stock or voting preferred stock, and their equivalents, hold an annual meeting of shareholders within one year of the end of each fiscal year. At each such meeting, shareholders must be afforded the opportunity to discuss company affairs with management and, if required by the issuer's governing documents, to elect directors. A new listing that was not previously subject to a requirement to hold an annual meeting is required to hold its first meeting within one-year after its first fiscal year-end following listing. Of course, Nasdaq's meeting requirement does not supplant any applicable state or federal securities laws concerning annual meetings.	IM-5620 Meetings of Shareholders or Partners - Paragraph 1	Rule 5620 requires that each Company listing common stock or voting preferred stock, and their equivalents, hold an annual meeting of Shareholders within one year of the end of each fiscal year. At each such meeting, Shareholders must be afforded the opportunity to discuss Company affairs with management and, if required by the Company's governing documents, to elect directors. A new listing that was not previously subject to a requirement to hold an annual meeting is required to hold its first meeting within one-year after its first fiscal year- end following listing. Of course, Nasdaq's meeting requirement does not supplant any applicable state or federal securities laws concerning annual meetings.	The term "issuer" was replaced with the defined term "Company." Rule citations updated. Defined terms capitalized.

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
IM-4350-8 Shareholder Meetings - Paragraph 2	This requirement is not applicable as a result of an issuer listing the following types of securities: securities listed pursuant to Rule 4420(f) (such as Trust Preferred Securities and Contingent Value Rights), unless the listed security is a common stock or voting preferred stock equivalent (e.g., a callable common stock); Portfolio Depository Receipts listed pursuant to Rule 4420(i); Index Fund Shares listed pursuant to Rule 4420(j); and Trust Issued Receipts listed pursuant to Rule 4420(l). Notwithstanding, if the issuer also lists common stock or voting preferred stock, or their equivalent, the issuer must still hold an annual meeting for the holders of that common stock or voting preferred stock, or their equivalent.	IM-5620 Meetings of Shareholders or Partners - Paragraph 2	This requirement is not applicable as a result of a Company listing the following types of securities: securities listed pursuant to Rule 5730(a) (such as Trust Preferred Securities and Contingent Value Rights), unless the listed security is a common stock or voting preferred stock equivalent (e.g., a callable common stock); Portfolio Depository Receipts and Index Fund Shares listed pursuant to Rules 5705(a) and (b); and Trust Issued Receipts listed pursuant to Rule 5720. Notwithstanding, if the Company also lists common stock or voting preferred stock, or their equivalent, the Company must still hold an annual meeting for the holders of that common stock or voting preferred stock, or their equivalent.	The term "issuer" was replaced with the defined term "Company." Rule citations updated.
4351	Voting rights of existing shareholders of publicly traded common stock registered under Section 12 of the Act cannot be disparately reduced or restricted through any corporate action or issuance. Examples of such corporate action or issuance include, but are not limited to, the adoption of time-phased voting plans, the adoption of capped voting rights plans, the issuance of super-voting stock, or the issuance of stock with voting rights less than the per share voting rights of the existing common stock through an exchange offer.	5640	Voting rights of existing Shareholders of publicly traded common stock registered under Section 12 of the Act cannot be disparately reduced or restricted through any corporate action or issuance. Examples of such corporate action or issuance include, but are not limited to, the adoption of time-phased voting plans, the adoption of capped voting rights plans, the issuance of super-voting stock, or the issuance of stock with voting rights less than the per share voting rights of the existing common stock through an exchange offer.	No changes, except that defined terms were capitalized Note that while this rule existed outside 4350, it now is included in the 5600 Series.

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
IM-4351 Voting Rights Policy - Paragraph 1	The following Voting Rights Policy is based upon, but more flexible than, former SEC Rule 19c-4. Accordingly, Nasdaq will permit corporate actions or issuances by Nasdaq issuers that would have been permitted under Rule 19c-4, as well as other actions or issuances that are not inconsistent with this policy. In evaluating such other actions or issuances, Nasdaq will consider, among other things, the economics of such actions or issuances and the voting rights being granted. Nasdaq's interpretations under the policy will be flexible, recognizing that both the capital markets and the circumstances and needs of Nasdaq issuers change over time. The text of the Nasdaq Voting Rights Policy is as follows:	IM-5640 Voting Rights Policy - Paragraph 1	The following Voting Rights Policy is based upon, but more flexible than, former Rule 19c-4 under the Act. Accordingly, Nasdaq will permit corporate actions or issuances by Nasdaq Companies that would have been permitted under former Rule 19c-4, as well as other actions or issuances that are not inconsistent with this policy. In evaluating such other actions or issuances, Nasdaq will consider, among other things, the economics of such actions or issuances and the voting rights being granted. Nasdaq's interpretations under the policy will be flexible, recognizing that both the capital markets and the circumstances and needs of Nasdaq Companies change over time. The text of the Nasdaq Voting Rights Policy is as follows:	The term "issuer" was replaced with the defined term "Company." The word "former" was added in reference to Rule 19c-4. Updated reference to Exchange Act Rules to incorporate the defined term "Act" for consistency.
IM-4351 Voting Rights Policy - Paragraph 2	<i>Issuers with Dual Class Structures</i> The restriction against the issuance of super voting stock is primarily intended to apply to the issuance of a new class of stock, and issuers with existing dual class capital structures would generally be permitted to issue additional shares of the existing super voting stock without conflict with this policy.	IM-5640 Voting Rights Policy - Paragraph 2	Companies with Dual Class Structures The restriction against the issuance of super voting stock is primarily intended to apply to the issuance of a new class of stock, and Companies with existing dual class capital structures would generally be permitted to issue additional shares of the existing super voting stock without conflict with this policy.	The term "issuer" was replaced with the defined term "Company."

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
IM-4351 Voting Rights Policy - Paragraph 3	Consultation with Nasdaq Violation of the Nasdaq Voting Rights Policy could result in the loss of an issuer's Nasdaq or public trading market. The policy can apply to a variety of corporate actions and securities issuances, not just super voting or so-called "time phase" voting common stock. While the policy will continue to permit actions previously permitted under Rule 19c-4, it is extremely important that Nasdaq issuers communicate their intentions to their Nasdaq representatives as early as possible before taking any action or committing to take any action that may be inconsistent with the policy. Nasdaq urges issuers of securities listed on Nasdaq not to assume, without first discussing the matter with the Nasdaq staff, that a particular issuance of common or preferred stock or the taking of some other corporate action will necessarily be consistent with the policy. It is suggested that copies of preliminary proxy or other material concerning matters subject to the policy be furnished to Nasdaq for review prior to formal filing.	IM-5640 Voting Rights Policy - Paragraph 3	Consultation with Nasdaq Violation of the Nasdaq Voting Rights Policy could result in the loss of a Company's Nasdaq or public trading market. The policy can apply to a variety of corporate actions and securities issuances, not just super voting or so-called "time phase" voting common stock. While the policy will continue to permit actions previously permitted under former Rule 19c-4, it is extremely important that Nasdaq Companies communicate their intentions to their Nasdaq representatives as early as possible before taking any action or committing to take any action that may be inconsistent with the policy. Nasdaq urges Companies listed on Nasdaq not to assume, without first discussing the matter with the Nasdaq staff, that a particular issuance of common or preferred stock or the taking of some other corporate action will necessarily be consistent with the policy. It is suggested that copies of preliminary proxy or other material concerning matters subject to the policy be furnished to Nasdaq for review prior to formal filing.	The term "issuer" was replaced with the defined term "Company." The word "former" was added in reference to Rule 19c-4.

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
IM-4351 Voting Rights Policy - Paragraph 4	Review of Past Voting Rights Activities In reviewing an application for initial qualification for listing of a security in Nasdaq, Nasdaq will review the issuer's past corporate actions to determine whether another self-regulatory organization (SRO) has found any of the issuer's actions to have been a violation or evasion of the SRO's voting rights policy. Based on such review, Nasdaq may take any appropriate action, including the denial of the application or the placing of restrictions on such listing. Nasdaq will also review whether an issuer seeking initial listing of a security in Nasdaq has requested a ruling or interpretation from another SRO regarding the application of that SRO's voting rights policy with respect to a proposed transaction. If so, Nasdaq will consider that fact in determining its response to any ruling or interpretation that the issuer may request on the same or similar transaction.	IM-5640 Voting Rights Policy - Paragraph 4	Review of Past Voting Rights Activities In reviewing an application for initial qualification for listing of a security in Nasdaq, Nasdaq will review the Company's past corporate actions to determine whether another self-regulatory organization (SRO) has found any of the Company's actions to have been a violation or evasion of the SRO's voting rights policy. Based on such review, Nasdaq may take any appropriate action, including the denial of the application or the placing of restrictions on such listing. Nasdaq will also review whether a Company seeking initial listing of a security in Nasdaq has requested a ruling or interpretation from another SRO regarding the application of that SRO's voting rights policy with respect to a proposed transaction. If so, Nasdaq will consider that fact in determining its response to any ruling or interpretation that the Company may request on the same or similar transaction.	The term "issuer" was replaced with the defined term "Company."
IM-4351 Voting Rights Policy - Paragraph 5	Non-U.S. Companies Nasdaq will accept any action or issuance relating to the voting rights structure of a non-U.S. issuer that is in compliance with Nasdaq's requirements for domestic companies or that is not prohibited by the issuer's home country law.	IM-5640 Voting Rights Policy - Paragraph 5	Non-U.S. Companies Nasdaq will accept any action or issuance relating to the voting rights structure of a non-U.S. Company that is in compliance with Nasdaq's requirements for domestic Companies or that is not prohibited by the Company's home country law.	The term "issuer" was replaced with the defined term "Company."

### Rule Reference Table

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
4360(a)	Qualitative Listing Requirements for Nasdaq Issuers That Are Limited Partnerships (a) Applicability No provision of this Rule shall be construed to require any foreign issuer that is a partnership to do any act that is contrary to a law, rule or regulation of any public authority exercising jurisdiction over such issuer or that is contrary to generally accepted business practices in the issuer's country of domicile. Nasdaq shall have the ability to provide exemptions from applicability of these provisions as may be necessary or appropriate to carry out this intent.	5615(a)(4)(A)	Limited Partnerships (A) No provision of this Rule shall be construed to require any foreign Company that is a partnership to do any act that is contrary to a law, rule or regulation of any public authority exercising jurisdiction over such Company or that is contrary to generally accepted business practices in the Company's country of domicile. Nasdaq shall have the ability to provide exemptions from applicability of these provisions as may be necessary or appropriate to carry out this intent.	The term "issuer" was replaced with the defined term "Company."
4360(b)(1)	<ul> <li>Each issuer that is a limited partnership shall distribute to limited partners copies of an annual report containing audited financial statements of the limited partnership. The report shall be distributed to limited partners within a reasonable period of time after the end of the limited partnership's fiscal year end and shall be filed with Nasdaq at the time it is distributed to limited partners. A limited partnership may comply with this requirement either:</li> <li>(A) by mailing the report to the limited partners; or</li> <li>(B) by satisfying the requirements for furnishing an annual report contained in Exchange Act Rule 14a-16; or</li> <li>(C) by posting the annual report on or through the limited partnership's website, along with a prominent undertaking in the English language to</li> </ul>	5250(d)(1)	<ul> <li>Distribution of Annual Reports</li> <li>Each Company (including a limited partnership) shall make available to Shareholders an annual report containing audited financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries (which, for example, may be on Form 10-K, 20-F, 40-F or N-CSR) within a reasonable period of time following the filing of the annual report with the Commission. A Company may comply with this requirement either:</li> <li>(A) by mailing the report to Shareholders;</li> <li>(B) by satisfying the requirements for furnishing an annual report contained in Rule 14a-16 under the Act; or</li> <li>(C) by posting the annual report to Shareholders on or through the Company's website (or, in the case of a Company that is an investment company that does not</li> </ul>	The term "issuer" was replaced with the defined term "Company." The word "must" was replaced with "shall." Defined terms capitalized. Note that the new rule combines 4350(b)(1)(A) and 4360(b)(1), which apply to non-limited partnerships and limited partnerships, respectively, but are substantively similar. Updated reference to Exchange Act Rules to incorporate the defined term "Act" for consistency.

\* The new rule text will be operational on April 13, 2009.

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
	provide limited partners, upon request, a hard copy of the partnership's annual report free of charge. A limited partnership that chooses to satisfy this requirement pursuant to this paragraph (C) must, simultaneous with this posting, issue a press release stating that its annual report has been filed with the Commission (or other appropriate regulatory authority). This press release must also state that the annual report is available on the limited partnership's website and include the website address and that limited partners may receive a hard copy free of charge upon request. A limited partnership must provide such hard copies within a reasonable period of time following the request.		maintain its own website, on a website that the Company is allowed to use to satisfy the website posting requirement in Exchange Act Rule 16a-3(k)), along with a prominent undertaking in the English language to provide Shareholders, upon request, a hard copy of the Company's annual report free of charge. A Company that chooses to satisfy this requirement pursuant to this paragraph (C) must, simultaneous with this posting, issue a press release stating that its annual report has been filed with the Commission (or Other Regulatory Authority). This press release shall also state that the annual report is available on the Company's website and include the website address and that Shareholders may receive a hard copy free of charge upon request. A Company must provide such hard copies within a reasonable period of time following the request.	

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
4360(b)(2)(A)	Each issuer that is a limited partnership which is subject to SEC Rule 13a-13 shall make available copies of quarterly reports including statements of operating results to limited partners either prior to or as soon as practicable following the partnership's filing of its Form 10-Q with the Commission. Such reports shall be distributed to limited partners if required by statute or regulation in the state in which the limited partnership is formed or doing business or by the terms of the partnership's limited partnership agreement. If the form of such quarterly report differs from the Form 10-Q, the issuer shall file one copy of the report with Nasdaq in addition to filing its Form 10-Q pursuant to Rule 4310(c)(14). The statement of operations contained in quarterly reports shall disclose, at a minimum, any substantial items of an unusual or nonrecurrent nature and net income before and after estimated federal income taxes or net income and the amount of estimated federal taxes.	5250(d)(3)(B)	Access to Quarterly Reports ***** (B) Each Company that is limited partnership and is subject to Rule 13a-13 under the Act shall make available copies of quarterly reports including statements of operating results to limited partners either prior to or as soon as practicable following the partnership's filing of its Form 10-Q with the Commission. Such reports shall be distributed to limited partners if required by statute or regulation in the state in which the limited partnership is formed or doing business or by the terms of the partnership's limited partnership agreement. If the form of such quarterly report differs from the Form 10-Q, the Company shall file one copy of the report with Nasdaq in addition to filing its Form 10-Q pursuant to Rule 5250(c)(1). The statement of operations contained in quarterly reports shall disclose, at a minimum, any substantial items of an unusual or non-recurrent nature and net income before and after estimated federal income taxes or net income and the amount of estimated federal taxes.	Minor editing changes for plain English. The term "issuer" was replaced with the defined term "Company." Rule citations updated. Note that a similar requirement for non-limited partnerships is found in 5250(d)(3)(A), which excludes a provision addressing any additional state law requirements imposed upon limited partnerships. Updated reference to Exchange Act Rules to incorporate the defined term "Act" for consistency.

### Rule Reference Table

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text <sup>*</sup>	Comments
4360(b)(2)(B)	Each issuer that is a limited partnership which is not subject to SEC Rule 13a-13 and which is required to file with the Commission, or another federal or state regulatory authority, interim reports relating primarily to operations and financial position, shall make available to limited partners reports which reflect the information contained in those interim reports. Such reports shall be distributed to limited partners if required by statue or regulation in the state in which the limited partnership is formed or doing business or by the terms of the partnership's limited partnership agreement. Such reports shall be distributed to limited partners either before or as soon as practicable following filing with the appropriate regulatory authority. If the form of the interim report provided to limited partners differs from that filed with the regulatory authority, the issuer shall file one copy of the report to limited partners with Nasdaq in addition to the report to the regulatory authority that is filed with Nasdaq pursuant to Rule 4310(c)(14).	5250(b)(4)(B)	Access to Interim Reports ***** (B) Each Company that is a limited partnership that is not subject to Rule 13a-13 under the Act and is required to file with the Commission, or Other Regulatory Authority, interim reports relating primarily to operations and financial position, shall make available to limited partners reports which reflect the information contained in those interim reports. Such reports shall be distributed to limited partners if required by statue or regulation in the state in which the limited partnership is formed or doing business or by the terms of the partnership's limited partnership agreement. Such reports shall be distributed to limited partners either before or as soon as practicable following filing with the appropriate regulatory authority. If the form of the interim report provided to limited partners differs from that filed with the regulatory authority, the Company shall file one copy of the report to limited partners with Nasdaq in addition to the report to the regulatory authority that is filed with Nasdaq pursuant to Rule 5250(c)(1).	The term "issuer" was replaced with the defined term "Company." Rule citations updated. Defined terms capitalized. Note that a similar requirement for non-limited partnerships is found in 5250(d)(4)(A), which excludes a provision addressing any additional state law requirements imposed upon limited partnerships. Updated reference to Exchange Act Rules to incorporate the defined term "Act" for consistency.
4360(b)(2)(C)	Each foreign private issuer that is a limited partnership shall publish, in a press release, which would also be submitted on a Form 6-K, an interim balance sheet and income statement as of the end of its second quarter. This information, which must be presented in English but does not have to be reconciled to U.S. GAAP, must be provided not later than six months following the end of the issuer's second quarter. Such information shall be	5250(c)(2)	Foreign Private Issuer Interim Reports Each Foreign Private Issuer shall publish, in a press release and on a Form 6-K, an interim balance sheet and income statement as of the end of its second quarter. This information, which must be presented in English, but does not have to be reconciled to U.S. GAAP, must be provided no later than six months following the end of the Company's second quarter. In the case of a Foreign	Since the rule for Foreign Private Issuers that are limited partnerships is the same as the rule for Foreign Private Issuers that are not limited partnerships, the two rules were combined (4350(b)(4) and 4360(b)(2)(C)). The term "issuer" was replaced with the defined term "Company." Defined

\* The new rule text will be operational on April 13, 2009.

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
	distributed to limited partners if required by statute or regulation in the jurisdiction in which the limited partnership is formed or doing business or by the terms of the partnership's limited partnership agreement.		Private Issuer that is a limited partnership, such information shall be distributed to limited partners if required by statute or regulation in the jurisdiction in which the limited partnership is formed or doing business or by the terms of the partnership's limited partnership agreement.	terms capitalized.
4360(c)	Each issuer that is a limited partnership shall maintain a corporate general partner or co-general partner, which shall have the authority to manage the day-to-day affairs of the partnership. Such corporate general or co-partner shall maintain a sufficient number of independent directors on its board of directors to satisfy the audit committee requirement set forth in Rule 4350(d)(2).	5615(a)(4)(B)	Corporate General Partner Each Company that is a limited partnership shall maintain a corporate general partner or co-general partner, which shall have the authority to manage the day-to-day affairs of the partnership.	This new rule is included in the "Exceptions" portion of 5600 pertaining to Limited Partnerships. The language relating to the audit committee requirement is included in the rule below. The term "issuer" was replaced with the defined term "Company." Rule citations updated.
4360(c)	Each issuer that is a limited partnership shall maintain a corporate general partner or co-general partner, which shall have the authority to manage the day-to-day affairs of the partnership. Such corporate general or co-partner shall maintain a sufficient number of independent directors on its board of directors to satisfy the audit committee requirement set forth in Rule 4350(d)(2).	5615(a)(4)(C)	Independent Directors/Audit Committee The corporate general partner or co-general partner shall maintain a sufficient number of Independent Directors on its board to satisfy the audit committee requirements set forth in Rule 5605(c).	This new rule is included in the "Exceptions" portion of 5600 pertaining to Limited Partnerships. This is the language relating to the audit committee requirement. Rule citation updated. Defined terms capitalized.

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
4360(d)	Audit Committee The corporate general partner or co-general partner of each issuer that is a limited partnership must satisfy the audit committee requirements set forth in Rule 4350(d).	Deleted		The old rule - in 4360 - points to the requirement in 4350. In the new rules, these rules are in the same section, so there is no need for a rule to point to the audit committee requirement.
4360(e)	Partner Meetings An issuer that is a limited partnership shall not be required to hold an annual meeting of limited partners unless required by statute or regulation in the state in which the limited partnership is formed or doing business or by the terms of the partnership's limited partnership agreement.	5615(a)(4)(D)	Partner Meetings A Company that is a limited partnership shall not be required to hold an annual meeting of limited partners unless required by statute or regulation in the state in which the limited partnership is formed or doing business or by the terms of the partnership's limited partnership agreement.	The term "issuer" was replaced with the defined term "Company."
4360(f)	Quorum In the event that a meeting of limited partners is required pursuant to paragraph (e), the quorum for such meeting shall be not less than 33-1/3 percent of the limited partnership interests outstanding.	5615(a)(4)(E)	Quorum In the event that a meeting of limited partners is required pursuant to paragraph (D), the quorum for such meeting shall be not less than 33-1/3 percent of the limited partnership interests outstanding.	Rule citation updated.
4360(g)	Solicitation of Proxies In the event that a meeting of limited partners is required pursuant to paragraph (e), the issuer shall provide all limited partners with proxy or information statements and if a vote is required shall solicit proxies thereon.	5615(a)(4)(F)	Solicitation of Proxies In the event that a meeting of limited partners is required pursuant to paragraph (D), the Company shall provide all limited partners with proxy or information statements and if a vote is required, shall solicit proxies thereon.	Rule citation updated. The term "issuer" was replaced with the defined term "Company."

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
4360(h)	Listing Agreement Each issuer that is a limited partnership shall execute a Listing Agreement in the form designated by Nasdaq.	5205(a)	To apply for listing on Nasdaq, a Company shall execute a Listing Agreement and a Listing Application on the forms designated by Nasdaq providing the information required by Section 12(b) of the Act.	In the new rules, this rule is not included in 5600 - the rough equivalent to the 4350/4360 Series. It is included in the 5200, the general requirements for getting listed and remaining listed. Note that this requirement was combined with the listing application requirement contained in 4310(b), 4320(b), and 4410(a). The term "issuer" was replaced with the defined term "Company."
4360(i)	Conflict of Interest Each issuer which is a limited partnership shall conduct an appropriate review of all related party transactions on an ongoing basis and shall utilize the Audit Committee or a comparable body of the Board of Directors for the review of potential material conflict of interest situations where appropriate.	5615(a)(4)(G)	Review of Related Party Transactions Each Company that is a limited partnership shall conduct an appropriate review of all related party transactions on an ongoing basis and shall utilize the Audit Committee or a comparable body of the Board of Directors for the review of potential material conflict of interest situations where appropriate.	Retitled for clarity. The term "issuer" was replaced with the defined term "Company."

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text <sup>*</sup>	Comments
4360(j)	Each issuer that is a limited partnership must comply with the requirements to be eligible for a Direct Registration Program, as described in Rule 4350(1).	5210(c)	Direct Registration Program All securities initially listing on Nasdaq must be eligible for a Direct Registration Program operated by a clearing agency registered under Section 17A of the Act. This provision does not extend to: (i) additional classes of securities of Companies which already have securities listed on Nasdaq; (ii) Companies which immediately prior to such listing had securities listed on another registered securities exchange in the U.S.; or, (iii) non- equity securities that are book-entry only. A Foreign Private Issuer may follow its home country practice in lieu of this requirement by utilizing the process described in Rule 5615(a)(3).	The old rule - in 4360 - points to the requirement in 4350. In the new rules, this requirement is included in 5200, which covers general requirements for obtaining and keeping a listing on Nasdaq. As such, there is no need for a rule to point to this requirement. Rule citation updated. Updated reference to Exchange Act Rules to incorporate the defined term "Act" for consistency.
4360(k)	Shareholder Approval. Each issuer that is a limited partnership must obtain shareholder approval when a stock option or purchase plan is to be established or materially amended or other equity compensation arrangement made or materially amended, pursuant to which stock may be acquired by officers, directors, employees, or consultants, as would be required under Rule 4350(i)(1)(A) and IM-4350-5.	5615(a)(4)(H)	Shareholder Approval Each Company that is a limited partnership must obtain shareholder approval when a stock option or purchase plan is to be established or materially amended or other equity compensation arrangement made or materially amended, pursuant to which stock may be acquired by officers, directors, employees, or consultants, as would be required under Rule 5635(c) and IM-5635-1.	The term "issuer" was changed to the defined term "Company." Rule citations updated.

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
4360(1)	Auditor Registration. Each issuer that is a limited partnership must be audited by an independent public accountant that is registered as a public accounting firm with the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board, as provided for in Section 102 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 [ 15 U.S.C. 7212].	5615(a)(4)(I)	Auditor Registration Each Company that is a limited partnership must be audited by an independent public accountant that is registered as a public accounting firm with the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board, as provided for in Section 102 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 [15 U.S.C. 7212].	The term "issuer" was changed to the defined term "Company."
4360(m)	Notification of Material Noncompliance. Each issuer that is a limited partnership must provide Nasdaq with prompt notification after an executive officer of the issuer, or a person performing an equivalent role, becomes aware of any material noncompliance by the issuer with the requirements of this Rule 4360.	5615(a)(4)(J)	Notification of Material Noncompliance. Each Company that is a limited partnership must provide Nasdaq with prompt notification after an Executive Officer of the Company, or a person performing an equivalent role, becomes aware of any material noncompliance by the Company with the requirements of this Rule 5600 Series.	The term "issuer" was changed to the defined term "Company." Rule citation updated.

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
4380(a)	Termination Procedure Failure to maintain compliance with the applicable provisions of the Rule 4300, 4400 and 4500 Series will result in the termination of an issue's listing unless an exception is granted as provided in the Rule 4800 Series. Termination shall become effective in accordance with the procedures set forth in the Rule 4800 Series, including IM-4800.	5800 - Introduction	<ul> <li>Securities of a Company that does not meet the listing standards set forth in the Rule 5000 Series are subject to delisting from, or denial of initial listing on the Nasdaq Stock Market. This Section sets forth procedures for the review, suspension, and delisting of Companies that fail to satisfy one or more standards for initial or continued listing, and thus are "deficient" with respect to the listing standards.</li> <li>The Listings Qualifications Department is responsible for identifying deficiencies that may lead to delisting or denial of a listing application; notifying the Company of the deficiency or denial; and issuing Staff Delisting Determinations and Public Reprimand Letters. Rule 5810 contains provisions regarding the Listing Qualifications Department's process for notifying Companies of different types of deficiencies and their corresponding consequences.</li> <li>The Hearings Panel, upon timely request by a Company, will review a Staff Delisting Determination, denial of a listing application, or Public Reprimand Letter at an oral or written hearing, and issue a Decision that may, among other things, grant an "exception" to Nasdaq's listing standards or affirm a delisting. Rule 5815 contains provisions relating to the hearings Panel. Rule 5820 contains provisions relating to the hearings Panel. Rule 5820 contains provisions relating to the Listing Council appeal by a Company or on its own initiative, may review the Decisions of the Hearings Panel. Rule 5820 contains provisions relating to the Listing Council appeal process.</li> </ul>	The concepts set forth in the old rule are incorporated into the introductory language of 5800, specifically the first and last paragraphs. Rule 5800 is an introductory paragraph, setting forth the process of suspending and delisting Companies that fail to meet one or more listing standards. Updated cross references. Defined terms capitalized.

### Rule Reference Table

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
			<ul> <li>discretion to call for review a Listing Council Decision.</li> <li>Rule 5825 contains provisions related to that process.</li> <li>Procedures related to SEC notification of Nasdaq's final</li> <li>Delisting Determinations are discussed in Rule 5830.</li> <li>Rules applicable to Adjudicators and Advisors are</li> <li>provided in Rule 5835 and general information relating to</li> <li>the adjudicatory process is provided in Rule 5840.</li> <li>A Company's failure to maintain compliance with the</li> <li>applicable provisions of the Rule 5000 Series will result</li> <li>in the termination of the listing unless an exception is</li> <li>granted to the Company, as described below. The</li> <li>termination of the Company's listing will become</li> <li>effective in accordance with the procedures set forth</li> <li>herein, including Rule 5830.</li> </ul>	
4380(b)(1-2)	<ul> <li>(1) An issuer may voluntarily terminate its listing upon compliance with all requirements of Rule 12d2-2(c) under the Exchange Act. In part, Rule 12d2-2(c) requires that the issuer may delist by filing an application on Form 25 with the Commission, provided that the issuer: (i) complies with all applicable laws in effect in the state in which it is incorporated and with the applicable Nasdaq Rules; (ii) provides notice to Nasdaq no fewer than 10 days before the issuer files the Form 25 with the Commission, including a statement of the material facts relating to the reasons for delisting; and (iii) contemporaneous with providing notice to Nasdaq, publishes notice of its intent to delist, along with its reasons therefore, via a press release and on its web site, it if has one. Any notice provided on the issuer's web site pursuant to Rule 12d2-2(c) must remain available until</li> </ul>	5840(j)	Voluntary Delisting (1) A Company may voluntarily terminate its listing upon compliance with all requirements of Rule 12d2-2(c) under the Act. In part, Rule 12d2-2(c) requires that the Company may delist by filing an application on Form 25 with the Commission, provided that the Company: (i) complies with all applicable laws in effect in the state in which it is incorporated and with the applicable Nasdaq Rules; (ii) provides notice to Nasdaq no fewer than 10 days before the Company files the Form 25 with the Commission, including a statement of the material facts relating to the reasons for delisting; and (iii) contemporaneous with providing notice to Nasdaq, publishes notice of its intent to delist, along with its reasons therefore, via a press release and on its web site, it if has one. Any notice provided on the Company's web	The term "issuer" was replaced with the defined term "Company." Rule citations updated. Updated references to Exchange Act Rules to incorporate the defined term "Act" for consistency.

\* The new rule text will be operational on April 13, 2009.

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	the delisting has become effective. The issuer must also provide a copy of the Form 25 to Nasdaq simultaneously with its filing with the Commission. Nasdaq will provide notice on its web site of the issuer's intent to delist as required by Rule 12d2-2(c)(3). (2) An issuer that seeks to voluntarily delist a class of securities pursuant to Rule 4380(b)(1) that has received notice from Nasdaq, pursuant to the Rule 4800 Series or otherwise, that it fails to comply with one or more requirements for continued listing, or that is aware that it is below such continued listing requirements notwithstanding that it has not received such notice from Nasdaq, must disclose this fact (including the specific continued listing requirement that it is below) in: (i) its statement of all material facts relating to the reasons for withdrawal from listing provided to Nasdaq along with written notice of its determination to withdraw from listing required by Rule 12d2-2(c)(2)(ii) under the Exchange Act; and (ii) its press release and web site notice required by Rule 12d2-2(c)(2)(iii) under the Exchange Act.		site pursuant to Rule 12d2-2(c) must remain available until the delisting has become effective. The Company must also provide a copy of the Form 25 to Nasdaq simultaneously with its filing with the Commission. Nasdaq will provide notice on its web site of the Company's intent to delist as required by Rule 12d2- 2(c)(3). (2) A Company that seeks to voluntarily delist a class of securities pursuant to Rule 5840(j)(1) that has received notice from Nasdaq, pursuant to the Rule 5800 Series or otherwise, that it fails to comply with one or more requirements for continued listing, or that is aware that it is below such continued listing requirements notwithstanding that it has not received such notice from Nasdaq, must disclose this fact (including the specific continued listing requirement that it is below) in: (i) its statement of all material facts relating to the reasons for withdrawal from listing provided to Nasdaq along with written notice of its determination to withdraw from listing required by Rule 12d2-2(c)(2)(ii) under the Act; and (ii) its press release and web site notice required by Rule 12d2-2(c)(2)(iii) under the Act.	
4390	Issuer Designation Requirements Pursuant to SEC Rule 600, those securities for which transaction reporting is required by an effective transaction reporting plan are designated as national market system securities. A transaction reporting plan has been filed with the Commission covering securities listed on Nasdaq.	5220 Dually- Listed Securities	Issuer Designation Requirements Pursuant to Rule 600 of Regulation NMS under the Act, those securities for which transaction reporting is required by an effective transaction reporting plan are designated as national market system securities. A transaction reporting plan has been filed with the Commission covering securities listed on Nasdaq.	Updated reference to Exchange Act Rules to incorporate the defined term "Act" for consistency.

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
IM-4390 Impact of Non- Designation of Dually Listed Securities	To foster competition among markets and further the development of the national market system following the repeal of NYSE Rule 500, Nasdaq shall permit issuers whose securities are listed on the New York Stock Exchange to apply also to list those securities on the Nasdaq Global Market ("NGM"). Nasdaq shall make an independent determination of whether such issuers satisfy all applicable listing requirements and shall require issuers to enter into a dual listing agreement with Nasdaq. While Nasdaq shall certify such dually listed securities for listing on the NGM, Nasdaq shall not exercise its authority under Rule 4390 separately to designate or register such dually listed securities as Nasdaq national market system securities within the meaning of Section 11A of the Act or the rules thereunder. As a result, these securities, which are already designated as national market system securities under the Consolidated Quotation Service ("CQS") and Consolidated Tape Association national market system plans ("CQ and CTA Plans"), shall remain subject to those plans and shall not become subject to the Nasdaq UTP Plan, the national market system plan governing securities designated by Nasdaq. For purposes of the national market system, such securities shall continue to trade under their current one, two, or three-character ticker symbol. Nasdaq shall continue to send all quotations and transaction reports in such securities to the processor for the CTA Plan. Through this interpretation, Nasdaq also resolves any potential conflicts that arise under Nasdaq rules as a result of a single security being both a security subject to	IM-5220 Impact of Non- Designation of Dually Listed Securities	To foster competition among markets and further the development of the national market system following the repeal of NYSE Rule 500, Nasdaq shall permit Companies whose securities are listed on the New York Stock Exchange to apply also to list those securities on The Nasdaq Global Market. Nasdaq shall make an independent determination of whether such Companies satisfy all applicable listing requirements and shall require Companies to enter into a dual listing agreement with Nasdaq. While Nasdaq shall certify such dually listed securities for listing on the NGM, Nasdaq shall not exercise its authority under Rule 5220 separately to designate or register such dually listed securities as Nasdaq national market system securities within the meaning of Section 11A of the Act or the rules thereunder. As a result, these securities, which are already designated as national market system securities under the Consolidated Quotation Service ("CQS") and Consolidated Tape Association national market system plans ("CQ and CTA Plans"), shall remain subject to those plans and shall not become subject to the Nasdaq UTP Plan, the national market system plan governing securities designated by Nasdaq. For purposes of the national market system, such securities shall continue to trade under their current one, two, or three-character ticker symbol. Nasdaq shall continue to send all quotations and transaction reports in such securities to the processor for the CTA Plan. Through this interpretation, Nasdaq also resolves any potential conflicts that arise under Nasdaq rules as a	The term "issuer" was replaced with the defined term "Company." Rule citations updated.

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
	the CQ and CTA Plans (a "CQS security"), which is subject to one set of rules, and a listed NGM security, which is subject to a different set of rules. Specifically, dually listed securities shall be Nasdaq securities for purposes of rules related to listing and delisting, and shall remain as CQS securities under all other Nasdaq rules. Treating dually listed securities as CQS securities under Nasdaq rules is consistent with their continuing status as CQS securities under the CTA and CQ national market system plans, as described above. This interpretation also preserves the status quo and avoids creating potential confusion for investors and market participants that currently trade these securities on Nasdaq. For example, Nasdaq shall continue to honor the trade halt authority of the primary market under the CQ and CT Plans. Nasdaq Rule 4120(a)(2) and (3) governing CQS securities shall apply to dually listed securities, whereas Nasdaq Rule 4120(a)(1), (4), (5), (6), and (7) shall not. The fees applicable to CQS securities set forth in Nasdaq Rule 7000 Series shall continue to apply to dually listed issues.		result of a single security being both a security subject to the CQ and CTA Plans (a "CQS security"), which is subject to one set of rules, and a listed NGM security, which is subject to a different set of rules. Specifically, dually listed securities shall be Nasdaq securities for purposes of rules related to listing and delisting, and shall remain as CQS securities under all other Nasdaq rules. Treating dually listed securities as CQS securities under Nasdaq rules is consistent with their continuing status as CQS securities under the CTA and CQ national market system plans, as described above. This interpretation also preserves the status quo and avoids creating potential confusion for investors and market participants that currently trade these securities on Nasdaq. For example, Nasdaq shall continue to honor the trade halt authority of the primary market under the CQ and CT Plans. Nasdaq Rule 4120(a)(2) and (3) governing CQS securities shall apply to dually listed securities, whereas Nasdaq Rule 4120(a)(1), (4), (5), (6), and (7) shall not. The fees applicable to CQS securities set forth in Nasdaq Rule 7000 Series shall continue to apply to dually listed issues.	

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
4410(a) emphasis added	Applications for Listing (a) <i>Application for listing on the Nasdaq Global Market</i> <i>shall be on a form supplied by Nasdaq and signed by a</i> <i>corporate officer of the issuer</i> . Compliance with the listing criteria will be determined on the basis of information filed with the appropriate regulatory authority and the records of Nasdaq as of the application date. Nasdaq may require the issuer to submit such other information as is relevant to a listing determination.	5205(a)	To apply for listing on Nasdaq, a Company shall execute a Listing Agreement and a Listing Application on the forms designated by Nasdaq providing the information required by Section 12(b) of the Act.	The italicized portion of the old rule is conveyed in the new rule. The old rule was split into three new rules for clarity. This rule pertains to the listing agreement. Note that the new rule applies to all listing tiers on Nasdaq.
4410(a) emphasis added	Applications for Listing (a) Application for listing on the Nasdaq Global Market shall be on a form supplied by Nasdaq and signed by a corporate officer of the issuer. <i>Compliance with the</i> <i>listing criteria will be determined on the basis of</i> <i>information filed with the appropriate regulatory</i> <i>authority and the records of Nasdaq as of the application</i> <i>date.</i> Nasdaq may require the issuer to submit such other information as is relevant to a listing determination.	5205(b)	A Company's compliance with the initial listing criteria will be determined on the basis of information filed with the Commission or appropriate regulatory authority and information provided to Nasdaq.	The italicized portion of the old rule is conveyed in the new rule. The old rule was split into three new rules for clarity. This rule pertains to determining compliance with the rules. Note that Companies applying for listing must meet the initial inclusion criteria at the time of listing, and throughout the application process.

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
4410(a) emphasis added	Applications for Listing (a) Application for listing on the Nasdaq Global Market shall be on a form supplied by Nasdaq and signed by a corporate officer of the issuer. Compliance with the listing criteria will be determined on the basis of information filed with the appropriate regulatory authority and the records of Nasdaq as of the application date. <i>Nasdaq may require the issuer to submit such other</i> <i>information as is relevant to a listing determination</i> .	5205(e) emphasis added	Nasdaq may request any information or documentation, public or non-public, deemed necessary to make a determination regarding a security's initial listing, including, but not limited to, any material provided to or received from the Commission or Other Regulatory Authority. A Company's security may be denied listing if the Company fails to provide such information within a reasonable period of time or if any communication to Nasdaq contains a material misrepresentation or omits material information necessary to make the communication to Nasdaq not misleading.	The italicized portion of the old rule is conveyed in the italicized portion of the new rule. The old rule was split into three new rules for clarity. This rule pertains to Nasdaq soliciting additional information to make an initial listing determination. Note that the new rule is based on the old 4330, which contains a provision substantially similar to that contained in 4410(a).
4410(b)	Applications for Listing ***** (b) Upon approval of a listing application, Nasdaq shall certify to the Commission, pursuant to Section 12(d) of the Act and the rules thereunder, that it has approved the security for listing and registration. Listing can commence only upon effectiveness of the security's registration pursuant to Section 12(d).	5210(f)	Nasdaq Certification Upon approval of a listing application, Nasdaq shall certify to the Commission, pursuant to Section 12(d) of the Act and the rules thereunder, that it has approved the security for listing and registration. Listing can commence only upon effectiveness of the security's registration pursuant to Section 12(d).	Added title for clarity.
4410(c)	Applications for Listing ***** (c) The security of an issuer that applies for listing on the Nasdaq Global Market and meets the requirements contained in Rules 4425 through 4427, shall be listed on the Nasdaq Global Select Market.	5305(a)	A Company that applies for listing its securities on the Nasdaq Global Market and meets the requirements for initial listing contained in Rule 5315 shall be listed on the Nasdaq Global Select Market.	The term "issuer" was replaced with the defined term "Company." Rule citations updated.

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
4410(d)	Applications for Listing ***** (d) Issuers that are listed on Nasdaq pursuant to the Rule 4300 Series but that are not listed on the Nasdaq Global Market are listed on the Nasdaq Capital Market.	5400 emphasis added	<ul> <li>This section contains the initial and continued listing requirements and standards for listing a Company's Primary Equity Security on The Nasdaq Global Market. This section also contains the initial and continued listing requirements for Rights and Warrants, and Preferred and Secondary Classes of Common Stock on the Global Market.</li> <li>In addition to meeting the quantitative requirements in this section, a Company must meet the requirements of Rule 5100, the disclosure obligations set forth in Rule 5200, the Corporate Governance requirements set forth in Rule 5600, and pay any applicable fees in Rule 5900. A Company's failure to meet any of the continued listing requirements will be processed in accordance with the provisions set forth in the Rule 5800 Series.</li> <li><i>Companies that meet the requirements of the 5500 series, but are not listed on the Nasdaq Global Market</i>.</li> <li>For the requirements relating to other securities listed on the Global Market, see Rule 5700.</li> </ul>	The old rule text relates to the italicized text in the new rule. The new rule adds introductory language. The term "issuer" was replaced with the defined term "Company." Rule citations updated. Defined terms capitalized.

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text <sup>*</sup>	Comments
4420	Quantitative Listing Criteria In order to be listed on the Nasdaq Global Market, an issuer shall be required to meet the criteria set forth in paragraphs (a), (b), (c), (d), (e), (f), (g), (h), (i), (j), (k), (l), (m), (n) or (o) below.	5400 The Nasdaq Global Market	<ul> <li>This section contains the initial and continued listing requirements and standards for listing a Company's</li> <li>Primary Equity Security on The Nasdaq Global Market.</li> <li>This section also contains the initial and continued listing requirements for Rights and Warrants, and Preferred and Secondary Classes of Common Stock on the Global Market.</li> <li>In addition to meeting the quantitative requirements in this section, a Company must meet the requirements of Rule 5100, the disclosure obligations set forth in Rule 5200, the Corporate Governance requirements set forth in Rule 5600, and pay any applicable fees in Rule 5900. A Company's failure to meet any of the continued listing requirements will be processed in accordance with the provisions set forth in the Rule 5800 Series.</li> <li>For the requirements relating to other securities listed on the Global Market, see Rule 5700.</li> </ul>	The old rule spells out each rule citation that a security must meet to list on the Global Market. In the new rules, similar language is contained in the introduction to 5400, the Global Market Section. Also, the language pertaining to Other Securities is included in the introduction to 5700. Defined terms capitalized. The term "issuer" was replaced with the defined term "Company."
4420	Quantitative Listing Criteria In order to be listed on the Nasdaq Global Market, an issuer shall be required to meet the criteria set forth in paragraphs (a), (b), (c), (d), (e), (f), (g), (h), (i), (j), (k), (l), (m), (n) or (o) below.	5700 Other Securities	This section contains the requirements for listing other securities on The Nasdaq Global Market. In the event that a Company's Primary Security is listed on the Nasdaq Global Select Market, the other securities may be listed on the Nasdaq Global Select Market.	This is language included in the introduction to 5700. Rule citations updated.

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
4420(a)	Quantitative Listing Criteria Entry Standard 1 — First Class of Common Stock, Shares or Certificates of Beneficial Interest of Trusts, Limited Partnership Interests in Foreign or Domestic Issues and American Depositary Receipts	5405	A Company applying to list its Primary Equity Security on the Global Market shall meet all of the requirements set forth in Rule 5405(a) and at least one of the Standards in Rule 5405(b).	The new rules include the same requirements but have a different structure. This introduction reflects the new structure. The definition for Primary Equity Security contains all the securities spelled out in the old rule, so it eliminates a lot of repetitive language from the new rules. Defined terms capitalized.
4420(a)(1)	The issuer of the security had annual income from continuing operations before income taxes of at least \$1,000,000 in the most recently completed fiscal year or in two of the last three most recently completed fiscal years.	5405(b)(1)(A)	Income Standard (A) Annual income from continuing operations before income taxes of at least \$1,000,000 in the most recently completed fiscal year or in two of the three most recently completed fiscal years;	The new rules include the same requirements but have a different structure. This rule relates to the listing of Primary Equity Securities on The NGM, and is included in the Income Standard, which is one of the alternative Standards that a Company can meet for initial listing of Primary Equity Securities. The definition for Primary Equity Security contains all the securities spelled out in the old rule, so it eliminates a lot of repetitive language from the new rules.

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text <sup>*</sup>	Comments
4420(a)(2)	Entry Standard 1 — First Class of Common Stock, Shares or Certificates of Beneficial Interest of Trusts, Limited Partnership Interests in Foreign or Domestic Issues and American Depositary Receipts ***** (2) There are at least 1,100,000 publicly held shares.	5405(a)(2)	Initial Listing Requirements for Primary Equity Securities: ***** (2) At least 1,100,000 Publicly Held Shares; and	The new rules include the same requirements but have a different structure. This rule is included as a requirement, which all Companies must meet for initial listing of Primary Equity Securities. The definition for Primary Equity Security contains all the securities spelled out in the old rule, so it eliminates a lot of repetitive language from the new rules. Defined terms capitalized.
4420(a)(3)	Entry Standard 1 — First Class of Common Stock, Shares or Certificates of Beneficial Interest of Trusts, Limited Partnership Interests in Foreign or Domestic Issues and American Depositary Receipts ***** (3) The market value of publicly held shares is at least \$8 million.	5405(b)(1)(C)	Income Standard ***** (C) Market Value of Publicly Held Shares of at least \$8 million; and	The new rules include the same requirements but have a different structure. This rule is included in the Income Standard, which is one of the alternative Standards that a Company can meet for initial listing of Primary Equity Securities. The definition for Primary Equity Security contains all the securities spelled out in the old rule, so it eliminates a lot of repetitive language from the new rules. Defined terms capitalized.

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
4420(a)(4)	Entry Standard 1 — First Class of Common Stock, Shares or Certificates of Beneficial Interest of Trusts, Limited Partnership Interests in Foreign or Domestic Issues and American Depositary Receipts ***** (4) The bid price per share is \$4 or more.	5405(a)(1)	Initial Listing Requirements for Primary Equity Securities: (1) Minimum bid price of at least \$4 per share;	The new rules include the same requirements but have a different structure. This rule is included as a requirement, which all Companies must meet for initial listing of Primary Equity Securities. The definition for Primary Equity Security contains all the securities spelled out in the old rule, so it eliminates a lot of repetitive language from the new rules. Defined terms capitalized.
4420(a)(5)	Entry Standard 1 — First Class of Common Stock, Shares or Certificates of Beneficial Interest of Trusts, Limited Partnership Interests in Foreign or Domestic Issues and American Depositary Receipts ***** (5) The issuer of the security has stockholders' equity of at least \$15 million.	5405(b)(1)(B)	Income Standard **** (B) Stockholders' equity of at least \$15 million;	The new rules include the same requirements but have a different structure. This rule is included in the Income Standard, which is one of the alternative Standards that a Company can meet for initial listing of Primary Equity Securities. The definition for Primary Equity Security contains all the securities spelled out in the old rule, so it eliminates a lot of repetitive language from the new rules.

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
4420(a)(6)	Entry Standard 1 — First Class of Common Stock, Shares or Certificates of Beneficial Interest of Trusts, Limited Partnership Interests in Foreign or Domestic Issues and American Depositary Receipts ***** (6) The issuer has a minimum of 400 round lot shareholders.	5405(a)(3)	Initial Listing Requirements for Primary Equity Securities: ***** (3) At least 400 Round Lot Holders.	The new rules include the same requirements but have a different structure. This rule is included as a requirement, which all Companies must meet for initial listing of Primary Equity Securities. The definition for Primary Equity Security contains all the securities spelled out in the old rule, so it eliminates a lot of repetitive language from the new rules. Defined terms capitalized.
4420(a)(7)	Entry Standard 1 — First Class of Common Stock, Shares or Certificates of Beneficial Interest of Trusts, Limited Partnership Interests in Foreign or Domestic Issues and American Depositary Receipts ***** (7) There are at least three registered and active market makers with respect to the security.	5405(b)(1)(D)	Income Standard **** (D) At least three registered and active Market Makers.	The new rules include the same requirements but have a different structure. This rule is included in the Income Standard, which is one of the alternative Standards that a Company can meet for initial listing of Primary Equity Securities. The definition for Primary Equity Security contains all the securities spelled out in the old rule, so it eliminates a lot of repetitive language from the new rules.

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text <sup>*</sup>	Comments
4420(b)(1)	Entry Standard 2 — First Class of Common Stock, Shares or Certificates of Beneficial Interest of Trusts, Limited Partnership Interests in Foreign or Domestic Issues and American Depositary Receipts (1) The issuer of the security has stockholders' equity of at least \$30 million.	5405(b)(2)(A)	Equity Standard (A) Stockholders' equity of at least \$30 million;	The new rules include the same requirements but have a different structure. This rule is included in the Equity Standard, which is one of the alternative Standards that a Company can meet for initial listing of Primary Equity Securities. The definition for Primary Equity Security contains all the securities spelled out in the old rule, so it eliminates a lot of repetitive language from the new rules.
4420(b)(2)	Entry Standard 2 — First Class of Common Stock, Shares or Certificates of Beneficial Interest of Trusts, Limited Partnership Interests in Foreign or Domestic Issues and American Depositary Receipts ***** (2) There are at least 1,100,000 publicly held shares.	5405(a)(2)	Initial Listing Requirements for Primary Equity Securities: ***** (2) At least 1,100,000 Publicly Held Shares; and	The new rules include the same requirements but have a different structure. This rule is included as a requirement, which all Companies must meet for initial listing of Primary Equity Securities. The definition for Primary Equity Security contains all the securities spelled out in the old rule, so it eliminates a lot of repetitive language from the new rules. Defined terms capitalized.

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
4420(b)(3)	Entry Standard 2 — First Class of Common Stock, Shares or Certificates of Beneficial Interest of Trusts, Limited Partnership Interests in Foreign or Domestic Issues and American Depositary Receipts **** (3) The market value of publicly held shares is at least \$18 million.	5405(b)(2)(C)	Equity Standard **** (C) Market Value of Publicly Held Shares of at least \$18 million; and	The new rules include the same requirements but have a different structure. This rule is included in the Equity Standard, which is one of the alternative Standards that a Company can meet for initial listing of Primary Equity Securities. The definition for Primary Equity Security contains all the securities spelled out in the old rule, so it eliminates a lot of repetitive language from the new rules. Defined terms capitalized.
4420(b)(4)	Entry Standard 2 — First Class of Common Stock, Shares or Certificates of Beneficial Interest of Trusts, Limited Partnership Interests in Foreign or Domestic Issues and American Depositary Receipts **** (4) The bid price per share is \$4 or more.	5405(a)(1)	Initial Listing Requirements for Primary Equity Securities: (1) Minimum bid price of at least \$4 per share;	The new rules include the same requirements but have a different structure. This rule is included as a requirement, which all Companies must meet for initial listing of Primary Equity Securities. The definition for Primary Equity Security contains all the securities spelled out in the old rule, so it eliminates a lot of repetitive language from the new rules. Defined terms capitalized.

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
4420(b)(5)	Entry Standard 2 — First Class of Common Stock, Shares or Certificates of Beneficial Interest of Trusts, Limited Partnership Interests in Foreign or Domestic Issues and American Depositary Receipts ***** (5) There are at least three registered and active market makers with respect to the security.	5405(b)(2)(D)	Equity Standard **** (D) At least three registered and active Market Makers.	The new rules include the same requirements but have a different structure. This rule is included in the Equity Standard, which is one of the alternative Standards that a Company can meet for initial listing of Primary Equity Securities. The definition for Primary Equity Security contains all the securities spelled out in the old rule, so it eliminates a lot of repetitive language from the new rules.
4420(b)(6)	Entry Standard 2 — First Class of Common Stock, Shares or Certificates of Beneficial Interest of Trusts, Limited Partnership Interests in Foreign or Domestic Issues and American Depositary Receipts ***** (6) The issuer has a two-year operating history.	5405(b)(2)(B)	Equity Standard **** (B) Two-year operating history;	The new rules include the same requirements but have a different structure. This rule is included in the Equity Standard, which is one of the alternative Standards that a Company can meet for initial listing of Primary Equity Securities. The definition for Primary Equity Security contains all the securities spelled out in the old rule, so it eliminates a lot of repetitive language from the new rules.

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
4420(b)(7)	Entry Standard 2 — First Class of Common Stock, Shares or Certificates of Beneficial Interest of Trusts, Limited Partnership Interests in Foreign or Domestic Issues and American Depositary Receipts ***** (7) The issuer has a minimum of 400 round lot shareholders.	5405(a)(3)	Initial Listing Requirements for Primary Equity Securities: **** (3) At least 400 Round Lot Holders.	The new rules include the same requirements but have a different structure. This rule is included as a requirement, which all Companies must meet for initial listing of Primary Equity Securities. The definition for Primary Equity Security contains all the securities spelled out in the old rule, so it eliminates a lot of repetitive language from the new rules. Defined terms capitalized.
4420(c)	Entry Standard 3 — First Class of Common Stock, Shares or Certificates of Beneficial Interest of Trusts, Limited Partnership Interests in Foreign or Domestic Issues and American Depositary Receipts An issuer listed under this paragraph does not also need to be in compliance with the quantitative criteria for initial listing in the Rule 4300 series.	5405(b)(3)	Market Value Standard A Company listed under this paragraph does not also need to be in compliance with the quantitative criteria for initial listing in the Rule 5500 series.	The term "issuer" was replaced with the defined term "Company." Rule citation updated. Entry Standard 3 in the old rules was bifurcated into two standards in the new rules: one standard requiring \$75 million in Market Value of Listed Securities (in 5405(b)(3)), the other requiring \$75 million in total assets and \$75 million in total revenues (in 5405(b)(4)).

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
4420(c)	Entry Standard 3 — First Class of Common Stock, Shares or Certificates of Beneficial Interest of Trusts, Limited Partnership Interests in Foreign or Domestic Issues and American Depositary Receipts An issuer listed under this paragraph does not also need to be in compliance with the quantitative criteria for initial listing in the Rule 4300 series.	5405(b)(4)	Total Assets/Total Revenue Standard A Company listed under this paragraph does not also need to be in compliance with the quantitative criteria for initial listing in the Rule 5500 series.	The term "issuer" was replaced with the defined term "Company." Rule citation updated. Entry Standard 3 in the old rules was bifurcated into two standards in the new rules: one standard requiring \$75 million in Market Value of Listed Securities (in 5405(b)(3)), the other requiring \$75 million in total assets and \$75 million in total revenues (in 5405(b)(4)).
4420(c)(1)	Entry Standard 3 — First Class of Common Stock, Shares or Certificates of Beneficial Interest of Trusts, Limited Partnership Interests in Foreign or Domestic Issues and American Depositary Receipts An issuer listed under this paragraph does not also need to be in compliance with the quantitative criteria for initial listing in the Rule 4300 series. (1) There are at least 1,100,000 publicly held shares.	5405(a)(2)	Initial Listing Requirements for Primary Equity Securities: * * * * * (2) At least 1,100,000 Publicly Held Shares; and	The new rules include the same requirements but have a different structure. This rule is included as a requirement, which all Companies must meet for initial listing of Primary Equity Securities. The definition for Primary Equity Security contains all the securities spelled out in the old rule, so it eliminates a lot of repetitive language from the new rules. Defined terms capitalized.

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
4420(c)(2)	Entry Standard 3 — First Class of Common Stock, Shares or Certificates of Beneficial Interest of Trusts, Limited Partnership Interests in Foreign or Domestic Issues and American Depositary Receipts ***** (2) The market value of publicly held shares is at least \$20 million.	5405(b)(3)(B)	Market Value Standard ***** (B) Market Value of Publicly Held Shares of at least \$20 million; and	The new rules include the same requirements but have a different structure. This rule is included in the Market Value Standard, which is one of the alternative Standards that a Company can meet for initial listing of Primary Equity Securities. The definition for Primary Equity Security contains all the securities spelled out in the old rule, so it eliminates repetitive language from the new rules. Defined terms capitalized.
4420(c)(2)	<ul> <li>Entry Standard 3 — First Class of Common Stock, Shares or Certificates of Beneficial Interest of Trusts, Limited Partnership Interests in Foreign or Domestic Issues and American Depositary Receipts *****</li> <li>(2) The market value of publicly held shares is at least \$20 million.</li> </ul>	5405(b)(4)(B)	Total Assets/Total Revenue Standard **** (B) Market Value of Publicly Held Shares of at least \$20 million; and	The new rules include the same requirements but have a different structure. This rule is included in the Total Assets/Total Revenue Standard, which is one of the alternative Standards that a Company can meet for initial listing of Primary Equity Securities. This Standard was derived from the old rules, but new created as a Standard for clarity. The definition for Primary Equity Security contains all the securities spelled out in the old rule, so it eliminates repetitive language from the new rules. Defined terms capitalized.

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
4420(c)(3)	Entry Standard 3 — First Class of Common Stock, Shares or Certificates of Beneficial Interest of Trusts, Limited Partnership Interests in Foreign or Domestic Issues and American Depositary Receipts ***** (3) The bid price per share is \$4 or more.	5405(a)(1)	Initial Listing Requirements for Primary Equity Securities: (1) Minimum bid price of at least \$4 per share;	The new rules include the same requirements but have a different structure. This rule is included as a requirement, which all Companies must meet for initial listing of Primary Equity Securities. The definition for Primary Equity Security contains all the securities spelled out in the old rule, so it eliminates a lot of repetitive language from the new rules. Defined terms capitalized.
4420(c)(4)	Entry Standard 3 — First Class of Common Stock, Shares or Certificates of Beneficial Interest of Trusts, Limited Partnership Interests in Foreign or Domestic Issues and American Depositary Receipts ***** (4) There are at least four registered and active market makers with respect to the security.	5405(b)(3)(C)	Market Value Standard **** (C) At least four registered and active Market Makers.	The new rules include the same requirements but have a different structure. This rule is included in the Market Value Standard, which is one of the alternative Standards that a Company can meet for initial listing of Primary Equity Securities. The definition for Primary Equity Security contains all the securities spelled out in the old rule, so it eliminates a lot of repetitive language from the new rules.

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
4420(c)(4)	Entry Standard 3 — First Class of Common Stock, Shares or Certificates of Beneficial Interest of Trusts, Limited Partnership Interests in Foreign or Domestic Issues and American Depositary Receipts ***** (4) There are at least four registered and active market makers with respect to the security.	5405(b)(4)(C)	Total Assets/Total Revenue Standard **** (C) At least four registered and active Market Makers.	The new rules include the same requirements but have a different structure. This rule is included in the Total Assets/Total Revenue Standard, which is one of the alternative Standards that a Company can meet for initial listing of Primary Equity Securities. This Standard was derived from the old rules, but new created as a Standard for clarity. The definition for Primary Equity Security contains all the securities spelled out in the old rule, so it eliminates a lot of repetitive language from the new rules.
4420(c)(5)	Entry Standard 3 — First Class of Common Stock, Shares or Certificates of Beneficial Interest of Trusts, Limited Partnership Interests in Foreign or Domestic Issues and American Depositary Receipts ***** (5) The issuer has a minimum of 400 round lot shareholders.	5405(a)(3)	Initial Listing Requirements for Primary Equity Securities: **** (3) At least 400 Round Lot Holders.	The new rules include the same requirements but have a different structure. This rule is included as a requirement, which all Companies must meet for initial listing of Primary Equity Securities. The definition for Primary Equity Security contains all the securities spelled out in the old rule, so it eliminates a lot of repetitive language from the new rules. Defined terms capitalized.

### Rule Reference Table

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text <sup>*</sup>	Comments
4420(c)(6)(A)	Entry Standard 3 — First Class of Common Stock, Shares or Certificates of Beneficial Interest of Trusts, Limited Partnership Interests in Foreign or Domestic Issues and American Depositary Receipts ***** (6) The issuer has: (A) a market value of listed securities of \$75 million (currently traded issuers must meet this requirement and the bid price requirement under Rule 4420(c)(3) for 90 consecutive trading days prior to applying for listing); or	5405(b)(3)(A)	Market Value Standard (A) Market Value of Listed Securities of \$75 million (currently traded Companies must meet this requirement and the \$4 bid price requirement for 90 consecutive trading days prior to applying for listing if qualifying to list only under the Market Value Standard);	The new rules include the same requirements but have a different structure. This rule is included in the Market Value Standard; Entry Standard 3 in the old rules became the Market Value Standard and the Total Assets/Total Revenue Standard in the new rules. These Standards are two of the alternative Standards that a Company can meet for initial listing of Primary Equity Securities. The definition for Primary Equity Security contains all the securities spelled out in the old rule, so it eliminates a lot of repetitive language from the new rules. Defined terms capitalized.
4420(c)(6)(B)	Entry Standard 3 — First Class of Common Stock, Shares or Certificates of Beneficial Interest of Trusts, Limited Partnership Interests in Foreign or Domestic Issues and American Depositary Receipts ***** (6) The issuer has: ***** (B) total assets and total revenue of \$75 million each for the most recently completed fiscal year or two of the last three most recently completed fiscal years.	5405(b)(4)(A)	Total Assets/Total Revenue Standard (A) Total assets and total revenue of \$75 million each for the most recently completed fiscal year or two of the three most recently completed fiscal years;	The new rules include the same requirements but have a different structure. This rule is included in the Total Assets/Total Revenue Standard; Entry Standard 3 in the old rules became the Market Value Standard and the Total Assets/Total Revenue Standard in the new rules. These Standards are two of the alternative Standards that a Company can meet for initial listing of Primary Equity Securities. This Standard was derived from the old rules, but newly created as a Standard for clarity. The definition for Primary

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				Equity Security contains all the securities spelled out in the old rule, so it eliminates a lot of repetitive language from the new rules.
4420(d)(1)	Rights and Warrants (1) Rights or warrants to purchase listed securities may be listed if they substantially meet the above criteria; provided, however, that they shall not be subject to the publicly held shares, market value of publicly held shares, or bid price requirements and shall not be required to meet the criteria set forth in paragraph (a)(2) if immediately after the distribution, there are at least 450,000 rights or warrants outstanding.	5410(a)	Initial Listing Requirements for Rights and Warrants For initial listing, the rights or warrants must meet all the requirements below: (a) At least 450,000 rights or warrants issued;	In the new rules, we reordered the logic set forth in the old rules by stating what needs to be met. As such, the new rules lay out only those requirements that need to be met for rights and warrants to obtain initial listing on the Global Market.

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New rule		5410(b)	Initial Listing Requirements for Rights and Warrants For initial listing, the rights or warrants must meet all the requirements below: ***** (b) The underlying security must be listed on the Global Market or be a Covered Security; and	The new rule is derived from 4450(d), which is a continued listing requirement. For clarity, we decided to include this rule as an initial listing requirement in the new rules.
New rule		5410(c)	Initial Listing Requirements for Rights and Warrants For initial listing, the rights or warrants must meet all the requirements below:	This rule is derived from 4420(d)(1), which, states, in part, that "Rights or warrants to purchase listed securities may be listed if they substantially meet the above criteria" Since "the above criteria" includes the market maker requirement, we included it as a rule.

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4420(d)(2)(A- K)	An index warrant may be listed if it substantially meets the following criteria: (A) The minimum public distribution shall be at least 1 million warrants. (B) The minimum number of public holders shall be at least 400. (C) The aggregate market value of the outstanding index warrants shall be at least \$4 million. (D) The issuer of the index warrants must have a minimum tangible net worth in excess of \$150 million. (E) The term of the index warrant shall be for a period from one to five years. (F) Limitations on Issuance — Where an issuer has a minimum tangible net worth in excess of \$150 million but less than \$250 million, Nasdaq will not list stock index warrants of the issuer if the value of such warrants plus the aggregate value, based upon the original issuing price, of all outstanding stock index, currency index and currency warrants of the issuer and its affiliates combined that are listed for trading on Nasdaq or another national securities exchange exceeds 25% of the issuer's net worth. (G) A.M. Settlement — The terms of stock index warrants for which 25% or more of the value of the underlying index is represented by securities that are traded primarily in the United States must provide that the opening prices of the stocks comprising the index will be used to determine (i) the final settlement value (i.e., the settlement value for warrants that are exercised at expiration) and (ii) the settlement value for such warrants	5725(b)(1)(A-K)	<ul> <li>An Index Warrant may be listed on the Global Market if it substantially meets the following criteria:</li> <li>(A) The minimum public distribution shall be at least 1 million warrants.</li> <li>(B) The minimum number of Public Holders shall be at least 400.</li> <li>(C) The Market Value of the outstanding Index Warrants shall be at least \$4 million.</li> <li>(D) The issuer of the Index Warrants must have a minimum tangible net worth in excess of \$150 million.</li> <li>(E) The term of the Index Warrant shall be for a period from one to five years.</li> <li>(F) Limitations on Issuance — Where a Company has a minimum tangible net worth in excess of \$150 million but less than \$250 million, Nasdaq will not list stock Index Warrants of the Company if the value of such warrants plus the aggregate value, based upon the original issuing price, of all outstanding stock index, currency index and currency warrants of the Company and its affiliates combined that are listed for trading on Nasdaq or another national securities exchange exceeds 25% of the Company's net worth.</li> <li>(G) A.M. Settlement — The terms of stock Index Warrants for which 25% or more of the value of the underlying index is represented by securities that are traded primarily in the United States must provide that the opening prices of the stocks comprising the index will be used to determine (i) the final settlement value (i.e., the settlement value for warrants that are exercised at expiration) and (ii) the settlement value for such warrants</li> </ul>	The new rules are the same as the old, except that the new rule is located in the Other Securities Section (5700), while the old rule appears in a general list of initial requirements for the Global Market. Also, the new rule clarifies that Index Warrants are listed "on the Global Market." The term "issuer" was replaced with the defined term "Company," where appropriate. Rule citations updated. Defined terms capitalized.

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	that are valued on either of the two business days		that are valued on either of the two business days	
	preceding the day on which the final settlement value is		preceding the day on which the final settlement value is	
	to be determined.		to be determined.	
	(H) Automatic Exercise — All stock index warrants and		(H) Automatic Exercise — All stock Index Warrants and	
	any other cash-settled warrants must include in their		any other cash-settled warrants must include in their	
	terms provisions specifying (i) the time by which all		terms provisions specifying (i) the time by which all	
	exercise notices must be submitted and (ii) that all		exercise notices must be submitted and (ii) that all	
	unexercised warrants that are in the money (or that are in		unexercised warrants that are in the money (or that are in	
	the money by a stated amount) will be automatically		the money by a stated amount) will be automatically	
	exercised on their expiration date or on or promptly		exercised on their expiration date or on or promptly	
	following the date on which such warrants are delisted by		following the date on which such warrants are delisted by	
	Nasdaq (if such warrant issue has not been listed on		Nasdaq (if such warrant issue has not been listed on	
	another national securities exchange).		another national securities exchange).	
	(I) Foreign Country Securities — In instances where the		(I) Foreign Country Securities — In instances where the	
	stock index underlying a warrant is comprised in whole		stock index underlying a warrant is comprised in whole	
	or in part with securities traded outside the United States,		or in part with securities traded outside the United States,	
	the foreign country securities or American Depositary		the foreign country securities or American Depositary	
	Receipts ("ADRs") thereon that (i) are not subject to a		Receipts ("ADRs") thereon that (i) are not subject to a	
	comprehensive surveillance agreement, and (ii) have less		comprehensive surveillance agreement, and (ii) have less	
	than 50% of their global trading volume in dollar value		than 50% of their global trading volume in dollar value	
	within the United States, shall not, in the aggregate		within the United States, shall not, in the aggregate	
	represent more than 20% of the weight of the index,		represent more than 20% of the weight of the index,	
	unless such index is otherwise approved for warrant or		unless such index is otherwise approved for warrant or	
	option trading.		option trading.	
	(J) Changes in Number of Warrants Outstanding —		(J) Changes in Number of Warrants Outstanding —	
	Issuers of stock index warrants either will make		Issuers of stock Index Warrants either will make	
	arrangements with warrant transfer agents to advise		arrangements with warrant transfer agents to advise	
	Nasdaq immediately of any change in the number of		Nasdaq immediately of any change in the number of	
	warrants outstanding due to the early exercise of such		warrants outstanding due to the early exercise of such	
	warrants or will provide this information themselves.		warrants or will provide this information themselves.	

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
	<ul> <li>With respect to stock index warrants for which 25% or more of the value of the underlying index is represented by securities traded primarily in the United States, such notice shall be filed with Nasdaq no later than 4:30 p.m. Eastern Time, on the date when the settlement value for such warrants is determined. Such notice shall be filed in such form and manner as may be prescribed by Nasdaq from time to time.</li> <li>(K) Only eligible broad-based indexes can underlie index warrants. For purposes of this subparagraph, eligible broad-based indexes shall include those indexes approved by the Commission to underlie index warrants or index options traded on Nasdaq or another national securities exchange.</li> <li>Any index warrant listed pursuant to this paragraph shall not be required to meet the requirements of Rule 4430, 4440, or 4450. Nasdaq may apply additional or more stringent criteria as necessary to protect investors and the public interest.</li> </ul>		<ul> <li>With respect to stock Index Warrants for which 25% or more of the value of the underlying index is represented by securities traded primarily in the United States, such notice shall be filed with Nasdaq no later than 4:30 p.m. Eastern Time, on the date when the settlement value for such warrants is determined. Such notice shall be filed in such form and manner as may be prescribed by Nasdaq from time to time.</li> <li>(K) Only eligible broad-based indexes can underlie Index Warrants. For purposes of this subparagraph, eligible broad-based indexes shall include those indexes approved by the Commission to underlie Index Warrants or index options traded on Nasdaq or another national securities exchange.</li> <li>Any Index Warrant listed pursuant to this paragraph shall not be required to meet the requirements of Rule 5210(h), 5210(a), or 5450. Nasdaq may apply additional or more stringent criteria as necessary to protect investors and the public interest.</li> </ul>	

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4420(e) emphasis added	Computations The computations required by paragraph (a)(1), (a)(5), and (b)(1) shall be taken from the issuer's most recent financial information filed with Nasdaq. The computations required in paragraphs (a)(2), (a)(3), (b)(2), (b)(3), (c)(1), and (c)(2) shall be as of the date of application of the issuer. Determinations of beneficial ownership for purposes of paragraphs (a)(2), (b)(2), and (c)(1) shall be made in accordance with SEC Rule 13d-3. In the case of American Depositary Receipts, the computations required by paragraphs (a)(1), (a)(5), and (b)(1) shall relate to the foreign issuer and not to any depositary or any other person deemed to be an issuer for purposes of Form S-12 under the Securities Act of 1933. In the case of American Depositary Receipts, the underlying security will be considered when determining the computations required by paragraphs (a)(1), (a)(2), (a)(3), (a)(5), (a)(6), (b)(1), (b)(2), (b)(3), (b)(6), (b)(7), (c)(1), (c)(2), (c)(5), and (c)(6) of this rule.	5205(b)	A Company's compliance with the initial listing criteria will be determined on the basis of the Company's most recent information filed with the Commission or Other Regulatory Authority and information provided to Nasdaq. The Company shall certify, at or before the time of listing, that all applicable listing criteria have been satisfied.	The italicized text of the old rule relates to the new text. The reference to Rule 4420(a)(1) in the old rule relates to net income from continuing operations, and the references to Rules 4420(a)(5) and 4420(b)(1) relate to stockholders' equity. In the new rules, we felt that the concept conveyed in the old rule was effectively identical to the concept conveyed in 5205(b). Note that 5205(c) goes on to say that the financial statements must be prepared in accordance with, or reconciled to, U.S. GAAP, or prepared in accordance to IASB IFRS. The term "issuer" was replaced with the defined term "Company." Defined terms capitalized. The last sentence of the new rule is from old rule 4310(c)(12).

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4420(e) emphasis added	Computations The computations required by paragraph (a)(1), (a)(5), and (b)(1) shall be taken from the issuer's most recent financial information filed with Nasdaq. <i>The</i> <i>computations required in paragraphs</i> (a)(2), (a)(3), (b)(2), (b)(3), (c)(1), and (c)(2) shall be as of the date of <i>application of the issuer</i> . Determinations of beneficial ownership for purposes of paragraphs (a)(2), (b)(2), and (c)(1) shall be made in accordance with SEC Rule 13d-3. In the case of American Depositary Receipts, the computations required by paragraphs (a)(1), (a)(5), and (b)(1) shall relate to the foreign issuer and not to any depositary or any other person deemed to be an issuer for purposes of Form S-12 under the Securities Act of 1933. In the case of American Depositary Receipts, the underlying security will be considered when determining the computations required by paragraphs (a)(1), (a)(2), (a)(3), (a)(5), (a)(6), (b)(1), (b)(2), (b)(3), (b)(6), (b)(7), (c)(1), (c)(2), (c)(5), and (c)(6) of this rule.	5205(g)	The computation of Publicly Held Shares and Market Value of Publicly Held Shares shall be as of the date of application of the Company.	The italicized text of the old rule relates to the new text. The references in the old rule to Rules 4420(a)(2), 4420(b)(2) and 4420(c)(1) relate to publicly held shares, the references to 4420(b)(3), 4420(a)(3) and 4420(c)(2) relate to market value of publicly held shares. The term "issuer" was replaced by the defined term "Company." Defined terms capitalized. The term "issuer" was replaced with the defined term "Company." Note that Nasdaq Staff applies this rule such that Companies need to meet these requirements at the time of application and the time of approval.

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4420(e) emphasis added	Computations The computations required by paragraph (a)(1), (a)(5), and (b)(1) shall be taken from the issuer's most recent financial information filed with Nasdaq. The computations required in paragraphs (a)(2), (a)(3), (b)(2), (b)(3), (c)(1), and (c)(2) shall be as of the date of application of the issuer. <i>Determinations of beneficial</i> <i>ownership for purposes of paragraphs (a)(2), (b)(2), and</i> (c)(1) shall be made in accordance with SEC Rule 13d-3. In the case of American Depositary Receipts, the computations required by paragraphs (a)(1), (a)(5), and (b)(1) shall relate to the foreign issuer and not to any depositary or any other person deemed to be an issuer for purposes of Form S-12 under the Securities Act of 1933. In the case of American Depositary Receipts, the underlying security will be considered when determining the computations required by paragraphs (a)(1), (a)(2), (a)(3), (a)(5), (a)(6), (b)(1), (b)(2), (b)(3), (b)(6), (b)(7), (c)(1), (c)(2), (c)(5), and (c)(6) of this rule.	5000(a)(33) emphasis added	"Publicly Held Shares" means shares not held directly or indirectly by an officer, director or 10% Shareholder of the Company. <i>Determinations of beneficial ownership in</i> <i>calculating publicly held shares shall be made in</i> <i>accordance with SEC Rule 13d-3</i> . An account of a Member that is beneficially owned by a customer (as defined in Rule 0120) will be considered a holder of a security upon appropriate verification by the Member.	The italicized text of the old rule is conveyed in the italicized text of the new rule. The references in the old rule to Rules 4420(a)(2), 4420(b)(2) and 4420(c)(1) relate to publicly held shares, the references to 4420(b)(3), 4420(a)(3) and 4420(c)(2) relate to market value of publicly held shares. The portion of the old rule relating to determinations of beneficial ownership is included in the Definition for Publicly Held Shares. Defined terms capitalized.

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4420(e) emphasis added	Computations The computations required by paragraph (a)(1), (a)(5), and (b)(1) shall be taken from the issuer's most recent financial information filed with Nasdaq. The computations required in paragraphs (a)(2), (a)(3), (b)(2), (b)(3), (c)(1), and (c)(2) shall be as of the date of application of the issuer. Determinations of beneficial ownership for purposes of paragraphs (a)(2), (b)(2), and (c)(1) shall be made in accordance with SEC Rule 13d-3. In the case of American Depositary Receipts, the computations required by paragraphs (a)(1), (a)(5), and (b)(1) shall relate to the foreign issuer and not to any depositary or any other person deemed to be an issuer for purposes of Form S-12 under the Securities Act of 1933. In the case of American Depositary Receipts, the underlying security will be considered when determining the computations required by paragraphs (a)(1), (a)(2), (a)(3), (a)(5), (a)(6), (b)(1), (b)(2), (b)(3), (b)(6), (b)(7), (c)(1), (c)(2), (c)(5), and (c)(6) of this rule.	5215(b)	American Depositary Receipts ***** (b) Computations In the case of American Depositary Receipts, annual income from continuing operations and Stockholders' Equity shall relate to the foreign issuer and not to any depositary or any other person deemed to be an issuer for purposes of Form S-12 under the Securities Act of 1933. The underlying security will be considered when determining annual income from continuing operations, Publicly Held Shares, Market Value of Publicly Held Shares, Stockholders' Equity, Round Lot or Public Holders, operating history, Market Value of Listed Securities, and total assets and total revenue.	The italicized portion of the old rule is conveyed in the new rule. The new rule contains the same concepts as the old rule, although instead of rule citations it states the actual requirement. The reference to Rule 4420(a)(1) in the old rule relates to net income from continuing operations, and the references to Rules 4420(a)(5) and 4420(b)(1) relate to stockholders' equity. Defined terms capitalized.

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4420(f)	<ul> <li>Other Securities <ul> <li>(1) Nasdaq will consider listing any security not</li> <li>otherwise covered by the criteria in paragraphs (a), (b),</li> <li>(c), or (d) of this Rule, provided the instrument is</li> <li>otherwise suited to trade through the facilities of Nasdaq.</li> <li>Such securities will be evaluated for listing against the following criteria: <ul> <li>(A) The issuer shall have assets in excess of \$100 million and stockholders' equity of at least \$10 million. In the case of an issuer which is unable to satisfy the income criteria set forth in paragraph (a)(1), Nasdaq generally will require the issuer to have the following: (i) assets in excess of \$200 million and stockholders' equity of at least \$10 million.</li> <li>(B) There must be a minimum of 400 holders of the security, provided, however, that if the instrument is traded in \$1,000 denominations, there must be a minimum of 100 holders.</li> <li>(C) For equity securities listed pursuant to this paragraph, there must be a minimum public distribution of 1,000,000 trading units.</li> <li>(D) The aggregate market value/principal amount of the security shall be at least \$4 million.</li> <li>(2) Issuers of securities listed pursuant to this paragraph (f) must be listed on the Nasdaq Global Market or the New York Stock Exchange (NYSE) or be an affiliate of a company listed on the Nasdaq Global Market or the NYSE; provided, however, that the provisions of Rule 4450 will be applied to sovereign issuers of "other"</li> </ul> </li> </ul></li></ul>	5730(a)	<ul> <li>Initial Listing Requirements <ul> <li>(1) Nasdaq will consider listing any security on the</li> <li>Global Market not otherwise covered by the criteria in the 5400 or 5700 Series, provided the instrument is</li> <li>otherwise suited to trade through the facilities of Nasdaq.</li> <li>Such securities will be evaluated for listing against the following criteria:</li> <li>(A) The Company shall have assets in excess of \$100 million and stockholders' equity of at least \$10 million. In the case of a Company which is unable to satisfy the income criteria set forth in paragraph (a)(1), Nasdaq generally will require the Company to have the following:</li> <li>(i) assets in excess of \$200 million and stockholders' equity of at least \$10 million; or</li> <li>(ii) assets in excess of \$100 million, and stockholders' equity of at least \$20 million.</li> <li>(B) There must be a minimum of 400 holders of the security, provided, however, that if the instrument is traded in \$1,000 denominations, there must be a minimum of 100 holders.</li> <li>(C) For equity securities listed pursuant to this paragraph, there must be a minimum public distribution of 1,000,000 trading units.</li> <li>(D) The aggregate market value/principal amount of the security shall be at least \$4 million.</li> <li>(2) Issuers of securities listed pursuant to this Rule 5730 must be listed on the Nasdaq Global Market, Nasdaq Global Select Market or the New York Stock Exchange (NYSE) or be an affiliate of a Company listed on the</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	Rule citations updated. The term "issuer" was replaced by the defined term "Company." Added phrase "on the Global Market" to 5730(a)(1) to clarify the market tier on which these securities are listed. Also, added "Global Select Market" to 5730(a)(2) for clarity. Defined terms capitalized.

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	securities on a case-by-case basis. (3) Prior to the commencement of trading of securities listed pursuant to this paragraph, Nasdaq will evaluate the nature and complexity of the issue and, if appropriate, distribute a circular to the membership providing guidance regarding Nasdaq member firm compliance responsibilities and requirements when handling transactions in such securities.		Nasdaq Global Market, Nasdaq Global Select Market or the NYSE; provided, however, that the provisions of Rule 5450 will be applied to sovereign issuers of "other" securities on a case-by-case basis. (3) Prior to the commencement of trading of securities listed pursuant to this paragraph, Nasdaq will evaluate the nature and complexity of the issue and, if appropriate, distribute a circular to the membership providing guidance regarding Nasdaq member firm compliance responsibilities and requirements when handling transactions in such securities.	
4420(g)	Nasdaq will consider listing on the Nasdaq Global Market Selected Equity-linked Debt Securities (SEEDS), pursuant to 19b-4(e) of the Act, that generally meet the criteria of this paragraph (g). SEEDS are limited-term, non-convertible debt securities of an issuer where the value of the debt is based, at least in part, on the value of up to thirty (30) other issuers' common stock or non- convertible preferred stock (or sponsored American Depositary Receipts (ADRs) overlying such equity securities).	5715(a)	Selected Equity-linked Debt Securities ("SEEDS") (a) Definition (1) SEEDS are limited-term, non-convertible debt securities of a Company where the value of the debt is based, at least in part, on the value of up to thirty (30) other issuers' common stock or non-convertible preferred stock (or sponsored American Depositary Receipts (ADRs) overlying such equity securities).	The new rules are substantively the same, although structured slightly differently. While the old rule incorporates the definition of SEEDS in an introductory paragraph, the new rules have a stand-alone definition.

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4420(g)	Nasdaq will consider listing on the Nasdaq Global Market Selected Equity-linked Debt Securities (SEEDS), pursuant to 19b-4(e) of the Act, that generally meet the criteria of this paragraph (g). SEEDS are limited-term, non-convertible debt securities of an issuer where the value of the debt is based, at least in part, on the value of up to thirty (30) other issuers' common stock or non- convertible preferred stock (or sponsored American Depositary Receipts (ADRs) overlying such equity securities).	5715(b)	Listing Requirements Nasdaq will consider listing on the Nasdaq Global Market or Nasdaq Global Select Market Selected Equity- linked Debt Securities (SEEDS), pursuant to 19b-4(e) of the Act, that meet the criteria of this paragraph (b).	The new rules are substantively the same, although structured slightly differently. The new rule places this statement after the definition but before the listing requirements. Removed the word "generally," and added "or Nasdaq Global Select Market" for clarity.

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4420(g)(1)	Issuer Listing Standards (A) The issuer of a SEEDS must be an entity that: (i) is listed on the Nasdaq Global Market or the New York Stock Exchange (NYSE) or is an affiliate of a company listed on the Nasdaq Global Market or the NYSE; provided, however, that the provisions of Rule 4450 will be applied to sovereign issuers of SEEDS on a case-by-case basis; and (ii) has a minimum net worth of \$150 million. (B) In addition, the market value of a SEEDS offering, when combined with the market value of all other SEEDS offerings previously completed by the issuer and traded on the Nasdaq Global Market or another national securities exchange, may not be greater than 25 percent of the issuer's net worth at the time of issuance.	5715(b)(1)	Issuer Listing Standards (A) The issuer of a SEEDS must be an entity that: (i) is listed on the Nasdaq Global Market, Nasdaq Global Select or the New York Stock Exchange (NYSE) or is an affiliate of a Company listed on the Nasdaq Global Market, Nasdaq Global Select or the NYSE; provided, however, that the provisions of Rule 5730(b) will be applied to sovereign issuers of SEEDS on a case-by-case basis; and (ii) has a minimum net worth of \$150 million. (B) In addition, the market value of a SEEDS offering, when combined with the market value of all other SEEDS offerings previously completed by the Company and traded on the Nasdaq Global, Nasdaq Global Select Market or another national securities exchange, may not be greater than 25 percent of the Company's net worth at the time of issuance.	The new rule adds "Nasdaq Global Select" to (A)(i) and "Nasdaq Global Select" to (B) for clarity. Rule citation updated. The term "issuer" was replaced with the defined term "Company," where appropriate.

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4420(g)(2)	<ul> <li>Equity-Linked Debt Security Listing Standards The issue must have:</li> <li>(A) a minimum public distribution of one million SEEDS;</li> <li>(B) a minimum of 400 holders of the SEEDS, provided, however, that if the SEEDS is traded in \$1,000 denominations, there is no minimum number of holders;</li> <li>(C) a minimum market value of \$4 million; and</li> <li>(D) a minimum term of one year.</li> </ul>	5715(b)(2)	<ul> <li>Equity-Linked Debt Security Listing Standards The issue must have:</li> <li>(A) a minimum public distribution of one million SEEDS;</li> <li>(B) a minimum of 400 holders of the SEEDS, provided, however, that if the SEEDS is traded in \$1,000 denominations, there is no minimum number of holders;</li> <li>(C) a minimum market value of \$4 million; and</li> <li>(D) a minimum term of one year.</li> </ul>	No changes.

#### Rule Reference Table

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
4420(g)(3)	<ul> <li>Minimum Standards Applicable to the Linked Security An equity security on which the value of the SEEDS is based must:</li> <li>(A)(i) have a market value of listed securities of at least \$3 billion and a trading volume in the United States of at least 2.5 million shares in the one-year period preceding the listing of the SEEDS;</li> <li>(ii) have a market value of listed securities of at least \$1.5 billion and a trading volume in the United States of at least 10 million shares in the one-year period preceding the listing of the SEEDS; or</li> <li>(iii) have a market value of listed securities of at least \$500 million shares in the one-year period preceding the listing of the SEEDS; or</li> <li>(iii) have a market value of listed securities of at least \$500 million and a trading volume in the United States of at least 15 million shares in the one-year period preceding the listing of the SEEDS.</li> <li>(B) be issued by a company that has a continuous reporting obligation under the Act, and the security must be listed on the Nasdaq Global Market or another national securities exchange and be subject to last sale reporting; and</li> <li>(C) be issued by:</li> <li>(i) a U.S. company; or</li> <li>(ii) a non-U.S. company (including a company that is traded in the United States through sponsored ADRs) (for purposes of this paragraph (g), a non-U.S. company is any company formed or incorporated outside of the United States) if:</li> <li>a. Nasdaq or its subsidiaries has a comprehensive surveillance sharing agreement in place with the primary</li> </ul>	5715(b)(3)	<ul> <li>Minimum Standards Applicable to the Linked Security <ul> <li>(A) An equity security on which the value of the SEEDS</li> <li>is based must:</li> <li>(i) have a market value of listed securities of at least \$3</li> <li>billion and a trading volume in the United States of at least 2.5 million shares in the one-year period preceding the listing of the SEEDS;</li> <li>(ii) have a market value of listed securities of at least \$1.5</li> <li>billion and a trading volume in the United States of at least 10 million shares in the one-year period preceding the listing of the SEEDS; or</li> <li>(iii) have a market value of listed securities of at least \$500 million and a trading volume in the United States of at least 15 million shares in the one-year period preceding the listing of the SEEDS; or</li> <li>(iii) have a market value of listed securities of at least \$500 million and a trading volume in the United States of at least 15 million shares in the one-year period preceding the listing of the SEEDS.</li> <li>(B) be issued by a company that has a continuous reporting obligation under the Act, and the security must be listed on the Nasdaq Global Market, Nasdaq Global Select or another national securities exchange and be subject to last sale reporting; and</li> <li>(C) be issued by:</li> <li>(i) a U.S. company (including a company that is traded in the United States through sponsored ADRs) (for purposes of this paragraph (g), a non-U.S. company is any company formed or incorporated outside of the United States) if:</li> <li>a. Nasdaq or its subsidiaries has a comprehensive surveillance sharing agreement in place with the primary</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	Added "Nasdaq Global Select Market" to 5715(b)(3)(B) for clarity.
	exchange in the country where the security is primarily		exchange in the country where the security is primarily	

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
	traded (in the case of an ADR, the primary exchange on		traded (in the case of an ADR, the primary exchange on	
	which the security underlying the ADR is traded);		which the security underlying the ADR is traded);	
	b. the combined trading volume of the non-U.S. security		b. the combined trading volume of the non-U.S. security	
	(a security issued by a non-U.S. company) and other		(a security issued by a non-U.S. company) and other	
	related non-U.S. securities occurring in the U.S. market		related non-U.S. securities occurring in the U.S. market	
	and in markets with which Nasdaq or its subsidiaries has		and in markets with which Nasdaq or its subsidiaries has	
	in place a comprehensive surveillance sharing agreement		in place a comprehensive surveillance sharing agreement	
	represents (on a share equivalent basis for any ADRs) at		represents (on a share equivalent basis for any ADRs) at	
	least 50% of the combined world-wide trading volume in		least 50% of the combined world-wide trading volume in	
	the non-U.S. security, other related non-U.S. securities,		the non-U.S. security, other related non-U.S. securities,	
	and other classes of common stock related to the non-		and other classes of common stock related to the non-	
	U.S. security over the six month period preceding the		U.S. security over the six month period preceding the	
	date of listing; or		date of listing; or	
	c. 1. the combined trading volume of the non-U.S.		c. 1. the combined trading volume of the non-U.S.	
	security and other related non-U.S. securities occurring in		security and other related non-U.S. securities occurring in	
	the U.S. market represents (on a share equivalent basis) at		the U.S. market represents (on a share equivalent basis) at	
	least 20% of the combined world-wide trading volume in		least 20% of the combined world-wide trading volume in	
	the non-U.S. security and in other related non-U.S.		the non-U.S. security and in other related non-U.S.	
	securities over the six-month period preceding the date of		securities over the six-month period preceding the date of	
	selection of the non-U.S. security for a SEEDS listing.		selection of the non-U.S. security for a SEEDS listing.	
	2. the average daily trading volume for the non-U.S.		2. the average daily trading volume for the non-U.S.	
	security in the U.S. markets over the six-month period		security in the U.S. markets over the six-month period	
	preceding the date of selection of the non-U.S. security		preceding the date of selection of the non-U.S. security	
	for a SEEDS listing is 100,000 or more shares; and		for a SEEDS listing is 100,000 or more shares; and	
	3. the trading volume for the non-U.S. security in the		3. the trading volume for the non-U.S. security in the	
	U.S. market is at least 60,000 shares per day for a		U.S. market is at least 60,000 shares per day for a	
	majority of the trading days for the six- month period		majority of the trading days for the six- month period	
	preceding the date of selection of the non-U.S. security		preceding the date of selection of the non-U.S. security	
	for a SEEDS listing.		for a SEEDS listing.	
	d. If the underlying security to which the SEEDS is to be		d. If the underlying security to which the SEEDS is to be	

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
	linked is the stock of a non-U.S. company which is traded in the U.S. market as a sponsored ADR, ordinary shares or otherwise, then the minimum number of holders of the underlying linked security shall be 2,000.		Inked is the stock of a non-U.S. company which is traded in the U.S. market as a sponsored ADR, ordinary shares or otherwise, then the minimum number of holders of the underlying linked security shall be 2,000.	

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
4420(g)(4)	<ul> <li>Limits on the Number of SEEDS Linked to a Particular Security</li> <li>(A) The issuance of SEEDS relating to any underlying U.S. security may not exceed five percent of the total outstanding shares of such underlying security. The issuance of SEEDS relating to any underlying non-U.S. security or sponsored ADR may not exceed: (i) two percent of the total shares outstanding worldwide if at least 30 percent of the worldwide trading volume in such security occurs in the U.S. market during the six-month period preceding the date of listing;<sup>1</sup> (ii) three percent of the total shares outstanding volume in such security occurs in the U.S. market during the six-month period preceding the date of listing; (iii) five percent of the total shares outstanding worldwide if at least 50 percent of the worldwide trading volume in such security occurs in the U.S. market during the six-month period preceding the date of listing; (iii) five percent of the total shares outstanding worldwide if at least 70 percent of the worldwide trading volume in such security occurs in the U.S. market during the six-month period preceding the date of listing; (iii) five percent of the worldwide trading volume in such security occurs in the U.S. market during the six-month period preceding the date of listing.</li> <li>(B) If an issuer proposes to issue SEEDS that relate to more than the allowable percentages of the underlying security specified above, then Nasdaq, with the concurrence of the staff of the Division of Market Regulation of the Commission, will evaluate the maximum percentage of SEEDS that may be issued on a case-by-case basis.</li> <li><sup>1</sup> The two percent limit, based on 20 percent of the worldwide trading volume in the non-U.S. security or sponsored ADR, applies only if there is a comprehensive surveillance sharing agreement in place with the primary</li> </ul>	5715(b)(4)	Limits on the Number of SEEDS Linked to a Particular Security (A) The issuance of SEEDS relating to any underlying U.S. security may not exceed five percent of the total outstanding shares of such underlying security. The issuance of SEEDS relating to any underlying non-U.S. security or sponsored ADR may not exceed: (i) two percent of the total shares outstanding worldwide if at least 30 percent of the worldwide trading volume in such security occurs in the U.S. market during the six- month period preceding the date of listing (The two percent limit, based on 20 percent of the worldwide trading volume in the non-U.S. security or sponsored ADR, applies only if there is a comprehensive surveillance sharing agreement in place with the primary exchange in the country where the security is primarily traded, or, in the case of an ADR, the primary exchange on which the security underlying the ADR is traded. If there is no such agreement, subparagraph (3) above requires that the combined trading volume of such security and other related securities occurring in the U.S. market represents (on a share equivalent basis for any ADRs) at least 50% of the combined worldwide trading volume in such security, other related securities, and other classes of common stock related to such security over the six month period preceding the date of listing.); (ii) three percent of the total shares outstanding worldwide if at least 50 percent of the worldwide trading volume in such security occurs in the U.S. market during the six-month period preceding the date of listing.); (ii) three percent of the total shares outstanding worldwide if at least 50 percent of the worldwide trading volume in such security occurs in the U.S. market during	While the old rule contains a footnote, this was included as a parenthetical comment in the new rules, since footnotes do not convey well in web browsers.

#### Rule Reference Table

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
	exchange in the country where the security is primarily traded (in the case of an ADR, the primary exchange on which the security underlying the ADR is traded). If there is no such agreement, subparagraph (3) above requires that the combined trading volume of such security and other related securities occurring in the U.S. market represents (on a share equivalent basis for any ADRs) at least 50% of the combined world-wide trading volume in such security, other related securities, and other classes of common stock related to such security over the six month period preceding the date of listing.		<ul> <li>(iii) five percent of the total shares outstanding worldwide if at least 70 percent of the worldwide trading volume in such security occurs in the U.S. market during the six-month period preceding the date of listing.</li> <li>(B) If a company proposes to issue SEEDS that relate to more than the allowable percentages of the underlying security specified above, then Nasdaq, with the concurrence of the staff of the Division of Trading and Markets of the Commission, will evaluate the maximum percentage of SEEDS that may be issued on a case-by-case basis.</li> </ul>	
4420(g)(5)	Prior to the commencement of trading of a particular SEEDS listed pursuant to this subsection, Nasdaq or its subsidiaries will distribute a circular to the membership providing guidance regarding Nasdaq member firm compliance responsibilities (including suitability recommendations and account approval) when handling transactions in SEEDS.	5715(b)(5)	Prior to the commencement of trading of a particular SEEDS listed pursuant to this subsection, Nasdaq or its subsidiaries will distribute a circular to the membership providing guidance regarding Nasdaq member firm compliance responsibilities (including suitability recommendations and account approval) when handling transactions in SEEDS.	No changes.
4420(h)(1)	<ul> <li>Initial and Continued Listing Requirements <ul> <li>(a) All units shall have at least one equity component. All components of such units shall satisfy the requirements for initial and continued listing under Rules 4420 and 4450, as applicable, or, in the case of debt components, satisfy the requirements of 4420(h)(1)(b).</li> <li>(b) All debt components of a unit, if any, shall meet the following requirements: <ul> <li>(i) the debt issue must have an aggregate market value or principal amount of at least \$5 million;</li> <li>(ii) the issuer of the debt security must have equity</li> </ul> </li> </ul></li></ul>	5225(a)(1)(A-C)	<ul> <li>Initial and Continued Listing Requirements <ul> <li>(A) All units shall have at least one equity component.</li> </ul> </li> <li>All components of such units shall satisfy the requirements for initial and continued listing on the Global Select Market or Global Market, as applicable, or, in the case of debt components, satisfy the requirements of 5225(a)(1)(B), set forth below.</li> <li>(B) All debt components of a unit, if any, shall meet the following requirements: <ul> <li>(i) the debt issue must have an aggregate market value or principal amount of at least \$5 million;</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	The term "issuer" was replaced with the defined term "Company," where appropriate. Rule citations updated. Note that the phrase "the requirements for initial and continued listing under Rules 4420 and 4450" was changed to "the requirements for initial and continued listing on the Global Select Market or Global Market."

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
	<ul> <li>securities listed on the Nasdaq Global Market; and</li> <li>(iii) in the case of convertible debt, the equity into which the debt is convertible must itself be subject to real-time last sale reporting in the United States, and the convertible debt must not contain a provision which gives the company the right, at its discretion, to reduce the conversion price for periods of time or from time to time unless the company establishes a minimum period of ten business days within which such price reduction will be in effect.</li> <li>(c) All components of the unit shall be issued by the same issuer. All units and issuers of such units shall comply with the initial and continued listing requirements under Rules 4420 and 4450, as applicable.</li> </ul>		<ul> <li>(ii) the issuer of the debt security must have equity securities listed on the Nasdaq Global Market; and</li> <li>(iii) in the case of convertible debt, the equity into which the debt is convertible must itself be subject to real-time last sale reporting in the United States, and the convertible debt must not contain a provision which gives the company the right, at its discretion, to reduce the conversion price for periods of time or from time to time unless the company establishes a minimum period of ten business days within which such price reduction will be in effect.</li> <li>(C) All components of the unit shall be issued by the same issuer. All units and issuers of such units shall comply with the initial and continued listing requirements on the Global Select Market or Global Market, as applicable.</li> </ul>	
4420(h)(2)	Minimum Listing Period and Notice of Withdrawal In the case of units, the minimum listing period of the units shall be 30 days from the first day of listing, except the period may be shortened if the units are suspended or withdrawn for regulatory purposes. Issuers and underwriters seeking to withdraw units from listing must provide Nasdaq with notice of such intent at least 15 days prior to withdrawal.	5225(a)(2)	Minimum Listing Period and Notice of Withdrawal In the case of units, the minimum listing period of the units shall be 30 days from the first day of listing, except the period may be shortened if the units are suspended or withdrawn for regulatory purposes. Companies and underwriters seeking to withdraw units from listing must provide Nasdaq with notice of such intent at least 15 days prior to withdrawal.	The term "issuers" was replaced with the defined term "Companies."

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
4420(h)(3)	Disclosure Requirements for Units Each Nasdaq Global Market issuer of units shall include in its prospectus or other offering document used in connection with any offering of securities that is required to be filed with the Commission under the federal securities laws and the rules and regulations promulgated thereunder a statement regarding any intention to delist the units immediately after the minimum inclusion period. The issuer of a unit shall further provide information regarding the terms and conditions of the components of the unit (including information with respect to any original issue discount or other significant tax attributes of any component) and the ratio of the components comprising the unit. An issuer shall also disclose when a component of the unit is separately listed on Nasdaq. These disclosures shall be made on the issuer's website, or if it does not maintain a website, in its annual report provided to unit holders. An issuer shall also immediately publicize through, at a minimum, a public announcement through the news media, any change in the terms of the unit, such as changes to the terms and conditions of any original issue discount or other significant tax attributes of any components (including changes with respect to any original issue discount or other significant tax attributes of any component), or to the ratio of the components within the unit. Such public notification shall be made as soon as practicable in relation to the effective date of the change.	5225(a)(3)	Disclosure Requirements for Units Each Nasdaq Global Market issuer of units shall include in its prospectus or other offering document used in connection with any offering of securities that is required to be filed with the Commission under the federal securities laws and the rules and regulations promulgated thereunder a statement regarding any intention to delist the units immediately after the minimum inclusion period. The issuer of a unit shall further provide information regarding the terms and conditions of the components of the unit (including information with respect to any original issue discount or other significant tax attributes of any component) and the ratio of the components comprising the unit. A Company shall also disclose when a component of the unit is separately listed on Nasdaq. These disclosures shall be made on the Company's website, or if it does not maintain a website, in its annual report provided to unit holders. A Company shall also immediately publicize through, at a minimum, a public announcement through the news media, any change in the terms of the unit, such as changes to the terms and conditions of any of the components (including changes with respect to any original issue discount or other significant tax attributes of any component), or to the ratio of the components within the unit. Such public notification shall be made as soon as practicable in relation to the effective date of the change.	The term "issuer" was replaced with the defined term "Company," where appropriate.

### Rule Reference Table

Old Rule     Old Rule Text     New Rule       Number     Number	New Rule Text <sup>*</sup>	Comments
otherwise requires, have the meanings herein specified:otherwise requires(A) Portfolio Depository Receipt. The term "Portfolio(A) Portfolio Depository Receipt."Depository Receipt." means a security:(C) Portfolio Depository Receipt."(i) that is based on a unit investment trust ("Trust") which(i) that is baseholds the securities which comprise an index or portfolioholds the securitiesunderlying a series of Portfolio Depository Receipts;underlying a series of Portfolio Depository Receipts;(ii) that is issued by the Trust in a specified aggregate(ii) that is issued or a consisting of specified numbers of shares of stock and/ora cash amount, a specified portfolio of fixed incomea cash amount securities and/or a cash amount and/or a combination ofthe above;(iii) that, when aggregated in the same specified(iii) that, when aggregated in the same specified(iii) that, whe minimum number, may be redeemed from the Trustwhich will pay to the redeeming holder the stock and/orcash, fixed in come securities and/or a a cash amount and/or acash, fixed income securities and/or cash and/or acash, fixed in come securities and/or as an and/or acorresponding to the regular cash dividends orcorresponding to the regular cash dividends ordistributions declared with respect to the componentsecurities of the securities index or portfolio Depositorygeneratives of the securities index or portfolio Depository(B) Reportingin respect to a particular series of Portfolio Depositoryin respect to a particular series of Portfolio Depositoryin respect to a particular series of Portfolio Depositoryin r	quires, have the meanings herein specified: Depository Receipt. The term "Portfolio Receipt" means a security: ed on a unit investment trust ("Trust") which urities which comprise an index or portfolio series of Portfolio Depository Receipts; sued by the Trust in a specified aggregate mber in return for a "Portfolio Deposit" specified numbers of shares of stock and/or nt, a specified portfolio of fixed income d/or a cash amount and/or a combination of en aggregated in the same specified mber, may be redeemed from the Trust ay to the redeeming holder the stock and/or ncome securities and/or cash and/or a thereof then comprising the "Portfolio	"US" changed to "U.S." for consistency with the usage throughout Nasdaq's rules.

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
	of Portfolio Depository Receipts), or a reporting service		of Portfolio Depository Receipts), or a reporting service	
	designated by Nasdaq or its subsidiary as the official		designated by Nasdaq or its subsidiary as the official	
	source for calculating and reporting information relating		source for calculating and reporting information relating	
	to such series, including, but not limited to, any current		to such series, including, but not limited to, any current	
	index or portfolio value; the current value of the portfolio		index or portfolio value; the current value of the portfolio	
	of securities required to be deposited to the Trust in		of securities required to be deposited to the Trust in	
	connection with issuance of Portfolio Depository		connection with issuance of Portfolio Depository	
	Receipts; the amount of any dividend equivalent payment		Receipts; the amount of any dividend equivalent payment	
	or cash distribution to holders of Portfolio Depository		or cash distribution to holders of Portfolio Depository	
	Receipts, net asset value, and other information relating		Receipts, net asset value, and other information relating	
	to the creation, redemption or trading of Portfolio		to the creation, redemption or trading of Portfolio	
	Depository Receipts.		Depository Receipts.	
	Nothing in this paragraph shall imply that an institution		Nothing in this paragraph shall imply that an institution	
	or reporting service that is the source for calculating and		or reporting service that is the source for calculating and	
	reporting information relating to Portfolio Depository		reporting information relating to Portfolio Depository	
	Receipts must be designated by Nasdaq; the term		Receipts must be designated by Nasdaq; the term	
	"Reporting Authority" shall not refer to an institution or		"Reporting Authority" shall not refer to an institution or	
	reporting service not so designated.		reporting service not so designated.	
	(C) US Component Stock. The term "US Component		(C) U.S. Component Stock. The term "U.S. Component	
	Stock" shall mean an equity security that is registered		Stock" shall mean an equity security that is registered	
	under Sections 12(b) or 12(g) of the Act, or an American		under Sections 12(b) or 12(g) of the Act, or an American	
	Depository Receipt, the underlying equity security of		Depository Receipt, the underlying equity security of	
	which is registered under Sections 12(b) or 12(g) of the		which is registered under Sections 12(b) or 12(g) of the	
	Act.		Act.	
	(D) Non-US Component Stock. The term "Non-US		(D) Non-U.S. Component Stock. The term "Non-U.S.	
	Component Stock" shall mean an equity security that (a)		Component Stock" shall mean an equity security that (a)	
	is not registered under Sections 12(b) or 12(g) of the Act,		is not registered under Sections 12(b) or 12(g) of the Act,	
	(b) is issued by an entity that is not organized, domiciled		(b) is issued by an entity that is not organized, domiciled	
	or incorporated in the United States, and (c) is issued by		or incorporated in the United States, and (c) is issued by	
	an entity that is an operating company (including Real		an entity that is an operating company (including Real	

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
	Estate Investment Trusts (REITs) and income trusts, but excluding investment trusts, unit trusts, mutual funds, and derivatives).		Estate Investment Trusts (REITs) and income trusts, but excluding investment trusts, unit trusts, mutual funds, and derivatives).	

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
4420(i)(2)	<ul> <li>Nasdaq requires that members provide to all purchasers of a series of Portfolio Depository Receipts a written description of the terms and characteristics of such securities, not later than the time a confirmation of the first transaction in such series is delivered to such purchaser. In addition, members shall include such a written description with any sales material relating to a series of Portfolio Depository Receipts that is provided to customers or the public. Any other written materials provided by a member to customers or the public making specific reference to a series of Portfolio Depository Receipts as an investment vehicle must include a statement in substantially the following form: "A circular describing the terms and characteristics of [the series of Portfolio Depository Receipts] has been prepared by [Trust name] and is available from your broker or Nasdaq. It is recommended that you obtain and review such circular before purchasing [the series of Portfolio Depository Receipts]." A member carrying an omnibus account for a nonmember that execution of an order to purchase a series of Portfolio Depository Receipts]."</li> </ul>	5705(a)(2)	<ul> <li>Nasdaq requires that Members provide to all purchasers of a series of Portfolio Depository Receipts a written description of the terms and characteristics of such securities, not later than the time a confirmation of the first transaction in such series is delivered to such purchaser. In addition, Members shall include such a written description with any sales material relating to a series of Portfolio Depository Receipts that is provided to customers or the public. Any other written materials provided by a Member to customers or the public making specific reference to a series of Portfolio Depository Receipts that include a statement in substantially the following form: "A circular describing the terms and characteristics of [the series of Portfolio Depository Receipts] has been prepared by [Trust name] and is available from your broker or Nasdaq. It is recommended that you obtain and review such circular before purchasing [the series of Portfolio Depository Receipts]. In addition, upon request you may obtain from your broker a prospectus for [the series of Portfolio Depository Receipts]." A Member carrying an omnibus account for a non-Member that execution of an order to purchase a series of Portfolio Depository Receipts]."</li> </ul>	Defined terms capitalized.
	member to make such written description available to its customers on the same terms as are directly applicable to members and member organizations under this rule.		Member to make such written description available to its customers on the same terms as are directly applicable to Members and member organizations under this rule.	
	Upon request of a customer, a member shall also provide		Upon request of a customer, a Member shall also provide	

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
	a prospectus for the particular series of Portfolio Depository Receipts.		a prospectus for the particular series of Portfolio Depository Receipts.	

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4420(i)(3)(A)	<ul> <li>Equity. Nasdaq may approve a series of Portfolio</li> <li>Depository Receipts for listing and trading pursuant to</li> <li>Rule 19b-4(e) under the Act, provided each of the</li> <li>following criteria is satisfied:</li> <li>(A) Eligibility Criteria for Index Components.</li> <li>(i) US Index or Portfolio. Upon the initial listing of a</li> <li>series of Portfolio Depository Receipts pursuant to Rule</li> <li>19b-4(e) under the Act, the component stocks of an index</li> <li>or portfolio of US Component Stocks underlying such</li> <li>series of Portfolio Depository Receipts shall meet the</li> <li>following criteria:</li> <li>a. Component stocks that in the aggregate account for at</li> <li>least 90% of the weight of the index or portfolio each</li> <li>shall have a minimum market value of at least \$75</li> <li>million;</li> <li>b. Component stocks that in the aggregate account for at</li> <li>least 90% of the weight of the index or portfolio each</li> <li>shall have a minimum monthly trading volume during</li> <li>each of the last six months of at least 250,000 shares;</li> <li>c. The most heavily weighted component stock shall not</li> <li>exceed 30% of the weight of the index or portfolio, and</li> <li>the five most heavily weighted component stocks shall not</li> <li>exceed 65% of the weight of the index or portfolio;</li> <li>d. The index or portfolio shall include a minimum of 13</li> <li>component stocks listed on Nasdaq (including The</li> <li>Nasdaq Capital Market) or another national securities</li> <li>exchange and shall be NMS Stocks as defined in Rule</li> <li>600 of Regulation NMS under the Act</li> </ul>	5705(a)(3)(A)	<ul> <li>Equity. Nasdaq may approve a series of Portfolio</li> <li>Depository Receipts for listing and trading pursuant to</li> <li>Rule 19b-4(e) under the Act, provided each of the</li> <li>following criteria is satisfied:</li> <li>(A) Eligibility Criteria for Index Components.</li> <li>(i) U.S. Index or Portfolio. Upon the initial listing of a</li> <li>series of Portfolio Depository Receipts pursuant to Rule</li> <li>19b-4(e) under the Act, the component stocks of an index</li> <li>or portfolio of U.S. Component Stocks underlying such</li> <li>series of Portfolio Depository Receipts shall meet the</li> <li>following criteria:</li> <li>a. Component stocks that in the aggregate account for at</li> <li>least 90% of the weight of the index or portfolio each</li> <li>shall have a minimum market value of at least \$75</li> <li>million;</li> <li>b. Component stocks that in the aggregate account for at</li> <li>least 90% of the weight of the index or portfolio each</li> <li>shall have a minimum monthly trading volume during</li> <li>each of the last six months of at least 250,000 shares;</li> <li>c. The most heavily weighted component stock shall not</li> <li>exceed 30% of the weight of the index or portfolio, and</li> <li>the five most heavily weighted component stocks shall not</li> <li>exceed 65% of the weight of the index or portfolio;</li> <li>d. The index or portfolio shall include a minimum of 13</li> <li>component stocks listed on Nasdaq (including The</li> <li>Nasdaq Capital Market) or another national securities</li> <li>exchange and shall be NMS Stocks as defined in Rule</li> <li>600 of Regulation NMS under the Act.</li> </ul>	"US" changed to "U.S." for consistency with the usage throughout Nasdaq's rules.

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
	(ii) International or global index or portfolio. Upon the		(ii) International or global index or portfolio. Upon the	
	initial listing of a series of Portfolio Depository Receipts		initial listing of a series of Portfolio Depository Receipts	
	pursuant to Rule 19b-4(e) under the Act, the components		pursuant to Rule 19b-4(e) under the Act, the components	
	of an index or portfolio underlying a series of Portfolio		of an index or portfolio underlying a series of Portfolio	
	Depository Receipts that consist of either only Non-US		Depository Receipts that consist of either only Non-U.S.	
	Component Stocks or both US Component Stocks and		Component Stocks or both U.S. Component Stocks and	
	Non-US Component Stocks shall meet the following		Non-U.S. Component Stocks shall meet the following	
	criteria:		criteria:	
	a. Component stocks that in the aggregate account for at		a. Component stocks that in the aggregate account for at	
	least 90% of the weight of the index or portfolio each		least 90% of the weight of the index or portfolio each	
	shall have a minimum market value of at least \$100		shall have a minimum market value of at least \$100	
	million;		million;	
	b. Component stocks that in the aggregate account for at		b. Component stocks that in the aggregate account for at	
	least 90% of the weight of the index or portfolio each		least 90% of the weight of the index or portfolio each	
	shall have a minimum worldwide monthly trading		shall have a minimum worldwide monthly trading	
	volume during each of the last six months of at least		volume during each of the last six months of at least	
	250,000 shares;		250,000 shares;	
	c. The most heavily weighted component stock shall not		c. The most heavily weighted component stock shall not	
	exceed 25% of the weight of the index or portfolio, and		exceed 25% of the weight of the index or portfolio, and	
	the five most heavily weighted component stocks shall		the five most heavily weighted component stocks shall	
	not exceed 60% of the weight of the index or portfolio;		not exceed 60% of the weight of the index or portfolio;	
	d. The index or portfolio shall include a minimum of 20		d. The index or portfolio shall include a minimum of 20	
	component stocks; and		component stocks; and	
	e. Each US Component Stock shall be listed on a national		e. Each U.S. Component Stock shall be listed on a	
	securities exchange and shall be an NMS Stock as		national securities exchange and shall be an NMS Stock	
	defined in Rule 600 of Regulation NMS under the Act,		as defined in Rule 600 of Regulation NMS under the Act,	
	and each Non-US Component Stock shall be listed and		and each Non-U.S. Component Stock shall be listed and	
	traded on an exchange that has last-sale reporting.		traded on an exchange that has last-sale reporting.	
	(iii) Index or portfolio approved in connection with		(iii) Index or portfolio approved in connection with	
	derivative securities. Upon the initial listing of a series of		derivative securities. Upon the initial listing of a series of	

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
	Portfolio Depository Receipts pursuant to Rule 19b-4(e) under the Act, the index or portfolio underlying a series of Portfolio Depository Receipts shall have been reviewed and approved for trading of options, Portfolio Depository Receipts, Index Fund Shares, index-linked exchangeable notes, or index-linked securities by the Commission under Section 19(b)(2) of the Act and rules thereunder, and the conditions set forth in the Commission's approval order, including comprehensive surveillance sharing agreements with respect to Non-US Component Stocks and the requirements regarding dissemination of information, continue to be satisfied. Each component stock of the index or portfolio shall be either a. a US Component Stock that is listed on a national securities exchange and is an NMS Stock as defined in Rule 600 of Regulation NMS under the Act, or b. a Non-US Component Stock that is listed and traded on an exchange that has last-sale reporting.		Portfolio Depository Receipts pursuant to Rule 19b-4(e) under the Act, the index or portfolio underlying a series of Portfolio Depository Receipts shall have been reviewed and approved for trading of options, Portfolio Depository Receipts, Index Fund Shares, index-linked exchangeable notes, or index-linked securities by the Commission under Section 19(b)(2) of the Act and rules thereunder, and the conditions set forth in the Commission's approval order, including comprehensive surveillance sharing agreements with respect to Non-U.S. Component Stocks and the requirements regarding dissemination of information, continue to be satisfied. Each component stock of the index or portfolio shall be either a. a U.S. Component Stock that is listed on a national securities exchange and is an NMS Stock as defined in Rule 600 of Regulation NMS under the Act; or b. a Non-U.S. Component Stock that is listed and traded on an exchange that has last-sale reporting.	

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
4420(i)(3)(B-F)	Index Methodology and Calculation. (i) If the index is maintained by a broker-dealer or fund advisor, the broker-dealer or fund advisor shall erect a "fire wall" around the personnel who have access to information concerning changes and adjustments to the index and the index shall be calculated by a third party who is not a broker-dealer or fund advisor; (ii) The current index value for Portfolio Depository Receipts listed pursuant to: a. Rule 4420(i)(3)(A)(i) will be widely disseminated by one or more major market data vendors at least every 15 seconds during Nasdaq's regular market session. b. Rule 4420(i)(3)(A)(ii) will be widely disseminated by one or more major market data vendors at least every 60 seconds during Nasdaq's regular market session; or c. Rule 4420(i)(3)(A)(iii) will be widely disseminated by one or more major market data vendors at least every 15 seconds during Nasdaq's regular market session; or c. Rule 4420(i)(3)(A)(iii) will be widely disseminated by one or more major market data vendors at least every 15 seconds with respect to indexes containing only US Component Stocks and at least every 60 seconds with respect to indexes containing Non-US Component Stocks, during Nasdaq's regular market session. If the index value does not change during some or all of the period when trading is occurring on Nasdaq (for example, for indexes of Non-US Component Stocks because of time zone differences or holidays in the countries where such indexes' component stocks trade), then the last official calculated index value must remain available throughout Nasdaq's trading hours; and (iii) Any advisory committee, supervisory board, or similar entity that advises a Reporting Authority or that	5705(a)(3)(B-F)	Index Methodology and Calculation. (i) If the index is maintained by a broker-dealer or fund advisor, the broker-dealer or fund advisor shall erect a "fire wall" around the personnel who have access to information concerning changes and adjustments to the index and the index shall be calculated by a third party who is not a broker-dealer or fund advisor; (ii) The current index value for Portfolio Depository Receipts listed pursuant to: a. Rule 5205(a)(3)(A)(i) will be widely disseminated by one or more major market data vendors at least every 15 seconds during Nasdaq's regular market session. b. Rule 5205(a)(3)(A)(ii) will be widely disseminated by one or more major market data vendors at least every 60 seconds during Nasdaq's regular market session; or c. Rule 5205(a)(3)(A)(iii) will be widely disseminated by one or more major market data vendors at least every 15 seconds during Nasdaq's regular market session; or c. Rule 5205(a)(3)(A)(iii) will be widely disseminated by one or more major market data vendors at least every 15 seconds with respect to indexes containing only U.S. Component Stocks and at least every 60 seconds with respect to indexes containing Non-U.S. Component Stocks, during Nasdaq's regular market session. If the index value does not change during some or all of the period when trading is occurring on Nasdaq (for example, for indexes of Non-U.S. Component Stocks because of time zone differences or holidays in the countries where such indexes' component stocks trade), then the last official calculated index value must remain available throughout Nasdaq's trading hours; and (iii) Any advisory committee, supervisory board, or similar entity that advises a Reporting Authority or that	"NASD Regulation" updated to "FINRA." Rule citations updated. "US" updated to "U.S." for consistency with the usage throughout Nasdaq's rules

#### Rule Reference Table

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
	makes decisions on the index or portfolio composition,		makes decisions on the index or portfolio composition,	
	methodology and related matters, must implement and		methodology and related matters, must implement and	
	maintain, or be subject to, procedures designed to prevent		maintain, or be subject to, procedures designed to prevent	
	the use and dissemination of material non-public		the use and dissemination of material non-public	
	information regarding the applicable index.		information regarding the applicable index.	
	(C) Disseminated Information. The Reporting Authority		(C) Disseminated Information. The Reporting Authority	
	will disseminate for each series of Portfolio Depository		will disseminate for each series of Portfolio Depository	
	Receipts an estimate, updated at least every 15 seconds,		Receipts an estimate, updated at least every 15 seconds,	
	of the value of a share of each series (the "Intraday		of the value of a share of each series (the "Intraday	
	Indicative Value") during Nasdaq's regular market		Indicative Value") during Nasdaq's regular market	
	session. The Intraday Indicative Value may be based, for		session. The Intraday Indicative Value may be based, for	
	example, upon current information regarding the required		example, upon current information regarding the required	
	deposit of securities and cash amount to permit creation		deposit of securities and cash amount to permit creation	
	of new shares of the series or upon the index value. The		of new shares of the series or upon the index value. The	
	Intraday Indicative Value will be updated at least every		Intraday Indicative Value will be updated at least every	
	15 seconds during Nasdaq's regular market session to		15 seconds during Nasdaq's regular market session to	
	reflect changes in the exchange rate between the US		reflect changes in the exchange rate between the U.S.	
	dollar and the currency in which any component stock is		dollar and the currency in which any component stock is	
	denominated. If the Intraday Indicative Value does not		denominated. If the Intraday Indicative Value does not	
	change during some or all of the period when trading is		change during some or all of the period when trading is	
	occurring on Nasdaq, then the last official calculated		occurring on Nasdaq, then the last official calculated	
	Intraday Indicative Value must remain available		Intraday Indicative Value must remain available	
	throughout Nasdaq's trading hours.		throughout Nasdaq's trading hours.	
	(D) Initial Shares Outstanding. A minimum of 100,000		(D) Initial Shares Outstanding. A minimum of 100,000	
	shares of a series of Portfolio Depository Receipts is		shares of a series of Portfolio Depository Receipts is	
	required to be outstanding at start-up of trading.		required to be outstanding at start-up of trading.	
	(E) Surveillance Procedures. NASD Regulation will		(E) Surveillance Procedures. FINRA will implement	
	implement written surveillance procedures for Portfolio		written surveillance procedures for Portfolio Depository	
	Depository Receipts.		Receipts.	
	(F) Creation and redemption. For Portfolio Depository		(F) Creation and redemption. For Portfolio Depository	

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
	Receipts listed pursuant to Rule 4420(i)(3)(A)(ii) or (iii) above, the statutory prospectus or the application for exemption from provisions of the Investment Company Act of 1940 for the series of Portfolio Depository Receipts must state that the Trust must comply with the federal securities laws in accepting securities for deposits and satisfying redemptions with redemption securities, including that the securities accepted for deposits and the securities used to satisfy redemption requests are sold in transactions that would be exempt from registration under the Securities Act of 1933.		Receipts listed pursuant to Rule 5205(a)(3)(A)(ii) or (iii) above, the statutory prospectus or the application for exemption from provisions of the Investment Company Act of 1940 for the series of Portfolio Depository Receipts must state that the Trust must comply with the federal securities laws in accepting securities for deposits and satisfying redemptions with redemption securities, including that the securities accepted for deposits and the securities used to satisfy redemption requests are sold in transactions that would be exempt from registration under the Securities Act of 1933.	

### Rule Reference Table

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
4420(i)(4)	<ul> <li>Fixed Income. Fixed Income Securities are debt</li> <li>securities that are notes, bonds, debentures or evidence of</li> <li>indebtedness that include, but are not limited to, U.S.</li> <li>Department of Treasury securities ("Treasury</li> <li>Securities"), government-sponsored entity securities</li> <li>("GSE Securities"), municipal securities, trust preferred</li> <li>securities, supranational debt and debt of a foreign</li> <li>country or subdivision thereof. Nasdaq may approve a</li> <li>series of Portfolio Depositary Receipts based on Fixed</li> <li>Income Securities for listing and trading pursuant to Rule</li> <li>19b-4(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934</li> <li>provided such portfolio or index: (i) has been reviewed</li> <li>and approved for the trading of options, Portfolio</li> <li>Depository Receipts, Index Fund Shares, Index-Linked</li> <li>Exchangeable Notes or Index-Linked Securities</li> <li>Exchange Act of 1934 and the rules thereunder and the</li> <li>conditions set forth in the Commission's approval order</li> <li>continue to be satisfied; or (ii) the following criteria are</li> <li>satisfied:</li> <li>(A) Eligibility Criteria for Index Components. Upon the</li> <li>initial listing of a series of Portfolio Depositary Receipts</li> <li>pursuant to Rule 19b-4(e) under the Securities Exchange</li> <li>Act of 1934, each component of an index or portfolio that</li> <li>underlies a series of Portfolio Depositary Receipts shall</li> <li>meet the following criteria:</li> <li>(i) The index or portfolio must consist of Fixed Income</li> <li>Securities;</li> <li>(ii) Components that in aggregate account for at least</li> <li>75% of the weight of the index or portfolio must have a</li> </ul>	5705(a)(4)	<ul> <li>Fixed Income. Fixed Income Securities are debt</li> <li>securities that are notes, bonds, debentures or evidence of</li> <li>indebtedness that include, but are not limited to, U.S.</li> <li>Department of Treasury securities ("Treasury</li> <li>Securities"), government-sponsored entity securities</li> <li>("GSE Securities"), municipal securities, trust preferred</li> <li>securities, supranational debt and debt of a foreign</li> <li>country or subdivision thereof. Nasdaq may approve a</li> <li>series of Portfolio Depositary Receipts based on Fixed</li> <li>Income Securities for listing and trading pursuant to Rule</li> <li>19b-4(e) under the Act provided such portfolio or index:</li> <li>(i) has been reviewed and approved for the trading of</li> <li>options, Portfolio Depository Receipts, Index Fund</li> <li>Shares, Index-Linked Exchangeable Notes or Index-</li> <li>Linked Securities by the Commission under Section</li> <li>19(b)(2) of the Act and the rules thereunder and the</li> <li>conditions set forth in the Commission's approval order</li> <li>continue to be satisfied; or (ii) the following criteria are</li> <li>satisfied:</li> <li>(A) Eligibility Criteria for Index Components. Upon the</li> <li>initial listing of a series of Portfolio Depositary Receipts</li> <li>pursuant to Rule 19b-4(e) under the Act, each component</li> <li>of an index or portfolio that underlies a series of Portfolio</li> <li>Depositary Receipts shall meet the following criteria:</li> <li>(i) The index or portfolio must consist of Fixed Income</li> <li>Securities;</li> <li>(ii) Components that in aggregate account for at least</li> <li>75% of the weight of the index or portfolio must have a</li> <li>minimum original principal amount outstanding of \$100</li> <li>million or more;</li> </ul>	Changed "Securities Exchange Act of 1934" and "Exchange Act" to the defined term "Act" for consistency.

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
	minimum original principal amount outstanding of \$100		(iii) A component may be a convertible security,	
	million or more;		however, once the convertible security component	
	(iii) A component may be a convertible security,		converts to an underlying equity security, the component	
	however, once the convertible security component		is removed from the index or portfolio;	
	converts to an underlying equity security, the component		(iv) No component fixed-income security (excluding	
	is removed from the index or portfolio;		Treasury Securities) will represent more than 30% of the	
	(iv) No component fixed-income security (excluding		weight of the index or portfolio, and the five highest	
	Treasury Securities) will represent more than 30% of the		weighted component fixed-income securities do not in	
	weight of the index or portfolio, and the five highest		the aggregate account for more than 65% of the weight of	
	weighted component fixed-income securities do not in		the index or portfolio;	
	the aggregate account for more than 65% of the weight of		(v) An underlying index or portfolio (excluding exempted	
	the index or portfolio;		securities) must include securities from a minimum of 13	
	(v) An underlying index or portfolio (excluding exempted		non-affiliated issuers; and	
	securities) must include securities from a minimum of 13		(vi) Component securities that in aggregate account for at	
	non-affiliated issuers; and		least 90% of the weight of the index or portfolio must be	
	(vi) Component securities that in aggregate account for at		either: (a) from issuers that are required to file reports	
	least 90% of the weight of the index or portfolio must be		pursuant to Sections 13 and 15(d) of the Act; (b) from	
	either: (a) from issuers that are required to file reports		issuers that have a worldwide market value of its	
	pursuant to Sections 13 and 15(d) of the Exchange Act;		outstanding common equity held by non-affiliates of	
	(b) from issuers that have a worldwide market value of its		\$700 million or more; (c) from issuers that have	
	outstanding common equity held by non-affiliates of		outstanding securities that are notes, bonds, debentures,	
	\$700 million or more; (c) from issuers that have		or evidence of indebtedness having a total remaining	
	outstanding securities that are notes, bonds, debentures,		principal amount of at least \$1 billion; (d) exempted	
	or evidence of indebtedness having a total remaining		securities as defined in section $3(a)(12)$ of the Act; or (e)	
	principal amount of at least \$1 billion; (d) exempted		from issuers that are a government of a foreign country or	
	securities as defined in section 3(a)(12) of the Securities		a political subdivision of a foreign country.	
	Exchange Act of 1934; or (e) from issuers that are a		(B) Index Methodology and Calculation.	
	government of a foreign country or a political subdivision		(i) If the index is maintained by a broker-dealer or fund	
	of a foreign country.		advisor, the broker-dealer or fund advisor shall erect a	
	(B) Index Methodology and Calculation.		"fire wall" around the personnel who have access to	

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
	<ul> <li>(i) If the index is maintained by a broker-dealer or fund advisor, the broker-dealer or fund advisor shall erect a "fire wall" around the personnel who have access to information concerning changes and adjustments to the index;</li> <li>(ii) The current index value will be widely disseminated by one or more major market data vendors at least once per day; and</li> <li>(iii) Any advisory committee, supervisory board, or similar entity that advises a Reporting Authority or that makes decisions on the index composition, methodology and related matters, must implement and maintain, or be subject to, procedures designed to prevent the use and dissemination of material non-public information regarding the applicable index.</li> </ul>		information concerning changes and adjustments to the index; (ii) The current index value will be widely disseminated by one or more major market data vendors at least once per day; and (iii) Any advisory committee, supervisory board, or similar entity that advises a Reporting Authority or that makes decisions on the index composition, methodology and related matters, must implement and maintain, or be subject to, procedures designed to prevent the use and dissemination of material non-public information regarding the applicable index.	

#### Rule Reference Table

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
4420(i)(5)	<ul> <li>Nasdaq may approve a series of Portfolio Depositary Receipts based on a combination of indexes or an index or portfolio of component securities representing the U.S. equity market, the international equity market, and the fixed income market for listing and trading pursuant to Rule 19b-4(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 provided: (i) each index has been reviewed and approved for the trading of options, Portfolio Depository Receipts, Index Fund Shares, Index-Linked Exchangeable Notes or Index-Linked Securities by the Commission under Section 19(b)(2) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and rules thereunder and the conditions set forth in the Commission's approval order continue to be satisfied; or (ii) each index or portfolio of equity and fixed income component securities separately meets either the criteria set forth in Rule 4420(i)(3) or (4) above.</li> <li>(A) Index Methodology and Calculation.</li> <li>(i) If an index is maintained by a broker-dealer or fund advisor, the broker-dealer or fund advisor shall erect a "fire wall" around the personnel who have access to information concerning changes and adjustments to the index;</li> <li>(ii) The current composite index value will be widely disseminated by one or more major market data vendors at least once every 15 seconds during the regular market session, provided however, that (a) with respect to the Non-US Component Stocks of the combination index, the impact on the index is only required to be updated at least every 60 seconds during the regular market session, and (b) with respect to the fixed income components of the</li> </ul>	5705(a)(5)	<ul> <li>Nasdaq may approve a series of Portfolio Depositary Receipts based on a combination of indexes or an index or portfolio of component securities representing the U.S. equity market, the international equity market, and the fixed income market for listing and trading pursuant to Rule 19b-4(e) under the Act provided: (i) each index has been reviewed and approved for the trading of options, Portfolio Depository Receipts, Index Fund Shares, Index- Linked Exchangeable Notes or Index-Linked Securities by the Commission under Section 19(b)(2) of the Act and rules thereunder and the conditions set forth in the Commission's approval order continue to be satisfied; or (ii) each index or portfolio of equity and fixed income component securities separately meets either the criteria set forth in Rule 5205(a)(3) or (4) above.</li> <li>(A) Index Methodology and Calculation.</li> <li>(i) If an index is maintained by a broker-dealer or fund advisor, the broker-dealer or fund advisor shall erect a "fire wall" around the personnel who have access to information concerning changes and adjustments to the index;</li> <li>(ii) The current composite index value will be widely disseminated by one or more major market data vendors at least once every 15 seconds during the regular market session, provided however, that (a) with respect to the Non-U.S. Component Stocks of the combination index, the impact on the index is only required to be updated at least every 60 seconds during the regular market session, and (b) with respect to the fixed income components of the combination index the impact on the index is only</li> </ul>	Rule citations updated. "US" changed to "U.S." for consistency with the usage throughout Nasdaq's rules. Changed "Securities Exchange Act of 1934" to the defined term "Act" for consistency.

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
	combination index the impact on the index is only required to be updated at least once each day; and (iii) Any advisory committee, supervisory board, or similar entity that advises a Reporting Authority or that makes decisions on index composition, methodology and related matters, must implement and maintain, or be subject to, procedures designed to prevent the use and dissemination of material non-public information regarding the applicable index.		required to be updated at least once each day; and (iii) Any advisory committee, supervisory board, or similar entity that advises a Reporting Authority or that makes decisions on index composition, methodology and related matters, must implement and maintain, or be subject to, procedures designed to prevent the use and dissemination of material non-public information regarding the applicable index.	

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
4420(i)(6)	<ul> <li>The following provisions shall apply to all series of Portfolio Depositary Receipts listed pursuant Rules 4420(i)(4) and (5) above:</li> <li>(A) Disseminated Information. The Reporting Authority will disseminate for each series of Portfolio Depositary Receipts an estimate, updated at least every 15 seconds, of the value of a share of each series (the "Intraday Indicative Value"). The Intraday Indicative Value may be based, for example, upon current information regarding the required deposit of securities and cash amount to permit creation of new shares of the series or upon the index value. The Intraday Indicative Value may be calculated by Nasdaq or by an independent third party throughout the day using prices obtained from independent market data providers or other independent pricing sources such as a broker-dealer or price evaluation services.</li> <li>(B) Initial Shares Outstanding. A minimum of 100,000 shares of a series of Portfolio Depositary Receipts is required to be outstanding at start-up of trading.</li> <li>(C) Surveillance Procedures. NASD Regulation will implement written surveillance procedures for Portfolio Depositary Receipts.</li> </ul>	5705(a)(6)	<ul> <li>The following provisions shall apply to all series of Portfolio Depositary Receipts listed pursuant Rules 5205(a)(4) and (5) above:</li> <li>(A) Disseminated Information. The Reporting Authority will disseminate for each series of Portfolio Depositary Receipts an estimate, updated at least every 15 seconds, of the value of a share of each series (the "Intraday Indicative Value"). The Intraday Indicative Value may be based, for example, upon current information regarding the required deposit of securities and cash amount to permit creation of new shares of the series or upon the index value. The Intraday Indicative Value may be calculated by Nasdaq or by an independent third party throughout the day using prices obtained from independent market data providers or other independent pricing sources such as a broker-dealer or price evaluation services.</li> <li>(B) Initial Shares Outstanding. A minimum of 100,000 shares of a series of Portfolio Depositary Receipts is required to be outstanding at start-up of trading.</li> <li>(C) Surveillance Procedures. FINRA will implement written surveillance procedures for Portfolio Depositary Receipts.</li> </ul>	"NASD Regulation" updated to "FINRA." Rule citations updated.

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
4420(i)(7)	Regular market session trading will occur between 9:30 a.m. and either 4:00 p.m. or 4:15 p.m. for each series of Portfolio Depository Receipts, as specified by Nasdaq. In addition, Nasdaq may designate each series of Portfolio Depository Receipts for trading during a pre-market session beginning at 7:00 a.m. and/or a post-market session ending at 8:00 p.m.	5705(a)(7)	Regular market session trading will occur between 9:30 a.m. and either 4:00 p.m. or 4:15 p.m. for each series of Portfolio Depository Receipts, as specified by Nasdaq. In addition, Nasdaq may designate each series of Portfolio Depository Receipts for trading during a pre-market session beginning at 7:00 a.m. and/or a post-market session ending at 8:00 p.m.	No changes.
4420(i)(8)	Nasdaq may list and trade Portfolio Depository Receipts based on one or more indexes or portfolios. The Portfolio Depository Receipts based on each particular index or portfolio, or combination thereof, shall be designated as a separate series and shall be identified by a unique symbol. The components of an index or portfolio on which Portfolio Depository Receipts are based shall be selected by Nasdaq or its agent, a wholly-owned subsidiary of Nasdaq, or by such other person as shall have a proprietary interest in and authorized use of such index or portfolio, and may be revised from time to time as may be deemed necessary or appropriate to maintain the quality and character of the index or portfolio.	5705(a)(8)	Nasdaq may list and trade Portfolio Depository Receipts based on one or more indexes or portfolios. The Portfolio Depository Receipts based on each particular index or portfolio, or combination thereof, shall be designated as a separate series and shall be identified by a unique symbol. The components of an index or portfolio on which Portfolio Depository Receipts are based shall be selected by Nasdaq or its agent, a wholly-owned subsidiary of Nasdaq, or by such other person as shall have a proprietary interest in and authorized use of such index or portfolio, and may be revised from time to time as may be deemed necessary or appropriate to maintain the quality and character of the index or portfolio.	No changes.

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
4420(i)(9)	<ul> <li>A Trust upon which a series of Portfolio Depository Receipts is based will be listed and traded on Nasdaq subject to application of the following criteria:</li> <li>(A) Initial Listing — <ul> <li>(i) for each Trust, Nasdaq will establish a minimum number of Portfolio Depository Receipts required to be outstanding at the time of commencement of trading on Nasdaq.</li> <li>(ii) Nasdaq will obtain a representation from the issuer of each series of Portfolio Depository Receipts that the net asset value per share for the series will be calculated daily and will be made available to all market participants at the same time.</li> <li>(B) Continued Listing — <ul> <li>(i) Nasdaq will consider the suspension of trading in or removal from listing of a Trust upon which a series of Portfolio Depository Receipts is based under any of the following circumstances:</li> <li>a. if , following the initial twelve month period after the formation of a Trust and commencement of trading on Nasdaq, the Trust has more than 60 days remaining until termination and there are fewer than 50 record and/or beneficial holders of Portfolio Depository Receipts for 30 or more consecutive trading days;</li> <li>b. if the value of the index or portfolio of securities on which the Trust is based is no longer calculated or available or the index or portfolio on which the Trust is based is replaced with a new index or portfolio, unless the new index or portfolio meets the requirements of this Rule 4420(i) for listing either pursuant to Rule 19b-4(e)</li> </ul> </li> </ul></li></ul>	5705(a)(9)	<ul> <li>A Trust upon which a series of Portfolio Depository Receipts is based will be listed and traded on Nasdaq subject to application of the following criteria:</li> <li>(A) Initial Listing — <ul> <li>(i) for each Trust, Nasdaq will establish a minimum number of Portfolio Depository Receipts required to be outstanding at the time of commencement of trading on Nasdaq.</li> <li>(ii) Nasdaq will obtain a representation from the issuer of each series of Portfolio Depository Receipts that the net asset value per share for the series will be calculated daily and will be made available to all market participants at the same time.</li> <li>(B) Continued Listing — <ul> <li>(i) Nasdaq will consider the suspension of trading in or removal from listing of a Trust upon which a series of Portfolio Depository Receipts is based under any of the following circumstances:</li> <li>a. if , following the initial twelve month period after the formation of a Trust and commencement of trading on Nasdaq, the Trust has more than 60 days remaining until termination and there are fewer than 50 record and/or beneficial holders of Portfolio Depository Receipts for 30 or more consecutive trading days;</li> <li>b. if the value of the index or portfolio of securities on which the Trust is based is no longer calculated or available or the index or portfolio on which the Trust is based is replaced with a new index or portfolio, unless the new index or portfolio meets the requirements of this Rule 5205(a) for listing either pursuant to Rule 19b-4(e)</li> </ul> </li> </ul></li></ul>	Rule citations updated. Changed "Securities Exchange Act of 1934" to the defined term "Act" for consistency.

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
	<ul> <li>under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (including the filing of a Form 19b-4(e) with the Commission) or by Commission approval of a filing pursuant to Section 19(b)(2) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; or c. if such other event shall occur or condition exists which in the opinion of Nasdaq, makes further dealings on Nasdaq inadvisable.</li> <li>Upon termination of a Trust, Nasdaq requires that Portfolio Depository Receipts issued in connection with such Trust be removed from listing. A Trust may terminate in accordance with the provisions of the Trust prospectus, which may provide for termination if the value of securities in the Trust falls below a specified amount.</li> <li>(C) Term — the stated term of the Trust shall be as stated in the Trust prospectus. However, a Trust may be terminated under such earlier circumstances as may be specified in the Trust prospectus.</li> <li>(D) Voting — voting rights shall be as set forth in the Trust prospectus. The Trustee of a Trust may have the right to vote all of the voting securities of such Trust.</li> </ul>		<ul> <li>under the Act (including the filing of a Form 19b-4(e) with the Commission) or by Commission approval of a filing pursuant to Section 19(b)(2) of the Act; or</li> <li>c. if such other event shall occur or condition exists which in the opinion of Nasdaq, makes further dealings on Nasdaq inadvisable.</li> <li>Upon termination of a Trust, Nasdaq requires that Portfolio Depository Receipts issued in connection with such Trust be removed from listing. A Trust may terminate in accordance with the provisions of the Trust prospectus, which may provide for termination if the value of securities in the Trust falls below a specified amount.</li> <li>(C) Term — the stated term of the Trust shall be as stated in the Trust prospectus. However, a Trust may be terminated under such earlier circumstances as may be specified in the Trust prospectus.</li> <li>(D) Voting — voting rights shall be as set forth in the Trust prospectus. The Trustee of a Trust may have the right to vote all of the voting securities of such Trust.</li> </ul>	

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
4420(i)(10)	Neither Nasdaq, the Reporting Authority nor any agent of Nasdaq shall have any liability for damages, claims, losses or expenses caused by any errors, omissions, or delays in calculating or disseminating any current index or portfolio value, the current value of the portfolio of securities required to be deposited to the Trust; the amount of any dividend equivalent payment or cash distribution to holders of Portfolio Depository Receipts; net asset value; or other information relating to the creation, redemption or trading of Portfolio Depository Receipts, resulting from any negligent act or omission by Nasdaq, the Reporting Authority, or any agent of Nasdaq or any act, condition or cause beyond the reasonable control of Nasdaq, its agent, or the Reporting Authority, including, but not limited to, an act of God; fire; flood; extraordinary weather conditions; war; insurrection; riot; strike; accident; action of government; communications or power failure; equipment or software malfunction; or any error, omission or delay in the reports of transactions in one or more underlying securities.	5705(a)(10)	Neither Nasdaq, the Reporting Authority nor any agent of Nasdaq shall have any liability for damages, claims, losses or expenses caused by any errors, omissions, or delays in calculating or disseminating any current index or portfolio value, the current value of the portfolio of securities required to be deposited to the Trust; the amount of any dividend equivalent payment or cash distribution to holders of Portfolio Depository Receipts; net asset value; or other information relating to the creation, redemption or trading of Portfolio Depository Receipts, resulting from any negligent act or omission by Nasdaq, the Reporting Authority, or any agent of Nasdaq or any act, condition or cause beyond the reasonable control of Nasdaq, its agent, or the Reporting Authority, including, but not limited to, an act of God; fire; flood; extraordinary weather conditions; war; insurrection; riot; strike; accident; action of government; communications or power failure; equipment or software malfunction; or any error, omission or delay in the reports of transactions in one or more underlying securities.	No changes.

#### Rule Reference Table

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
4420(j)(1)	Definitions. The following terms shall, unless the context otherwise requires, have the meanings herein specified: (A) Index Fund Share. The term "Index Fund Share" means a security: (i) that is issued by an open-end management investment company based on a portfolio of stocks or fixed income securities or a combination thereof, that seeks to provide investment results that correspond generally to the price and yield performance or total return performance of a specified foreign or domestic stock index, fixed income securities index or combination thereof; (ii) that is issued by such an open-end management investment company in a specified aggregate minimum number in return for a deposit of specified numbers of shares of stock and/or a cash amount, a specified portfolio of fixed income securities and/or a cash amount and/or a combination of the above, with a value equal to the next determined net asset value; and (iii) that, when aggregated in the same specified minimum number, may be redeemed at a holder's request by such open-end investment company which will pay to the redeeming holder the stock and/or cash, fixed income securities and/or cash and/or a combination thereof, with a value equal to the next determined net asset value. (B) (i) The term "Index Fund Share" includes a security issued by an open-end management investment company that seeks to provide investment results that either exceed the performance of a specified domestic equity, international or global equity, or fixed income index or a combination thereof by a specified multiple or that	5705(b)(1)	Definitions. The following terms shall, unless the context otherwise requires, have the meanings herein specified: (A) Index Fund Share. The term "Index Fund Share" means a security: (i) that is issued by an open-end management investment company based on a portfolio of stocks or fixed income securities or a combination thereof, that seeks to provide investment results that correspond generally to the price and yield performance or total return performance of a specified foreign or domestic stock index, fixed income securities index or combination thereof; (ii) that is issued by such an open-end management investment company in a specified aggregate minimum number in return for a deposit of specified numbers of shares of stock and/or a cash amount, a specified portfolio of fixed income securities and/or a cash amount and/or a combination of the above, with a value equal to the next determined net asset value; and (iii) that, when aggregated in the same specified minimum number, may be redeemed at a holder's request by such open-end investment company which will pay to the redeeming holder the stock and/or cash, fixed income securities and/or cash and/or a combination thereof, with a value equal to the next determined net asset value. (B) (i) The term "Index Fund Share" includes a security issued by an open-end management investment company that seeks to provide investment results that either exceed the performance of a specified domestic equity, international or global equity, or fixed income index or a combination thereof by a specified multiple or that	"US" changed to "U.S." for consistency with the usage throughout Nasdaq's rules. Changed "Securities Exchange Act of 1934" to the defined term "Act" for consistency.

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
	correspond to the inverse (opposite) of the performance		correspond to the inverse (opposite) of the performance	
	of a specified domestic equity, international or global		of a specified domestic equity, international or global	
	equity, or fixed income index or a combination thereof by		equity, or fixed income index or a combination thereof by	
	a specified multiple. Such a security is issued in a		a specified multiple. Such a security is issued in a	
	specified aggregate number in return for a deposit of a		specified aggregate number in return for a deposit of a	
	specified number of shares of stock, a specified portfolio		specified number of shares of stock, a specified portfolio	
	of fixed income securities or a combination of the above		of fixed income securities or a combination of the above	
	and/or cash as defined in subparagraph (1)(B)(ii) of this		and/or cash as defined in subparagraph (1)(B)(ii) of this	
	rule with a value equal to the next determined net asset		rule with a value equal to the next determined net asset	
	value. When aggregated in the same specified minimum		value. When aggregated in the same specified minimum	
	number, Index Fund Shares may be redeemed at a		number, Index Fund Shares may be redeemed at a	
	holder's request by such open-end investment company		holder's request by such open-end investment company	
	which will pay to the redeeming holder the stock, fixed		which will pay to the redeeming holder the stock, fixed	
	income securities or a combination thereof and/or cash		income securities or a combination thereof and/or cash	
	with a value equal to the next determined net asset value.		with a value equal to the next determined net asset value.	
	(ii) In order to achieve the investment result that it seeks		(ii) In order to achieve the investment result that it seeks	
	to provide, such an investment company may hold a		to provide, such an investment company may hold a	
	combination of financial instruments, including, but not		combination of financial instruments, including, but not	
	limited to, stock index futures contracts; options on		limited to, stock index futures contracts; options on	
	futures contracts; options on securities and indices; equity		futures contracts; options on securities and indices; equity	
	caps, collars and floors; swap agreements; forward		caps, collars and floors; swap agreements; forward	
	contracts; repurchase agreements and reverse repurchase		contracts; repurchase agreements and reverse repurchase	
	agreements (the "Financial Instruments"), but only to the		agreements (the "Financial Instruments"), but only to the	
	extent and in the amounts or percentages as set forth in		extent and in the amounts or percentages as set forth in	
	the registration statement for such Index Fund Shares.		the registration statement for such Index Fund Shares.	
	(iii) Any open-end management investment company		(iii) Any open-end management investment company	
	which issues Index Fund Shares referenced in this		which issues Index Fund Shares referenced in this	
	subparagraph (1)(B) that seeks to provide investment		subparagraph (1)(B) that seeks to provide investment	
	results, before fees and expenses, in an amount that		results, before fees and expenses, in an amount that	
	exceeds -300% of the percentage performance on a given		exceeds -300% of the percentage performance on a given	

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
	day of a particular domestic equity, international or		day of a particular domestic equity, international or	
	global equity or fixed income securities index or a		global equity or fixed income securities index or a	
	combination thereof shall not be approved by the		combination thereof shall not be approved by the	
	Exchange for listing and trading pursuant to Rule 19b-		Exchange for listing and trading pursuant to Rule 19b-	
	4(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.		4(e) under the Act.	
	(iv) For the initial and continued listing of a series of		(iv) For the initial and continued listing of a series of	
	Index Fund Shares referenced in the provisions of this		Index Fund Shares referenced in the provisions of this	
	subparagraph (1)(B) of this rule, the following		subparagraph (1)(B) of this rule, the following	
	requirements must be adhered to:		requirements must be adhered to:	
	Daily public website disclosure of portfolio holdings that		Daily public website disclosure of portfolio holdings that	
	will form the basis for the calculation of the net asset		will form the basis for the calculation of the net asset	
	value by the issuer of such series, including, as		value by the issuer of such series, including, as	
	applicable, the following instruments:		applicable, the following instruments:	
	a. The identity and number of shares held of each specific		a. The identity and number of shares held of each specific	
	equity security;		equity security;	
	b. The identity and amount held for each specific fixed		b. The identity and amount held for each specific fixed	
	income security;		income security;	
	c. The specific types of Financial Instruments and		c. The specific types of Financial Instruments and	
	characteristics of such Financial Instruments; and		characteristics of such Financial Instruments; and	
	d. Cash equivalents and the amount of cash held in the		d. Cash equivalents and the amount of cash held in the	
	portfolio.		portfolio.	
	If the Exchange becomes aware that the net asset value		If the Exchange becomes aware that the net asset value	
	related to an Index Fund Shares included in the		related to an Index Fund Shares included in the	
	provisions of this subparagraph (1)(B)(ii) of this rule, is		provisions of this subparagraph (1)(B)(ii) of this rule, is	
	not being disseminated to all market participants at the		not being disseminated to all market participants at the	
	same time or the daily public website disclosure of		same time or the daily public website disclosure of	
	portfolio holdings does not occur, the Exchange shall halt		portfolio holdings does not occur, the Exchange shall halt	
	trading in such series of Index Fund Share, as		trading in such series of Index Fund Share, as	
	appropriate. The Exchange may resume trading in such		appropriate. The Exchange may resume trading in such	
	Index Fund Shares only when the net asset value is		Index Fund Shares only when the net asset value is	

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text <sup>*</sup>	Comments
	disseminated to all market participants at the same time		disseminated to all market participants at the same time	
	or the daily public website disclosure of portfolio		or the daily public website disclosure of portfolio	
	holdings occurs, as appropriate.		holdings occurs, as appropriate.	
	(C) Reporting Authority. The term "Reporting Authority"		(C) Reporting Authority. The term "Reporting Authority"	
	in respect of a particular series of Index Fund Shares		in respect of a particular series of Index Fund Shares	
	means Nasdaq, a wholly-owned subsidiary of Nasdaq, or		means Nasdaq, a wholly-owned subsidiary of Nasdaq, or	
	an institution or reporting service designated by Nasdaq		an institution or reporting service designated by Nasdaq	
	or its subsidiary as the official source for calculating and		or its subsidiary as the official source for calculating and	
	reporting information relating to such series, including,		reporting information relating to such series, including,	
	but not limited to, any current index or portfolio value;		but not limited to, any current index or portfolio value;	
	the current value of the portfolio of any securities		the current value of the portfolio of any securities	
	required to be deposited in connection with issuance of		required to be deposited in connection with issuance of	
	Index Fund Shares; the amount of any dividend		Index Fund Shares; the amount of any dividend	
	equivalent payment or cash distribution to holders of		equivalent payment or cash distribution to holders of	
	Index Fund Shares, net asset value, and other information		Index Fund Shares, net asset value, and other information	
	relating to the issuance, redemption or trading of Index		relating to the issuance, redemption or trading of Index	
	Fund Shares.		Fund Shares.	
	Nothing in this paragraph shall imply that an institution		Nothing in this paragraph shall imply that an institution	
	or reporting service that is the source for calculating and		or reporting service that is the source for calculating and	
	reporting information relating to Index Fund Shares must		reporting information relating to Index Fund Shares must	
	be designated by Nasdaq; the term "Reporting Authority"		be designated by Nasdaq; the term "Reporting Authority"	
	shall not refer to an institution or reporting service not so		shall not refer to an institution or reporting service not so	
	designated.		designated.	
	(C) US Component Stock. The term "US Component		(D) U.S. Component Stock. The term "U.S. Component	
	Stock" shall mean an equity security that is registered		Stock" shall mean an equity security that is registered	
	under Sections 12(b) or 12(g) of the Act, or an American		under Sections 12(b) or 12(g) of the Act, or an American	
	Depository Receipt, the underlying equity security of		Depository Receipt, the underlying equity security of	
	which is registered under Sections 12(b) or 12(g) of the		which is registered under Sections 12(b) or 12(g) of the	
	Act.		Act.	
	(D) Non-US Component Stock. The term "Non-US		(E) Non-U.S. Component Stock. The term "Non-U.S.	

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
	Component Stock" shall mean an equity security that (a) is not registered under Sections 12(b) or 12(g) of the Act, (b) is issued by an entity that is not organized, domiciled or incorporated in the United States, and (c) is issued by an entity that is an operating company (including Real Estate Investment Trusts (REITs) and income trusts, but excluding investment trusts, unit trusts, mutual funds, and derivatives).		Component Stock" shall mean an equity security that (a) is not registered under Sections 12(b) or 12(g) of the Act, (b) is issued by an entity that is not organized, domiciled or incorporated in the United States, and (c) is issued by an entity that is an operating company (including Real Estate Investment Trusts (REITs) and income trusts, but excluding investment trusts, unit trusts, mutual funds, and derivatives).	

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text <sup>*</sup>	Comments
4420(j)(2)	<ul> <li>Nasdaq requires that members provide to all purchasers of a series of Index Fund Shares a written description of the terms and characteristics of such securities, in a form prepared by the open-end management investment company issuing such securities, not later than the time a confirmation of the first transaction in such series is delivered to such purchaser. In addition, members shall include such a written description with any sales material relating to a series of Index Fund Shares that is provided to customers or the public. Any other written materials provided by a member to customers or the public making specific reference to a series of Index Fund Shares as an investment vehicle must include a statement in substantially the following form: "A circular describing the terms and characteristics of [the series of Index Fund Shares] has been prepared by the [open-end management investment company name] and is available from your broker or Nasdaq. It is recommended that you obtain and review such circular before purchasing [the series of Index Fund Shares]." A member carrying an omnibus account for a nonmember broker-dealer is required to inform such nonmember that execution of an order to purchase a series of Index Fund Shares [ndex Fund Shares]."</li> </ul>	5705(b)(2)	Nasdaq requires that Members provide to all purchasers of a series of Index Fund Shares a written description of the terms and characteristics of such securities, in a form prepared by the open-end management investment company issuing such securities, not later than the time a confirmation of the first transaction in such series is delivered to such purchaser. In addition, Members shall include such a written description with any sales material relating to a series of Index Fund Shares that is provided to customers or the public. Any other written materials provided by a Member to customers or the public making specific reference to a series of Index Fund Shares as an investment vehicle must include a statement in substantially the following form: "A circular describing the terms and characteristics of [the series of Index Fund Shares] has been prepared by the [open-end management investment company name] and is available from your broker or Nasdaq. It is recommended that you obtain and review such circular before purchasing [the series of Index Fund Shares]. In addition, upon request you may obtain from your broker a prospectus for [the series of Index Fund Shares]." A Member carrying an omnibus account for a non- Member broker-dealer is required to inform such non- Member that execution of an order to purchase a series of Index Fund Shares for such omnibus account will be deemed to constitute agreement by the non-Member to make such written description available to its customers on the same terms as are directly applicable to Members and member organizations under this rule.	Defined terms capitalized.

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
Number	Upon request of a customer, a member shall also provide a prospectus for the particular series of Index Fund Shares.	Number	Upon request of a customer, a Member shall also provide a prospectus for the particular series of Index Fund Shares.	

#### Rule Reference Table

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text <sup>*</sup>	Comments
4420(j)(3)(A)	<ul> <li>Equity. Nasdaq may approve a series of Index Fund Shares for listing and trading pursuant to Rule 19b-4(e) under the Act provided each of the following criteria is satisfied:</li> <li>(A) Eligibility Criteria for Index Components.</li> <li>(i) US Index or Portfolio. Upon the initial listing of a series of Index Fund Shares pursuant to 19b-4(e) under the Act, the component stocks of an index or portfolio of US Component Stocks underlying a series of Index Fund Shares shall meet the following criteria:</li> <li>a. Component stocks that in the aggregate account for at least 90% of the weight of the index or portfolio each shall have a minimum market value of at least \$75 million;</li> <li>b. Component stocks that in the aggregate account for at least 90% of the weight of the index or portfolio each shall have a minimum monthly trading volume during each of the last six months of at least 250,000 shares;</li> <li>c. The most heavily weighted component stocks shall not exceed 30% of the weight of the index or portfolio, and the five most heavily weighted component stocks shall not exceed 65% of the weight of the index or portfolio;</li> <li>d. The index or portfolio shall include a minimum of 13 component stocks; and</li> <li>e. All securities in the index or portfolio shall be US Component Stocks listed on Nasdaq (including The Nasdaq Capital Market) or another national securities exchange and shall be NMS Stocks as defined in Rule</li> </ul>	5705(b)(3)(A)	Equity. Nasdaq may approve a series of Index Fund Shares for listing and trading pursuant to Rule 19b-4(e) under the Act provided each of the following criteria is satisfied: (A) Eligibility Criteria for Index Components. (i) U.S. Index or Portfolio. Upon the initial listing of a series of Index Fund Shares pursuant to 19b-4(e) under the Act, the component stocks of an index or portfolio of U.S. Component Stocks underlying a series of Index Fund Shares shall meet the following criteria: a. Component stocks that in the aggregate account for at least 90% of the weight of the index or portfolio each shall have a minimum market value of at least \$75 million; b. Component stocks that in the aggregate account for at least 90% of the weight of the index or portfolio each shall have a minimum monthly trading volume during each of the last six months of at least 250,000 shares; c. The most heavily weighted component stock shall not exceed 30% of the weight of the index or portfolio, and the five most heavily weighted component stocks shall not exceed 65% of the weight of the index or portfolio; d. The index or portfolio shall include a minimum of 13 component stocks; and e. All securities in the index or portfolio shall be U.S. Component Stocks listed on Nasdaq (including The Nasdaq Capital Market) or another national securities exchange and shall be NMS Stocks as defined in Rule	"US" changed to "U.S." for consistency with the usage throughout Nasdaq's rules.
	600 of Regulation NMS under the Act. (ii) International or global index or portfolio. Upon the		600 of Regulation NMS under the Act. (ii) International or global index or portfolio. Upon the	

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
	initial listing of a series of Index Fund Shares pursuant to		initial listing of a series of Index Fund Shares pursuant to	
	Rule 19b-4(e) under the Act, the components of an index		Rule 19b-4(e) under the Act, the components of an index	
	or portfolio underlying a series of Index Fund Shares that		or portfolio underlying a series of Index Fund Shares that	
	consist of either only Non-US Component Stocks or both		consist of either only Non-U.S. Component Stocks or	
	US Component Stocks and Non-US Component Stocks		both U.S. Component Stocks and Non-U.S. Component	
	shall meet the following criteria:		Stocks shall meet the following criteria:	
	a. Component stocks that in the aggregate account for at		a. Component stocks that in the aggregate account for at	
	least 90% of the weight of the index or portfolio each		least 90% of the weight of the index or portfolio each	
	shall have a minimum market value of at least \$100		shall have a minimum market value of at least \$100	
	million;		million;	
	b. Component stocks that in the aggregate account for at		b. Component stocks that in the aggregate account for at	
	least 90% of the weight of the index or portfolio each		least 90% of the weight of the index or portfolio each	
	shall have a minimum worldwide monthly trading		shall have a minimum worldwide monthly trading	
	volume during each of the last six months of at least		volume during each of the last six months of at least	
	250,000 shares;		250,000 shares;	
	c. The most heavily weighted component stock shall not		c. The most heavily weighted component stock shall not	
	exceed 25% of the weight of the index or portfolio, and		exceed 25% of the weight of the index or portfolio, and	
	the five most heavily weighted component stocks shall not exceed $(0)^{(0)}$ of the weight of the index or particular.		the five most heavily weighted component stocks shall not exceed $(00)$ of the unickt of the index or portfolio:	
	not exceed 60% of the weight of the index or portfolio;		not exceed 60% of the weight of the index or portfolio;	
	d. The index or portfolio shall include a minimum of 20		d. The index or portfolio shall include a minimum of 20	
	component stocks; and		component stocks; and	
	e. Each US Component Stock shall be listed on a national securities exchange and shall be an NMS Stock as		e. Each U.S. Component Stock shall be listed on a national securities exchange and shall be an NMS Stock	
	e e		e e	
	defined in Rule 600 of Regulation NMS under the Act, and each Non-US Component Stock shall be listed and		as defined in Rule 600 of Regulation NMS under the Act, and each Non-U.S. Component Stock shall be listed and	
	traded on an exchange that has last-sale reporting.		traded on an exchange that has last-sale reporting.	
	(iii) Index or portfolio approved in connection with		(iii) Index or portfolio approved in connection with	
	derivative securities. Upon the initial listing of a series of		derivative securities. Upon the initial listing of a series of	
	Index Fund Shares pursuant to Rule 19b-4(e) under the		Index Fund Shares pursuant to Rule 19b-4(e) under the	
	Act, the index or portfolio underlying a series of Index		Act, the index or portfolio underlying a series of Index	

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
	Fund Shares shall have been reviewed and approved for		Fund Shares shall have been reviewed and approved for	
	trading of options, Portfolio Depository Receipts, Index		trading of options, Portfolio Depository Receipts, Index	
	Fund Shares, index-linked exchangeable notes, or index-		Fund Shares, index-linked exchangeable notes, or index-	
	linked securities by the Commission under Section		linked securities by the Commission under Section	
	19(b)(2) of the Act and rules thereunder, and the		19(b)(2) of the Act and rules thereunder, and the	
	conditions set forth in the Commission's approval order,		conditions set forth in the Commission's approval order,	
	including comprehensive surveillance sharing agreements		including comprehensive surveillance sharing agreements	
	with respect to Non-US Component Stocks and the		with respect to Non-U.S. Component Stocks and the	
	requirements regarding dissemination of information,		requirements regarding dissemination of information,	
	continue to be satisfied. Each component stock of the		continue to be satisfied. Each component stock of the	
	index or portfolio shall be either		index or portfolio shall be either	
	a. a US Component Stock that is listed on a national		a. a U.S. Component Stock that is listed on a national	
	securities exchange and is an NMS Stock as defined in		securities exchange and is an NMS Stock as defined in	
	Rule 600 of Regulation NMS under the Act, or		Rule 600 of Regulation NMS under the Act, or	
	b. a Non-US Component Stock that is listed and traded		b. a Non-U.S. Component Stock that is listed and traded	
	on an exchange that has last-sale reporting.		on an exchange that has last-sale reporting.	

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
4420(j)(3)(B-F)	(B) Index Methodology and Calculation (i) If the index is maintained by a broker-dealer or fund advisor, the broker-dealer or fund advisor shall erect a "fire wall" around the personnel who have access to information concerning changes and adjustments to the index and the index shall be calculated by a third party who is not a broker-dealer or fund advisor; (ii) The current index value for Index Fund Shares listed pursuant to: a. Rule 4420(j)(3)(A)(i) will be widely disseminated by one or more major market data vendors at least every 15 seconds during Nasdaq's regular market session; b. Rule 4420(j)(3)(A)(ii) will be widely disseminated by one or more major market data vendors at least every 60 seconds during Nasdaq's regular market session; or c. Rule 4420(j)(3)(A)(iii) will be widely disseminated by one or more major market data vendors at least every 15 seconds during Nasdaq's regular market session; or c. Rule 4420(j)(3)(A)(iii) will be widely disseminated by one or more major market data vendors at least every 15 seconds with respect to indexes containing only US Component Stocks and at least every 60 seconds with respect to indexes containing Non-US Component Stocks, during Nasdaq's regular market session If the index value does not change during some or all of the period when trading is occurring on Nasdaq (for example, for indexes of Non-US Component Stocks because of time zone differences or holidays in the countries where such indexes' component stocks trade), then the last official calculated index value must remain available throughout Nasdaq's trading hours; and (iii) Any advisory committee, supervisory board, or similar entity that advises a Reporting Authority or that	5705(b)(3)(B-F)	(B) Index Methodology and Calculation (i) If the index is maintained by a broker-dealer or fund advisor, the broker-dealer or fund advisor shall erect a "fire wall" around the personnel who have access to information concerning changes and adjustments to the index and the index shall be calculated by a third party who is not a broker-dealer or fund advisor; (ii) The current index value for Index Fund Shares listed pursuant to: a. Rule 5205(b)(3)(A)(i) will be widely disseminated by one or more major market data vendors at least every 15 seconds during Nasdaq's regular market session; b. Rule 5205(b)(3)(A)(ii) will be widely disseminated by one or more major market data vendors at least every 60 seconds during Nasdaq's regular market session; or c. Rule 5205(b)(3)(A)(iii) will be widely disseminated by one or more major market data vendors at least every 15 seconds during Nasdaq's regular market session; or c. Rule 5205(b)(3)(A)(iii) will be widely disseminated by one or more major market data vendors at least every 15 seconds with respect to indexes containing only U.S. Component Stocks and at least every 60 seconds with respect to indexes containing Non-U.S. Component Stocks, during Nasdaq's regular market session If the index value does not change during some or all of the period when trading is occurring on Nasdaq (for example, for indexes of Non-U.S. Component Stocks because of time zone differences or holidays in the countries where such indexes' component stocks trade), then the last official calculated index value must remain available throughout Nasdaq's trading hours; and (iii) Any advisory committee, supervisory board, or similar entity that advises a Reporting Authority or that	Changed the name "NASD Regulation" to "FINRA." Rule citations updated. Defined terms capitalized. "US" changed to "U.S." for consistency with the usage throughout Nasdaq's rules.

#### Rule Reference Table

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text <sup>*</sup>	Comments
	makes decisions on the index or portfolio composition,		makes decisions on the index or portfolio composition,	
	methodology and related matters, must implement and		methodology and related matters, must implement and	
	maintain, or be subject to, procedures designed to prevent		maintain, or be subject to, procedures designed to prevent	
	the use and dissemination of material non-public		the use and dissemination of material non-public	
	information regarding the applicable index.		information regarding the applicable index.	
	(C) Disseminated Information. The Reporting Authority		(C) Disseminated Information. The Reporting Authority	
	will disseminate for each series of Index Fund Shares an		will disseminate for each series of Index Fund Shares an	
	estimate, updated at least every 15 seconds, of the value		estimate, updated at least every 15 seconds, of the value	
	of a share of each series (the "Intraday Indicative Value")		of a share of each series (the "Intraday Indicative Value")	
	during Nasdaq's regular market session. The Intraday		during Nasdaq's regular market session. The Intraday	
	Indicative Value may be based, for example, upon		Indicative Value may be based, for example, upon	
	current information regarding the required deposit of		current information regarding the required deposit of	
	securities and cash amount to permit creation of new		securities and cash amount to permit creation of new	
	shares of the series or upon the index value. The Intraday		shares of the series or upon the index value. The Intraday	
	Indicative Value will be updated at least every 15		Indicative Value will be updated at least every 15	
	seconds during Nasdaq's regular market session; to		seconds during Nasdaq's regular market session; to	
	reflect changes in the exchange rate between the US		reflect changes in the exchange rate between the U.S.	
	dollar and the currency in which any component stock is		dollar and the currency in which any component stock is	
	denominated. If the Intraday Indicative Value does not		denominated. If the Intraday Indicative Value does not	
	change during some or all of the period when trading is		change during some or all of the period when trading is	
	occurring on Nasdaq, then the last official calculated		occurring on Nasdaq, then the last official calculated	
	Intraday Indicative Value must remain available		Intraday Indicative Value must remain available	
	throughout Nasdaq's trading hours.		throughout Nasdaq's trading hours.	
	(D) Initial Shares Outstanding. A minimum of 100,000		(D) Initial Shares Outstanding. A minimum of 100,000	
	shares of a series of Index Fund Shares is required to be		shares of a series of Index Fund Shares is required to be	
	outstanding at start-up of trading.		outstanding at start-up of trading.	
	(E) Surveillance Procedures. NASD Regulation will		(E) Surveillance Procedures. FINRA will implement	
	implement written surveillance procedures for Index		written surveillance procedures for Index Fund Shares.	
	Fund Shares.		(F) Creation and redemption. For Index Fund Shares	
	(F) Creation and redemption. For Index Fund Shares		listed pursuant to Rule 5205(b)(3)(A)(ii) or (iii) above,	

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text <sup>*</sup>	Comments
	listed pursuant to Rule 4420(j)(3)(A)(ii) or (iii) above, the statutory prospectus or the application for exemption from provisions of the Investment Company Act of 1940 for the series of Index Fund Shares must state that the series of Index Fund Shares must comply with the federal securities laws in accepting securities for deposits and satisfying redemptions with redemption securities, including that the securities accepted for deposits and the securities used to satisfy redemption requests are sold in transactions that would be exempt from registration under the Securities Act of 1933.		the statutory prospectus or the application for exemption from provisions of the Investment Company Act of 1940 for the series of Index Fund Shares must state that the series of Index Fund Shares must comply with the federal securities laws in accepting securities for deposits and satisfying redemptions with redemption securities, including that the securities accepted for deposits and the securities used to satisfy redemption requests are sold in transactions that would be exempt from registration under the Securities Act of 1933.	

### Rule Reference Table

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
4420(j)(4)	<ul> <li>Fixed Income. Fixed Income Securities are debt</li> <li>securities that are notes, bonds, debentures or evidence of</li> <li>indebtedness that include, but are not limited to, U.S.</li> <li>Department of Treasury securities ("Treasury</li> <li>Securities"), government-sponsored entity securities</li> <li>("GSE Securities"), municipal securities, trust preferred</li> <li>securities, supranational debt and debt of a foreign</li> <li>country or subdivision thereof. Nasdaq may approve a</li> <li>series of Index Fund Shares based on Fixed Income</li> <li>Securities for listing and trading pursuant to Rule 19b-4(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 provided</li> <li>such portfolio or index: (i) has been reviewed and</li> <li>approved for the trading of options, Portfolio Depository</li> <li>Receipts, Index Fund Shares, Index-Linked</li> <li>Exchangeable Notes or Index-Linked Securities by the</li> <li>Commission under Section 19(b)(2) of the Securities</li> <li>Exchange Act of 1934 and the rules thereunder and the</li> <li>conditions set forth in the Commission's approval order</li> <li>continue to be satisfied; or (ii) the following criteria are</li> <li>satisfied:</li> <li>(A) Eligibility Criteria for Index Components. Upon the</li> <li>initial listing of Index Fund Shares pursuant to Rule 19b-4(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, each</li> <li>component of an index or portfolio that underlies a series</li> <li>of Index Fund Shares shall meet the following criteria:</li> <li>(i) Components that in aggregate account for at least</li> <li>75% of the weight of the index or portfolio must have a</li> <li>minimum original principal amount outstanding of \$100</li> </ul>	5705(b)(4)	<ul> <li>Fixed Income. Fixed Income Securities are debt</li> <li>securities that are notes, bonds, debentures or evidence of</li> <li>indebtedness that include, but are not limited to, U.S.</li> <li>Department of Treasury securities ("Treasury</li> <li>Securities"), government-sponsored entity securities</li> <li>("GSE Securities"), municipal securities, trust preferred</li> <li>securities, supranational debt and debt of a foreign</li> <li>country or subdivision thereof. Nasdaq may approve a</li> <li>series of Index Fund Shares based on Fixed Income</li> <li>Securities for listing and trading pursuant to Rule 19b-4(e) under the Act provided such portfolio or index: (i)</li> <li>has been reviewed and approved for the trading of</li> <li>options, Portfolio Depository Receipts, Index Fund</li> <li>Shares, Index-Linked Exchangeable Notes or Index-</li> <li>Linked Securities by the Commission under Section</li> <li>19(b)(2) of the Act and the rules thereunder and the</li> <li>conditions set forth in the Commission's approval order</li> <li>continue to be satisfied; or (ii) the following criteria are</li> <li>satisfied:</li> <li>(A) Eligibility Criteria for Index Components. Upon the</li> <li>initial listing of Index Fund Shares pursuant to Rule 19b-4(e) under the Act, each component of an index or</li> <li>portfolio that underlies a series of Index Fund Shares</li> <li>shall meet the following criteria:</li> <li>(i) The index or portfolio must consist of Fixed Income</li> <li>Securities;</li> <li>(ii) Components that in aggregate account for at least</li> <li>75% of the weight of the index or portfolio must have a</li> <li>minimum original principal amount outstanding of \$100</li> <li>million or more;</li> </ul>	Changed "Securities Exchange Act of 1934" and "Exchange Act" to the defined term "Act" for consistency.

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
	million or more;		(iii) A component may be a convertible security,	
	(iii) A component may be a convertible security,		however, once the convertible security component	
	however, once the convertible security component		converts to an underlying equity security, the component	
	converts to an underlying equity security, the component		is removed from the index or portfolio;	
	is removed from the index or portfolio;		(iv) No component fixed-income security (excluding	
	(iv) No component fixed-income security (excluding		Treasury Securities) will represent more than 30% of the	
	Treasury Securities) will represent more than 30% of the		weight of the index or portfolio, and the five highest	
	weight of the index or portfolio, and the five highest		weighted component fixed-income securities do not in	
	weighted component fixed-income securities do not in		the aggregate account for more than 65% of the weight of	
	the aggregate account for more than 65% of the weight of		the index or portfolio;	
	the index or portfolio;		(v) An underlying index or portfolio (excluding exempted	
	(v) An underlying index or portfolio (excluding exempted		securities) must include securities from a minimum of 13	
	securities) must include securities from a minimum of 13		non-affiliated issuers; and	
	non-affiliated issuers; and		(vi) Component securities that in aggregate account for at	
	(vi) Component securities that in aggregate account for at		least 90% of the weight of the index or portfolio must be	
	least 90% of the weight of the index or portfolio must be		either: (a) from issuers that are required to file reports	
	either: (a) from issuers that are required to file reports		pursuant to Sections 13 and 15(d) of the Act; (b) from	
	pursuant to Sections 13 and 15(d) of the Exchange Act;		issuers that have a worldwide market value of its	
	(b) from issuers that have a worldwide market value of its		outstanding common equity held by non-affiliates of	
	outstanding common equity held by non-affiliates of		\$700 million or more; (c) from issuers that have	
	\$700 million or more; (c) from issuers that have		outstanding securities that are notes, bonds, debentures,	
	outstanding securities that are notes, bonds, debentures,		or evidence of indebtedness having a total remaining	
	or evidence of indebtedness having a total remaining		principal amount of at least \$1 billion; (d) exempted	
	principal amount of at least \$1 billion; (d) exempted		securities as defined in section $3(a)(12)$ of the Act; or (e)	
	securities as defined in section 3(a)(12) of the Securities		from issuers that are a government of a foreign country or	
	Exchange Act of 1934; or (e) from issuers that are a		a political subdivision of a foreign country.	
	government of a foreign country or a political subdivision		(B) Index Methodology and Calculation.	
	of a foreign country.		(i) If the index is maintained by a broker-dealer or fund	
	(B) Index Methodology and Calculation.		advisor, the broker-dealer or fund advisor shall erect a	
	(i) If the index is maintained by a broker-dealer or fund		"fire wall" around the personnel who have access to	

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
	advisor, the broker-dealer or fund advisor shall erect a "fire wall" around the personnel who have access to information concerning changes and adjustments to the index; (ii) The current index value will be widely disseminated by one or more major market data vendors at least once per day; and (iii) Any advisory committee, supervisory board, or similar entity that advises a Reporting Authority or that makes decisions on the index composition, methodology and related matters, must implement and maintain, or be subject to, procedures designed to prevent the use and dissemination of material non-public information regarding the applicable index.		information concerning changes and adjustments to the index; (ii) The current index value will be widely disseminated by one or more major market data vendors at least once per day; and (iii) Any advisory committee, supervisory board, or similar entity that advises a Reporting Authority or that makes decisions on the index composition, methodology and related matters, must implement and maintain, or be subject to, procedures designed to prevent the use and dissemination of material non-public information regarding the applicable index.	

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
4420(j)(5)	<ul> <li>Nasdaq may approve a series of Index Fund Shares based on a combination of indexes or an index or portfolio of component securities representing the U.S. equity market, the international equity market, and the fixed income market for listing and trading pursuant to Rule 19b-4(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 provided: (i) such portfolio or combination of indexes has been reviewed and approved for the trading of options, Portfolio Depository Receipts, Index Fund Shares, Index-Linked Exchangeable Notes or Index-Linked Securities by the Commission under Section 19(b)(2) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and rules thereunder and the conditions set forth in the Commission's approval order continue to be satisfied; or (ii) each index or portfolio of equity and fixed income component securities separately meets either the criteria set forth in Rule 4420(j)(3) or (4) above.</li> <li>(A) Index Methodology and Calculation.</li> <li>(i) If an index is maintained by a broker-dealer or fund advisor, the broker-dealer or fund advisor shall erect a "fire wall" around the personnel who have access to information concerning changes and adjustments to the index;</li> <li>(ii) The current composite index value will be widely disseminated by one or more major market data vendors at least once every 15 seconds during regular market session, provided however, that (a) with respect to the Non-US Component Stocks of the combination index, the impact on the index is only required to be updated at least</li> </ul>	5705(b)(5)	Nasdaq may approve a series of Index Fund Shares based on a combination of indexes or an index or portfolio of component securities representing the U.S. equity market, the international equity market, and the fixed income market for listing and trading pursuant to Rule 19b-4(e) under the Act provided: (i) such portfolio or combination of indexes has been reviewed and approved for the trading of options, Portfolio Depository Receipts, Index Fund Shares, Index-Linked Exchangeable Notes or Index-Linked Securities by the Commission under Section 19(b)(2) of the Act and rules thereunder and the conditions set forth in the Commission's approval order continue to be satisfied; or (ii) each index or portfolio of equity and fixed income component securities separately meets either the criteria set forth in Rule 5205(b)(3) or (4) above. (A) Index Methodology and Calculation. (i) If an index is maintained by a broker-dealer or fund advisor, the broker-dealer or fund advisor shall erect a "fire wall" around the personnel who have access to information concerning changes and adjustments to the index; (ii) The current composite index value will be widely disseminated by one or more major market data vendors at least once every 15 seconds during regular market session, provided however, that (a) with respect to the Non-U.S. Component Stocks of the combination index, the impact on the index is only required to be updated at least every 60 seconds during the regular market session,	Rule citations updated. "US" changed to "U.S." for consistency with the usage throughout Nasdaq's rules. Changed "Securities Exchange Act of 1934" to the defined term "Act" for consistency.
	every 60 seconds during the regular market session, and		and (b) with respect to the fixed income components of	

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
	(b) with respect to the fixed income components of the combination index the impact on the index is only required to be updated at least once each day; and (iii) Any advisory committee, supervisory board, or similar entity that advises a Reporting Authority or that makes decisions on index composition, methodology and related matters, must implement and maintain, or be subject to, procedures designed to prevent the use and dissemination of material non-public information regarding the applicable index.		the combination index the impact on the index is only required to be updated at least once each day; and (iii) Any advisory committee, supervisory board, or similar entity that advises a Reporting Authority or that makes decisions on index composition, methodology and related matters, must implement and maintain, or be subject to, procedures designed to prevent the use and dissemination of material non-public information regarding the applicable index.	

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
4420(j)(6)	<ul> <li>The following provisions shall apply to all series of Index Fund Shares listed pursuant Rules 4420(j)(4) and (5) above:</li> <li>(A) Disseminated Information. The Reporting Authority will disseminate for each series of Index Fund Shares an estimate, updated at least every 15 seconds, of the value of a share of each series (the "Intraday Indicative Value"). The Intraday Indicative Value may be based, for example, upon current information regarding the required deposit of securities and cash amount to permit creation of new shares of the series or upon the index value. The Intraday Indicative Value may be calculated by Nasdaq or by an independent third party throughout the day using prices obtained from independent market data providers or other independent pricing sources such as a broker-dealer or price evaluation services.</li> <li>(B) Initial Shares Outstanding. A minimum of 100,000 shares of a series of Index Fund Shares is required to be outstanding at start-up of trading.</li> <li>(C) Surveillance Procedures. NASD Regulation will implement written surveillance procedures for Index Fund Shares.</li> </ul>	5705(b)(6)	<ul> <li>The following provisions shall apply to all series of Index Fund Shares listed pursuant Rules 5205(b)(4) and (5) above:</li> <li>(A) Disseminated Information. The Reporting Authority will disseminate for each series of Index Fund Shares an estimate, updated at least every 15 seconds, of the value of a share of each series (the "Intraday Indicative Value"). The Intraday Indicative Value may be based, for example, upon current information regarding the required deposit of securities and cash amount to permit creation of new shares of the series or upon the index value. The Intraday Indicative Value may be calculated by Nasdaq or by an independent third party throughout the day using prices obtained from independent market data providers or other independent pricing sources such as a broker-dealer or price evaluation services.</li> <li>(B) Initial Shares Outstanding. A minimum of 100,000 shares of a series of Index Fund Shares is required to be outstanding at start-up of trading.</li> <li>(C) Surveillance Procedures. FINRA will implement written surveillance procedures for Index Fund Shares.</li> </ul>	Changed the name "NASD Regulation" to "FINRA." Rule citations updated.

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
4420(j)(7)	Regular market session trading will occur between 9:30 a.m. and either 4:00 p.m. or 4:15 p.m. for each series of Index Fund Shares, as specified by Nasdaq. In addition, Nasdaq may designate each series of Index Fund Shares for trading during a pre-market session beginning at 7:00 a.m. and/or a post-market session ending at 8:00 p.m.	5705(b)(7)	Regular market session trading will occur between 9:30 a.m. and either 4:00 p.m. or 4:15 p.m. for each series of Index Fund Shares, as specified by Nasdaq. In addition, Nasdaq may designate each series of Index Fund Shares for trading during a pre-market session beginning at 7:00 a.m. and/or a post-market session ending at 8:00 p.m.	No changes
4420(j)(8)	Nasdaq may list and trade Index Fund Shares based on one or more foreign or domestic indexes or portfolios. Each issue of Index Fund Shares based on each particular index or portfolio, or combination thereof, shall be designated as a separate series and shall be identified by a unique symbol. The components that are included in an index or portfolio on which a series of Index Fund Shares are based shall be selected by such person, which may be Nasdaq or an agent or wholly-owned subsidiary thereof, as shall have authorized use of such index or portfolio. Such index or portfolio may be revised from time to time as may be deemed necessary or appropriate to maintain the quality and character of the index or portfolio.	5705(b)(8)	Nasdaq may list and trade Index Fund Shares based on one or more foreign or domestic indexes or portfolios. Each issue of Index Fund Shares based on each particular index or portfolio, or combination thereof, shall be designated as a separate series and shall be identified by a unique symbol. The components that are included in an index or portfolio on which a series of Index Fund Shares are based shall be selected by such person, which may be Nasdaq or an agent or wholly-owned subsidiary thereof, as shall have authorized use of such index or portfolio. Such index or portfolio may be revised from time to time as may be deemed necessary or appropriate to maintain the quality and character of the index or portfolio.	No changes

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
4420(j)(9)	<ul> <li>Each series of Index Fund Shares will be listed and traded on Nasdaq subject to application of the following criteria: <ul> <li>(A) Initial Listing —</li> <li>(i) for each series, Nasdaq will establish a minimum number of Index Fund Shares required to be outstanding at the time of commencement of trading on Nasdaq.</li> <li>(ii) Nasdaq will obtain a representation from the issuer of each series of Index Fund Shares that the net asset value per share for the series will be calculated daily and will be made available to all market participants at the same time.</li> <li>(B) Continued Listing —</li> <li>(i) Nasdaq will consider the suspension of trading in or removal from listing of a series of Index Fund Shares under any of the following circumstances: <ul> <li>a. if, following the initial twelve month period after commencement of trading on Nasdaq of a series of Index Fund Shares for 30 or more consecutive trading days;</li> <li>b. if the value of the index or portfolio of securities on which the series of Index Fund Shares is based is no longer calculated or available or the index or portfolio on which the series of Index Fund Shares is based is replaced with a new index or portfolio, unless the new index or portfolio meets the requirements of this Rule 4420(j) for listing either pursuant to Rule 19b-4(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (including the filing of a Form 19b-4(e) with the Commission) or by</li> </ul> </li> </ul></li></ul>	5705(b)(9)	<ul> <li>Each series of Index Fund Shares will be listed and traded on Nasdaq subject to application of the following criteria:</li> <li>(A) Initial Listing —</li> <li>(i) for each series, Nasdaq will establish a minimum number of Index Fund Shares required to be outstanding at the time of commencement of trading on Nasdaq.</li> <li>(ii) Nasdaq will obtain a representation from the issuer of each series of Index Fund Shares that the net asset value per share for the series will be calculated daily and will be made available to all market participants at the same time.</li> <li>(B) Continued Listing —</li> <li>(i) Nasdaq will consider the suspension of trading in or removal from listing of a series of Index Fund Shares under any of the following circumstances: <ul> <li>a. if, following the initial twelve month period after commencement of trading on Nasdaq of a series of Index Fund Shares of the series of Index Fund Shares for 30 or more consecutive trading days;</li> <li>b. if the value of the index or portfolio of securities on which the series of Index Fund Shares is based is no longer calculated or available or the index or portfolio on which the series of Index Fund Shares is based is replaced with a new index or portfolio, unless the new index or portfolio meets the requirements of this Rule 5205(b) for listing either pursuant to Rule 19b-4(e) under the Act (including the filing of a Form 19b-4(e) with the Commission) or by Commission approval of a filing</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	Rule citation updated. Changed "Securities Exchange Act of 1934" to the defined term "Act" for consistency.

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
	Commission approval of a filing pursuant to Section 19(b)(2) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; or c. if such other event shall occur or condition exists which in the opinion of Nasdaq, makes further dealings on Nasdaq inadvisable. Upon termination of an open-end management investment company, Nasdaq requires that Index Fund Shares issued in connection with such entity be removed from listing. (C) Voting — voting rights shall be as set forth in the applicable open-end management investment company prospectus.		<ul> <li>pursuant to Section 19(b)(2) of the Act; or</li> <li>c. if such other event shall occur or condition exists</li> <li>which in the opinion of Nasdaq, makes further dealings</li> <li>on Nasdaq inadvisable.</li> <li>Upon termination of an open-end management</li> <li>investment company, Nasdaq requires that Index Fund</li> <li>Shares issued in connection with such entity be removed</li> <li>from listing.</li> <li>(C) Voting — voting rights shall be as set forth in the</li> <li>applicable open-end management investment company</li> <li>prospectus.</li> </ul>	

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
)(10)	Neither Nasdaq, the Reporting Authority, nor any agent of Nasdaq shall have any liability for damages, claims, losses or expenses caused by any errors, omissions, or delays in calculating or disseminating any current index or portfolio value, the current value of the portfolio of securities required to be deposited to the open-end management investment company in connection with issuance of Index Fund Shares; the amount of any dividend equivalent payment or cash distribution to holders of Index Fund Shares; net asset value; or other information relating to the purchase, redemption or trading of Index Fund Shares, resulting from any negligent act or omission by Nasdaq, the Reporting Authority or any agent of Nasdaq, or any act, condition or cause beyond the reasonable control of Nasdaq, its agent, or the Reporting Authority, including, but not limited to, an act of God; fire; flood; extraordinary weather conditions; war; insurrection; riot; strike; accident; action of government; communications or power failure; equipment or software malfunction; or any error, omission or delay in the reports of transactions in one or more underlying securities.	5705(b)(10)	Neither Nasdaq, the Reporting Authority, nor any agent of Nasdaq shall have any liability for damages, claims, losses or expenses caused by any errors, omissions, or delays in calculating or disseminating any current index or portfolio value, the current value of the portfolio of securities required to be deposited to the open-end management investment company in connection with issuance of Index Fund Shares; the amount of any dividend equivalent payment or cash distribution to holders of Index Fund Shares; net asset value; or other information relating to the purchase, redemption or trading of Index Fund Shares, resulting from any negligent act or omission by Nasdaq, the Reporting Authority or any agent of Nasdaq, or any act, condition or cause beyond the reasonable control of Nasdaq, its agent, or the Reporting Authority, including, but not limited to, an act of God; fire; flood; extraordinary weather conditions; war; insurrection; riot; strike; accident; action of government; communications or power failure; equipment or software malfunction; or any error, omission or delay in the reports of transactions in one or more underlying securities.	No changes

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
4420(k)(1-5)	Quantitative Listing Criteria — Preferred Stock and Secondary Classes of Common Stock For initial listing, if the common stock or common stock equity equivalent security of the issuer is listed on Nasdaq or another national securities exchange, the issue shall have: (1) At least 200,000 publicly held shares; (2) A market value of publicly held shares of at least \$4,000,000; (3) A minimum bid price per share of \$4; (4) A minimum of 100 round lot shareholders; (5) At least three registered and active market makers. Alternatively, in the event the issuer's common stock or common stock equivalent security is not listed on either Nasdaq or another national securities exchange, the preferred stock and/or secondary class of common stock may be traded on Nasdaq so long as the security satisfies the listing criteria for common stock.	5415(a-b)	<ul> <li>(a) When the Primary Equity Security of the Company is listed on the Global Market or is a Covered Security, the preferred stock or secondary class of common stock must meet all of the requirements set forth in (1) through (5) below.</li> <li>(1) At least 200,000 Publicly Held Shares;</li> <li>(2) A Market Value of Publicly Held Shares of at least \$4,000,000;</li> <li>(3) Minimum bid price of at least \$4 per share;</li> <li>(4) At least 100 Round Lot Holders; and</li> <li>(5) At least three registered and active Market Makers.</li> <li>(b) When the Company's Primary Equity Security is not listed on either the Global Market or another National Securities Exchange, the preferred stock and/or secondary class of common stock may be listed on the Global Market so long as it satisfies the initial listing criteria for Primary Equity Securities set forth in Rule 5405.</li> </ul>	Minor changes to the structure, such that the paragraph contained at the end of the old rule now has its own rule citation, 5415(b). Defined terms capitalized.

### Rule Reference Table

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text <sup>*</sup>	Comments
4420(1)(1-5)	<ul> <li>Trust Issued Receipts <ul> <li>(1) Definition. The term "Trust Issued Receipt" means a security (a) that is issued by a trust ("Trust") which holds specified securities deposited with the Trust; (b) that, when aggregated in some specified minimum number, may be surrendered to the trust by the beneficial owner to receive the securities; and (c) that pays beneficial owners dividends and other distributions on the deposited securities, if any are declared and paid to the trustee by an issuer of the deposited securities.</li> <li>(2) Nasdaq requires that members provide to all purchasers of newly issued Trust Issued Receipts a prospectus for the series of Trust Issued Receipts.</li> <li>(3) The eligibility requirements for component securities that are represented by a series of Trust Issued Receipts and that became part of the Trust Issued Receipt when the security was either: (a) distributed by a company already included as a component security in the series of Trust Issued Receipt when the security that is no longer outstanding due to a merger, consolidation, corporate combination or other event, shall be as follows:</li> <li>(A) the component security must be listed on Nasdaq or another national security must be registered under Section 12 of the Act; and</li> <li>(C) the component security must have a Standard &amp; Poor's Sector Classification that is the same as the Standard &amp; Poor's Sector Classification represented by</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	5720(a)&(b)(1- 4)	Trust Issued Receipts (a) Definitions (1) The term "Trust Issued Receipt" means a security (a) that is issued by a trust ("Trust") which holds specified securities deposited with the Trust; (b) that, when aggregated in some specified minimum number, may be surrendered to the trust by the beneficial owner to receive the securities; and (c) that pays beneficial owners dividends and other distributions on the deposited securities, if any are declared and paid to the trustee by an issuer of the deposited securities. (b) Listing Requirements (1) Nasdaq requires that Members provide to all purchasers of newly issued Trust Issued Receipts a prospectus for the series of Trust Issued Receipts. (2) The eligibility requirements for component securities that are represented by a series of Trust Issued Receipts and that became part of the Trust Issued Receipt when the security was either: (A) distributed by a Company already included as a component security in the series of Trust Issued Receipts; or (B) received in exchange for the securities of a Company previously included as a component security that is no longer outstanding due to a merger, consolidation, corporate combination or other event, shall be as follows: (i) the component security must be listed on Nasdaq or another national securities exchange; (ii) the component security must be registered under Section 12 of the Act; and	Minor changes to rule structure. A change was made to make clear that transactions in Trust Issued Receipts may only be effected until 4 p.m. Eastern Time. Defined terms capitalized. The term "issuer" was replaced with the defined term "Company," where appropriate.

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
	the component securities included in the Trust Issued Receipt at the time of the distribution or exchange. (4) Transactions in Trust Issued Receipts may be effected until 4:00 p.m. each business day. (5) Nasdaq may list and trade Trust Issued Receipts based on one or more securities. The Trust Issued Receipts based on particular securities shall be designated as a separate series and shall be identified by a unique symbol. The securities that are included in a series of Trust Issued Receipts shall be selected by Nasdaq or its agent, a wholly-owned subsidiary of Nasdaq, or by such other person as shall have a proprietary interest in such Trust Issued Receipts.		<ul> <li>(iii) the component security must have a Standard &amp; Poor's Sector Classification that is the same as the Standard &amp; Poor's Sector Classification represented by the component securities included in the Trust Issued Receipt at the time of the distribution or exchange.</li> <li>(3) Transactions in Trust Issued Receipts may be effected until 4:00 p.m. ET each business day.</li> <li>(4) Nasdaq may list and trade Trust Issued Receipts based on one or more securities. The Trust Issued Receipts based on particular securities shall be designated as a separate series and shall be identified by a unique symbol. The securities that are included in a series of Trust Issued Receipts shall be selected by Nasdaq or its agent, a wholly-owned subsidiary of Nasdaq, or by such other person as shall have a proprietary interest in such Trust Issued Receipts.</li> </ul>	

#### Rule Reference Table

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
4420(1)(6-7)	<ul> <li>(6) Trust Issued Receipts will be listed and traded on Nasdaq subject to application of the following criteria:</li> <li>(A) Initial Listing — for each Trust, Nasdaq will establish a minimum number of Trust Issued Receipts required to be outstanding at the time of the commencement of trading on Nasdaq.</li> <li>(B) Continued Listing — following the initial twelve month period following formation of a Trust and commencement of trading on Nasdaq, Nasdaq will consider the suspension of trading in or removal from listing of a Trust upon which a series of Trust Issued Receipts is based under any of the following circumstances:</li> <li>(i) if the Trust has more than 60 days remaining until termination and there are fewer than 50 record and/or beneficial holders of Trust Issued Receipts for 30 or more consecutive trading days;</li> <li>(ii) if the Trust has fewer than 50,000 receipts issued and outstanding;</li> <li>(iii) if the market value of all receipts issued and outstanding is less than \$1 million; or</li> <li>(iv) if such other event shall occur or condition exists which, in the opinion of Nasdaq, makes further dealings on Nasdaq inadvisable.</li> <li>Upon termination of a Trust, Nasdaq requires that Trust Issued Receipts issued in connection with such Trust be removed from listing. A Trust may terminate in accordance with the provisions of the Trust prospectus, which may provide for termination if the value of</li> </ul>	5720(b)(5-6)	<ul> <li>(5) Trust Issued Receipts will be listed and traded on Nasdaq subject to application of the following criteria:</li> <li>(A) Initial Listing — for each Trust, Nasdaq will establish a minimum number of Trust Issued Receipts required to be outstanding at the time of the commencement of trading on Nasdaq.</li> <li>(B) Continued Listing — following the initial twelve month period following formation of a Trust and commencement of trading on Nasdaq, Nasdaq will consider the suspension of trading in or removal from listing of a Trust upon which a series of Trust Issued Receipts is based under any of the following circumstances:</li> <li>(i) if the Trust has more than 60 days remaining until termination and there are fewer than 50 record and/or beneficial holders of Trust Issued Receipts for 30 or more consecutive trading days;</li> <li>(ii) if the Trust has fewer than 50,000 receipts issued and outstanding;</li> <li>(iii) if the market value of all receipts issued and outstanding is less than \$1 million; or</li> <li>(iv) if such other event shall occur or condition exists which, in the opinion of Nasdaq, makes further dealings on Nasdaq inadvisable.</li> <li>Upon termination of a Trust, Nasdaq requires that Trust Issued Receipts issued in connection with such Trust be removed from listing. A Trust may terminate in accordance with the provisions of the Trust prospectus, which may provide for termination if the value of</li> </ul>	No changes.
	securities in the Trust falls below a specified amount.		securities in the Trust falls below a specified amount.	

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
	<ul> <li>(C) Term — the stated term of the Trust shall be as stated in the Trust prospectus. However, a Trust may be terminated under such earlier circumstances as may be specified in the Trust prospectus.</li> <li>(D) Trustee — the following requirements apply:</li> <li>(i) the trustee of a Trust must be a trust company or banking institution having substantial capital and surplus and the experience and facilities for handling corporate trust business. In cases where, for any reason, an individual has been appointed as trustee, a qualified trust company or banking institution must be appointed cotrustee.</li> <li>(ii) no change is to be made in the trustee of a listed issue without prior notice to and approval of Nasdaq.</li> <li>(E) Voting — voting rights shall be as set forth in the Trust prospectus.</li> <li>(7) Unit of Trading — transactions in Trust Issued Receipts may only be made in round lots of 100 receipts or round lot multiples.</li> </ul>		<ul> <li>(C) Term — the stated term of the Trust shall be as stated in the Trust prospectus. However, a Trust may be terminated under such earlier circumstances as may be specified in the Trust prospectus.</li> <li>(D) Trustee — the following requirements apply:</li> <li>(i) the trustee of a Trust must be a trust company or banking institution having substantial capital and surplus and the experience and facilities for handling corporate trust business. In cases where, for any reason, an individual has been appointed as trustee, a qualified trust company or banking institution must be appointed cotrustee.</li> <li>(ii) no change is to be made in the trustee of a listed issue without prior notice to and approval of Nasdaq.</li> <li>(E) Voting — voting rights shall be as set forth in the Trust prospectus.</li> <li>(6) Unit of Trading — transactions in Trust Issued Receipts may only be made in round lots of 100 receipts or round lot multiples.</li> </ul>	

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
4420(1)(8)	Nasdaq may approve a series of Trust Issued Receipts for listing and trading on Nasdaq pursuant to Rule 19b-4(e) under the Act, provided each of the component securities satisfies the following criteria: (A) each component security must be registered under Section 12 of the Act; (B) each component security must have a minimum public float of at least \$150 million; (C) each component security must be listed on Nasdaq or another national securities exchange; (D) each component security must have an average daily trading volume of at least 100,000 shares during the preceding sixty-day trading period; (E) each component security must have an average daily dollar value of shares traded during the preceding sixty- day trading period of at least \$1 million; and (F) the most heavily weighted component security may not initially represent more than 20% of the overall value of the Trust Issued Receipt.	5720(a)(7)	<ul> <li>Nasdaq may approve a series of Trust Issued Receipts for listing and trading on Nasdaq pursuant to Rule 19b-4(e) under the Act, provided each of the component securities satisfies the following criteria:</li> <li>(A) each component security must be registered under Section 12 of the Act;</li> <li>(B) each component security must have a minimum public float of at least \$150 million;</li> <li>(C) each component security must be listed on Nasdaq or another national securities exchange;</li> <li>(D) each component security must have an average daily trading volume of at least 100,000 shares during the preceding sixty-day trading period;</li> <li>(E) each component security must have an average daily dollar value of shares traded during the preceding sixty-day trading period of at least \$1 million; and</li> <li>(F) the most heavily weighted component security may not initially represent more than 20% of the overall value of the Trust Issued Receipt.</li> </ul>	No changes.

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
4420(m)	<ul> <li>Nasdaq will consider for listing and trading equity index-linked securities ("Equity Index-Linked Securities") and commodity-linked securities ("Commodity-Linked Securities" and, together with Equity Index-Linked Securities, "Linked Securities") that in each case meet the applicable criteria of this Rule. Equity Index-Linked Securities are securities that provide for the payment at maturity of a cash amount based on the performance of an underlying equity index or indexes. The payment at maturity with respect to Commodity-Linked Securities is based on one or more physical Commodities or Commodity futures, options or other Commodity derivatives, Commodity-Related Securities, or a basket or index of any of the foregoing (any such basis for payment is referred to below as the "Reference Asset"). The terms "Commodity" and "Commodity-Related Security" are defined in Rule 4630.</li> <li>Linked Securities may or may not provide for the repayment of the original principal investment amount. Nasdaq may submit a rule filing pursuant to Section 19(b)(2) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 to permit the listing and trading of Linked Securities that do not otherwise meet the standards set forth below in paragraphs (1) through (12). Nasdaq will consider Linked Securities for listing and trading pursuant to Rule 19b-4(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, provided:</li> </ul>	5710	Nasdaq will consider for listing and trading equity index- linked securities ("Equity Index-Linked Securities") and commodity-linked securities ("Commodity-Linked Securities" and, together with Equity Index-Linked Securities, "Linked Securities") that in each case meet the applicable criteria of this Rule. Equity Index-Linked Securities are securities that provide for the payment at maturity of a cash amount based on the performance of an underlying equity index or indexes. The payment at maturity with respect to Commodity-Linked Securities is based on one or more physical Commodities or Commodity futures, options or other Commodity derivatives, Commodity-Related Securities, or a basket or index of any of the foregoing (any such basis for payment is referred to below as the "Reference Asset"). The terms "Commodity" and "Commodity-Related Security" are defined in Rule 4630. Linked Securities may or may not provide for the repayment of the original principal investment amount. Nasdaq may submit a rule filing pursuant to Section 19(b)(2) of the Act to permit the listing and trading of Linked Securities that do not otherwise meet the standards set forth below in paragraphs (1) through (12). Nasdaq will consider Linked Securities for listing and trading pursuant to Rule 19b-4(e) under the Act, provided:	The term "issuer" was replaced with the defined term "Company." Changed "Securities Exchange Act of 1934" to the defined term "Act" for consistency.

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
4420(m)(1-6)	<ul> <li>(1) Both the issue and the issuer of such security meet the criteria for other securities set forth in paragraph (f) of this rule, except that if the security is traded in \$1,000 denominations or is redeemable at the option of holders thereof on at least a weekly basis, then no minimum number of holders and no minimum public distribution of trading units shall be required.</li> <li>(2) The issue has a term of not less than one (1) year and not greater than thirty (30) years.</li> <li>(3) The issue must be the non-convertible debt of the issuer.</li> <li>(4) The payment at maturity may or may not provide for a multiple of the direct or inverse performance of an underlying index, indexes or Reference Asset; however, in no event will a loss (negative payment) at maturity be accelerated by a multiple that exceeds twice the performance of an underlying index, indexes or \$250,000,000 and to exceed by at least 20% the earnings requirements set forth in paragraph (a)(1) of this Rule. In the alternative, the issuer will be expected: (i) to have a minimum tangible net worth of \$150,000,000 and to exceed by at least 20% the earnings requirements set forth in paragraph (a)(1) of this Rule. In the alternative, the issuer will be expected: (i) to have a minimum tangible net worth of \$150,000,000 and to exceed by at least 20% the earnings requirement set forth in paragraph (a)(1) of this Rule, and (ii) not to have issued securities where the original issue price of all the issuer's other index-linked note offerings (combined with index-linked note offerings of the issuer's affiliates) listed on a national securities exchange exceeds 25% of the issuer's</li> </ul>	5710(a-f)	<ul> <li>(a) Both the issue and the issuer of such security meet the criteria for other securities set forth in paragraph (f) of this rule, except that if the security is traded in \$1,000 denominations or is redeemable at the option of holders thereof on at least a weekly basis, then no minimum number of holders and no minimum public distribution of trading units shall be required.</li> <li>(b) The issue has a term of not less than one (1) year and not greater than thirty (30) years.</li> <li>(c) The issue must be the non-convertible debt of the Company.</li> <li>(d) The payment at maturity may or may not provide for a multiple of the direct or inverse performance of an underlying index, indexes or Reference Asset; however, in no event will a loss (negative payment) at maturity be accelerated by a multiple that exceeds twice the performance of an underlying index, indexes of \$250,000,000 and to exceed by at least 20% the earnings requirements set forth in paragraph (a)(1) of this Rule. In the alternative, the Company will be expected: (i) to have a minimum tangible net worth of \$150,000,000 and to exceed by at least 20% the earnings requirements set forth in paragraph (a)(1) of this Rule. In the alternative, the Company will be expected: (i) to have a minimum tangible net worth of \$150,000,000 and to exceed by at least 20% the earnings requirement set forth in paragraph (a)(1) of this Rule, and (ii) not to have issued securities where the original issue price of all the Company's other index-linked note offerings (combined with index-linked note offerings of the Company's affiliates) listed on a national securities exchange exceeds 25% of the</li> </ul>	The term "issuer" was replaced with the defined term "Company," where appropriate. Changed "Securities Exchange Act of 1934" to the defined term "Act" for consistency.

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
	net worth. (6) The issuer is in compliance with Rule 10A-3 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.		Company's net worth. (f) The Company is in compliance with Rule 10A-3 under the Act.	
4420(m)(7)	Equity Index Criteria—In the case of an Equity Index- Linked Security, each underlying index is required to have at least ten (10) component securities. In addition,	5710(g)	Equity Index Criteria—In the case of an Equity Index- Linked Security, each underlying index is required to have at least ten (10) component securities. In addition,	Updated reference to Exchange Act Rules to incorporate the defined term "Act" for consistency.
	the index or indexes to which the security is linked shall either (A) have been reviewed and approved for the		the index or indexes to which the security is linked shall either:	

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
	trading of options or other derivatives by the Commission		(1) have been reviewed and approved for the trading of	
	under Section 19(b)(2) of the 1934 Act and rules		options or other derivatives by the Commission under	
	thereunder and the conditions set forth in the		Section 19(b)(2) of the Act and rules thereunder and the	
	Commission's approval order, including comprehensive		conditions set forth in the Commission's approval order,	
	surveillance sharing agreements for non-U.S. stocks,		including comprehensive surveillance sharing agreements	
	continue to be satisfied, or (B) the index or indexes meet		for non-U.S. stocks, continue to be satisfied, or	
	the following criteria:		(2) the index or indexes meet the following criteria:	
	(i) Each component security has a minimum market value		(A) Each component security has a minimum market	
	of at least \$75 million, except that for each of the lowest		value of at least \$75 million, except that for each of the	
	weighted component securities in the index that in the		lowest weighted component securities in the index that in	
	aggregate account for no more than 10% of the weight of		the aggregate account for no more than 10% of the	
	the index, the market value can be at least \$50 million;		weight of the index, the market value can be at least \$50	
	(ii) Each component security shall have trading volume		million;	
	in each of the last six months of not less than 1,000,000		(B) Each component security shall have trading volume	
	shares, except that for each of the lowest weighted		in each of the last six months of not less than 1,000,000	
	component securities in the index that in the aggregate		shares, except that for each of the lowest weighted	
	account for no more than 10% of the weight of the index,		component securities in the index that in the aggregate	
	the trading volume shall be at least 500,000 shares in		account for no more than 10% of the weight of the index,	
	each of the last six months;		the trading volume shall be at least 500,000 shares in	
	(iii) Indexes based upon the equal-dollar or modified		each of the last six months;	
	equal-dollar weighting method will be rebalanced at least		(C) Indexes based upon the equal-dollar or modified	
	semiannually;		equal-dollar weighting method will be rebalanced at least	
	(iv) In the case of a capitalization-weighted or modified		semiannually;	
	capitalization-weighted index, the lesser of the five		(D) In the case of a capitalization-weighted or modified	
	highest weighted component securities in the index or the		capitalization-weighted index, the lesser of the five	
	highest weighted component securities in the index that		highest weighted component securities in the index or the	
	in the aggregate represent at least 30% of the total		highest weighted component securities in the index that	
	number of component securities in the index, each have		in the aggregate represent at least 30% of the total	
	an average monthly trading volume of at least 2,000,000		number of component securities in the index, each have	
	shares over the previous six months;		an average monthly trading volume of at least 2,000,000	

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
	(v) No underlying component security will represent		shares over the previous six months;	
	more than 25% of the weight of the index, and the five		(E) No underlying component security will represent	
	highest weighted component securities in the index do		more than 25% of the weight of the index, and the five	
	not in the aggregate account for more than 50% of the		highest weighted component securities in the index do	
	weight of the index (60% for an index consisting of fewer		not in the aggregate account for more than 50% of the	
	than 25 component securities);		weight of the index (60% for an index consisting of fewer	
	(vi) 90% of the index's numerical value and at least 80%		than 25 component securities);	
	of the total number of component securities will meet the		(F) 90% of the index's numerical value and at least 80%	
	then current criteria for standardized option trading on a		of the total number of component securities will meet the	
	national securities exchange or a national securities		then current criteria for standardized option trading on a	
	association, provided, however, that an index will not be		national securities exchange or a national securities	
	subject to this requirement if (a) no underlying		association, provided, however, that an index will not be	
	component security represents more than 10% of the		subject to this requirement if (a) no underlying	
	dollar weight of the index and (b) the index has a		component security represents more than 10% of the	
	minimum of 20 components;		dollar weight of the index and (b) the index has a	
	(vii) All component securities shall be either (A)		minimum of 20 components;	
	securities (other than securities of a foreign issuer and		(G) All component securities shall be either (A) securities	
	American Depository Receipts ("ADRs")) that are (i)		(other than securities of a foreign issuer and American	
	issued by a 1934 Act reporting company or by an		Depository Receipts ("ADRs")) that are (i) issued by a	
	investment company registered under the Investment		1934 Act reporting company or by an investment	
	Company Act of 1940 that, in each case, has securities		company registered under the Investment Company Act	
	listed on a national securities exchange and (ii) an "NMS		of 1940 that, in each case, has securities listed on a	
	stock" (as defined in Rule 600 of SEC Regulation NMS)		national securities exchange and (ii) an "NMS stock" (as	
	or (B) securities of a foreign issuer or ADRs, provided		defined in Rule 600 of Regulation NMS under the Act) or	
	that securities of a foreign issuer (including when they		(B) securities of a foreign issuer or ADRs, provided that	
	underlie ADRs) whose primary trading market outside		securities of a foreign issuer (including when they	
	the United States is not a member of the Intermarket		underlie ADRs) whose primary trading market outside	
	Surveillance Group ("ISG") or a party to a		the United States is not a member of the Intermarket	
	comprehensive surveillance sharing agreement with		Surveillance Group ("ISG") or a party to a	
	Nasdaq will not in the aggregate represent more than		comprehensive surveillance sharing agreement with	

### Rule Reference Table

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
	20% of the dollar weight of the index.		Nasdaq will not in the aggregate represent more than 20% of the dollar weight of the index.	
4420(m)(8-9)	<ul> <li>(8) Reference Asset Criteria—In the case of a Commodity-Linked Security, the Reference Asset shall meet the criteria in either subparagraph (A) or subparagraph (B) below:</li> <li>(A) The Reference Asset to which the security is linked shall have been reviewed and approved for the trading of Commodity-Related Securities or options or other derivatives by the Commission under Section 19(b)(2) of the 1934 Act and rules thereunder and the conditions set forth in the Commission's approval order, including with respect to comprehensive surveillance sharing agreements, continue to be satisfied.</li> <li>(B) The pricing information for each component of a Reference Asset other than a Currency must be derived from a market which is an ISG member or affiliate or with which Nasdaq has a comprehensive surveillance sharing agreement. Notwithstanding the previous sentence, pricing information for each component of a Reference Asset that is a Currency must be either (1) the generally accepted spot price for the currency exchange rate in question or (2) derived from a market which (x) is an ISG member or affiliate or with which Nasdaq has a comprehensive surveillance sharing agreement and (y) is</li> </ul>	5710(h-i)	<ul> <li>(h) Reference Asset Criteria—In the case of a Commodity-Linked Security, the Reference Asset shall meet the criteria in either subparagraph (1) or subparagraph (2) below:</li> <li>(1) The Reference Asset to which the security is linked shall have been reviewed and approved for the trading of Commodity-Related Securities or options or other derivatives by the Commission under Section 19(b)(2) of the Act and rules thereunder and the conditions set forth in the Commission's approval order, including with respect to comprehensive surveillance sharing agreements, continue to be satisfied.</li> <li>(2) The pricing information for each component of a Reference Asset other than a Currency must be derived from a market which is an ISG member or affiliate or with which Nasdaq has a comprehensive surveillance sharing agreement. Notwithstanding the previous sentence, pricing information for each component of a Reference Asset that is a Currency must be either: (i) the generally accepted spot price for the currency exchange rate in question; or (ii) derived from a market which (x) is an ISG member or affiliate or with which Nasdaq has a comprehensive surveillance sharing agreement and (y) is</li> </ul>	Updated reference to Exchange Act Rules to incorporate the defined term "Act" for consistency.

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
	the pricing source for a currency component of a		the pricing source for a currency component of a	
	Reference Asset that has previously been approved by the		Reference Asset that has previously been approved by the	
	Commission. A Reference Asset may include		Commission. A Reference Asset may include	
	components representing not more than 10% of the dollar		components representing not more than 10% of the dollar	
	weight of such Reference Asset for which the pricing		weight of such Reference Asset for which the pricing	
	information is derived from markets that do not meet the		information is derived from markets that do not meet the	
	requirements of this subparagraph (B), provided,		requirements of this subparagraph (B), provided,	
	however, that no single component subject to this		however, that no single component subject to this	
	exception exceeds 7% of the dollar weight of the		exception exceeds 7% of the dollar weight of the	
	Reference Asset. The term "Currency," as used in this		Reference Asset. The term "Currency," as used in this	
	subparagraph, shall mean one or more currencies, or		subparagraph, shall mean one or more currencies, or	
	currency options, futures, or other currency derivatives,		currency options, futures, or other currency derivatives,	
	Commodity-Related Securities if their underlying		Commodity-Related Securities if their underlying	
	Commodities are currencies or currency derivatives, or a		Commodities are currencies or currency derivatives, or a	
	basket or index of any of the foregoing.		basket or index of any of the foregoing.	
	(9) Maintenance and Dissemination—(i) If the index is		(i) Maintenance and Dissemination—(i) If the index is	
	maintained by a broker-dealer, the broker-dealer shall		maintained by a broker-dealer, the broker-dealer shall	
	erect a "firewall" around the personnel who have access		erect a "firewall" around the personnel who have access	
	to information concerning changes and adjustments to the		to information concerning changes and adjustments to the	
	index and the index shall be calculated by a third party		index and the index shall be calculated by a third party	
	who is not a broker-dealer. (ii) Unless the Commission		who is not a broker-dealer. (ii) Unless the Commission	
	order applicable under clause 7(A) or 8(A) hereof		order applicable under clause 7(A) or 8(A) hereof	
	provides otherwise, the current value of the index or the		provides otherwise, the current value of the index or the	
	Reference Asset (as applicable) will be widely		Reference Asset (as applicable) will be widely	
	disseminated at least every 15 seconds during Nasdaq's		disseminated at least every 15 seconds during Nasdaq's	
	regular market session, except as provided in the next		regular market session, except as provided in the next	
	clause (iii). (iii) The values of the following indexes need		clause (iii). (iii) The values of the following indexes need	
	not be calculated and widely disseminated at least every		not be calculated and widely disseminated at least every	
	15 seconds if, after the close of trading, the indicative		15 seconds if, after the close of trading, the indicative	
	value of the Equity Index-Linked Security based on one		value of the Equity Index-Linked Security based on one	

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
	or more of such indexes is calculated and disseminated to provide an updated value: CBOE S&P 500 BuyWrite Index(sm), CBOE DJIA Buy Write Index(sm), CBOE Nasdaq-100 BuyWrite Index(sm). (iv) If the value of a Linked Security is based on more than one index, then the dissemination requirement of this paragraph 9 applies to the composite value of such indexes. (v) In the case of a Commodity-Linked Security that is periodically redeemable, the indicative value of the subject Commodity-Linked Security must be calculated and widely disseminated by one or more major market data vendors on at least a 15-second basis during Nasdaq's regular market session.		or more of such indexes is calculated and disseminated to provide an updated value: CBOE S&P 500 BuyWrite Index(sm), CBOE DJIA Buy Write Index(sm), CBOE Nasdaq-100 BuyWrite Index(sm). (iv) If the value of a Linked Security is based on more than one index, then the dissemination requirement of this paragraph (i) applies to the composite value of such indexes. (v) In the case of a Commodity-Linked Security that is periodically redeemable, the indicative value of the subject Commodity-Linked Security must be calculated and widely disseminated by one or more major market data vendors on at least a 15-second basis during Nasdaq's regular market session.	

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
4420(m)(10-12)	<ul> <li>(10) Trading Halts. In the case of Commodity-Linked Securities, if the indicative value (if required to be disseminated) or the Reference Asset value is not being disseminated as required, or, in the case of Equity Index- Linked Securities, if the value of the index is not being disseminated as required, Nasdaq may halt trading during the day on which such interruption occurs. Nasdaq will halt trading no later than the beginning of trading following the trading day when the interruption commenced if such interruption persists at this time.</li> <li>(11) Surveillance Procedures. NASD will implement on behalf of Nasdaq written surveillance procedures for Linked Securities. Nasdaq will enter into adequate comprehensive surveillance sharing agreements for non- U.S. securities, as applicable.</li> <li>(12) Linked Securities will be treated as equity instruments. Furthermore, for the purpose of fee determination, Linked Securities shall be deemed and treated as Other Securities.</li> </ul>	5710(j-l)	<ul> <li>(j) Trading Halts. In the case of Commodity-Linked Securities, if the indicative value (if required to be disseminated) or the Reference Asset value is not being disseminated as required, or, in the case of Equity Index- Linked Securities, if the value of the index is not being disseminated as required, Nasdaq may halt trading during the day on which such interruption occurs. Nasdaq will halt trading no later than the beginning of trading following the trading day when the interruption commenced if such interruption persists at this time.</li> <li>(k) Surveillance Procedures. FINRA will implement on behalf of Nasdaq written surveillance procedures for Linked Securities. Nasdaq will enter into adequate comprehensive surveillance sharing agreements for non- U.S. securities, as applicable.</li> <li>(l) Linked Securities will be treated as equity instruments. Furthermore, for the purpose of fee determination, Linked Securities shall be deemed and treated as Other Securities.</li> </ul>	The name "NASD" changed to "FINRA."

### Rule Reference Table

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text <sup>*</sup>	Comments
4420(n)	NASD Regulation Nasdaq and NASD Regulation, an affiliate of NASD, are parties to the Regulatory Contract pursuant to which NASD Regulation has agreed to perform certain functions described in this Rule on behalf of Nasdaq. Functions performed by NASD Regulation, NASD Regulation departments, and NASD Regulation staff under Nasdaq Rule 4420 are being performed by NASD Regulation on behalf of Nasdaq. Notwithstanding the fact that Nasdaq has entered into the Regulatory Contract with NASD Regulation to perform some of Nasdaq's functions, Nasdaq shall retain ultimate legal responsibility for, and control of, such functions.	5000 excerpt, with emphasis added	This Rule Series 5000 contains rules related to the qualification, listing and delisting of Companies on the Nasdaq Stock Market **** Nasdaq and Financial Industry Regulatory Authority, Inc. ("FINRA") are parties to a regulatory contract pursuant to which FINRA has agreed to perform certain functions described in the Rules on behalf of Nasdaq. Notwithstanding the fact that Nasdaq has entered into the regulatory contract with FINRA to perform some of Nasdaq's functions, Nasdaq shall retain ultimate legal responsibility for, and control of, such functions	The old rule conveys to the italicized portion of the new rule. This provision was updated to include the name FINRA, and is now included in the introduction to the first section of the new rules. The new rule was edited for clarity.
4420(o)	<ul> <li>Managed Fund Shares</li> <li>(1) Nasdaq will consider listing Managed Fund Shares that meet the criteria of Rule 4420(o).</li> <li>(2) Applicability. Rule 4420(o) is applicable only to Managed Fund Shares. Except to the extent inconsistent with Rule 4420(o), or unless the context otherwise requires, the rules and procedures of the Board of Directors shall be applicable to the trading on Nasdaq of such securities. Managed Fund Shares are included within the definition of "security" or "securities" as such terms are used in the Rules of Nasdaq.</li> <li>(A) Nasdaq will file separate proposals under Section 19(b) of the Act before the listing of Managed Fund Shares.</li> <li>(B) Transactions in Managed Fund Shares will occur</li> </ul>	5735	<ul> <li>Managed Fund Shares <ul> <li>(a) Nasdaq will consider listing Managed Fund Shares</li> <li>that meet the criteria of Rule 5735.</li> <li>(b) Applicability. Rule 5735 is applicable only to</li> </ul> </li> <li>Managed Fund Shares. Except to the extent inconsistent <ul> <li>with Rule 5735, or unless the context otherwise requires,</li> <li>the rules and procedures of the Board of Directors shall</li> <li>be applicable to the trading on Nasdaq of such securities.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Managed Fund Shares are included within the definition <ul> <li>of "security" or "securities" as such terms are used in the</li> <li>Rules of Nasdaq.</li> </ul> </li> <li>(1) Nasdaq will file separate proposals under Section <ul> <li>19(b) of the Act before the listing of Managed Fund</li> <li>Shares.</li> <li>(2) Transactions in Managed Fund Shares will occur</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	Updated rule citations.

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
	throughout Nasdaq's trading hours.		throughout Nasdaq's trading hours.	
	(C) Minimum Price Variance. The minimum price		(3) Minimum Price Variance. The minimum price	
	variation for quoting and entry of orders in Managed		variation for quoting and entry of orders in Managed	
	Fund Shares is \$0.01.		Fund Shares is \$0.01.	
	(D) Surveillance Procedures. Nasdaq will implement		(4) Surveillance Procedures. Nasdaq will implement	
	written surveillance procedures for Managed Fund		written surveillance procedures for Managed Fund	
	Shares.		Shares.	
	(E) Creation and Redemption. For Managed Fund Shares		(5) Creation and Redemption. For Managed Fund Shares	
	based on an international or global portfolio, the statutory		based on an international or global portfolio, the statutory	
	prospectus or the application for exemption from		prospectus or the application for exemption from	
	provisions of the Investment Company Act of 1940 for		provisions of the Investment Company Act of 1940 for	
	the series of Managed Fund Shares must state that such		the series of Managed Fund Shares must state that such	
	series must comply with the federal securities laws in		series must comply with the federal securities laws in	
	accepting securities for deposits and satisfying		accepting securities for deposits and satisfying	
	redemptions with redemption securities, including that		redemptions with redemption securities, including that	
	the securities accepted for deposits and the securities		the securities accepted for deposits and the securities	
	used to satisfy redemption requests are sold in		used to satisfy redemption requests are sold in	
	transactions that would be exempt from registration under		transactions that would be exempt from registration under	
	the Securities Act of 1933.		the Securities Act of 1933.	
	(3) Definitions. The following terms as used in the Rules		(c) Definitions. The following terms as used in the Rules	
	shall, unless the context otherwise requires, have the		shall, unless the context otherwise requires, have the	
	meanings herein specified:		meanings herein specified:	
	(A) Managed Fund Share. The term "Managed Fund		(1) Managed Fund Share. The term "Managed Fund	
	Share" means a security that (a) represents an interest in a		Share" means a security that (a) represents an interest in a	
	registered investment company ("Investment Company")		registered investment company ("Investment Company")	
	organized as an open-end management investment		organized as an open-end management investment	
	company or similar entity, that invests in a portfolio of		company or similar entity, that invests in a portfolio of	
	securities selected by the Investment Company's		securities selected by the Investment Company's	
	investment adviser consistent with the Investment		investment adviser consistent with the Investment	
	Company's investment objectives and policies; (b) is		Company's investment objectives and policies; (b) is	

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
	issued in a specified aggregate minimum number in		issued in a specified aggregate minimum number in	
	return for a deposit of a specified portfolio of securities		return for a deposit of a specified portfolio of securities	
	and/or a cash amount with a value equal to the next		and/or a cash amount with a value equal to the next	
	determined net asset value; and (c) when aggregated in		determined net asset value; and (c) when aggregated in	
	the same specified minimum number, may be redeemed		the same specified minimum number, may be redeemed	
	at a holder's request, which holder will be paid a		at a holder's request, which holder will be paid a	
	specified portfolio of securities and/or cash with a value		specified portfolio of securities and/or cash with a value	
	equal to the next determined net asset value.		equal to the next determined net asset value.	
	(B) Disclosed Portfolio. The term "Disclosed Portfolio"		(2) Disclosed Portfolio. The term "Disclosed Portfolio"	
	means the identities and quantities of the securities and		means the identities and quantities of the securities and	
	other assets held by the Investment Company that will		other assets held by the Investment Company that will	
	form the basis for the Investment Company's calculation		form the basis for the Investment Company's calculation	
	of net asset value at the end of the business day.		of net asset value at the end of the business day.	
	(C) Intraday Indicative Value. The term "Intraday		(3) Intraday Indicative Value. The term "Intraday	
	Indicative Value" is the estimated indicative value of a		Indicative Value" is the estimated indicative value of a	
	Managed Fund Share based on current information		Managed Fund Share based on current information	
	regarding the value of the securities and other assets in		regarding the value of the securities and other assets in	
	the Disclosed Portfolio.		the Disclosed Portfolio.	
	(D) Reporting Authority. The term "Reporting Authority"		(4) Reporting Authority. The term "Reporting Authority"	
	in respect of a particular series of Managed Fund Shares		in respect of a particular series of Managed Fund Shares	
	means Nasdaq, an institution, or a reporting service		means Nasdaq, an institution, or a reporting service	
	designated by Nasdaq or by the exchange that lists a		designated by Nasdaq or by the exchange that lists a	
	particular series of Managed Fund Shares (if Nasdaq is		particular series of Managed Fund Shares (if Nasdaq is	
	trading such series pursuant to unlisted trading privileges)		trading such series pursuant to unlisted trading privileges)	
	as the official source for calculating and reporting		as the official source for calculating and reporting	
	information relating to such series, including, but not		information relating to such series, including, but not	
	limited to, the Intraday Indicative Value; the Disclosed		limited to, the Intraday Indicative Value; the Disclosed	
	Portfolio; the amount of any cash distribution to holders		Portfolio; the amount of any cash distribution to holders	
	of Managed Fund Shares, net asset value, or other		of Managed Fund Shares, net asset value, or other	
	information relating to the issuance, redemption or		information relating to the issuance, redemption or	

#### Rule Reference Table

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text <sup>*</sup>	Comments
	trading of Managed Fund Shares. A series of Managed		trading of Managed Fund Shares. A series of Managed	
	Fund Shares may have more than one Reporting		Fund Shares may have more than one Reporting	
	Authority, each having different functions.		Authority, each having different functions.	
	(4) Initial and Continued Listing Managed Fund Shares		(d) Initial and Continued Listing Managed Fund Shares	
	will be listed and traded on Nasdaq subject to application		will be listed and traded on Nasdaq subject to application	
	of the following criteria:		of the following criteria:	
	(A) Initial Listing Each series of Managed Fund Shares		(1) Initial Listing Each series of Managed Fund Shares	
	will be listed and traded on Nasdaq subject to application		will be listed and traded on Nasdaq subject to application	
	of the following initial listing criteria:		of the following initial listing criteria:	
	(i) For each series, Nasdaq will establish a minimum		(A) For each series, Nasdaq will establish a minimum	
	number of Managed Fund Shares required to be		number of Managed Fund Shares required to be	
	outstanding at the time of commencement of trading on		outstanding at the time of commencement of trading on	
	Nasdaq.		Nasdaq.	
	(ii) Nasdaq will obtain a representation from the issuer of		(B) Nasdaq will obtain a representation from the issuer of	
	each series of Managed Fund Shares that the net asset		each series of Managed Fund Shares that the net asset	
	value per share for the series will be calculated daily and		value per share for the series will be calculated daily and	
	that the net asset value and the Disclosed Portfolio will		that the net asset value and the Disclosed Portfolio will	
	be made available to all market participants at the same		be made available to all market participants at the same	
	time.		time.	
	(B) Continued Listing Each series of Managed Fund		(2) Continued Listing Each series of Managed Fund	
	Shares will be listed and traded on Nasdaq subject to		Shares will be listed and traded on Nasdaq subject to	
	application of the following continued listing criteria:		application of the following continued listing criteria:	
	(i) Intraday Indicative Value. The Intraday Indicative		(A) Intraday Indicative Value. The Intraday Indicative	
	Value for Managed Fund Shares will be widely		Value for Managed Fund Shares will be widely	
	disseminated by one or more major market data vendors		disseminated by one or more major market data vendors	
	at least every 15 seconds during the time when the		at least every 15 seconds during the time when the	
	Managed Fund Shares trade on Nasdaq.		Managed Fund Shares trade on Nasdaq.	
	(ii) Disclosed Portfolio.		(B) Disclosed Portfolio.	
	a. The Disclosed Portfolio will be disseminated at least		(i) The Disclosed Portfolio will be disseminated at least	
	once daily and will be made available to all market		once daily and will be made available to all market	

## Rule Reference Table

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
	participants at the same time.		participants at the same time.	
	b. The Reporting Authority that provides the Disclosed	1	(ii) The Reporting Authority that provides the Disclosed	
	Portfolio must implement and maintain, or be subject to,	1	Portfolio must implement and maintain, or be subject to,	
	procedures designed to prevent the use and dissemination	1	procedures designed to prevent the use and dissemination	
	of material non-public information regarding the actual	1	of material non-public information regarding the actual	
	components of the portfolio.	1	components of the portfolio.	
	(iii) Suspension of trading or removal. Nasdaq will	1	(C) Suspension of trading or removal. Nasdaq will	
	consider the suspension of trading in or removal from	1	consider the suspension of trading in or removal from	
	listing of a series of Managed Fund Shares under any of	l	listing of a series of Managed Fund Shares under any of	
	the following circumstances:	1	the following circumstances:	
	a. if, following the initial twelve-month period after	1	(i) if, following the initial twelve-month period after	
	commencement of trading on Nasdaq of a series of	1	commencement of trading on Nasdaq of a series of	
	Managed Fund Shares, there are fewer than 50 beneficial	1	Managed Fund Shares, there are fewer than 50 beneficial	
	holders of the series of Managed Fund Shares for 30 or	1	holders of the series of Managed Fund Shares for 30 or	
	more consecutive trading days;	1	more consecutive trading days;	
	b. if the value of the Intraday Indicative Value is no	l	(ii) if the value of the Intraday Indicative Value is no	
	longer calculated or available or the Disclosed Portfolio	1	longer calculated or available or the Disclosed Portfolio	
	is not made available to all market participants at the	l	is not made available to all market participants at the	
	same time;	1	same time;	
	c. if the Investment Company issuing the Managed Fund	1	(iii) if the Investment Company issuing the Managed	
	Shares has failed to file any filings required by the	1	Fund Shares has failed to file any filings required by the	
	Commission or if Nasdaq is aware that the Investment	1	Commission or if Nasdaq is aware that the Investment	
	Company is not in compliance with the conditions of any	1	Company is not in compliance with the conditions of any	
	exemptive order or no-action relief granted by the	l	exemptive order or no-action relief granted by the	
	Commission to the Investment Company with respect to	1	Commission to the Investment Company with respect to	
	the series of Managed Fund Shares; or	1	the series of Managed Fund Shares; or	
	d. if such other event shall occur or condition exists	1	(iv) if such other event shall occur or condition exists	
	which, in the opinion of Nasdaq, makes further dealings	l	which, in the opinion of Nasdaq, makes further dealings	
	on Nasdaq inadvisable.	1	on Nasdaq inadvisable.	
	(iv) Trading Halt. If the Intraday Indicative Value of a		(D) Trading Halt. If the Intraday Indicative Value of a	

\* The new rule text will be operational on April 13, 2009.

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
	series of Managed Fund Shares is not being disseminated		series of Managed Fund Shares is not being disseminated	
	as required, Nasdaq may halt trading during the day in		as required, Nasdaq may halt trading during the day in	
	which the interruption to the dissemination of the		which the interruption to the dissemination of the	
	Intraday Indicative Value occurs. If the interruption to the		Intraday Indicative Value occurs. If the interruption to the	
	dissemination of the Intraday Indicative Value persists		dissemination of the Intraday Indicative Value persists	
	past the trading day in which it occurred, Nasdaq will halt		past the trading day in which it occurred, Nasdaq will halt	
	trading no later than the beginning of the trading day		trading no later than the beginning of the trading day	
	following the interruption. In addition, if Nasdaq		following the interruption. In addition, if Nasdaq	
	becomes aware that the net asset value or the Disclosed		becomes aware that the net asset value or the Disclosed	
	Portfolio with respect to a series of Managed Fund Shares		Portfolio with respect to a series of Managed Fund Shares	
	is not disseminated to all market participants at the same		is not disseminated to all market participants at the same	
	time, it will halt trading in such series until such time as		time, it will halt trading in such series until such time as	
	the net asset value or the Disclosed Portfolio is available		the net asset value or the Disclosed Portfolio is available	
	to all market participants.		to all market participants.	
	(v) Termination. Upon termination of an Investment		(E) Termination. Upon termination of an Investment	
	Company, Nasdaq requires that Managed Fund Shares		Company, Nasdaq requires that Managed Fund Shares	
	issued in connection with such entity be removed from		issued in connection with such entity be removed from	
	listing on Nasdaq.		listing on Nasdaq.	
	(vi) Voting. Voting rights shall be as set forth in the		(F) Voting. Voting rights shall be as set forth in the	
	applicable Investment Company prospectus.		applicable Investment Company prospectus.	
	(5) Limitation of Liability. Neither Nasdaq, the Reporting		(e) Limitation of Liability. Neither Nasdaq, the Reporting	
	Authority, nor any agent of Nasdaq shall have any		Authority, nor any agent of Nasdaq shall have any	
	liability for damages, claims, losses or expenses caused		liability for damages, claims, losses or expenses caused	
	by any errors, omissions, or delays in calculating or		by any errors, omissions, or delays in calculating or	
	disseminating any current portfolio value; the current		disseminating any current portfolio value; the current	
	value of the portfolio of securities required to be		value of the portfolio of securities required to be	
	deposited to the open-end management investment		deposited to the open-end management investment	
	company in connection with issuance of Managed Fund		company in connection with issuance of Managed Fund	
	Shares; the amount of any dividend equivalent payment		Shares; the amount of any dividend equivalent payment	
	or cash distribution to holders of Managed Fund Shares;		or cash distribution to holders of Managed Fund Shares;	

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
	net asset value; or other information relating to the		net asset value; or other information relating to the	
	purchase, redemption, or trading of Managed Fund		purchase, redemption, or trading of Managed Fund	
	Shares, resulting from any negligent act or omission by		Shares, resulting from any negligent act or omission by	
	Nasdaq, the Reporting Authority or any agent of Nasdaq,		Nasdaq, the Reporting Authority or any agent of Nasdaq,	
	or any act, condition, or cause beyond the reasonable		or any act, condition, or cause beyond the reasonable	
	control of Nasdaq, its agent, or the Reporting Authority,		control of Nasdaq, its agent, or the Reporting Authority,	
	including, but not limited to, an act of God; fire; flood;		including, but not limited to, an act of God; fire; flood;	
	extraordinary weather conditions; war; insurrection; riot;		extraordinary weather conditions; war; insurrection; riot;	
	strike; accident; action of government; communications		strike; accident; action of government; communications	
	or power failure; equipment or software malfunction; or		or power failure; equipment or software malfunction; or	
	any error, omission, or delay in the reports of transactions		any error, omission, or delay in the reports of transactions	
	in one or more underlying securities.		in one or more underlying securities.	
	(6) Disclosures. The provisions of this subparagraph		(f) Disclosures. The provisions of this subparagraph	
	apply only to series of Managed Fund Shares that are the		apply only to series of Managed Fund Shares that are the	
	subject of an order by the Securities and Exchange		subject of an order by the Securities and Exchange	
	Commission exempting such series from certain		Commission exempting such series from certain	
	prospectus delivery requirements under Section 24(d) of		prospectus delivery requirements under Section 24(d) of	
	the Investment Company Act of 1940 and are not		the Investment Company Act of 1940 and are not	
	otherwise subject to prospectus delivery requirements		otherwise subject to prospectus delivery requirements	
	under the Securities Act of 1933. Nasdaq will inform its		under the Securities Act of 1933. Nasdaq will inform its	
	members regarding application of these provisions of this		members regarding application of these provisions of this	
	subparagraph to a particular series of Managed Fund		subparagraph to a particular series of Managed Fund	
	Shares by means of an information circular prior to		Shares by means of an information circular prior to	
	commencement of trading in such series.		commencement of trading in such series.	
	Nasdaq requires that members provide to all purchasers		Nasdaq requires that members provide to all purchasers	
	of a series of Managed Fund Shares a written description		of a series of Managed Fund Shares a written description	
	of the terms and characteristics of those securities, in a		of the terms and characteristics of those securities, in a	
	form prepared by the open-end management investment		form prepared by the open-end management investment	
	company issuing such securities, not later than the time a		company issuing such securities, not later than the time a	
	confirmation of the first transaction in such series is		confirmation of the first transaction in such series is	

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
	delivered to such purchaser. In addition, members shall		delivered to such purchaser. In addition, members shall	
	include such a written description with any sales material		include such a written description with any sales material	
	relating to a series of Managed Fund Shares that is		relating to a series of Managed Fund Shares that is	
	provided to customers or the public. Any other written		provided to customers or the public. Any other written	
	materials provided by a member to customers or the		materials provided by a member to customers or the	
	public making specific reference to a series of Managed		public making specific reference to a series of Managed	
	Fund Shares as an investment vehicle must include a		Fund Shares as an investment vehicle must include a	
	statement in substantially the following form: "A circular		statement in substantially the following form: "A circular	
	describing the terms and characteristics of (the series of		describing the terms and characteristics of (the series of	
	Managed Fund Shares) has been prepared by the (open-		Managed Fund Shares) has been prepared by the (open-	
	end management investment company name) and is		end management investment company name) and is	
	available from your broker. It is recommended that you		available from your broker. It is recommended that you	
	obtain and review such circular before purchasing (the		obtain and review such circular before purchasing (the	
	series of Managed Fund Shares)."		series of Managed Fund Shares)."	
	A member carrying an omnibus account for a non-		A member carrying an omnibus account for a non-	
	member broker-dealer is required to inform such non-		member broker-dealer is required to inform such non-	
	member that execution of an order to purchase a series of		member that execution of an order to purchase a series of	
	Managed Fund Shares for such omnibus account will be		Managed Fund Shares for such omnibus account will be	
	deemed to constitute agreement by the non-member to		deemed to constitute agreement by the non-member to	
	make such written description available to its customers		make such written description available to its customers	
	on the same terms as are directly applicable to members		on the same terms as are directly applicable to members	
	under this rule.		under this rule.	
	Upon request of a customer, a member shall also provide		Upon request of a customer, a member shall also provide	
	a prospectus for the particular series of Managed Fund		a prospectus for the particular series of Managed Fund	
	Shares.		Shares.	
	(7) If the investment adviser to the Investment Company		(g) If the investment adviser to the Investment Company	
	issuing Managed Fund Shares is affiliated with a broker-		issuing Managed Fund Shares is affiliated with a broker-	
	dealer, such investment adviser shall erect a "fire wall"		dealer, such investment adviser shall erect a "fire wall"	
	between the investment adviser and the broker-dealer		between the investment adviser and the broker-dealer	
	with respect to access to information concerning the		with respect to access to information concerning the	

## Rule Reference Table

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
	composition and/or changes to such Investment Company portfolio. Personnel who make decisions on the Investment Company's portfolio composition must be subject to procedures designed to prevent the use and dissemination of material nonpublic information regarding the applicable Investment Company portfolio.		composition and/or changes to such Investment Company portfolio. Personnel who make decisions on the Investment Company's portfolio composition must be subject to procedures designed to prevent the use and dissemination of material nonpublic information regarding the applicable Investment Company portfolio.	
4421	<ul> <li>Derivative Securities Traded under Unlisted Trading Privileges.</li> <li>Nasdaq may extend unlisted trading privileges to any security that is an NMS Stock (as defined in Rule 600 of Regulation NMS) that is listed on another national securities exchange. Any such security will be subject to all Nasdaq trading rules applicable to NMS Stocks, unless otherwise noted, including provisions of Rules 4120, 4420, 4421, and 4630.</li> <li>(a) Any security that is a "new derivative securities product" as defined in Rule 19b-4(e) under the Exchange Act (a "UTP Derivative Security") and traded under unlisted trading privileges pursuant to Rule 19b-4(e) under the Act shall be subject to the additional following rules:</li> <li>(1) Form 19b-4(e). Nasdaq shall file with the Commission a Form 19b-4(e) with respect to each UTP Derivative Security.</li> <li>(2) Information Circular. Nasdaq shall distribute an information circular prior to the commencement of trading in each such UTP Derivative Security that generally includes the same information as contained in the information circular provided by the listing exchange, including: (a) the special risks of trading the new</li> </ul>	5740	<ul> <li>Derivative Securities Traded under Unlisted Trading Privileges.</li> <li>Nasdaq may extend unlisted trading privileges to any security that is an NMS Stock (as defined in Rule 600 of Regulation NMS under the Act) that is listed on another national securities exchange. Any such security will be subject to all Nasdaq trading rules applicable to NMS Stocks, unless otherwise noted, including provisions of Rules 4120, 4630, the 5400 Series, and the 5700 Series.</li> <li>(a) Any security that is a "new derivative securities product" as defined in Rule 19b-4(e) under the Act (a "UTP Derivative Security") and traded under unlisted trading privileges pursuant to Rule 19b-4(e) under the Act shall be subject to the additional following rules:</li> <li>(1) Form 19b-4(e). Nasdaq shall file with the Commission a Form 19b-4(e) with respect to each UTP Derivative Security.</li> <li>(2) Information Circular. Nasdaq shall distribute an information circular prior to the commencement of trading in each such UTP Derivative Security that generally includes the same information as contained in the information circular provided by the listing exchange, including: (a) the special risks of trading the new derivative securities product; (b) the Rules of Nasdaq that</li> </ul>	Updated reference to Exchange Act Rules to incorporate the defined term "Act" for consistency.

\* The new rule text will be operational on April 13, 2009.

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
	derivative securities product; (b) the Rules of Nasdaq that		will apply to the new derivative securities product,	
	will apply to the new derivative securities product,		including Equity Rule 2310; (c) information about the	
	including Equity Rule 2310; (c) information about the		dissemination of the value of the underlying assets or	
	dissemination of the value of the underlying assets or		indexes; and (d) the applicable trading hours for the UTP	
	indexes; and (d) the applicable trading hours for the UTP		Derivative Security and the risks of trading during the	
	Derivative Security and the risks of trading during the		period from 8:00 a.m. to 9:30 a.m. and from 4:00 p.m. to	
	period from 8:00 a.m. to 9:30 a.m. and from 4:00 p.m. to		7:00 p.m. due to the lack of calculation or dissemination	
	7:00 p.m. due to the lack of calculation or dissemination		of the underlying index value, the Intra-Day Indicative	
	of the underlying index value, the Intra-Day Indicative		Value (as defined in Equity Rule 4420) or a similar value.	
	Value (as defined in Equity Rule 4420) or a similar value.		(3) Product Description.	
	(3) Product Description.		Members are subject to the prospectus delivery	
	Members are subject to the prospectus delivery		requirements under the Securities Act of 1933, unless the	
	requirements under the Securities Act of 1933, unless the		UTP Derivative Security is the subject of an order by the	
	UTP Derivative Security is the subject of an order by the		Commission exempting the product from certain	
	Commission exempting the product from certain		prospectus delivery requirements under Section 24(d) of	
	prospectus delivery requirements under Section 24(d) of		the Investment Company Act of 1940 and the product is	
	the Investment Company Act of 1940 and the product is		not otherwise subject to prospectus delivery requirements	
	not otherwise subject to prospectus delivery requirements		under the Securities Act of 1933.	
	under the Securities Act of 1933.		Nasdaq shall inform Members of the application of the	
	Nasdaq shall inform Members of the application of the		provisions of this subparagraph to UTP Derivative	
	provisions of this subparagraph to UTP Derivative		Securities by means of an information circular. Nasdaq	
	Securities by means of an information circular. Nasdaq		requires that Members provide all purchasers of UTP	
	requires that Members provide all purchasers of UTP		Derivative Securities a written description of the terms	
	Derivative Securities a written description of the terms		and characteristics of those securities, in a form approved	
	and characteristics of those securities, in a form approved		by Nasdaq or prepared by the open-ended management	
	by Nasdaq or prepared by the openended management		company issuing such securities, not later than the time a	
	company issuing such securities, not later than the time a		confirmation of the first transaction in such series is	
	confirmation of the first transaction in such series is		delivered to such purchaser. In addition, Members shall	
	delivered to such purchaser. In addition, Members shall		include a written description with any sales material	
	include a written description with any sales material		relating to UTP Derivative Securities that is provided to	

## Rule Reference Table

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
	relating to UTP Derivative Securities that is provided to		customers or the public. Any other written materials	
	customers or the public. Any other written materials		provided by a Member to customers or the public making	
	provided by a Member to customers or the public making		specific reference to the	
	specific reference to the UTP Derivative Securities as an		UTP Derivative Securities as an investment vehicle must	
	investment vehicle must include a statement substantially		include a statement substantially in the following form:	
	in the following form:		"A circular describing the terms and characteristics of	
	"A circular describing the terms and characteristics of		[the UTP Derivative Securities] has been prepared by the	
	[the UTP Derivative Securities] has been prepared by the		[open-ended management investment company name]	
	[open-ended management investment company name]		and is available from your broker. It is recommended that	
	and is available from your broker. It is recommended that		you obtain and review such circular before purchasing	
	you obtain and review such circular before purchasing		[the UTP Derivative Securities]."	
	[the UTP Derivative Securities]."		A Member carrying an omnibus account for a non-	
	A Member carrying an omnibus account for a non-		Member is required to inform such non-Member that	
	Member is required to inform such non-Member that		execution of an order to purchase UTP Derivative	
	execution of an order to purchase UTP Derivative		Securities for such omnibus account will be deemed to	
	Securities for such omnibus account will be deemed to		constitute an agreement by the non-Member to make	
	constitute an agreement by the non-Member to make		such written description available to its customers on the	
	such written description available to its customers on the		same terms as are directly applicable to the Member	
	same terms as are directly applicable to the Member		under this Rule.	
	under this Rule.		Upon request of a customer, a Member shall also provide	
	Upon request of a customer, a Member shall also provide		a prospectus for the particular UTP Derivative Securities.	
	a prospectus for the particular UTP Derivative Securities.		(4) Trading Halts. Trading halts of UTP Derivative	
	(4) Trading Halts. Trading halts of UTP Derivative		Securities shall be governed by Equity Rule 4120.	
	Securities shall be governed by Equity Rule 4120.		(5) Limitations on Market Makers. Market makers in a	
	(5) Limitations on Market Makers. Market makers in a		UTP Derivative Security that is a Commodity-Related	
	UTP Derivative Security that is a Commodity-Related		Security (as defined in Equity Rule 4630) shall comply	
	Security (as defined in Equity Rule 4630) shall comply		with Rule 4630.	
	with Rule 4630.		(6) Surveillance. Nasdaq shall enter into a comprehensive	
	(6) Surveillance. Nasdaq shall enter into a comprehensive		surveillance sharing agreement with markets trading	
	surveillance sharing agreement with markets trading		components of the index or portfolio on which the UTP	

\* The new rule text will be operational on April 13, 2009.

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
	components of the index or portfolio on which the UTP Derivative Security is based to the same extent as the listing exchange's rules require the listing exchange to enter into a comprehensive surveillance sharing agreement with such markets.		Derivative Security is based to the same extent as the listing exchange's rules require the listing exchange to enter into a comprehensive surveillance sharing agreement with such markets.	
4425(a)	An issuer that applies for listing on the Nasdaq Global Market and meets the requirements for initial listing contained in Rule 4426 shall be listed on the Nasdaq Global Select Market.	5305(a)	A Company that applies for listing on the Nasdaq Global Market and meets the requirements for initial listing contained in Rule 5315 shall be listed on the Nasdaq Global Select Market.	The term "issuer" was replaced with the defined term "Company." Rule citation updated.
4425(b)	Each October, beginning in October 2007, Nasdaq will review the qualifications of all securities listed on the Nasdaq Global Market that are not included in the Nasdaq Global Select Market. Any security that meets the requirements for initial listing on the Nasdaq Global Select Market contained in Rule 4426 at the time of this review will be transferred to the Global Select Market the following January, provided it meets the continued listing criteria at that time. An issuer will not owe any application or entry fees in connection with such a transfer.	5305(b)	Each October, Nasdaq will review the qualifications of all securities listed on the Nasdaq Global Market that are not included in the Nasdaq Global Select Market. Any security that meets the requirements for initial listing on the Nasdaq Global Select Market contained in Rule 5315 at the time of this review will be transferred to the Global Select Market the following January, provided it meets the continued listing criteria at that time. A Company will not owe any application or entry fees in connection with such a transfer.	The term "issuer" was replaced with the defined term "Company." Rule citation updated. Also, the phrase "beginning in October 2007" was removed since it has passed.

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
4425(c)	At any time, an issuer may apply to transfer a security listed on the Nasdaq Global Market to the Nasdaq Global Select Market. Such an application will be approved and effected as soon as practicable if the security meets the requirements for initial listing contained in Rule 4426. An issuer will not owe any application or entry fees in connection with such a transfer.	5305(c)	At any time, a Company may apply to transfer a security listed on the Nasdaq Global Market to the Nasdaq Global Select Market. Such an application will be approved and effected as soon as practicable if the security meets the requirements for initial listing contained in Rule 5315. A Company will not owe any application or entry fees in connection with such a transfer.	The term "issuer" was replaced with the defined term "Company." Rule citation updated.
4425(d)	At any time, an issuer may apply to transfer a security listed on the Nasdaq Capital Market to the Nasdaq Global Select Market. Such an application will be approved and effected as soon as practicable if the security meets the requirements for initial listing contained in Rule 4426. An issuer transferring from the Nasdaq Capital Market to the Nasdaq Global Select Market will be required to pay the applicable fees contained in Rule 4510.	5305(d)	At any time, a Company may apply to transfer a security listed on the Nasdaq Capital Market to the Nasdaq Global Select Market. Such an application will be approved and effected as soon as practicable if the security meets the requirements for initial listing contained in Rule 5315. A Company transferring from the Nasdaq Capital Market to the Nasdaq Global Select Market will be required to pay the applicable fees contained in Rule 5910.	The term "issuer" was replaced with the defined term "Company." Rule citations updated.
4425(e)	After initial inclusion on the Nasdaq Global Select Market, an issuer will remain on the Nasdaq Global Select Market provided it continues to meet the applicable requirements of the Rule 4300 and 4400 Series, including the qualitative requirements of Rule 4350 and IM-4300.	5305(e)	After initial inclusion on the Nasdaq Global Select Market, a Company will remain on the Nasdaq Global Select Market provided it continues to meet the applicable requirements of the Listing Rules, including the continued listing requirements contained in the Rule 5400 Series, the requirements of the Rule 5100 Series, and the qualitative requirements of Rule 5200 and 5600 Series.	The term "issuer" was replaced with the defined term "Company." Rule citations updated. Minor rewording to clarify that Companies must meet all applicable Listing Rules to remain listed on the Global Select Market.

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text <sup>*</sup>	Comments
4425(f)	Notwithstanding any provision to the contrary, the securities of any issuer that is non-compliant with a qualitative listing requirement that does not provide for a grace period, or where Nasdaq staff has raised a public interest concern, will not be permitted to transfer to the Global Select Market until the underlying deficiency is resolved. In addition, any security that is below a quantitative continued listing requirement for the Nasdaq Global Market, even if the issuer has not been below the requirement for a sufficient period of time to be considered non-compliant, and any issuer in a grace or compliance period with respect to a quantitative listing requirement, will not be allowed to transfer from the Nasdaq Global or Capital Markets to the Nasdaq Global Select Market until the underlying deficiency is resolved. Nor will any issuer before a Nasdaq Listing Qualifications Panel be allowed to transfer to the Global Select Market until the underlying deficiency is resolved. An issuer that is in a grace or compliance period with respect to a qualitative listing standard, such as the cure period for filling an audit committee vacancy, will be allowed to transfer to the Global Select Market, subject to the continuation of that grace period.	5305(f)	Notwithstanding any provision to the contrary, the securities of any Company that is non-compliant with a qualitative listing requirement that does not provide for a grace period, or where Nasdaq staff has raised a public interest concern, will not be permitted to transfer to the Global Select Market until the underlying deficiency is resolved. In addition, any security that is below a quantitative continued listing requirement for the Nasdaq Global Market, even if the Company has not been below the requirement for a sufficient period of time to be considered non-compliant, and any Company in a grace or compliance period with respect to a quantitative listing requirement, will not be allowed to transfer from the Nasdaq Global or Capital Markets to the Nasdaq Global Select Market until the underlying deficiency is resolved. A Company before a Hearings Panel will not be allowed to transfer to the Global Select Market until the underlying deficiency is resolved. A Company that is in a grace or compliance period with respect to a qualitative listing standard, such as the cure period for filling an audit committee vacancy, will be allowed to transfer to the Global Select Market, subject to the continuation of that grace period.	The term "issuer" was replaced with the defined term "Company." Rule citations updated. Minor rewording for clarification. The adjudicatory body named "Listing Qualifications Panel" has been re-named "Hearings Panel" in the new rules (see old Rule 4801(h) and new Rule 5805(d)).

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
IM-4425	Launch of the Nasdaq Global Select Market In connection with the initial launch of the Nasdaq Global Select Market in July 2006, Nasdaq will review all issuers' qualifications and assign qualified Global Market companies to the new Global Select segment. In addition, qualified Capital Market companies will be given the opportunity to be included in the new segment. In connection with this initial transfer to the Global Select Market, Nasdaq will begin to make its assessment using the most recent financial data filed as of April 28, 2006, and market data as of April 28, 2006. Nasdaq will treat as an IPO any company that initially listed as an IPO since May 1, 2005 for purposes of the liquidity tests, because these companies would have insufficient market data to establish a 12-month trading history and may have had insufficient time to satisfy the market value of public float requirement applicable to other companies. Similarly, for purposes of the market capitalization requirements of Rules 4426(c)(2) and (c)(3), any company that initially listed as an IPO since May 1, 2005 must have the applicable average market capitalization from the date of listing. Nasdaq also notes that certain Nasdaq-listed issuers that qualify to initially list on the New York Stock Exchange (NYSE) will not be eligible to list on the Global Select Market. Nasdaq will allow (but not require) any Nasdaq-listed issuer that meets the NYSE initial listing standards as of July 2006 but that does not qualify for the Global Select Segment when it is adopted to be included in the Global Select Market, subject to a grace period until January 1, 2008 to achieve	Deleted	Deleted	This rule was not included in the new rules since it describes a one-time transfer of Companies from the Global Market to the Global Select Market that occurred at the launch of the Global Select Market. It is no longer relevant to listed Companies.

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
	compliance with all listing criteria for the Global Select Market. Any issuer that avails itself of this grace period that has not achieved compliance with all listing criteria for the Global Select Market by January 1, 2008 will be moved to the Nasdaq Global Market. In addition, any issuer that avails itself of this grace period will remain subject to delisting in the event it fails to satisfy any of the continued listing requirements for the Nasdaq Global Market.			
4426(a)	For inclusion in the Nasdaq Global Select Market, an issuer must meet the requirements of paragraphs (b), (c), and (d) of this rule, and all applicable requirements of the Rule 4300 and 4400 Series, including the qualitative requirements of Rule 4350 and IM-4300. Rule 4427 provides guidance about computations made under this Rule 4426.	5315(a)	For inclusion in the Global Select Market, a Company must meet all requirements in Rule 5315(e), all applicable requirements of Rules 5315(f)(1), 5315(f)(2) and 5315(f)(3) and all applicable requirements in the Listing Rules.	The term "issuer" was replaced with the defined term "Company." Rule citations updated. The sentence about computations is included in the introduction to 5315. Note that in the new rules, the Definitions and Computations for the Global Select Market now precede the applicable rules.
4426(a)	For inclusion in the Nasdaq Global Select Market, an issuer must meet the requirements of paragraphs (b), (c), and (d) of this rule, and all applicable requirements of the Rule 4300 and 4400 Series, including the qualitative requirements of Rule 4350 and IM-4300. Rule 4427 provides guidance about computations made under this Rule 4426.	5315	Initial Listing Requirements for Primary Equity Securities Rule 5310 provides guidance about computations made under this Rule 5315.	Note that in the new rules, the Definitions and Computations for the Global Select Market now precede the applicable rules. The new defined term "Primary Equity Securities" has been added. Citations updated.

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text <sup>*</sup>	Comments
4426(b)(1)(A-C)	The security must demonstrate either: (A) (i) a minimum of 550 total shareholders, and (ii) an average monthly trading volume over the prior 12 months of at least 1,100,000 shares per month; or (B) a minimum of 2,200 total shareholders; or (C) a minimum of 450 round lot shareholders	5315(f)(1)(A)	<ul> <li>The Primary Equity Security shall meet no less than one of the following:</li> <li>(A) At least 550 Total Holders and an average monthly trading volume over the prior 12 months of at least 1,100,000 shares per month; or</li> <li>(B) At least 2,200 Total Holders; or</li> <li>(C) A minimum of 450 Round Lot Holders.</li> </ul>	The requirements from 4426(b)(1)(A)(i) and A(ii) were merged into one rule. Defined terms capitalized. The new defined term "Primary Equity Security" has been added. Citations updated.
4426(b)(2)	The security must have at least 1,250,000 publicly held shares; and	5315(e)(2)	The Primary Equity Security shall meet all of the following: ***** (2) At least 1,250,000 Publicly Held Shares; and	The new rule has a different structure, but conveys the same requirement. Defined terms capitalized. The new defined term "Primary Equity Security" has been added.
4426(b)(3)	The publicly held shares must have either: (A) a market value of at least \$110 million; or (B) a market value of at least \$100 million, if the issuer has stockholders' equity of at least \$110 million; or (C) a market value of at least \$70 million in the case of: (i) an issuer listing in connection with its initial public offering; (ii) an issuer that is affiliated with, or a spin-off from, another company listed on the Global Select Market; and (iii) a closed end management investment company registered under the Investment Company Act of 1940 or exempt from registration as a business development company as defined in Section 2 of the Investment Company Act of 1940.	5315(f)(2)	The Publicly Held Shares shall meet one of the following: (A) A Market Value of at least \$110 million; or (B) A Market Value of at least \$100 million, if the Company has stockholders' equity of at least \$110 million; or (C) A Market Value of at least \$70 million in the case of: (i) a Company listing in connection with its initial public offering; (ii) a Company that is affiliated with, or a spin- off from, another Company listed on the Global Select Market; and (iii) a closed end management investment company registered under the Investment Company Act of 1940.	The defined terms "Publicly Held Shares" and "Market Value" were capitalized. Minor wording changes for consistency and clarity. The term "issuer" was replaced with the defined term "Company." Note that business development company initial listing requirements are discussed in new Rule 5315(d). As such, the discussion in old Rule 4426(b)(3)(iii) is incorporated in new Rule 5315(d).

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
4426(c)	<ul> <li>Financial Requirements. An issuer, other than a closed end management investment company, must meet the requirements of one of subparagraphs (1), (2) or (3) of this paragraph.</li> <li>(1) The issuer must have: (A) aggregate income from continuing operations before income taxes of at least \$ 11 million over the prior three fiscal years; (B) positive income from continuing operations before income taxes in each of the prior three fiscal years; and (C) at least \$2.2 million income from continuing operations before income taxes in each of the two most recent fiscal years: or</li> <li>(2) The issuer must have: (A) aggregate cash flows of at least \$27.5 million over the prior three fiscal years; (B) positive cash flows in each of the prior three fiscal years; and (C) both: (i) average market capitalization of at least \$550 million over the prior 12 months; and (ii) total revenue of at least \$110 million in the previous fiscal year; or</li> <li>(3) The issuer must have both: (A) average market capitalization of at least \$850 million over the prior 12 months; and (B) total revenue of at least \$90 million in the previous fiscal year.</li> </ul>	5315(f)(3)	A Company, other than a closed end management investment company, shall meet the requirements of sub- paragraph (A), (B), or (C), below: (A) (i) Aggregate income from continuing operations before income taxes of at least \$11 million over the prior three fiscal years, (ii) positive income from continuing operations before income taxes in each of the prior three fiscal years, and (iii) at least \$2.2 million income from continuing operations before income taxes in each of the two most recent fiscal years; or (B) (i) Aggregate cash flows of at least \$27.5 million over the prior three fiscal years, (ii) positive cash flows in each of the prior three fiscal years, and (iii) average market capitalization of at least \$550 million over the prior 12 months and total revenue of at least \$110 million in the previous fiscal year; or (C) (i) Average market capitalization at least \$850 million over the prior 12 months, and (ii) total revenue of at least \$90 million in the previous fiscal year.	Minor wording changes for consistency and clarity. Removed the phrase "The issuer must have" from each sub- paragraph.

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
4426(d)	Nasdaq Global Select Market Listing Requirements **** (d) Price. For inclusion in the Nasdaq Global Select Market, an issuer not listed on the Nasdaq Global Market shall have a minimum bid price of \$4 per share.	5315(e)(1)	The Primary Equity Security shall meet all of the following: (1) A Company not listed on the NGM shall have bid price of at least \$4 per share; and	This rule is laid out in a new structure than the old, but still conveys the same requirement. Defined terms capitalized. The new defined term "Primary Equity Security" has been added. The term "issuer" was replaced with the defined term "Company."

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
4426(e)	<ul> <li>Closed End Management Investment Companies.</li> <li>(1) A closed end management investment company registered under the Investment Company Act of 1940 shall not be required to meet paragraph (c) of this Rule 4426.</li> <li>(2) In lieu of the requirement in paragraph (b)(3) of this Rule 4426, a closed end management investment company that is listed concurrently with other closed end management investment adviser or whose investment advisers are "affiliated persons" as defined in the Investment Company Act of 1940 (a "Fund Family") shall be eligible if: (A) the total market value of publicly held shares in such Fund Family is at least \$220 million: (B) the average market value of publicly held shares for all funds in the Fund Family is \$50 million; and (C) each fund in the Fund Family has a market value of publicly held shares for at least \$35 million.</li> <li>(3) A closed end management investment company that is exempt from registration as a business development company as defined in Section 2 of the Investment Company Act of 1940 shall not be required to meet paragraph (c) of this Rule 4426 but must have a market value of listed securities of at least \$80 million.</li> </ul>	5315(b-d)	<ul> <li>(b) However, if a Company is a closed end management investment company registered under the Investment Company Act of 1940, it must meet all requirements in Rule 5315(e), all applicable requirements in each of Rules 5315(f)(1) and 5315(f)(2), but not requirements of 5315(f)(3).</li> <li>(c) In lieu of the requirement in Rule 5315(f)(2), a closed end management investment company that is listed concurrently with other closed end management investment advisers are "affiliated persons" as defined in the Investment Company Act of 1940 (a "Fund Family") shall be eligible if:</li> <li>(1) the total Market Value of Publicly Held Shares in such Fund Family is at least \$220 million;</li> <li>(2) the average Market Value of Publicly Held Shares for all funds in the Fund Family is \$50 million; and</li> <li>(3) each fund in the Fund Family has a Market Value of Publicly Held Shares for all funds in the Fund Family is \$50 million;</li> <li>(d) A business development company as defined in Section 2 of the Investment Company Act of 1940 must meet all requirements in Rule 5315(f)(1) and 5315(f)(2), but not the requirements in 5315(f)(3). In lieu of meeting Rule 5315(f)(3), a business development company must have a Market Value of Listed Securities of at least \$80 million.</li> </ul>	Paragraphs (b) and (d) set forth affirmatively what closed end management investment companies and business development companies must meet, as well as those requirements these Companies do not have to meet. The term "issuer" was replaced with the defined term "Company." Rule citations updated. Defined terms capitalized.

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
4426(f)	Other Classes of Securities. If the common stock of an issuer is included in the Nasdaq Global Select Market, any other security of that same issuer, such as other classes of common or preferred stock, that qualify for listing on the Nasdaq Global Market shall also be included in the Global Select Market.	5320	Other Classes of Securities If the Primary Equity Security of a Company is included in the Global Select Market, any other security of that same Company, such as other classes of common or preferred stock, warrants and units, that qualify for listing on the Global Market shall also be included in the Global Select Market. However, exchange traded funds, index- linked securities, selected equity-linked debt securities, trust issued receipts, structured products and commodity- backed products will not be listed on the Global Select Market. See the Rule 5700 Series for rules relating to the listing of those securities and other securities not specified under the Global Select Market listing standards.	The new rule contains a clarification relating to ETFs and Other Securities, stating that these securities will not be added to the Global Select Market, and a cross reference to the requirements for these securities located in the 5700 Series. Also, the new rule clarifies that if a Company's Primary Equity Security, not just common stock, is added to Global Select, then any other securities listed on the Global Market will also be added to the Global Select Market. Defined terms capitalized.
4427	Computations and Definitions	5310	Definitions and Computations	Reworded for consistency with other sections.
4427(a)	In computing the number of publicly held shares for purposes of Rule 4426(b), Nasdaq will not consider shares held by an officer, director or 10% shareholder of the issuer.	5310(d)	In computing the number of Publicly Held Shares for Global Select purposes, Nasdaq will not consider shares held directly or indirectly by an officer, director or 10% or greater Shareholder of the Company.	Defined terms were capitalized. Also, for clarity, the new rule states "for Global Select purposes," not a rule citation. The term "issuer" was replaced with the defined term "Company."

## Rule Reference Table

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text <sup>*</sup>	Comments
4427(b)	In calculating income from continuing operations before income taxes for purposes of Rule 4426(c)(1), Nasdaq will rely on an issuer's financial information as filed with the Commission in the issuer's most recent periodic report and/or registration statement.	5310(c)	In computing Income from Continuing Operations Before Income Taxes for Global Select purposes, Nasdaq will rely on a Company's financial information as filed with the Commission in the Company's most recent periodic report and/or registration statement.	Defined terms were capitalized. Also, for clarity, the new rule states "for Global Select purposes," not a rule citation. The term "issuer" was replaced with the defined term "Company."
4427(c)	In calculating cash flows for purposes of Rule 4426(c)(2), Nasdaq will rely on the net cash provided by operating activities, as reported in the issuer's financial information as filed with the Commission in the issuer's most recent periodic report and/or registration statement excluding changes in working capital or in operating assets and liabilities.	5310(b)	In computing Cash Flows for Global Select purposes, Nasdaq will rely on the net cash provided by operating activities, as reported in the Company's financial information as filed with the Commission in the Company's most recent periodic report and/or registration statement excluding changes in working capital or in operating assets and liabilities.	Defined terms were capitalized. Also, for clarity, the new rule states "for Global Select purposes," not a rule citation. The term "issuer" was replaced with the defined term "Company."
4427(d)	<ul> <li>If an issuer does not have three years of publicly reported financial data, it may qualify under Rule 4426(c)(1) if it has:</li> <li>(1) reported aggregate income from continuing operations before income taxes of at least \$11 million; and</li> <li>(2) positive income from continuing operations before income taxes in each of the reported fiscal years.</li> </ul>	5310(g)	If a Company has less than three years of publicly reported financial data, it may qualify under Rule 5315(f)(3)(A) if it has (1) reported aggregate income from continuing operations before income taxes of at least \$11 million, and (2) positive income from continuing operations before income taxes in each of the reported fiscal years.	The term "issuer" was replaced with the defined term "Company." Rule citation updated. Slight re-wording of the first sentence.
4427(e)	If an issuer does not have three years of publicly reported financial data, it may qualify under Rule 4426(c)(2) if it has: (1) reported aggregate cash flows of at least \$27.5 million; and (2) positive cash flows in each of the reported fiscal years.	5310(h)	If a Company has less than three years of publicly reported financial data, it may qualify under Rule 5315(f)(3)(C) if it has (1) reported aggregate cash flows of at least \$27.5 million, and (2) positive cash flows in each of the reported fiscal years.	The term "issuer" was replaced with the defined term "Company." Rule citation updated. Slight re-wording of the first sentence.

\* The new rule text will be operational on April 13, 2009.

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
4427(f)	A period of less than three months shall not be considered a fiscal year, even if reported as a stub period in the issuer's publicly reported financial statements.	5310(f)	A period of less than three months shall not be considered a Fiscal Year, even if reported as a stub period in the Company's publicly reported financial statements.	Defined terms were capitalized. The term "issuer" was replaced with the defined term "Company."
4427(g)	For purposes of Rule 4426, an issuer is affiliated with another company if that other company, directly or indirectly though one or more intermediaries, controls, is controlled by, or is under common control of the issuer. Control, for these purposes, means having the ability to exercise significant influence. Ability to exercise significant influence will be presumed to exist where the parent or affiliated company directly or indirectly owns 20% or more of the other company's voting securities, and also can be indicated by representation on the board of directors, participation in policy making processes, material intercompany transactions, interchange of managerial personnel, or technological dependency.	5310(a)	For Global Select purposes, a Company is affiliated with another Company if that other Company, directly or indirectly though one or more intermediaries, controls, is controlled by, or is under common control of the Company. Control, for these purposes, means having the ability to exercise significant influence. Ability to exercise significant influence will be presumed to exist where the parent or affiliated Company directly or indirectly owns 20% or more of the other Company's voting securities, and also can be indicated by representation on the board of directors, participation in policy making processes, material intercompany transactions, interchange of managerial personnel, or technological dependency.	Defined terms were capitalized. Also, for clarity, the new rule states "for Global Select purposes," not a rule citation. The term "issuer" was replaced with the defined term "Company."
4427(h)	In the case of an issuer listing in connection with its initial public offering, compliance with the market capitalization requirements of Rules $4426(c)(2)$ and $(c)(3)$ will be based on the company's market capitalization at the time of listing.	5310(e)	In the case of a Company listing in connection with its initial public offering, compliance with the market capitalization requirements of Rules 5315(f)(3)(B) and (C) will be based on the Company's market capitalization at the time of listing.	The term "issuer" was replaced with the defined term "Company." Rule citation updated.

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
4430(a)	<ul> <li>In addition to meeting the quantitative criteria for Nasdaq</li> <li>Global Market listing, an issuer that is formed as a result</li> <li>of a limited partnership rollup transaction, as defined in</li> <li>Rule 4200, must meet the criteria set forth below in order</li> <li>to be listed: <ul> <li>(a) The limited partnership rollup transaction must</li> <li>provide for the right of dissenting limited partners;</li> <li>(1) to receive compensation for their limited partnership</li> <li>units based on an appraisal of the limited partnership</li> </ul> </li> <li>assets performed by an independent appraiser unaffiliated with the sponsor or general partner of the program which values the assets as if sold in an orderly manner in a</li> <li>reasonable period of time, plus or minus other balance</li> <li>sheet items, and less the cost of sale or refinancing and in a manner consistent with the appropriate industry</li> <li>practice. Compensation to dissenting limited partners of limited partnership rollup transactions may be cash, secured debt instruments, unsecured debt instruments, or freely-tradeable securities; provided, however, that:</li> <li>(A) limited partnership rollup transactions which utilize debt instruments as compensation must provide for a trustee and an indenture to protect the rights of the debt holders and provide a rate of interest equal to at least 120% of the applicable federal rate as determined in accordance with Section 1274 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986;</li> <li>(B) limited partnership rollup transactions which utilize unsecured debt instruments as compensation, in addition to the requirements of subparagraph (A), above, must limit total leverage to 70% of the appraised value of the</li> </ul>	5210(h)	Limited Partnerships No security issued in a limited partnership rollup transaction (as defined by Section 14(h) of the Act), shall be eligible for listing unless: (i) the rollup transaction was conducted in accordance with procedures designed to protect the rights of limited partners as provided in Section 6(b)(9) of the Act, as it may from time to time be amended, and (ii) a broker-dealer that is a member of a national securities association subject to Section 15A(b)(12) of the Act participates in the rollup transaction. The Company shall further provide an opinion of counsel stating that such broker-dealer's participation in the rollup transaction was conducted in compliance with the rules of a national securities association designed to protect the rights of limited partners, as specified in the Limited Partnership Rollup Reform Act of 1993. In addition to any other applicable requirements, each limited partnership listed on Nasdaq shall have a corporate general partner or co-general partner that satisfies the Independent Director and audit committee requirements set forth in the Rule 5600 Series. Note: The only currently existing national securities association subject to Section 15A(b)(12) of the Act is FINRA. Its rules designed to protect the rights of limited partners, pursuant to the Limited Partnership Rollup Reform Act of 1993, are specified in FINRA Rule 2810.	The rules relating to Limited Partnerships in the old rules mirrored the rule language in the NASD Rulebook. In the new rules, we have utilized the structure of NYSE Rule 105.00 and AMEX Rule 126, which incorporate the NASD rules by reference. The name "NASD" changed to "FINRA."

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
	assets;			
	(C) all debt securities must have a term no greater than 8			
	years and provide for prepayment with 80% of the net			
	proceeds of any sale or refinancing of the assets			
	previously owned by the partnership entities subject to			
	the limited partnership rollup transaction or any part			
	thereof; and			
	(D) freely-tradeable securities utilized as compensation to			
	dissenting limited partners must be issued by a company			
	listed on Nasdaq or another national securities exchange			
	prior to the limited partnership rollup transaction, and the			
	number of securities to be received in return for limited			
	partnership interests must be determined in relation to the			
	average last sale price of the freely-tradeable securities in			
	the 20-day period following the date of the meeting at			
	which the vote on the limited partnership rollup			
	transaction occurs. If the issuer of the freely-tradeable			
	securities is affiliated with the sponsor or general partner,			
	newly issued securities to be utilized as compensation to			
	dissenting limited partners shall not represent more than			
	20 percent of the issued and outstanding shares of that			
	class of securities after giving effect to the issuance. For			
	purposes of the preceding sentence, a sponsor or general			
	partner is "affiliated" with the issuer of the freely			
	tradeable securities if the sponsor or general partner			
	receives any material compensation from the issuer or its			
	affiliates in conjunction with the limited partnership			
	rollup transaction or the purchase of the general partner's			
	interest; provided, however, that nothing herein shall			
	restrict the ability of a sponsor or general partner to			

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
	receive any payment for its equity interests and			
	compensation as otherwise provided by this Rule;			
	(2) to receive or retain a security with substantially the			
	same terms and conditions as the security originally held.			
	Securities received or retained will be considered to have			
	the same terms and conditions as the security originally held if:			
	(A) there is no material adverse change to dissenting			
	limited partners' rights with respect to the business plan			
	or the investment, distribution and liquidation policies of			
	the limited partnership; and			
	(B) the dissenting limited partners receive substantially			
	the same rights, preferences and priorities as they had			
	pursuant to the security originally held; or			
	(3) to receive other comparable rights including, but not			
	limited to:			
	(A) approval of the limited partnership rollup transaction			
	by 75% of the outstanding units of each of the individual			
	participating limited partnerships and the exclusion of			
	any individual limited partnership from the limited			
	partnership rollup transaction which fails to reach the			
	75% threshold. The third-party appointed to tabulate			
	votes and dissents pursuant to paragraph $(b)(2)(D)$ of this			
	Rule shall submit the results of such tabulation to			
	Nasdaq.			
	(B) review of the limited partnership rollup transaction			
	by an independent committee of persons not affiliated			
	with the general partner(s) or sponsor. Whenever utilized, the independent committee:			
	(i) shall be approved by a majority of the outstanding			

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
	securities of each of the participating partnerships;			
	(ii) shall have access to the books and records of the			
	partnerships;			
	(iii) shall prepare a report to the limited partners subject			
	to the limited partnership rollup transaction that presents			
	its findings and recommendations, including any minority			
	views;			
	(iv) shall have the authority to negotiate the proposed			
	transaction with the general partner or sponsor on behalf			
	of the limited partners, but not the authority to approve			
	the transaction on behalf of the limited partners;			
	(v) shall not deliberate for a period longer than 60 days, although extensions will be permitted if unanimously			
	agreed upon by the members of the independent			
	committee or if approved by Nasdaq;			
	(vi) may be compensated and reimbursed by the limited			
	partnerships subject to the limited partnership rollup			
	transaction and shall have the ability to retain			
	independent counsel and financial advisors to represent			
	all limited partners at the limited partnerships' expense			
	provided the fees are reasonable; and			
	(vii) shall be entitled to indemnification to the maximum			
	extent permitted by law from the limited partnerships			
	subject to the limited partnership rollup transaction from			
	claims, causes of action or lawsuits related to any action			
	or decision made in furtherance of their responsibilities;			
	provided, however, that general partners or sponsors may			
	also agree to indemnify the independent committee; or			
	(C) any other comparable rights for dissenting limited			
	partners proposed by general partners or sponsors,			

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
Number	provided, however, that the general partner(s) or sponsor demonstrates to the satisfaction of Nasdaq or, if Nasdaq determines appropriate, to the satisfaction of an independent committee, that the rights proposed are comparable.	Number		

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
4430(b)	<ul> <li>Regardless of whether a limited partnership rollup transaction meets the requirements set forth in paragraph (a) above, a limited partnership rollup transaction will not be listed:</li> <li>(1) if the general partner(s):</li> <li>(A) converts an equity interest in any limited partnership(s) subject to a limited partnership rollup transaction for which consideration was not paid and which was not otherwise provided for in the limited partnership agreement and disclosed to limited partners, into a voting interest in the new entity (provided, however, an interest originally obtained in order to comply with the provisions of Internal Revenue Service Revenue Procedure 89-12 may be converted);</li> <li>(B) fails to follow the valuation provisions, if any, in the limited partnership agreements of the subject limited partnerships when valuing their limited partnership interest; or</li> <li>(C) utilizes a future value of their equity interest rather than the current value of their equity interest, as determined by an appraisal conducted in a manner consistent with paragraph (a)(1) of this Rule, when determining their interest in the new entity;</li> <li>(2) as to voting rights, if:</li> <li>(A) the voting rights of the limited partnerships participating in the limited partnership rollup transaction do not generally follow the original voting rights of the limited partnerships may be effected if Nasdaq determines that such changes are not</li> </ul>	5210(h)	Limited Partnerships No security issued in a limited partnership rollup transaction (as defined by Section 14(h) of the Act), shall be eligible for listing unless: (i) the rollup transaction was conducted in accordance with procedures designed to protect the rights of limited partners as provided in Section 6(b)(9) of the Act, as it may from time to time be amended, and (ii) a broker-dealer that is a member of a national securities association subject to Section 15A(b)(12) of the Act participates in the rollup transaction. The Company shall further provide an opinion of counsel stating that such broker-dealer's participation in the rollup transaction was conducted in compliance with the rules of a national securities association designed to protect the rights of limited partners, as specified in the Limited Partnership Rollup Reform Act of 1993. In addition to any other applicable requirements, each limited partnership listed on Nasdaq shall have a corporate general partner or co-general partner that satisfies the Independent Director and audit committee requirements set forth in the Rule 5600 Series. Note: The only currently existing national securities association subject to Section 15A(b)(12) of the Act is FINRA. Its rules designed to protect the rights of limited partners, pursuant to the Limited Partnership Rollup Reform Act of 1993, are specified in FINRA Rule 2810.	The rules relating to Limited Partnerships in the old rules mirrored the rule language in the NASD Rulebook. In the new rules, we have utilized the structure of the NYSE and AMEX rules, which incorporate the NASD rules by reference.

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
	<ul> <li>unfair or if the changes are approved by an independent committee;</li> <li>(B) a majority of the interests in an entity resulting from a limited partnership rollup transaction may not, without concurrence by the sponsor, general partner(s), board of</li> </ul>			
	<ul><li>directors, trustee, or similar governing entity, depending on the form of entity and to the extent not inconsistent with state law, vote to:</li><li>(i) amend the limited partnership agreement, articles of incorporation or by-laws, or indenture;</li></ul>			
	<ul> <li>(ii) dissolve the entity;</li> <li>(iii) remove the general partner, board of directors, trustee or similar governing entity, and elect a new general partner, board of directors, trustee or similar</li> </ul>			
	<ul> <li>governing entity; or</li> <li>(iv) approve or disapprove the sale of substantially all of the assets of the entity;</li> <li>(C) the general partner(s) or sponsor(s) proposing a limited partnership rollup transaction do not provide each</li> </ul>			
	person whose equity interest is subject to the transaction with a document which instructs the person on the proper procedure for voting against or dissenting from the rollup; or			
	(D) the general partner(s) or sponsor(s) does not utilize an independent third party to receive and tabulate all votes and dissents in connection with the limited			
	partnership rollup transaction, and require that the third party make the tabulation available to the general partner and any limited partner upon request at any time during and after voting occurs;			

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
	(3) as to transaction costs, if:			
	(A) transaction costs of a rejected limited partnership			
	rollup transaction are not apportioned between general			
	and limited partners of the subject limited partnerships			
	according to the final vote on the proposed transaction as			
	follows:			
	(i) the general partner(s) or sponsor(s) bear all transaction			
	costs in proportion to the total number of abstentions and			
	votes to reject the limited partnership rollup transaction;			
	and			
	(ii) limited partners bear transaction costs in proportion to			
	the number of votes to approve the limited partnership			
	rollup transaction; or			
	(B) individual limited partnerships that do not approve a			
	limited partnership rollup transaction are required to pay			
	any of the transaction costs, and the general partner or			
	sponsor is not required to pay the transaction costs on			
	behalf of the non-approving limited partnerships, in a			
	limited partnership rollup transaction in which one or			
	more limited partnerships determines not to approve the transaction, but where the transaction is consummated			
	with respect to one or more approving limited			
	partnerships; or			
	(4) as to fees of general partners, if:			
	(A) general partners are not prevented from receiving			
	both unearned management fees discounted to a present			
	value (if such fees were not previously provided for in			
	the limited partnership agreement and disclosed to			
	limited partners) and new asset-based fees;			
	(B) property management fees and other general partner			

Old Rule     Old Rule Text     New Rule       Number     Number     New Rule Text*	Comments
fees are inappropriate, unreasonable and more than, or not competitive with, what would be paid to third parties for performing similar services; or (C) changes in fees which are substantial and adverse to limited partners are not approved by an independent committee according to the facts and circumstances of each transaction.	

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
4440(a)	In addition to meeting the quantitative criteria and the limited partnership rollup criteria, if applicable, for Nasdaq Global market listing, the issue must also be: (1) registered under Section 12(b) of the Act; or (2) subject to an exemption issued by the Commission that permits the listing of the security notwithstanding its failure to be registered pursuant to Section 12(b).	5210(a)	A security shall be eligible for listing on Nasdaq provided that it is: (1) registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act; or (2) subject to an exemption issued by the Commission that permits the listing of the security notwithstanding its failure to be registered pursuant to Section 12(b).	The new rules have one section that sets forth the requirements for listing on all tiers of the Nasdaq Stock Market. In the old rules, each market tier had initial inclusion requirements that each contained similar requirements.
4450	Quantitative Maintenance Criteria After listing as a Nasdaq Global Market security, a security must substantially meet the criteria set forth in paragraphs (a) or (b), and (c), (d), (e) (f), (g), (h) or (i) below to continue to remain listed on the Nasdaq Global Market. A security maintaining its listing under paragraph (b) need not also be in compliance with the quantitative maintenance criteria in the Rule 4300 series.	5450	A Company that has its Primary Equity Security listed on the Global Market must continue to substantially meet all of the requirements set forth in Rule 5450(a) and at least one of the Standards in Rule 5450(b). Failure to meet any of the continued listing requirements will be processed in accordance with the provisions set forth in the Rule 5800 Series. A security maintaining its listing under 5450(b)(3) need not also be in compliance with the quantitative maintenance criteria in the Rule 5500 series.	The new rules were reorganized into requirements - all of which must be met - and standards - at least one of which must be met for continued listing. The new rule also contains a cross-reference to the 5800 Series, which deals with failure to meet a listing standard. Note that in the new rules, the continued listing standards for rights and warrants are contained in 5455, and the continued listing standards for other securities are contained in 5730(b). Defined terms capitalized.
4450(a)(1)	Maintenance Standard 1 — First Class of Common Stock, Shares or Certificates of Beneficial Interest of Trusts, Limited Partnership Interests in Foreign or Domestic Issues and American Depositary Receipts (1) 750,000 shares publicly held;	5450(b)(1)(B)	Continued Listing Standards for Primary Equity Securities: (1) Equity Standard ***** (B) At least 750,000 Publicly Held Shares;	The definition for Primary Equity Security contains all the securities spelled out in the old rule, so it eliminates a lot of repetitive language from the new rules. Defined terms were capitalized.

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
4450(a)(2)	<ul> <li>Maintenance Standard 1 — First Class of Common Stock, Shares or Certificates of Beneficial Interest of Trusts, Limited Partnership Interests in Foreign or Domestic Issues and American Depositary Receipts *****</li> <li>(2) Market value of publicly held shares of \$5 million;</li> </ul>	5450(b)(1)(C)	Continued Listing Standards for Primary Equity Securities: (1) Equity Standard ***** (C) Market Value of Publicly Held Shares of at least \$5 million; and	The definition for Primary Equity Security contains all the securities spelled out in the old rule, so it eliminates a lot of repetitive language from the new rules. Defined terms were capitalized. The words "at least" were included for clarity.
4450(a)(3)	<ul> <li>Maintenance Standard 1 — First Class of Common Stock, Shares or Certificates of Beneficial Interest of Trusts, Limited Partnership Interests in Foreign or Domestic Issues and American Depositary Receipts *****</li> <li>(3) The issuer has stockholders' equity of at least \$10 million;</li> </ul>	5450(b)(1)(A)	Continued Listing Standards for Primary Equity Securities: (1) Equity Standard (A) Stockholders' equity of at least \$10 million;	The definition for Primary Equity Security contains all the securities spelled out in the old rule, so it eliminates a lot of repetitive language from the new rules. Defined terms capitalized.
4450(a)(4)	Maintenance Standard 1 — First Class of Common Stock, Shares or Certificates of Beneficial Interest of Trusts, Limited Partnership Interests in Foreign or Domestic Issues and American Depositary Receipts ***** (4) 400 total shareholders; and	5450(a)(2)	Continued Listing Requirements for Primary Equity Securities: ***** (2) At least 400 Total Holders.	The definition for Primary Equity Security contains all the securities spelled out in the old rule, so it eliminates a lot of repetitive language from the new rules. Defined terms were capitalized. The words "at least" were included for clarity.
4450(a)(5)	<ul> <li>Maintenance Standard 1 — First Class of Common Stock, Shares or Certificates of Beneficial Interest of Trusts, Limited Partnership Interests in Foreign or Domestic Issues and American Depositary Receipts ****</li> <li>(5) Minimum bid price per share of \$1.</li> </ul>	5450(a)(1)	Continued Listing Requirements for Primary Equity Securities: (1) Minimum bid price of \$1 per share; and	The definition for Primary Equity Security contains all the securities spelled out in the old rule, so it eliminates a lot of repetitive language from the new rules. Defined terms capitalized.

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text <sup>*</sup>	Comments
4450(a)(6)	<ul> <li>Maintenance Standard 1 — First Class of Common Stock, Shares or Certificates of Beneficial Interest of Trusts, Limited Partnership Interests in Foreign or Domestic Issues and American Depositary Receipts ****</li> <li>(6) At least two registered and active market makers.</li> </ul>	5450(b)(1)(D)	Continued Listing Standards for Primary Equity Securities: (1) Equity Standard ***** (D) At least two registered and active Market Makers.	The definition for Primary Equity Security contains all the securities spelled out in the old rule, so it eliminates a lot of repetitive language from the new rules. Defined terms capitalized.
4450(b)(1)(A)	<ul> <li>Maintenance Standard 2 — First Class of Common Stock, Shares or Certificates of Beneficial Interest of Trusts, Limited Partnership Interests in Foreign or Domestic Issues and American Depositary Receipts</li> <li>(1) The issuer has:</li> <li>(A) a market value of listed securities of \$50 million; or</li> </ul>	5450(b)(2)(A)	Continued Listing Standards for Primary Equity Securities: ***** (2) Market Value Standard (A) Market Value of Listed Securities of at least \$50 million;	The definition for Primary Equity Security contains all the securities spelled out in the old rule, so it eliminates a lot of repetitive language from the new rules. Defined terms were capitalized. The words "at least" were included for clarity.
4450(b)(1)(B)	Maintenance Standard 2 — First Class of Common Stock, Shares or Certificates of Beneficial Interest of Trusts, Limited Partnership Interests in Foreign or Domestic Issues and American Depositary Receipts (1) The issuer has: (B) total assets and total revenue of \$50 million each for the most recently completed fiscal year or two of the last three most recently completed fiscal years.	5450(b)(3)(A)	Continued Listing Standards for Primary Equity Securities: ***** (3) Total Assets/Total Revenue Standard (A) Total assets and total revenue of at least \$50 million each for the most recently completed fiscal year or two of the three most recently completed fiscal years;	The definition for Primary Equity Security contains all the securities spelled out in the old rule, so it eliminates a lot of repetitive language from the new rules. Defined terms were capitalized. The words "at least" were included for clarity. We created a new standard to capture these requirements, which separates them from the Market Value of Listed Securities Standard.

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
4450(b)(2)	Maintenance Standard 2 — First Class of Common Stock, Shares or Certificates of Beneficial Interest of Trusts, Limited Partnership Interests in Foreign or Domestic Issues and American Depositary Receipts ***** (2) 1,100,000 shares publicly held;	5450(b)(2)(B)	Continued Listing Standards for Primary Equity Securities: ***** (2) Market Value Standard ***** (B) At least 1,100,000 Publicly Held Shares;	The definition for Primary Equity Security contains all the securities spelled out in the old rule, so it eliminates a lot of repetitive language from the new rules. Defined terms were capitalized. The words "at least" were included for clarity. This requirement is included in both the MVLS standard and the Total Assets/Total Revenue standard in the new rules.
4450(b)(2)	<ul> <li>Maintenance Standard 2 — First Class of Common Stock, Shares or Certificates of Beneficial Interest of Trusts, Limited Partnership Interests in Foreign or Domestic Issues and American Depositary Receipts *****</li> <li>(2) 1,100,000 shares publicly held;</li> </ul>	5450(b)(3)(B)	Continued Listing Standards for Primary Equity Securities: (3) Total Assets/Total Revenue Standard **** (B) At least 1,100,000 Publicly Held Shares;	The definition for Primary Equity Security contains all the securities spelled out in the old rule, so it eliminates a lot of repetitive language from the new rules. Defined terms were capitalized. The words "at least" were included for clarity. This requirement is included in both the MVLS standard and the Total Assets/Total Revenue standard in the new rules.
4450(b)(3)	Maintenance Standard 2 — First Class of Common Stock, Shares or Certificates of Beneficial Interest of Trusts, Limited Partnership Interests in Foreign or Domestic Issues and American Depositary Receipts ***** (3) Market value of publicly held shares of \$15 million;	5450(b)(2)(C)	Continued Listing Standards for Primary Equity Securities: (2) Market Value Standard ***** (C) Market Value of Publicly Held Shares of at least \$15 million; and	The definition for Primary Equity Security contains all the securities spelled out in the old rule, so it eliminates a lot of repetitive language from the new rules. Defined terms were capitalized. The words "at least" were included for clarity. This requirement is included in both the MVLS standard and the Total Assets/Total Revenue standard in the new rules.

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text <sup>*</sup>	Comments
4450(b)(3)	Maintenance Standard 2 — First Class of Common Stock, Shares or Certificates of Beneficial Interest of Trusts, Limited Partnership Interests in Foreign or Domestic Issues and American Depositary Receipts ***** (3) Market value of publicly held shares of \$15 million;	5450(b)(3)(C)	Continued Listing Standards for Primary Equity Securities: ***** (3) Total Assets/Total Revenue Standard ***** (C) Market Value of Publicly Held Shares of at least \$15 million; and	The definition for Primary Equity Security contains all the securities spelled out in the old rule, so it eliminates a lot of repetitive language from the new rules. Defined terms were capitalized. The words "at least" were included for clarity. This requirement is included in both the MVLS standard and the Total Assets/Total Revenue standard in the new rules.
4450(b)(4)	Maintenance Standard 2 — First Class of Common Stock, Shares or Certificates of Beneficial Interest of Trusts, Limited Partnership Interests in Foreign or Domestic Issues and American Depositary Receipts ***** (4) Minimum bid price per share of \$1;	5450(a)(1)	Continued Listing Requirements for Primary Equity Securities: ***** (1) Minimum bid price of \$1 per share; and	The definition for Primary Equity Security contains all the securities spelled out in the old rule, so it eliminates a lot of repetitive language from the new rules. This requirement is included in both the MVLS standard and the Total Assets/Total Revenue standard in the new rules. Defined terms capitalized.
4450(b)(5)	Maintenance Standard 2 — First Class of Common Stock, Shares or Certificates of Beneficial Interest of Trusts, Limited Partnership Interests in Foreign or Domestic Issues and American Depositary Receipts ***** (5) 400 total shareholders; and	5450(a)(2)	Continued Listing Requirements for Primary Equity Securities: ***** (2) At least 400 Total Holders.	The definition for Primary Equity Security contains all the securities spelled out in the old rule, so it eliminates a lot of repetitive language from the new rules. Defined terms were capitalized. The words "at least" were included for clarity.

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
4450(b)(6)	<ul> <li>Maintenance Standard 2 — First Class of Common Stock, Shares or Certificates of Beneficial Interest of Trusts, Limited Partnership Interests in Foreign or Domestic Issues and American Depositary Receipts * * * *</li> <li>(6) At least four registered and active market makers.</li> </ul>	5450(b)(2)(D)	Continued Listing Standards for Primary Equity Securities: (2) Market Value Standard ***** (D) At least four registered and active Market Makers.	The definition for Primary Equity Security contains all the securities spelled out in the old rule, so it eliminates a lot of repetitive language from the new rules. This requirement is included in both the MVLS standard and the Total Assets/Total Revenue standard in the new rules. Defined terms capitalized.
4450(b)(6)	Maintenance Standard 2 — First Class of Common Stock, Shares or Certificates of Beneficial Interest of Trusts, Limited Partnership Interests in Foreign or Domestic Issues and American Depositary Receipts ***** (6) At least four registered and active market makers.	5450(b)(3)(D)	Continued Listing Standards for Primary Equity Securities: (3) Total Assets/Total Revenue Standard ***** (D) At least four registered and active Market Makers.	The definition for Primary Equity Security contains all the securities spelled out in the old rule, so it eliminates a lot of repetitive language from the new rules. This requirement is included in both the MVLS standard and the Total Assets/Total Revenue standard in the new rules. Defined terms capitalized.
4450(c)(1)	Other Securities Listed Pursuant to Rule 4420(f) and Linked Securities (1) The aggregate market value or principal amount of publicly-held units (except Linked Securities that were listed pursuant to Rule 4420(m)) must be at least \$1 million.	5730(b)(1)	Listing Requirements for Securities Not Specified Above (Other Securities) ***** (b) Continued Listing Requirements (1) The aggregate market value or principal amount of publicly-held units (except Linked Securities that were listed pursuant to Rule 5710) must be at least \$1 million.	Restructured old rule for clarity. The old rules had the continued listing requirements for Other Securities in the same section as all the other Global Market continued listing requirements. In the new rules, due to their unique nature, Other Securities have their own section, which contains initial and continued listing requirements. Updated citation.

## Rule Reference Table

Old Rule     Old Rule Text       Number	New Rule Number	New Rule Text <sup>*</sup>	Comments
Number	<b>Number</b> 5730(b)(2)(A-	New Rule Text <sup>*</sup> Continued Listing Requirements ***** (2) Delisting or removal proceedings will be commenced (unless the Commission has approved the continued trading) with respect to any Equity Index-Linked Security that was listed pursuant to Rule 5710(g)(2) if any of the standards set forth in such rule are not continuously maintained, except that: (A) the criteria that no single component represent more than 25% of the weight of the index and the five highest weighted components in the index may not represent more than 50% (or 60% for indexes with less than 25 components) of the weight of the Index, need only be satisfied for capitalization weighted and price weighted indexes as of the first day of January and July in each year; (B) the total number of components in the index may not increase or decrease by more than 33–1/3% from the number of components in the index at the time of its initial listing, and in no event may be less than ten (10) components; (C) the trading volume of each component security in the index must be at least 500,000 shares for each of the last six months, except that for each of the lowest weighted components in the index that in the aggregate account for no more than 10% of the weight of the index, trading volume must be at least 400,000 shares for each of the last six months; and (D) in a capitalization-weighted or modified	Restructured old rule for clarity. The old rules had the continued listing requirements for Other Securities in the same section as all the other Global Market continued listing requirements. In the new rules, due to their unique nature, Other Securities have their own section, which contains initial and continued listing requirements. Updated rule citation.

\* The new rule text will be operational on April 13, 2009.

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
	<ul> <li>(iv) in a capitalization-weighted or modified</li> <li>capitalization-weighted index, the lesser of the five</li> <li>highest weighted component securities in the index or the</li> <li>highest weighted component securities in the index that</li> <li>in the aggregate represent at least 30% of the total</li> <li>number of stocks in the index have had an average</li> <li>monthly trading volume of at least 1,000,000 shares over</li> <li>the previous six months.</li> </ul>		highest weighted component securities in the index or the highest weighted component securities in the index that in the aggregate represent at least 30% of the total number of stocks in the index have had an average monthly trading volume of at least 1,000,000 shares over the previous six months.	
4450(c)(3)	Other Securities Listed Pursuant to Rule 4420(f) and Linked Securities ***** (3) With respect to an Equity Index-Linked Security that was listed pursuant to paragraph (7)(A) of Rule 4420(m), delisting or removal proceedings will be commenced (unless the Commission has approved the continued trading of the subject security) if an underlying index or indexes fails to satisfy the maintenance standards or conditions for such index or indexes as set forth by the Commission in its order under Section 19(b)(2) of the 1934 Act approving the index or indexes for the trading of options or other derivatives.	5730(b)(3)	Continued Listing Requirements ***** (3) With respect to an Equity Index-Linked Security that was listed pursuant to Rule 5710(g)(1), delisting or removal proceedings will be commenced (unless the Commission has approved the continued trading of the subject index-linked security) if an underlying index or indexes fails to satisfy the maintenance standards or conditions for such index or indexes as set forth by the Commission in its order under Section 19(b)(2) of the Act approving the index or indexes for the trading of options or other derivatives.	Restructured old rule for clarity. The old rules had the continued listing requirements for Other Securities in the same section as all the other Global Market continued listing requirements. In the new rules, due to their unique nature, Other Securities have their own section, which contains initial and continued listing requirements. Rule citation updated. Updated reference to Exchange Act Rules to incorporate the defined term "Act" for consistency.

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
4450(c)(4)	Other Securities Listed Pursuant to Rule 4420(f) and Linked Securities ***** (4) With respect to a Commodity-Linked Security that was listed pursuant to Rule 4420(m), delisting or removal proceedings will be commenced (unless the Commission has approved the continued trading of the subject security) if any of the listing requirements set forth in Rule 4420(m) that were applicable at the time of the initial listing of the security are no longer being met. Notwithstanding the foregoing, a security will not be delisted due to lack of comprehensive surveillance sharing agreements if the Reference Asset has at least 10 components and Nasdaq has comprehensive surveillance sharing agreements with respect to at least 90% of the dollar weight of the Reference Asset for which such agreements are otherwise required.	5730(b)(4)	Continued Listing Requirements ***** (4) With respect to a Commodity-Linked Security that was listed pursuant to Rule 5710, delisting or removal proceedings will be commenced (unless the Commission has approved the continued trading of the subject security) if any of the listing requirements set forth in Rule 5710 that were applicable at the time of the initial listing of the security are no longer being met. Notwithstanding the foregoing, a security will not be delisted due to lack of comprehensive surveillance sharing agreements if the Reference Asset has at least 10 components and Nasdaq has comprehensive surveillance sharing agreements with respect to at least 90% of the dollar weight of the Reference Asset for which such agreements are otherwise required.	Restructured old rule for clarity. The old rules had the continued listing requirements for Other Securities in the same section as all the other Global Market continued listing requirements. In the new rules, due to their unique nature, Other Securities have their own section, which contains initial and continued listing requirements. Rule citations updated.

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
4450(c)(5)(i-iv)	Other Securities Listed Pursuant to Rule 4420(f) and Linked Securities **** (5) Delisting or removal proceedings will also be commenced with respect to any Linked Security listed pursuant to Rule 4420(m) (unless the Commission has approved the continued trading of the subject security), under any of the following circumstances: (i) if the aggregate market value or the principal amount of the Linked Security issue publicly held is less than \$400,000; (ii) if the value of the index, composite value of the indexes or the value of the Reference Asset (as applicable) is no longer calculated or widely disseminated as required by Rule 4420(m)(9); (iii) with respect to a Commodity-Linked Security, if the value of the Reference Asset is substituted, unless the new Reference Asset meets the requirements of this Rule and Rule 4420(m); or (iv) if such other event shall occur or condition exists which in the opinion of Nasdaq makes further dealings on Nasdaq inadvisable.	5730(b)(5)(A- D)	Continued Listing Requirements ***** (5) Delisting or removal proceedings will also be commenced with respect to any Linked Security listed pursuant to Rule 5710 (unless the Commission has approved the continued trading of the subject security), under any of the following circumstances: (A) if the aggregate market value or the principal amount of the Linked Security issue publicly held is less than \$400,000; (B) if the value of the index, composite value of the indexes or the value of the Reference Asset (as applicable) is no longer calculated or widely disseminated as required by Rule 5710(i); (C) with respect to a Commodity-Linked Security, if the value of the Reference Asset is no longer calculated or available and a new Reference Asset is substituted, unless the new Reference Asset meets the requirements of this Rule and Rule 5710; or (D) if such other event shall occur or condition exists which in the opinion of Nasdaq makes further dealings on Nasdaq inadvisable.	The only thing changing from the old rule to the rule is the structure. The old rules had the continued listing requirements for Other Securities in the same section as all the other Global Market continued listing requirements. In the new rules, due to their unique nature, Other Securities have their own section, which contains initial and continued listing requirements. Rule citations updated.

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
4450(d)	Rights and Warrants Common stock of issuer must continue to be listed on the Nasdaq Global Market.	5455(a)	Continued Listing Requirements for Rights and Warrants For continued listing, the rights or warrants must meet all the requirements below: (a) The underlying security must continue to be listed on the Global Market; and	The new rule replaces "Common stock of the issuer" with "underlying security" for consistency and clarity. Note that the new rules also pair this rule with the market maker requirement.
4450(e)(1)	A failure to meet the continued listing requirement for market value of publicly held shares shall be determined to exist only if the deficiency continues for a period of 30 consecutive business days. Upon such failure, the issuer shall be notified promptly and shall have a period of 90 calendar days from such notification to achieve compliance. Compliance can be achieved by meeting the applicable standard for a minimum of 10 consecutive business days.	5810(c)(3)(D)	Market Value of Publicly Held Shares (MVPHS) A failure to meet the continued listing requirement for Market Value of Publicly Held Shares shall be determined to exist only if the deficiency continues for a period of 30 consecutive business days. Upon such failure, the Company shall be notified promptly and shall have a period of 90 calendar days from such notification to achieve compliance. Compliance can be achieved by meeting the applicable standard for a minimum of 10 consecutive business days.	The term "issuer" was replaced with the defined term "Company." Defined terms capitalized.

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text <sup>*</sup>	Comments
4450(e)(2)	A failure to meet the continued listing requirement for minimum bid price shall be determined to exist only if the deficiency continues for a period of 30 consecutive business days. Upon such failure, the issuer shall be notified promptly and shall have a period of 180 calendar days from such notification to achieve compliance. Compliance can be achieved during any compliance period by meeting the applicable standard for a minimum of 10 consecutive business days during the applicable compliance period. Nasdaq may, in its discretion, require an issuer to maintain a bid price of at least \$1.00 per share for a period in excess of ten consecutive business days, but generally no more than 20 consecutive business days, before determining that the issuer has demonstrated an ability to maintain long-term compliance. In determining whether to monitor bid price beyond ten business days, Nasdaq shall consider the following four factors: (i) margin of compliance (the amount by which the price is above the \$1.00 minimum standard); (ii) trading volume (a lack of trading volume may indicate a lack of bona fide market interest in the security at the posted bid price); (iii) the market maker montage (the number of market makers quoting at or above \$1.00 and the size of their quotes); and, (iv) the trend of the stock price (is it up or down).	5810(c)(3)(A)	Bid Price A failure to meet the continued listing requirement for minimum bid price shall be determined to exist only if the deficiency continues for a period of 30 consecutive business days. Upon such failure, the Company shall be notified promptly and shall have a period of 180 calendar days from such notification to achieve compliance. Compliance can be achieved during any compliance period by meeting the applicable standard for a minimum of 10 consecutive business days during the applicable compliance period, unless Staff exercises its discretion to extend this period as discussed in Rule 5810(c)(3)(F).	The new rule is substantively the same as the old rule, except we separated out the portion dealing with Staff's discretion to extend the period of regaining compliance, which can be found in 5810(c)(3)(F). The term "issuer" was replaced with the defined term "Company."

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
4450(e)(2)	A failure to meet the continued listing requirement for minimum bid price shall be determined to exist only if the deficiency continues for a period of 30 consecutive business days. Upon such failure, the issuer shall be notified promptly and shall have a period of 180 calendar days from such notification to achieve compliance. Compliance can be achieved during any compliance period by meeting the applicable standard for a minimum of 10 consecutive business days during the applicable compliance period. Nasdaq may, in its discretion, require an issuer to maintain a bid price of at least \$1.00 per share for a period in excess of ten consecutive business days, but generally no more than 20 consecutive business days, before determining that the issuer has demonstrated an ability to maintain long-term compliance. In determining whether to monitor bid price beyond ten business days, Nasdaq shall consider the following four factors: (i) margin of compliance (the amount by which the price is above the \$1.00 minimum standard); (ii) trading volume (a lack of trading volume may indicate a lack of bona fide market interest in the security at the posted bid price); (iii) the market maker montage (the number of market makers quoting at or above \$1.00 and the size of their quotes); and, (iv) the trend of the stock price (is it up or down).	5810(c)(3)(F)	<ul> <li>Staff Discretion Relating to the Bid Price Requirement</li> <li>Staff may, in its discretion, require a Company to maintain a bid price of at least \$1.00 for a period in excess of ten consecutive business days, but generally no more than 20 consecutive business days, before determining that the Company has demonstrated an ability to maintain long-term compliance. In determining whether to require a Company to meet the minimum</li> <li>\$1.00 bid price standard beyond ten business days, Staff will consider the following four factors:</li> <li>(i) margin of compliance (the amount by which the bid price is above the \$1.00 minimum standard);</li> <li>(ii) trading volume (a lack of trading volume may indicate a lack of bona fide market interest in the security at the posted bid price);</li> <li>(iii) the Market Maker montage (the number of Market Makers quoting at or above \$1.00 and the size of their quotes); and</li> <li>(iv) the trend of the stock price (is it up or down).</li> </ul>	In the new rules, we bifurcated 4450(e)(2), such that the description of Staff's discretion stands alone. Separating out this rule makes it easier to locate in the new rules. Substantively, this rule is the same as the old rule, although the term "issuer" was replaced with the defined term "Company." Defined terms capitalized.

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
4450(e)(3)	A failure to meet the continued listing requirement for a number of market makers shall be determined to exist only if the deficiency continues for a period of 10 consecutive business days. Upon such failure, the issuer shall be notified promptly and shall have a period of 30 calendar days from such notification to achieve compliance. Compliance can be achieved by meeting the applicable standard for a minimum of 10 consecutive business days during the 30 day compliance period.	5810(c)(3)(B)	Market Makers A failure to meet the continued listing requirement for a number of Market Makers shall be determined to exist only if the deficiency continues for a period of 10 consecutive business days. Upon such failure, the Company shall be notified promptly and shall have a period of 30 calendar days from such notification to achieve compliance. Compliance can be achieved by meeting the applicable standard for a minimum of 10 consecutive business days during the 30 day compliance period.	The term "issuer" was replaced with the defined term "Company." Defined terms capitalized.
4450(e)(4)	A failure to meet the continued listing requirements for market value of listed securities shall be determined to exist only if the deficiency continues for a period of 10 consecutive business days. Upon such failure, the issuer shall be notified promptly and shall have a period of 90 calendar days from such notification to achieve compliance with the applicable continued listing standard. Compliance can be achieved by meeting the applicable standard for a minimum of 10 consecutive business days during the 90 day compliance period.	5810(c)(3)(C)	Market Value of Listed Securities (MVLS) A failure to meet the continued listing requirements for MVLS shall be determined to exist only if the deficiency continues for a period of 10 consecutive business days. Upon such failure, the Company shall be notified promptly and shall have a period of 90 calendar days from such notification to achieve compliance with the applicable continued listing standard. Compliance can be achieved by meeting the applicable standard for a minimum of 10 consecutive business days during the 90 day compliance period.	The term "issuer" was replaced with the defined term "Company." Also note that a new acronym was utilized to make to make the new rule less wordy.

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
4450(f)	Bankruptcy and/or Liquidation Should an issuer file under any of the sections of the Bankruptcy Act or announce that liquidation has been authorized by its board of directors and that it is committed to proceed, Nasdaq may suspend or terminate the issuer's securities unless it is determined that the public interest and the protection of investors would be served by continued listing.	5110(b)	Bankruptcy and Liquidation Nasdaq may use its discretionary authority under Rule 5100 to suspend or terminate the listing of a Company that has filed for protection under any provision of the federal bankruptcy laws or comparable foreign laws, or has announced that liquidation has been authorized by its board of directors and that it is committed to proceed, even though the Company's securities otherwise meet all enumerated criteria for continued listing on Nasdaq. In the event that Nasdaq determines to continue the listing of such a Company during a bankruptcy reorganization, the Company shall nevertheless be required to satisfy all requirements for initial listing, including the payment of initial listing fees, upon emerging from bankruptcy proceedings.	The new rule includes language from 4340(b). Otherwise, it is substantively the same as the old rules.

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
4450(g)	American Depositary Receipts In the case of American Depositary Receipts, the underlying security will be considered when determining the ADR's qualification for continued listing on Nasdaq under paragraphs (a)(1), (a)(2), (a)(3), (a)(4), (b)(1), (b)(2), (b)(3), and (b)(5) of this rule.	5215(b)	American Depositary Receipts ***** (b) Computations In the case of American Depositary Receipts, annual income from continuing operations and Stockholders' Equity shall relate to the foreign issuer and not to any depositary or any other person deemed to be an issuer for purposes of Form S-12 under the Securities Act of 1933. The underlying security will be considered when determining annual income from continuing operations, Publicly Held Shares, Market Value of Publicly Held Shares, Stockholders' Equity, Round Lot or Public Holders, operating history, Market Value of Listed Securities, and total assets and total revenue.	While the old rule contains a long string of rule citations, we felt this was not reader-friendly and somewhat esoteric. Instead, we named the requirements that the citations point to in 4450(g). Also, the new rule includes language formerly found in 4420(e). Defined terms capitalized.

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
4450(h)(1-5)	Quantitative Maintenance Criteria — Preferred Stock and Secondary Classes of Common Stock For continued listing, if the common stock or common stock equity equivalent security of the issuer is listed on Nasdaq or another national securities exchange, the issue shall have: (1) At least 100,000 publicly held shares; (2) A market value of publicly held shares of at least \$1,000,000; (3) A minimum bid price per share of \$1; (4) A minimum of 100 public shareholders; (5) At least two registered and active market makers. Alternatively, in the event the issuer's common stock or common stock equivalent security is not listed on either Nasdaq or another national securities exchange, the preferred stock and/or secondary class of common stock may be listed on Nasdaq so long as the security satisfies the listing criteria for common stock.	5460(a)(1-5)	Continued Listing Requirements for Preferred Stock and Secondary Classes of Common Stock (a) When the Company's Primary Equity Security of the Company is listed on the Global Market or another National Securities Exchange, the preferred stock or secondary class of common stock must meet all of the requirements set forth in (1) through (5) below. (1) At least 100,000 Publicly Held Shares; (2) A Market Value of Publicly Held Shares of at least \$1,000,000; (3) Minimum bid price of at least \$1 per share; (4) At least 100 Public Holders; and (5) At least two registered and active Market Makers.	The phrase "common stock or common stock equivalent" was replaced with the defined term "Primary Equity Security." Also, the term "issuer" was replaced with the defined term "Company." As noted below, the phrase at the end of the old rule is now located as its own rule citation. Defined terms capitalized.

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
4450(h)(1-5)	Quantitative Maintenance Criteria — Preferred Stock and Secondary Classes of Common Stock For continued listing, if the common stock or common stock equity equivalent security of the issuer is listed on Nasdaq or another national securities exchange, the issue shall have: (1) At least 100,000 publicly held shares; (2) A market value of publicly held shares of at least \$1,000,000; (3) A minimum bid price per share of \$1; (4) A minimum of 100 public shareholders; (5) At least two registered and active market makers. Alternatively, in the event the issuer's common stock or common stock equivalent security is not listed on either Nasdaq or another national securities exchange, the preferred stock and/or secondary class of common stock may be listed on Nasdaq so long as the security satisfies the listing criteria for common stock.	5460(b)	When the Primary Equity Security of the Company is not listed on either the Global Market or another National Securities Exchange, the preferred stock and/or secondary class of common stock may continue to be listed on the Global Market so long as it satisfies the continued listing criteria for Primary Equity Securities set forth in Rule 5450.	The phrase in the old rule relating to the preferred meeting the criteria for common stock is now located in its own rule. The phrase "common stock or common stock equivalent" was replaced with the defined term "Primary Equity Security." Also, the term "issuer" was replaced with the defined term "Company." The new rule points to specific rules that the preferred must meet. Defined terms capitalized.

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
4450(i)(1)	Transfers between The Nasdaq Global and Capital Markets For Bid Price Deficient Issuers (1) If a Global Market issuer has not been deemed in compliance prior to the expiration of the compliance period for bid price provided in Rule 4450(e)(2), it may transfer to The Nasdaq Capital Market, provided that it meets all applicable requirements for initial listing on the Capital Market set forth in Rule 4310(c) or Rule 4320(e), as applicable, other than the minimum bid price requirement. A Nasdaq Global Market issuer transferring to The Nasdaq Capital Market must pay the entry fee set forth in Rule 4520(a). The issuer may also request a hearing to remain on The Nasdaq Global Market pursuant to the Rule 4800 Series.	5810(c)(3)(A)(i)	Global Select Tier and Global Market If a Company listed on The Nasdaq Global Market has not been deemed in compliance prior to the expiration of the 180 day compliance period, it may transfer to The Nasdaq Capital Market, provided that it meets all applicable requirements for initial listing on the Capital Market, other than the minimum bid price requirement. A Company listed on The Nasdaq Global Market transferring to The Nasdaq Capital Market must pay any applicable entry fees set forth in Rule 5920(a). The Company may also request a hearing to remain on The Nasdaq Global Market pursuant to the Rule 5800 Series. Following a transfer to The Nasdaq Capital Market, the Company will be afforded the remainder of any compliance period set forth in Rule 5810(c)(3)(A) or Rule 5810(c)(3)(A)(ii) as if the Company had been listed on The Nasdaq Capital Market. Any time spent in the hearing process will not extend the length of the remaining applicable compliance periods on The Nasdaq Capital Market afforded by this rule.	The term "issuer" was replaced with the defined term "Company." The new rule also includes the stipulation relating to the length of the second compliance period afforded to Companies that request a hearing upon the expiration of their Global Market compliance period, formerly located in 4450(i)(2). Rule citations updated.

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
4450(i)(2)	Transfers between The Nasdaq Global and Capital Markets For Bid Price Deficient Issuers **** (2) Following a transfer to The Nasdaq Capital Market pursuant to paragraph (1), a Nasdaq Global Market issuer will be afforded the remainder of any compliance period set forth in Rule 4310(c)(8)(D) or Rule 4320(e)(2)(E)(ii) as if the issuer had been listed on The Nasdaq Capital Market. The compliance periods afforded by this rule and any time spent in the hearing process will be deducted in determining the length of the remaining applicable compliance periods on The Nasdaq Capital Market.	5810(c)(3)(A)(i)	Global Select Tier and Global Market If a Company listed on The Nasdaq Global Market issuer has not been deemed in compliance prior to the expiration of the 180 day compliance period, it may transfer to The Nasdaq Capital Market, provided that it meets all applicable requirements for initial listing on the Capital Market, other than the minimum bid price requirement. A Company listed on The Nasdaq Global Market transferring to The Nasdaq Capital Market must pay any applicable entry fees set forth in Rule 5920(a). The Company may also request a hearing to remain on The Nasdaq Global Market pursuant to the Rule 5800 Series. Following a transfer to The Nasdaq Capital Market, the Company will be afforded the remainder of any compliance period set forth in Rule 5810(c)(3)(A) or Rule 5810(c)(3)(A)(ii) as if the Company had been listed on The Nasdaq Capital Market. Any time spent in the hearing process will not extend the length of the remaining applicable compliance periods on The Nasdaq Capital Market afforded by this rule	As described above, the new rule combines 4450(i)(1) and (2). The term "issuer" was replaced with the defined term "Company." Rule citations updated.
4460	Reserved	Deleted	Deleted	Reserved rules were not included in the new rules.
4470	Reserved	Deleted	Deleted	Reserved rules were not included in the new rules.

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
4500	Issuer Listing Fees	5900	This section sets forth the required fees for Companies both seeking listing and currently listed on Nasdaq. With certain exceptions, Companies seeking to list on Nasdaq must pay a non-refundable application fee, and an entry fee, which is based on the number of shares being listed. Listed Companies are required to pay annual fees, fees for listing additional shares, and fees for certain corporate changes, such as a change in name or a substitution listing. Please note that the fees related to written interpretations of Nasdaq listing rules can be found in Rule 5600.	This is new introductory language that describes the contents of this 5900 Section. Defined terms capitalized.

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
IM-4500-1	<ul> <li>Waiver of Fees upon Application in Certain Merger Situations</li> <li>Rules 4510(c)(2), 4510(d)(3), 4520(c)(3), 4530(b)(2), and 4540(b)(3) provide Nasdaq with the discretion to waive all or part of the annual listing fees prescribed in this</li> <li>Rule 4500 series. Pursuant to that authority, Nasdaq has determined to waive fees in the following situations involving mergers.</li> <li>(a) Nasdaq will permit a Nasdaq issuer that completes a merger with another Nasdaq issuer during the first 90 days of a calendar year to apply for and receive a waiver for 75% of the annual fees assessed to the acquired Nasdaq issuer. Issuers must apply for the credit no later than June 30 of the year in which the merger occurred.</li> <li>(b) Nasdaq will permit a non-Nasdaq issuer that completes a merger with a Nasdaq issuer that results in the non-Nasdaq to apply for and receive a waiver of the pro rated annual fees previously paid by the Nasdaq issuer for the period of time remaining in the year after the merger.</li> <li>Applications pertaining to the waivers described in paragraphs (a) and (b) above should be addressed to: Finance Department CCG Billing Operations, The Nasdaq Stock Market Inc., 9600 Blackwell Road, Rockville Maryland, 20850.</li> </ul>	IM-5900-1	<ul> <li>Waiver of Fees upon Application in Certain Merger Situations</li> <li>Rules 5910(c)(2), 5910(d)(5), 5920(c)(4), 5930(b)(2), and 5940(b)(3) provide Nasdaq with the discretion to waive all or part of the annual listing fees prescribed in this</li> <li>Rule 5900 Series. Pursuant to that authority, Nasdaq has determined to waive fees in the following situations involving mergers.</li> <li>(a) Nasdaq will permit a Nasdaq Company that completes a merger with another Nasdaq Company during the first 90 days of a calendar year to apply for and receive a waiver for 75% of the annual fee assessed to the acquired Nasdaq Company. Companies must apply for the credit no later than June 30 of the year in which the merger occurred.</li> <li>(b) Nasdaq will permit a non-Nasdaq Company that completes a merger with a Nasdaq Company that results in the non-Nasdaq Company being the surviving entity and listing on Nasdaq to apply for and receive a waiver of the pro rated annual fee previously paid by the Nasdaq Company for the period of time remaining in the year after the merger.</li> <li>Applications pertaining to the waivers described in paragraphs (a) and (b) above should be addressed to: Finance Department CCG Billing Operations, The Nasdaq Stock Market Inc., 9600 Blackwell Road, Rockville, Maryland 20850.</li> </ul>	The term "issuer" was replaced with the defined term "Company." Rule citations updated.
IM-4500-2	Reserved	Deleted	Deleted	Reserved rules were not included in the new rules.

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
IM-4500-3	Reserved	Deleted	Deleted	Reserved rules were not included in the new rules.
IM-4500-4	Waiver of Certain Annual Fees Upon Transfer of a Non- Nasdaq Exchange Listed Security Rules 4510(c)(2), 4510(d)(5), and 4520(c)(4) provide Nasdaq with the discretion to waive all or part of the annual listing fees prescribed in this Rule 4500 series. Pursuant to that authority, Nasdaq has determined to waive a portion of the annual fee in the case of securities that (i) are listed on a national securities exchange but not listed on Nasdaq, if the issuer of such securities transfers their listing exclusively to Nasdaq; or (ii) are listed on the New York Stock Exchange and Nasdaq, if the issuer of such securities ceases to maintain their listing on the New York Stock Exchange and the securities instead are designated under the plan governing Nasdaq securities. In the year such a transfer is made, the issuer shall receive a credit in the pro-rated amount of any annual listing fees paid to the relevant exchange for the period of time after the transfer, which will be used to offset (and shall not exceed) the fee otherwise payable for that period under Rules 4510(c), 4510(d), or 4520(c). This credit will be applied after the credit described in Rules 4510(c)(5) and 4520(c)(8).	IM-5900-4	Waiver of Certain Annual Fees Upon Transfer of a Non- Nasdaq Exchange Listed Security Rules 5910(c)(2), 5910(d)(5), and 5920(c)(4) provide Nasdaq with the discretion to waive all or part of the annual listing fees prescribed in this Rule 5900 Series. Pursuant to that authority, Nasdaq has determined to waive a portion of the annual fee in the case of securities that (i) are listed on a national securities exchange but not listed on Nasdaq, if the issuer of such securities transfers their listing exclusively to Nasdaq; or (ii) are listed on the New York Stock Exchange and Nasdaq, if the issuer of such securities ceases to maintain their listing on the New York Stock Exchange and the securities instead are designated under the plan governing Nasdaq securities. In the year such a transfer is made, the Company shall receive a credit in the pro-rated amount of any annual listing fees paid to the relevant exchange for the period of time after the transfer, which will be used to offset (and shall not exceed) the fee otherwise payable for that period under Rules 5910(c), 5910(d), or 5920(c). This credit will be applied after the credit described in Rules 5910(c)(5) and 5920(c)(8).	The term "issuer" was replaced with the defined term "Company," where appropriate. Rule citations updated.

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
IM-4500-5	<ul> <li>Waiver of Fees upon Relisting for Companies Removed for Late Filings</li> <li>Entry Fees. Pursuant to Nasdaq's authority to waive certain fees, Nasdaq has determined to waive the entry fee (including the application fee) in the following circumstances:</li> <li>1) the company was suspended and/or delisted from the Nasdaq Stock Market solely for its failure to file a required periodic report with the Commission or other appropriate regulatory authority, pursuant to Rule 4310(c)(14) or 4320(e)(12); and</li> <li>2) the company has regained compliance with this requirement and applies to relist on Nasdaq within one year of the date it is delisted from Nasdaq.</li> <li>Annual Fees. A company that meets the above requirements and relists during the same year that it has previously paid an annual fee will not be subject to a second annual fee in that same year.</li> </ul>	IM-5900-5	<ul> <li>Waiver of Fees upon Relisting for Companies Removed for Late Filings <ul> <li>(a) Entry Fees. Pursuant to Nasdaq's authority to waive certain fees, Nasdaq has determined to waive the entry fee (including the application fee) in the following circumstances:</li> <li>(1) the Company was suspended and/or delisted from the Nasdaq Stock Market solely for its failure to file a required periodic report with the Commission or other appropriate regulatory authority, pursuant to Rule 5250(c)(1); and</li> <li>(2) the Company has regained compliance with this requirement and applies to relist on Nasdaq within one year of the date it is delisted from Nasdaq.</li> <li>(b) Annual Fees. A Company that meets the above requirements and relists during the same year that it has previously paid an annual fee will not be subject to a second annual fee in that same year.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	The defined term "Company" was capitalized. Rule citations updated.

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
IM-4500-6	<ul> <li>Waiver of Fees for Companies Emerging from Bankruptcy</li> <li>(a) Entry Fees. Any company that lists on Nasdaq upon emerging from bankruptcy is not required to pay the entry fee (including the application fee) set forth in Rules 4510(a) and 4520(a).</li> <li>(b) Annual Fees.</li> <li>(1) The annual fee for any company that lists on the Nasdaq Global Market (including the Nasdaq Global Select Market) upon emerging from bankruptcy will be the minimum annual listing fee specified in Rule 4510(c)(1) for the first (pro rated) year that such a company is listed and for each of the subsequent two full years.</li> <li>(2) Any company listing on Nasdaq upon emerging from bankruptcy that relists during the same year that it had previously paid an annual fee will not be subject to a second annual fee in that year.</li> </ul>	IM-5900-6	<ul> <li>Waiver of Fees for Companies Emerging from Bankruptcy <ul> <li>(a) Entry Fees. Any Company that lists on Nasdaq upon emerging from bankruptcy is not required to pay the entry fee (including the application fee) set forth in Rules 5910(a) and 5920(a).</li> <li>(b) Annual Fees.</li> <li>(1) The annual fee for any Company that lists on the Nasdaq Global Market (including the Nasdaq Global Select Market) upon emerging from bankruptcy will be the minimum annual listing fee specified in Rule 5910(c)(1) for the first (pro rated) year that such a Company is listed and for each of the subsequent two full years.</li> <li>(2) Any Company listing on Nasdaq upon emerging from bankruptcy that relists during the same year that it had previously paid an annual fee will not be subject to a second annual fee in that year.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	The defined term "Company" was capitalized. Rule citations updated.
4510	The NASDAQ Global Market	5910	The NASDAQ Global Market	No changes.

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
<u>Number</u> 4510(a)(1-10)	The NASDAQ Global Market (a) Entry Fee (1) An issuer that submits an application to list any class of its securities (not otherwise identified in this Rule 4500 series) on the Nasdaq Global Market, shall pay to Nasdaq a fee calculated on total shares outstanding, according to the following schedule. This fee will be assessed on the date of listing on the Nasdaq Global Market, except for \$5,000 which represents a non- refundable, application fee, and which must be submitted with the issuer's application. Up to 30 million shares \$100,000 30+ to 50 million shares \$125,000 Over 50 million shares \$150,000 (2) Total shares outstanding means the aggregate of all classes of equity securities to be listed on the Nasdaq Global Market as shown in the issuer's most recent periodic report or in more recent information held by Nasdaq or, in the case of new issues, as shown in the offering circular, required to be filed with the issuer's appropriate regulatory authority. In the case of foreign issuers, total shares outstanding in the United States. (3) A closed-end management investment company registered under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended (a "Closed-End Fund"), that submits an application for listing on the Nasdaq Global Market shall pay to Nasdaq an entry fee of \$5,000 (of which \$1,000 represents a non-refundable, application fee).	Number 5910(a)(1-10)	The NASDAQ Global Market (a) Entry Fee (1) A Company that submits an application to list any class of its securities (not otherwise identified in this Rule 5900 Series) on the Nasdaq Global Market, shall pay to Nasdaq a fee calculated on total shares outstanding, according to the following schedule. This fee will be assessed on the date of listing on the Nasdaq Global Market, except for \$5,000 which represents a non- refundable application fee, and which must be submitted with the Company's application. Up to 30 million shares \$100,000 30+ to 50 million shares \$150,000 (2) Total shares outstanding means the aggregate of all classes of equity securities to be listed on the Nasdaq Global Market as shown in the Company's most recent periodic report or in more recent information held by Nasdaq or, in the case of new issues, as shown in the offering circular, required to be filed with the Company's appropriate regulatory authority. In the case of foreign Companies, total shares outstanding in the United States. (3) A closed-end management investment company registered under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended (a "Closed-End Fund"), that submits an application for listing on the Nasdaq Global Market shall pay to Nasdaq an entry fee of \$5,000 (of which \$1,000 represents a non-refundable application fee).	The term "issuer" was replaced with the defined term "Company," where appropriate. Rule citations updated.
	(4) An issuer that submits an application to list any class		(4) A Company that submits an application to list any	

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
	of rights on the Nasdaq Global Market, shall pay, at the		class of rights on the Nasdaq Global Market, shall pay, at	
	time of its application, a non-refundable application fee		the time of its application, a non-refundable application	
	of \$1,000 to Nasdaq.		fee of \$1,000 to Nasdaq.	
	(5) The Nasdaq Board of Directors or its designee may,		(5) The Nasdaq Board of Directors or its designee may,	
	in its discretion, defer or waive all or any part of the entry		in its discretion, defer or waive all or any part of the entry	
	fee prescribed herein.		fee prescribed herein.	
	(6) If the application is withdrawn or is not approved, the		(6) If the application is withdrawn or is not approved, the	
	entry fee (less the non-refundable application fee) shall		entry fee (less the non-refundable application fee) shall	
	be refunded.		be refunded.	
	(7) The fees described in this Rule 4510(a) shall not be		(7) The fees described in this Rule 5910(a) shall not be	
	applicable with respect to any securities that (i) are listed		applicable with respect to any securities that:	
	on another national securities exchange but not listed on		(i) are listed on another national securities exchange but	
	Nasdaq, if the issuer of such securities transfers their		not listed on Nasdaq, if the issuer of such securities	
	listing exclusively to the Nasdaq Global Market; (ii) are		transfers their listing exclusively to the Nasdaq Global	
	listed on the New York Stock Exchange and Nasdaq, if		Market;	
	the issuer of such securities ceases to maintain their		(ii) are listed on the New York Stock Exchange and	
	listing on the New York Stock Exchange and the		Nasdaq, if the issuer of such securities ceases to maintain	
	securities instead are designated as national market		their listing on the New York Stock Exchange and the	
	securities under Rule 4390; or (iii) are listed on another		securities instead are designated as national market	
	national securities exchange but not listed on Nasdaq, if		securities under Rule 5220; or	
	the issuer of such securities is acquired by an unlisted		(iii) are listed on another national securities exchange but	
	company and, in connection with the acquisition, the		not listed on Nasdaq, if the issuer of such securities is	
	unlisted company lists exclusively on the Nasdaq Global		acquired by an unlisted company and, in connection with	
	Market.		the acquisition, the unlisted company lists exclusively on	
	(8) The fees described in this Rule 4510(a) shall not be		the Nasdaq Global Market.	
	applicable to an issuer (i) whose securities are listed on		(8) The fees described in this Rule 5910(a) shall not be	
	the New York Stock Exchange and designated as national		applicable to a Company	
	market securities pursuant to the plan governing New		(i) whose securities are listed on the New York Stock	
	York Stock Exchange securities at the time such		Exchange and designated as national market securities	
	securities are approved for listing on Nasdaq, and (ii) that		pursuant to the plan governing New York Stock	

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
	<ul> <li>maintains such listing and designation after it lists such securities on Nasdaq.</li> <li>(9) An issuer that transfers its listing from the Nasdaq Capital Market to the Nasdaq Global Market shall not be required to pay the entry or application fees described in this Rule 4510(a), provided: (i) the issuer listed on the Nasdaq Capital Market prior to January 1, 2007; or (ii) the issuer listed on the Nasdaq Capital Market prior to January 1, 2007; or (ii) the issuer listed on the Nasdaq Capital Market at the time of its initial listing on the Nasdaq Capital Market. Any other issuer that transfers its listing from the Nasdaq Capital Market. Any other issuer that transfers its listing from the Nasdaq Capital Market to the Nasdaq Global Market shall not be required to pay the application fee, but shall pay the entry fee described in this Rule 4510(a) less the entry fee that was previously paid by the issuer to Nasdaq in connection with listing on The Nasdaq Capital Market.</li> <li>(10) An issuer that submits an application for listing on The Nasdaq Capital Market, but prior to listing revises its application to seek listing on The Nasdaq Global Market, is not required to pay the application fee described in Rule 4510(a) in connection with the revised application.</li> </ul>		<ul> <li>Exchange securities at the time such securities are approved for listing on Nasdaq; and</li> <li>(ii) that maintains such listing and designation after it lists such securities on Nasdaq.</li> <li>(9) A Company that transfers its listing from the Nasdaq Capital Market to the Nasdaq Global Market shall not be required to pay the entry fee described in this Rule 5910(a), provided that:</li> <li>(i) the Company listed on the Nasdaq Capital Market prior to January 1, 2007; or</li> <li>(ii) the Company listed on the Nasdaq Capital Market on or after January 1, 2007 and did not qualify for the Nasdaq Global Market at the time of its initial listing on the Nasdaq Capital Market. Any other Company that transfers its listing from the Nasdaq Capital Market to the Nasdaq Global Market shall not be required to pay the application fee, but shall pay the entry fee described in this Rule 5910(a) less the entry fee that was previously paid by the Company to Nasdaq in connection with listing on The Nasdaq Capital Market.</li> <li>(10) A Company that submits an application for listing on The Nasdaq Capital Market, but prior to listing revises its application to seek listing on The Nasdaq Global Market, but prior to listing revises its application to seek listing on The Nasdaq Global Market, is not required to pay the application fee described in this Rule 5910(a) in connection with the revised application.</li> </ul>	

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
4510(b)(1-5)	<ul> <li>Additional Shares <ul> <li>(1) The issuer of each class of security that is a domestic issue which is listed on the Nasdaq Global Market shall pay to Nasdaq a fee in connection with the issuance of additional shares in the amount of \$5,000 or \$.01 per additional share, whichever is higher, up to an annual maximum of \$65,000 per issuer. There shall be no fee, however, for issuances of up to 49,999 additional shares per quarter.</li> <li>(2) The issuer of each class of securities that is a non-U.S. issue that is listed on the Nasdaq Global Market shall pay to Nasdaq a fee in connection with the issuance of additional shares, or in the case of ADRs, the issuance of additional shares underlying the ADRs. The fee in connection with additional shares shall be \$5,000 for any amount of additional shares listed on an annual basis. This fee will be assessed annually based on the issuer's total shares outstanding as reported on its periodic reports filed with the SEC. There shall be no fee, however, for issuances of up to 49,999 additional shares per year.</li> <li>(3) The fee will be calculated and assessed quarterly based on the issuer's total shares outstanding as reported on its periodic reports filed with the SEC, the company must instead provide Nasdaq with the change in its total shares outstanding and the fee will be calculated based on that change. When the company files its delinquent periodic report, Nasdaq will reconcile the change in shares reported on the periodic report with the number previously provided to Nasdaq</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	5910(b)(1-5)	<ul> <li>Additional Shares <ul> <li>(1) The issuer of each class of security that is a domestic issue which is listed on the Nasdaq Global Market shall pay to Nasdaq a fee in connection with the issuance of additional shares in the amount of \$5,000 or \$.01 per additional share, whichever is higher, up to an annual maximum of \$65,000 per Company. There shall be no fee, however, for issuances of up to 49,999 additional shares per quarter.</li> <li>(2) The issuer of each class of securities that is a non-U.S. issue that is listed on the Nasdaq Global Market shall pay to Nasdaq a fee in connection with the issuance of additional shares, or in the case of ADRs, the issuance of additional shares underlying the ADRs. The fee in connection with additional shares shall be \$5,000 for any amount of additional shares listed on an annual basis. This fee will be assessed annually based on the Company's total shares outstanding as reported on its periodic reports filed with the SEC. There shall be no fee, however, for issuances of up to 49,999 additional shares per year.</li> <li>(3) The fee will be calculated and assessed quarterly based on the Company's total shares outstanding as reported on its periodic reports filed with the SEC. In the event that a Company does not timely file a required periodic report with the change in its total shares outstanding and the fee will be calculated based on that change. When the Company files its delinquent periodic report. Nasdaq will reconcile the change in shares</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	The term "issuer" was replaced with the defined term "Company," where appropriate. Rule citations updated.

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
	<ul> <li>and, if necessary, adjust the company's bill.</li> <li>(4) The Nasdaq Board of Directors or its designee may, in its discretion, defer or waive all or any part of the additional shares fee prescribed herein.</li> <li>(5) The fees described in this Rule 4510(b) shall not be applicable to an issuer (i) whose securities are listed on the New York Stock Exchange and designated as national market securities pursuant to the plan governing New York Stock Exchange securities at the time such securities are approved for listing on Nasdaq, and (ii) that maintains such listing and designation after it lists such securities on Nasdaq.</li> </ul>		reported on the periodic report with the number previously provided to Nasdaq and, if necessary, adjust the Company's bill. (4) The Nasdaq Board of Directors or its designee may, in its discretion, defer or waive all or any part of the additional shares fee prescribed herein. (5) The fees described in this Rule 5910(b) shall not be applicable to a Company (i) whose securities are listed on the New York Stock Exchange and designated as national market securities pursuant to the plan governing New York Stock Exchange securities at the time such securities are approved for listing on Nasdaq, and (ii) that maintains such listing and designation after it lists such securities on Nasdaq.	

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
4510(c)(1-5)	<ul> <li>Annual Fee — Domestic and Foreign Issues <ul> <li>(1) The issuer of each class of securities (not otherwise identified in this Rule 4500 Series) that is a domestic or foreign issue listed on the Nasdaq Global Market shall pay to Nasdaq an annual fee calculated on total shares outstanding according to the following schedule:</li> <li>Up to 10 million shares \$30,000</li> <li>10+ to 25 million shares \$35,000</li> <li>25+ to 50 million shares \$45,000</li> <li>75+ to 100 million shares \$65,500</li> <li>100+ to 150 million shares \$85,000</li> <li>Over 150 million shares \$95,000</li> <li>(2) The Nasdaq Board of Directors or its designee may, in its discretion, defer or waive all or any part of the annual fee prescribed herein.</li> <li>(3) If a class of securities is removed from the Nasdaq Global Market that portion of the annual fees for such class of securities attributable to the months following the date of removal shall not be refunded, except such portion shall be applied to the Nasdaq Capital Market fees for that calendar year.</li> <li>(4) Total shares outstanding means the aggregate of all classes of equity securities listed on the Nasdaq Global Market as shown in the issuer's most recent periodic report required to be filed with the issuer's appropriate regulatory authority or in more recent information held by Nasdaq. In the case of foreign issues, total shares outstanding in the United States.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	5910(c)(1-5)	<ul> <li>Annual Fee — Domestic and Foreign Issues <ul> <li>(1) The issuer of each class of securities (not otherwise identified in this Rule 5900 Series) that is a domestic or foreign issue listed on the Nasdaq Global Market shall pay to Nasdaq an annual fee calculated on total shares outstanding according to the following schedule:</li> <li>Up to 10 million shares \$30,000</li> <li>10+ to 25 million shares \$35,000</li> <li>25+ to 50 million shares \$37,500</li> <li>50+ to 75 million shares \$45,000</li> <li>75+ to 100 million shares \$65,500</li> <li>100+ to 150 million shares \$85,000</li> <li>(2) The Nasdaq Board of Directors or its designee may, in its discretion, defer or waive all or any part of the annual fee prescribed herein.</li> <li>(3) If a class of securities is removed from the Nasdaq Global Market that portion of the annual fees for such class of securities attributable to the months following the date of removal shall not be refunded, except such portion shall be applied to the Nasdaq Capital Market fees for that calendar year.</li> <li>(4) Total shares outstanding means the aggregate of all classes of equity securities listed on the Nasdaq Global Market as shown in the Company's most recent periodic report required to be filed with the Company's appropriate regulatory authority or in more recent information held by Nasdaq. In the case of foreign Companies, total shares outstanding in the United States.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	The term "issuer" was replaced with the defined term "Company," where appropriate. Rule citations updated.

<ul> <li>(5) In lieu of the fees described in Rules 4510(c)(1), 4510(d)(1), and 4510(d)(3), the annual fee shall be \$15,000 for each issuer (i) whose securities are listed on the New York Stock Exchange and designated as national market securities pursuant to the plan governing New York Stock Exchange securities at the time such securities are approved for listing on Nasdaq, and (ii) that maintains such listing and designation after it lists such securities on Nasdaq. Such annual fee shall be assessed on the first anniversary of the issuer's listing on Nasdaq. If an Issuer of such securities are instead designated under the Rule 4400 Series, that portion of the fee described in this section attributable to the months following the date of removal shall not be refunded, except such fee shall be applied to The Nasdaq Global Market fees due for the calendar year of the transfer.</li> <li>(5) In lieu of the fees described in Rules 5910(c)(1), 5910(d)(1), and 5910(d)(3), the annual fee shall be approved for listing on the New York Stock Exchange securities are instead designation and the securities are instead designated under the Rule 4400 Series, that portion of the fee described in this section attributable to the months following the date of removal shall not be refunded, except such fee shall be applied to The Nasdaq Global Market fees due for the calendar year of the transfer.</li> </ul>	Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
transfer.		4510(d)(1), and 4510(d)(3), the annual fee shall be \$15,000 for each issuer (i) whose securities are listed on the New York Stock Exchange and designated as national market securities pursuant to the plan governing New York Stock Exchange securities at the time such securities are approved for listing on Nasdaq, and (ii) that maintains such listing and designation after it lists such securities on Nasdaq. Such annual fee shall be assessed on the first anniversary of the issuer's listing on Nasdaq. If an Issuer of such securities ceases to maintain such listing and designation and the securities are instead designated under the Rule 4400 Series, that portion of the fee described in this section attributable to the months following the date of removal shall not be refunded, except such fee shall be applied to The Nasdaq Global		5910(d)(1), and 5910(d)(3), the annual fee shall be \$15,000 for each Company: (i) whose securities are listed on the New York Stock Exchange and designated as national market securities pursuant to the plan governing New York Stock Exchange securities at the time such securities are approved for listing on Nasdaq; and (ii) that maintains such listing and designation after it lists such securities on Nasdaq. Such annual fee shall be assessed on the first anniversary of the Company's listing on Nasdaq. If an issuer of such securities ceases to maintain such listing and designation and the securities are instead designated under the Rule 5400 Series, that portion of the fee described in this section attributable to the months following the date of removal shall not be refunded, except such fee shall be applied to The Nasdaq Global Market fees due for the calendar year of the	

### Rule Reference Table

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
4510(d)(1-6)	<ul> <li>Annual Fee — American Depositary Receipts (ADRs) and Closed-End Funds</li> <li>(1) The issuer of each class of securities that is an ADR listed on The Nasdaq Global Market shall pay to Nasdaq an annual fee calculated on ADRs outstanding according to the following schedule not to exceed \$30,000 per issuer:</li> <li>Up to 10 million ADRs \$21,225</li> <li>10+ to 25 million ADRs \$26,500</li> <li>25+ to 50 million ADRs \$29,820</li> <li>Over 50 million ADRs \$30,000</li> <li>(2) ADRs outstanding means the aggregate of all classes of ADRs listed on the Nasdaq Global Market as shown in the issuer's most recent periodic report required to be filed with the issuer's appropriate regulatory authority or in more recent information held by Nasdaq.</li> <li>(3) A Closed-End Fund listed on the Nasdaq Global Market shall pay to Nasdaq an annual fee calculated based on total shares outstanding according to the following schedule:</li> <li>Up to 5 million shares \$15,000</li> <li>5+ to 10 million shares \$22,500</li> <li>50+ to 100 million shares \$22,500</li> <li>50+ to 100 million shares \$30,000</li> <li>100+ to 250 million shares \$30,000</li> <li>(4) For the purpose of determining the total shares outstanding, fund sponsors may aggregate shares</li> </ul>	5910(d)(1-6)	<ul> <li>Annual Fee — American Depositary Receipts (ADRs) and Closed-End Funds</li> <li>(1) The issuer of each class of securities that is an ADR listed on The Nasdaq Global Market shall pay to Nasdaq an annual fee calculated on ADRs outstanding according to the following schedule not to exceed \$30,000 per Company:</li> <li>Up to 10 million ADRs \$21,225</li> <li>10+ to 25 million ADRs \$26,500</li> <li>25+ to 50 million ADRs \$29,820</li> <li>Over 50 million ADRs \$30,000</li> <li>(2) ADRs outstanding means the aggregate of all classes of ADRs listed on the Nasdaq Global Market as shown in the Company's most recent periodic report required to be filed with the Company's appropriate regulatory authority or in more recent information held by Nasdaq.</li> <li>(3) A Closed-End Fund listed on the Nasdaq Global Market shall pay to Nasdaq an annual fee calculated based on total shares outstanding according to the following schedule:</li> <li>Up to 5 million shares \$15,000</li> <li>5+ to 10 million shares \$20,000</li> <li>25+ to 50 million shares \$20,000</li> <li>(2) + to 25 million shares \$20,000</li> <li>(3) A Closed-End Fund listed on the Nasdaq Global Market shall pay to Nasdaq an annual fee calculated based on total shares outstanding according to the following schedule:</li> <li>Up to 5 million shares \$15,000</li> <li>(4) For the purpose of determining the total shares outstanding, fund sponsors may aggregate shares</li> </ul>	The term "issuer" was replaced with the defined term "Company," where appropriate.

\* The new rule text will be operational on April 13, 2009.

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
	<ul> <li>family listed on the Nasdaq Global Market or the Nasdaq Capital Market, as shown in the issuer's most recent periodic reports required to be filed with the appropriate regulatory authority or in more recent information held by Nasdaq. The maximum annual fee applicable to a fund family shall not exceed \$75,000. For purposes of this rule, a "fund family" is defined as two or more Closed-End Funds that have a common investment adviser or have investment advisers who are "affiliated persons" as defined in Section 2(a)(3) of the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended.</li> <li>(5) The Nasdaq Board of Directors or its designee may, in its discretion, defer or waive all or any part of the annual fee prescribed herein.</li> <li>(6) If a class of securities is removed from the Nasdaq Global Market, that portion of the annual fees for such class of securities attributable to the months following the date of removal shall not be refunded, except such portion shall be applied to the Nasdaq Capital Market fees for that calendar year.</li> </ul>		<ul> <li>family listed on the Nasdaq Global Market or the Nasdaq Capital Market, as shown in the Company's most recent periodic reports required to be filed with the appropriate regulatory authority or in more recent information held by Nasdaq. The maximum annual fee applicable to a fund family shall not exceed \$75,000. For purposes of this rule, a "fund family" is defined as two or more Closed-End Funds that have a common investment adviser or have investment advisers who are "affiliated persons" as defined in Section 2(a)(3) of the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended.</li> <li>(5) The Nasdaq Board of Directors or its designee may, in its discretion, defer or waive all or any part of the annual fee prescribed herein.</li> <li>(6) If a class of securities is removed from the Nasdaq Global Market, that portion of the annual fees for such class of securities attributable to the months following the date of removal shall not be refunded, except such portion shall be applied to the Nasdaq Capital Market fees for that calendar year.</li> </ul>	
4510(e)	(e) Record-Keeping Fee An issuer that makes a change such as a change to its name, the par value or title of its security, or its symbol shall pay a fee of \$2,500 to Nasdaq and submit the appropriate form as designated by Nasdaq.	5910(e)	Record-Keeping Fee A Company that makes a change such as a change to its name, the par value or title of its security, or its symbol shall pay a fee of \$2,500 to Nasdaq and submit the appropriate form as designated by Nasdaq.	The term "issuer" was replaced with the defined term "Company."

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
4510(f)	Substitution Listing Fee An issuer that implements a Substitution Listing Event shall pay a fee of \$7,500 to Nasdaq and submit the appropriate form as designated by Nasdaq. Notwithstanding the foregoing, this substitution listing fee shall not apply to securities that are listed on a national securities exchange other than Nasdaq and not designated by Nasdaq as Nasdaq national market system securities.	5910(f)	Substitution Listing Fee A Company that implements a Substitution Listing Event shall pay a fee of \$7,500 to Nasdaq and submit the appropriate form as designated by Nasdaq. Notwithstanding the foregoing, this substitution listing fee shall not apply to securities that are listed on a national securities exchange other than Nasdaq and not designated by Nasdaq as Nasdaq national market system securities.	The term "issuer" was replaced with the defined term "Company." Defined terms capitalized.
4520	The Nasdaq Capital Market	5920	The Nasdaq Capital Market	No changes.
4520(a)(1-9)	<ul> <li>Entry Fee</li> <li>(1) An issuer that submits an application to list any class of its securities (not otherwise identified in this Rule 4500 series) on the Nasdaq Capital Market, shall pay to Nasdaq a fee calculated on total shares outstanding, according to the following schedule. This fee will be assessed on the date of entry on the Nasdaq Capital Market, except for a non-refundable, application fee of \$5,000, which must be submitted with the issuer's application. Up to 15 million shares \$50,000</li> <li>(2) An issuer that submits an application to list any class of convertible debentures on the Nasdaq Capital Market, shall pay to Nasdaq a non-refundable application fee of \$5,000 and a fee of \$1,000 or \$50 per million dollars face amount of debentures outstanding, whichever is higher.</li> <li>(3) A closed-end management investment company</li> </ul>	5920(a)(1-9)	The Nasdaq Capital Market(a) Entry Fee(1) A Company that submits an application to list any class of its securities (not otherwise identified in this Rule 5900 Series) on the Nasdaq Capital Market, shall pay to Nasdaq a fee calculated on total shares outstanding, according to the following schedule. This fee will be assessed on the date of entry on the Nasdaq Capital Market, except for a non-refundable, application fee of \$5,000, which must be submitted with the Company's application. Up to 15 million shares \$50,000 Over 15 million shares \$75,000 (2) A Company that submits an application to list any class of convertible debentures on the Nasdaq Capital Market, shall pay to Nasdaq a non-refundable application fee of \$5,000 and a fee of \$1,000 or \$50 per million dollars face amount of debentures outstanding, whichever	The term "issuer" was replaced with the defined term "Company," where appropriate. Rule citations updated.

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
	registered under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as		is higher.	
	amended (a "Closed-End Fund"), that submits an		(3) A closed-end management investment company	
	application for listing on the Nasdaq Capital Market shall		registered under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as	
	pay to Nasdaq an entry fee of \$5,000 (of which \$1,000		amended (a "Closed-End Fund"), that submits an	
	represents a non-refundable, application fee).		application for listing on the Nasdaq Capital Market shall	
	(4) The Nasdaq Board of Directors or its designee may,		pay to Nasdaq an entry fee of \$5,000 (of which \$1,000	
	in its discretion, defer or waive all or any part of the entry		represents a non-refundable application fee).	
	fee prescribed herein.		(4) The Nasdaq Board of Directors or its designee may,	
	(5) Total shares outstanding means the aggregate of all		in its discretion, defer or waive all or any part of the entry	
	classes of equity securities to be listed on the Nasdaq		fee prescribed herein.	
	Capital Market as shown in the issuer's most recent		(5) Total shares outstanding means the aggregate of all	
	periodic report or in more recent information held by		classes of equity securities to be listed on the Nasdaq	
	Nasdaq or, in the case of new issues, as shown in the		Capital Market as shown in the Company's most recent	
	offering circular, required to be filed with the issuer's		periodic report or in more recent information held by	
	appropriate regulatory authority.		Nasdaq or, in the case of new issues, as shown in the	
	(6) An issuer that submits an application to list any class		offering circular, required to be filed with the Company's	
	of rights on the Nasdaq Capital Market, shall pay, at the		appropriate regulatory authority.	
	time of its application, a non-refundable application fee		(6) A Company that submits an application to list any	
	to Nasdaq of $\$1,000$ .		class of rights on the Nasdaq Capital Market, shall pay, at	
	(7) The fees described in this Rule 4520(a) shall not be		the time of its application, a non-refundable application for the Namburg $f(t) = 0.00$	
	applicable with respect to any securities that: (i) are listed		fee to Nasdaq of \$1,000.	
	on the Nasdaq Global Market or another national		(7) The fees described in this Rule 5920(a) shall not be	
	securities exchange, if the issuer of such securities		applicable with respect to any securities that:	
	transfers their listing exclusively to the Nasdaq Capital		(i) are listed on the Nasdaq Global Market or another	
	Market; (ii) are listed on the New York Stock Exchange		national securities exchange, if the issuer of such	
	and Nasdaq, if the issuer of such securities ceases to		securities transfers their listing exclusively to the Nasdaq	
	maintain their listing on the New York Stock Exchange		Capital Market;	
	and the securities instead are designated under the plan		(ii) are listed on the New York Stock Exchange and	
	applicable to Nasdaq Capital Market securities; or (iii)		Nasdaq, if the issuer of such securities ceases to maintain	
	are listed on another national securities exchange, if the		their listing on the New York Stock Exchange and the	

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
	<ul> <li>issuer of such securities is acquired by an unlisted company and, in connection with the acquisition, the unlisted company lists exclusively on the Nasdaq Capital Market.</li> <li>(8) The fees described in this Rule 4520(a) shall not be applicable to an issuer (i) whose securities are listed on the New York Stock Exchange and designated as national market securities pursuant to the plan governing New York Stock Exchange securities at the time such securities are approved for listing on Nasdaq, and (ii) that maintains such listing and designation after it lists such securities on Nasdaq.</li> <li>(9) An issuer that submits an application for listing on The Nasdaq Global Market, but prior to listing revises its application to seek listing on The Nasdaq Capital Market, is not required to pay the application fee described in Rule 4520(a) in connection with the revised application</li> </ul>		<ul> <li>securities instead are designated under the plan applicable to Nasdaq Capital Market securities; or</li> <li>(iii) are listed on another national securities exchange, if the issuer of such securities is acquired by an unlisted company and, in connection with the acquisition, the unlisted company lists exclusively on the Nasdaq Capital Market.</li> <li>(8) The fees described in this Rule 5920(a) shall not be applicable to a Company</li> <li>(i) whose securities are listed on the New York Stock Exchange and designated as national market securities pursuant to the plan governing New York Stock Exchange securities at the time such securities are approved for listing on Nasdaq; and</li> <li>(ii) that maintains such listing and designation after it lists such securities on Nasdaq.</li> <li>(9) A Company that submits an application for listing on The Nasdaq Global Market, but prior to listing revises its application to seek listing on The Nasdaq Capital Market, is not required to pay the application fee described in Rule 5920(a) in connection with the revised application.</li> </ul>	

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
4520(b)(1-5)	<ul> <li>Additional Shares <ul> <li>(1) The issuer of each class of security that is a domestic issue which is listed on The Nasdaq Capital Market shall pay to Nasdaq a fee in connection with the issuance of additional shares in the amount of \$5,000 or \$.01 per additional share, whichever is higher, up to an annual maximum of \$65,000 per issuer. There shall be no fee, however, for issuances of up to 49,999 additional shares per quarter.</li> <li>(2) The issuer of each class of securities that is a non-U.S. issue that is listed on the Nasdaq Capital Market shall pay to Nasdaq a fee in connection with the issuance of additional shares, or in the case of ADRs, the issuance of additional shares underlying the ADRs. The fee in connection with additional shares shall be \$5,000 for any amount of additional shares listed on an annual basis. This fee will be assessed annually based on the issuer's total shares outstanding as reported on its periodic reports filed with the SEC. There shall be no fee, however, for issuances of up to 49,999 additional shares per year.</li> <li>(3) The fee will be calculated and assessed quarterly based on the issuer's total shares outstanding as reported on its periodic reports filed with the SEC, the company must instead provide Nasdaq with the change in its total shares outstanding and the fee will be calculated based on that change. When the company files its delinquent periodic report, Nasdaq will reconcile the change in shares reported on the periodic report with the number previously provided to Nasdaq</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	5920(b)(1-5)	Additional Shares (1) The issuer of each class of security that is a domestic issue which is listed on The Nasdaq Capital Market shall pay to Nasdaq a fee in connection with the issuance of additional shares in the amount of \$5,000 or \$.01 per additional share, whichever is higher, up to an annual maximum of \$65,000 per Company. There shall be no fee, however, for issuances of up to 49,999 additional shares per quarter. (2) The issuer of each class of securities that is a non- U.S. issue that is listed on the Nasdaq Capital Market shall pay to Nasdaq a fee in connection with the issuance of additional shares, or in the case of ADRs, the issuance of additional shares underlying the ADRs. The fee in connection with additional shares shall be \$5,000 for any amount of additional shares listed on an annual basis. This fee will be assessed annually based on the issuer's total shares outstanding as reported on its periodic reports filed with the SEC. There shall be no fee, however, for issuances of up to 49,999 additional shares per year. (3) The fee will be calculated and assessed quarterly based on the Company's total shares outstanding as reported on its periodic reports filed with the SEC. In the event that a Company does not timely file a required periodic report with the change in its total shares outstanding and the fee will be calculated based on that change. When the Company files its delinquent periodic report, Nasdaq will reconcile the change in shares reported on the periodic reports with the number	The term "issuer" was replaced with the defined term "Company," where appropriate. Rule citations updated.

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
	<ul> <li>and, if necessary, adjust the company's bill.</li> <li>(4) The Nasdaq Board of Directors or its designee may, in its discretion, defer or waive all or any part of the additional shares fee prescribed herein.</li> <li>(5) The fees described in this Rule 4520(b) shall not be applicable to an issuer (i) whose securities are listed on the New York Stock Exchange and designated as national market securities pursuant to the plan governing New York Stock Exchange securities at the time such securities are approved for listing on Nasdaq, and (ii) that maintains such listing and designation after it lists such securities on Nasdaq.</li> </ul>		<ul> <li>previously provided to Nasdaq and, if necessary, adjust the Company's bill.</li> <li>(4) The Nasdaq Board of Directors or its designee may, in its discretion, defer or waive all or any part of the additional shares fee prescribed herein.</li> <li>(5) The fees described in this Rule 5920(b) shall not be applicable to a Company (i) whose securities are listed on the New York Stock Exchange and designated as national market securities pursuant to the plan governing New York Stock Exchange securities at the time such securities are approved for listing on Nasdaq, and (ii) that maintains such listing and designation after it lists such securities on Nasdaq.</li> </ul>	

### Rule Reference Table

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
4520(c)(1-8)	<ul> <li>Annual Fee <ul> <li>(1)(A) The issuer of each class of securities that is a</li> <li>domestic or foreign issue, other than American</li> <li>Depositary Receipts (ADRs), listed on the Nasdaq</li> <li>Capital Market shall pay to Nasdaq an annual fee in the</li> <li>amount of \$27,500.</li> <li>(B) The issuer of each class of securities that is an ADR</li> <li>listed on The Nasdaq Capital Market shall pay to Nasdaq</li> <li>an annual fee calculated on ADRs outstanding according</li> <li>to the following schedule:</li> <li>Up to 10 million ADRs \$17,500</li> <li>Over 10 million ADRs \$21,000</li> <li>(2) Notwithstanding paragraph (1), the issuer of each</li> <li>class of convertible debentures listed on the Nasdaq</li> <li>Capital Market shall pay to Nasdaq an annual fee of \$500</li> <li>or \$25 per million dollars face amount of debentures</li> <li>outstanding, whichever is higher.</li> <li>(3) Notwithstanding paragraph (1), a Closed-End Fund</li> <li>listed on the Nasdaq Capital Market shall pay to Nasdaq</li> <li>an annual fee calculated based on total shares outstanding</li> <li>according to the following schedule:</li> <li>Up to 5 million shares \$15,000</li> <li>5+ to 10 million shares \$22,500</li> <li>50+ to 100 million shares \$30,000</li> <li>100+ to 250 million shares \$50,000</li> <li>Over 250 million shares \$75,000</li> <li>(4) The Nasdaq Board of Directors or its designee may, in its discretion, defer or waive all or any part of the</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	5920(c)(1-8)	<ul> <li>Annual Fee</li> <li>(1) (A) The issuer of each class of securities that is a domestic or foreign issue, other than American Depositary Receipts (ADRs), listed on the Nasdaq Capital Market shall pay to Nasdaq an annual fee in the amount of \$27,500.</li> <li>(B) The issuer of each class of securities that is an ADR listed on The Nasdaq Capital Market shall pay to Nasdaq an annual fee calculated on ADRs outstanding according to the following schedule:</li> <li>Up to 10 million ADRs \$17,500</li> <li>(2) Notwithstanding paragraph (1), the issuer of each class of convertible debentures listed on the Nasdaq Capital Market shall pay to Nasdaq an annual fee calculated on Xasdaq an annual fee of \$500 or \$25 per million dollars face amount of debentures outstanding, whichever is higher.</li> <li>(3) Notwithstanding paragraph (1), a Closed-End Fund listed on the Nasdaq Capital Market shall pay to Nasdaq an annual fee calculated based on total shares outstanding according to the following schedule:</li> <li>Up to 5 million shares \$15,000</li> <li>5+ to 10 million shares \$22,500</li> <li>50+ to 100 million shares \$30,000</li> <li>100+ to 250 million shares \$50,000</li> <li>(4) The Nasdaq Board of Directors or its designee may, in its discretion, defer or waive all or any part of the</li> </ul>	The term "issuer" was replaced with the defined term "Company," where appropriate. Rule citations updated.

\* The new rule text will be operational on April 13, 2009.

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
	annual fee prescribed herein.	ł	annual fee prescribed herein.	
	(5) If a class of securities is removed from the Nasdaq	1	(5) If a class of securities is removed from the Nasdaq	
	Capital Market, that portion of the annual fees for such	1	Capital Market, that portion of the annual fees for such	
	class of securities attributable to the months following the	1	class of securities attributable to the months following the	
	date of removal shall not be refunded, except such	1	date of removal shall not be refunded, except such	
	portion shall be applied to Nasdaq Global Market fees for	1	portion shall be applied to Nasdaq Global Market fees for	
	that calendar year.	1	that calendar year.	
	(6) Total shares outstanding means the aggregate of all	1	(6) Total shares outstanding means the aggregate of all	
	classes of equity securities listed on the Nasdaq Capital	1	classes of equity securities listed on the Nasdaq Capital	
	Market as shown in the issuer's most recent periodic	1	Market as shown in the Company's most recent periodic	
	report required to be filed with the issuer's appropriate	1	report required to be filed with the Company's	
	regulatory authority or in more recent information held	1	appropriate regulatory authority or in more recent	
	by Nasdaq. In the case of foreign issuers, total shares	1	information held by Nasdaq. In the case of foreign	
	outstanding shall include only those shares issued and	1	Companies, total shares outstanding shall include only	
	outstanding in the United States. ADRs outstanding	1	those shares issued and outstanding in the United States.	
	means the aggregate of all classes of ADRs listed on the	1	ADRs outstanding means the aggregate of all classes of	
	Nasdaq Capital Market as shown in the issuer's most	1	ADRs listed on the Nasdaq Capital Market as shown in	
	recent periodic report required to be filed with the	1	the Company's most recent periodic report required to be	
	issuer's appropriate regulatory authority or in more recent	1	filed with the Company's appropriate regulatory	
	information held by Nasdaq.	1	authority or in more recent information held by Nasdaq.	
	(7) Notwithstanding paragraph (6), for the purpose of	1	(7) Notwithstanding paragraph (6), for the purpose of	
	determining the total shares outstanding, fund sponsors	1	determining the total shares outstanding, fund sponsors	
	may aggregate shares outstanding of all Closed-End	1	may aggregate shares outstanding of all Closed-End	
	Funds in the same fund family listed on the Nasdaq	1	Funds in the same fund family listed on the Nasdaq	
	Global Market and the Nasdaq Capital Market, as shown	1	Global Market and the Nasdaq Capital Market, as shown	
	in the issuer's most recent periodic reports required to be	1	in the Company's most recent periodic reports required to	
	filed with the appropriate regulatory authority or in more	1	be filed with the appropriate regulatory authority or in	
	recent information held by Nasdaq. The maximum annual	1	more recent information held by Nasdaq. The maximum	
	fee applicable to a fund family shall not exceed \$75,000.	1	annual fee applicable to a fund family shall not exceed	
	For purposes of this rule, a "fund family" is defined as	1	\$75,000. For purposes of this rule, a "fund family" is	

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
	two or more Closed-End Funds that have a common investment adviser or have investment advisers who are "affiliated persons" as defined in Section 2(a)(3) of the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended. (8) In lieu of the fees described in Rules 4520(c)(1) and 4520(c)(3), the annual fee shall be \$15,000 for each issuer (i) whose securities are listed on the New York Stock Exchange and designated as national market securities pursuant to the plan governing New York Stock Exchange securities at the time such securities are approved for listing on Nasdaq, and (ii) that maintains such listing and designation after it lists such securities on Nasdaq. Such annual fee shall be assessed on the first anniversary of the issuer's listing on Nasdaq. If an issuer of such securities ceases to maintain such listing and designation and the securities instead are designated under the plan governing Nasdaq Capital Market securities, that portion of the fee described in this section attributable to the months following the date of removal shall not be refunded, except such fee shall be applied to The Nasdaq Capital Market fees due for the calendar year of the transfer.		defined as two or more Closed-End Funds that have a common investment adviser or have investment advisers who are "affiliated persons" as defined in Section 2(a)(3) of the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended. (8) In lieu of the fees described in Rules 5920(c)(1) and 5920(c)(3), the annual fee shall be \$15,000 for each Company (i) whose securities are listed on the New York Stock Exchange and designated as national market securities pursuant to the plan governing New York Stock Exchange securities at the time such securities are approved for listing on Nasdaq, and (ii) that maintains such listing and designation after it lists such securities on Nasdaq. Such annual fee shall be assessed on the first anniversary of the Company's listing on Nasdaq. If an issuer of such securities ceases to maintain such listing and designation and the securities instead are designated under the plan governing Nasdaq Capital Market securities, that portion of the fee described in this section attributable to the months following the date of removal shall not be refunded, except such fee shall be applied to The Nasdaq Capital Market fees due for the calendar year of the transfer.	
4520(d)	Record-Keeping Fee An issuer that makes a change such as a change to its name, the par value or title of its security, or its symbol shall pay a fee of \$2,500 to Nasdaq and submit the appropriate form as designated by Nasdaq.	5920(d)	Record-Keeping Fee A Company that makes a change such as a change to its name, the par value or title of its security, or its symbol shall pay a fee of \$2,500 to Nasdaq and submit the appropriate form as designated by Nasdaq.	The term "issuer" was replaced with the defined term "Company."

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
4520(e)	Substitution Listing Fee An issuer that implements a Substitution Listing Event shall pay a fee of \$7,500 to Nasdaq and submit the appropriate form as designated by Nasdaq. Notwithstanding the foregoing, this substitution listing fee shall not apply to securities that are listed on a national securities exchange other than Nasdaq and not designated by Nasdaq as Nasdaq national market system securities.	5920(e)	Substitution Listing Fee A Company that implements a Substitution Listing Event shall pay a fee of \$7,500 to Nasdaq and submit the appropriate form as designated by Nasdaq. Notwithstanding the foregoing, this substitution listing fee shall not apply to securities that are listed on a national securities exchange other than Nasdaq and not designated by Nasdaq as Nasdaq national market securities.	The term "issuer" was replaced with the defined term "Company."
IM-4520-1	Foreign Exempt Securities Rules 4520(b)(4) and 4520(c)(4) provide Nasdaq with the discretion to waive all or part of the additional share and annual listing fees otherwise due. Pursuant to that authority, Nasdaq has determined to waive any additional share or annual fee that otherwise would be due from any foreign issuer whose securities or underlying ADRs were exempt from registration under Section 12(g) of the Act pursuant to SEC Rule 12g3-2(b) prior to Nasdaq's registration as a national securities exchange and whose securities are also subject to an exemption issued by the Commission that permits the listing the security notwithstanding its failure to be registered pursuant to Section 12(b).	IM-5920-1	Foreign Exempt Securities Rules 5920(b)(4) and 5920(c)(4) provide Nasdaq with the discretion to waive all or part of the additional shares and annual listing fees otherwise due. Pursuant to that authority, Nasdaq has determined to waive any additional shares or annual fee that otherwise would be due from any foreign Company whose securities or underlying ADRs were exempt from registration under Section 12(g) of the Act pursuant to Rule 12g3-2(b) prior to Nasdaq's registration as a national securities exchange and whose securities are also subject to an exemption issued by the Commission that permits the listing the security notwithstanding its failure to be registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act.	The term "issuer" was replaced with the defined term "Company." Rule citations updated. Updated reference to Exchange Act Rules to incorporate the defined term "Act" for consistency.
4530	Other Securities	5930	Other Securities	

### Rule Reference Table

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text <sup>*</sup>	Comments
4530(a)(1-5)	Application Fee and Entry Fee (1) When an issuer submits an application to list any Other Security or SEEDS on the Nasdaq Global Market qualified for listing under Rule 4420(f) or 4420(g), it shall pay a non-refundable Application Fee of \$1,000. (2) When an issuer submits an application to list any Other Security or SEEDS on the Nasdaq Global Market qualified for listing under Rule 4420(f) or 4420(g), it shall pay an Entry Fee calculated based on total shares outstanding according to the following schedule: Up to 1 million shares \$5,000 1+ to 2 million shares \$10,000 2+ to 3 million shares \$15,000 3+ to 4 million shares \$17,500 4+ to 5 million shares \$22,500 6+ to 7 million shares \$22,500 8+ to 9 million shares \$25,000 7+ to 8 million shares \$32,500 10+ to 15 million shares \$37,500 Over 15 million shares \$37,500 The applicable Entry Fee shall be reduced by any Entry Fees paid previously in connection with the initial listing during the current calendar year of any of the issuer's Other Securities and SEEDS on the Nasdaq Global Market. (3) For the sole purpose of determining the Entry Fee, total shares outstanding means the aggregate of all	5930(a)(1-5)	Application Fee and Entry Fee (1) When a Company submits an application to list any SEEDS or Other Securities on the Nasdaq Global Market qualified for listing under Rule 5715 or 5730, it shall pay a non-refundable application fee of \$1,000. (2) When a Company submits an application to list any SEEDS or Other Securities on the Nasdaq Global Market qualified for listing under Rule 5715 or 5730, it shall pay an entry fee calculated based on total shares outstanding according to the following schedule: Up to 1 million shares \$5,000 1+ to 2 million shares \$10,000 2+ to 3 million shares \$15,000 3+ to 4 million shares \$15,000 5+ to 6 million shares \$22,500 6+ to 7 million shares \$22,500 6+ to 7 million shares \$25,000 7+ to 8 million shares \$27,500 8+ to 9 million shares \$30,000 9+ to 10 million shares \$37,500 Over 15 million shares \$37,500 Over 15 million shares \$37,500 Over 15 million shares \$37,500 The applicable entry fee shall be reduced by any entry fees paid previously in connection with the initial listing during the current calendar year of any of the Company's SEEDS and Other Securities on the Nasdaq Global Market. (3) For the sole purpose of determining the entry fee, total shares outstanding means the aggregate of all	The term "issuer" was replaced with the defined term "Company." Rule citations updated.
	classes of Other Securities and SEEDS of the issuer to be		classes of SEEDS and Other Securities of the Company	

\* The new rule text will be operational on April 13, 2009.

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
	listed on the Nasdaq Global Market in the current calendar year as shown in the issuer's most recent periodic report or in more recent information held by Nasdaq or, in the case of new issues, as shown in the offering circular, required to be filed with the issuer's appropriate regulatory authority. (4) The Nasdaq Board of Directors or its designee may, in its discretion, defer or waive all or any part of the Application Fee or Entry Fee prescribed herein. (5) If the application is withdrawn or is not approved, the Entry Fee shall be refunded.		to be listed on the Nasdaq Global Market in the current calendar year as shown in the Company's most recent periodic report or in more recent information held by Nasdaq or, in the case of new issues, as shown in the offering circular, required to be filed with the Company's appropriate regulatory authority. (4) The Nasdaq Board of Directors or its designee may, in its discretion, defer or waive all or any part of the entry fee prescribed herein. (5) If the application is withdrawn or is not approved, the entry fee shall be refunded.	

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
4530(b)(1-3)	Other Securities Annual Fee (1) The issuer of Other Securities or SEEDS qualified under Rule 4420(f) or 4420(g) for listing on the Nasdaq Global Market shall pay to Nasdaq an Annual Fee calculated based on total shares outstanding according to the following schedule: Up to 5 million shares \$15,000 5+ to 10 million shares \$17,500 10+ to 25 million shares \$20,000 25+ to 50 million shares \$20,000 (2) The Nasdaq Board of Directors or its designee may, in its discretion, defer or waive all or any part of the Annual Fee prescribed herein. (3) For the sole purpose of determining the Annual Fee, total shares outstanding means the aggregate of all classes of Other Securities and SEEDS of the issuer listed on the Nasdaq Global Market, as shown in the issuer's most recent periodic report required to be filed with the issuer's appropriate regulatory authority or in more recent information held by Nasdaq.	5930(b)(1-3)	<ul> <li>Other Securities</li> <li>(b) Annual Fee</li> <li>(1) The issuer of SEEDS or Other Securities qualified under Rule 5715 or 5730 for listing on the Nasdaq Global Market shall pay to Nasdaq an annual fee calculated based on total shares outstanding according to the following schedule: Up to 5 million shares \$15,000</li> <li>5+ to 10 million shares \$17,500</li> <li>10+ to 25 million shares \$20,000</li> <li>25+ to 50 million shares \$22,500</li> <li>Over 50 million shares \$30,000</li> <li>(2) The Nasdaq Board of Directors or its designee may, in its discretion, defer or waive all or any part of the annual fee prescribed herein.</li> <li>(3) For the sole purpose of determining the annual fee, total shares outstanding means the aggregate of all classes of SEEDS and Other Securities of the Company listed on the Nasdaq Global Market, as shown in the Company's most recent periodic report required to be filed with the Company's appropriate regulatory authority or in more recent information held by Nasdaq.</li> </ul>	The term "issuer" was replaced with the defined term "Company," where appropriate. Rule citations updated.
4540	Portfolio Depository Receipts, Index Fund Shares and Managed Fund Shares	5940	Portfolio Depository Receipts, Index Fund Shares and Managed Fund Shares	No changes.

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
4540(a)(1-3)	<ul> <li>Entry Fee</li> <li>(1) When an issuer submits an application for listing a series of Portfolio Depository Receipts, Index Fund Shares or Managed Fund Shares on the Nasdaq Global Market, it shall pay to Nasdaq a listing fee of \$5,000 (which shall include a \$1,000 non-refundable processing fee).</li> <li>(2) The Nasdaq Board of Directors or its designee may, in its discretion, defer or waive all or any part of the entry fee prescribed herein.</li> <li>(3) If the application is withdrawn or is not approved, the entry fee (less the non-refundable processing fee) shall be refunded.</li> </ul>		<ul> <li>Entry Fee</li> <li>(1) When a Company submits an application for listing a series of Portfolio Depository Receipts, Index Fund</li> <li>Shares or Managed Fund Shares on the Nasdaq Global</li> <li>Market, it shall pay to Nasdaq a listing fee of \$5,000</li> <li>(which shall include a \$1,000 non-refundable processing fee).</li> <li>(2) The Nasdaq Board of Directors or its designee may, in its discretion, defer or waive all or any part of the entry fee prescribed herein.</li> <li>(3) If the application is withdrawn or is not approved, the entry fee (less the non-refundable processing fee) shall be refunded.</li> </ul>	The term "issuer" was replaced with the defined term "Company."

## Rule Reference Table

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
4540(b)(1-3)	Annual Fee (1) The issuer of a series of Portfolio Depository	5940(b)(1-3)	Annual Fee (1) The issuer of a series of Portfolio Depository	The term "issuer" was replaced with the defined term "Company," where
	Receipts, Index Fund Shares or Managed Fund Shares		Receipts, Index Fund Shares or Managed Fund Shares	appropriate.
	listed on The Nasdaq Global Market shall pay to Nasdaq		listed on The Nasdaq Global Market shall pay to Nasdaq	
	an annual fee calculated on total shares outstanding		an annual fee calculated on total shares outstanding	
	according to the following schedule:		according to the following schedule:	
	Up to 1 million shares \$6,500		Up to 1 million shares \$6,500	
	1+ to 2 million shares \$7,000		1+ to 2 million shares \$7,000	
	2+ to 3 million shares \$7,500		2+ to 3 million shares \$7,500	
	3+ to 4 million shares \$8,000		3+ to 4 million shares \$8,000	
	4+ to 5 million shares \$8,500		4+ to 5 million shares \$8,500	
	5+ to 6 million shares \$9,000		5+ to 6 million shares \$9,000	
	6+ to 7 million shares \$9,500		6+ to 7 million shares \$9,500	
	7+ to 8 million shares \$10,000		7+ to 8 million shares \$10,000	
	8+ to 9 million shares \$10,500		8+ to 9 million shares \$10,500	
	9+ to 10 million shares \$11,000		9+ to 10 million shares \$11,000	
	10+ to 11 million shares \$11,500		10+ to 11 million shares \$11,500	
	11+ to 12 million shares \$12,000		11+ to 12 million shares \$12,000	
	12+ to 13 million shares \$12,500		12+ to 13 million shares \$12,500	
	13+ to 14 million shares \$13,000		13+ to 14 million shares \$13,000	
	14+ to 15 million shares \$13,500		14+ to 15 million shares \$13,500	
	15+ to 16 million shares \$14,000		15+ to 16 million shares \$14,000	
	Over 16 million shares \$14,500		Over 16 million shares \$14,500	
	(2) Total shares outstanding means the aggregate number		(2) Total shares outstanding means the aggregate number	
	of shares in all series of Portfolio Depository Receipts or		of shares in all series of Portfolio Depository Receipts or	
	Index Fund Shares to be listed on The Nasdaq Global		Index Fund Shares to be listed on The Nasdaq Global	
	Market as shown in the issuer's most recent periodic		Market as shown in the Company's most recent periodic	
	report required to be filed with the issuer's appropriate		report required to be filed with the Company's	
	regulatory authority or in more recent information held		appropriate regulatory authority or in more recent	
	by Nasdaq.		information held by Nasdaq.	

\* The new rule text will be operational on April 13, 2009.

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text <sup>*</sup>	Comments
Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text         (3) The Nasdaq Board of Directors or its designee may, in its discretion, defer or waive all or any part of the annual fee prescribed herein.	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*         (3) The Nasdaq Board of Directors or its designee may, in its discretion, defer or waive all or any part of the annual fee prescribed herein.	Comments

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
4550(a)	An issuer listed on the Nasdaq Capital Market or the Nasdaq Global Market may request from Nasdaq a written interpretation of the Rules contained in the 4000 through 4500 Series. In connection with such a request, the issuer must submit to Nasdaq a non-refundable fee of \$5,000. A response to such a request generally will be provided within four weeks from the date Nasdaq receives all information necessary to respond to the request.	5600(a)	A Company listed on the Nasdaq Capital Market or the Nasdaq Global Market may request from Nasdaq a written interpretation of the Rules contained in the 5000 through 5900 Series. In connection with such a request, the Company must submit to Nasdaq a non-refundable fee of \$5,000. A response to such a request generally will be provided within four weeks from the date Nasdaq receives all information necessary to respond to the request.	The term "issuer" was replaced with the defined term "Company." Rule citations updated.
4550(b)	Notwithstanding paragraph (a), an issuer may request a written interpretation of the Rules contained in the 4000 through 4500 Series by a specific date that is less than four weeks, but at least one week, after the date Nasdaq receives all information necessary to respond to the request. In connection with such a request for an expedited response, the issuer must submit to Nasdaq a non-refundable fee of \$15,000.	5600(b)	Notwithstanding paragraph (a), a Company may request a written interpretation of the Rules contained in the 5000 through 5900 Series by a specific date that is less than four weeks, but at least one week, after the date Nasdaq receives all information necessary to respond to the request. In connection with such a request for an expedited response, the Company must submit to Nasdaq a non-refundable fee of \$15,000.	The term "issuer" was replaced with the defined term "Company." Rule citations updated.

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
4550(c)	An applicant to Nasdaq that has submitted the applicable entry fee under Rule 4510 or Rule 4520 will not also be required to submit a fee in connection with a request for a written interpretation involving the applicant's initial listing on Nasdaq. In addition, an issuer is not required to submit a fee in connection with a request for an exception from the Nasdaq shareholder approval rules pursuant to Rule 4350(i)(2).	5600(c)	An applicant to Nasdaq that has submitted the applicable entry fee under Rule 5910(a) or Rule 5920(a) will not also be required to submit a fee in connection with a request for a written interpretation involving the applicant's initial listing on Nasdaq. In addition, a Company is not required to submit a fee in connection with a request for an exception from the Nasdaq shareholder approval rules pursuant to the financial viability exception as described in Rule 5635(f).	The term "issuer" was replaced with the defined term "Company." Rule citations updated. The new rule clarifies that Rule 5635(f) (the old 4350(i)(2)) pertains to the financial viability exception to the shareholder approval requirement.
4550(d)	The Nasdaq Board of Directors or its designee may, in its discretion, defer or waive all or any part of the written interpretation fee prescribed herein.	5600(d)	The Nasdaq Board of Directors or its designee may, in its discretion, defer or waive all or any part of the written interpretation fee prescribed herein.	No changes.
4550(e)	Nasdaq shall publish on its website a summary of each interpretation within 90 days from the date such interpretation is issued.	5600(e)	Nasdaq shall publish on its website a summary of each interpretation within 90 days from the date such interpretation is issued.	No changes.
4550(f)	An issuer is eligible to request a written interpretation from Nasdaq pursuant to paragraphs (a) or (b), subject to payment of the appropriate fee, if it has a class of securities that has been suspended or delisted from the Nasdaq Capital Market or the Nasdaq Global Market, but the suspension or delisting decision is under review pursuant to the Rule 4800 Series.	5600(f)	A Company is eligible to request a written interpretation from Nasdaq pursuant to paragraphs (a) or (b), subject to payment of the appropriate fee, if it has a class of securities that has been suspended or delisted from the Nasdaq Capital Market or the Nasdaq Global Market, but the suspension or delisting decision is under review pursuant to the Rule 5800 Series.	The term "issuer" was replaced with the defined term "Company." Rule citations updated.

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
IM-4800	Removal from Listing Rules 4804(e), 4806(e), 4807(f) and 4809(c) provide that Nasdaq will delist an issuer in certain circumstances, following Nasdaq's determination that the issuer no longer meets the requirements for continued listing and after the issuer has received notice of that determination and an opportunity to appeal the determination pursuant to this Rule 4800 Series. This interpretive material describes the steps Nasdaq will follow to effect such a delisting. Consistent with Exchange Act Rule 12d2-2, to effect a delisting, Nasdaq will provide public notice of its final determination to remove a security from listing by issuing a press release and posting notice on its web site. This public notice will be disseminated no fewer than 10 days before the delisting becomes effective. Following such public notification, Nasdaq will file an application on Form 25 with the Commission to delist the security, and will promptly provide a copy of that Form 25 to the issuer. The Form 25, and the delisting of the security, will become effective 10 days after it is filed pursuant to Exchange Act Rule 12d2-2(d)(1), unless the Commission postpones such delisting pursuant to Rule 12d2-2(d)(3).	5830	Finality of Delisting Determination When Nasdaq has made a final determination to delist a Company's securities, it will follow procedures consistent with the Act to strike the security from listing. Nasdaq's determination to delist a Company's securities is final when, after a Delisting Determination has been issued, all available review and appeal procedures and periods available under these Rules have expired. Nasdaq will issue a press release and post a notice on its website announcing its final determination to remove a security from listing, consistent with Rule 12d2-2 under the Act. Under Rule 12d2-2, Nasdaq must disseminate this public notice not less than 10 days before the delisting becomes effective and maintain the website notice until the delisting is effective. Following the public notification, Nasdaq will file an application on Form 25 with the Commission to delist the security, and will promptly provide a copy of that Form 25 to the Company. The delisting of the security becomes effective 10 days after the Form 25 is filed pursuant to Rule 12d2-2(d)(1) under the Act, unless the Commission postpones the delisting pursuant to Rule 12d2-2(d)(3).	We reworded this rule to make it easier to understand. The first paragraph was re-worked to preserve what the old rule was trying to say, and presented it in an easier to understand format. The second paragraph is largely similar to the old rule, but reworded for clarity. Defined terms capitalized. Updated reference to Exchange Act Rules to incorporate the defined term "Act" for consistency.
4801	Definitions	5805	Definitions	No changes.
4801(a)	The term "Adjudicator" shall mean a member of an Adjudicatory Body.	5805(a)	"Adjudicatory Body" or "Adjudicator" means the Hearings Panel, the Listing Council, or the Nasdaq Board, or a member thereof.	The definitions in 4801(a) and (b) were combined to create this definition.

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
4801(b)	The term "Adjudicatory Body" shall mean a Listing Qualifications Panel, the Listing Council, or the Nasdaq Board.	5805(a)	"Adjudicatory Body" or "Adjudicator" means the Hearings Panel, the Listing Council, or the Nasdaq Board, or a member thereof.	The definitions in 4801(a) and (b) were combined to create this definition.
4801(c)	The term "Advisor" shall mean an individual employed by Nasdaq who is advising an Adjudicatory Body with respect to a proceeding under the Rule 4800 Series.	5805(b)	"Advisor" means an individual employed by Nasdaq who is advising an Adjudicatory Body with respect to a proceeding under the Rule 5800 Series.	Minor wording changes for consistency and clarity. Rule citation updated.
4801(d)	The term "Hearings Department" shall mean the Listing Qualifications Hearings Department in the Nasdaq Office of General Counsel.	5805(c)	"Hearings Department" means the Hearings Department of the Nasdaq Office of General Counsel.	The words "Listing Qualifications" were omitted from the new rule since the Hearings Department is no longer located in the Listing Qualifications Department of Nasdaq.
4801(e)	The term "Listing Council" shall mean the Nasdaq Listing and Hearing Review Council, a committee appointed by the Nasdaq Board of Directors pursuant to Article V of the Nasdaq By-Laws whose responsibilities include the review of determinations to limit or prohibit the listing of an issuer's securities made by a Listing Qualifications Panel.	5805(e)	"Listing Council" means the Nasdaq Listing and Hearing Review Council.	The old rule was split into a definition and a description of the Listing Council. This is the definition.

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
4801(e)	The term "Listing Council" shall mean the Nasdaq Listing and Hearing Review Council, a committee appointed by the Nasdaq Board of Directors pursuant to Article V of the Nasdaq By-Laws whose responsibilities include the review of determinations to limit or prohibit the listing of an issuer's securities made by a Listing Qualifications Panel.	5820(c)	Composition of Listing Council The Listing Council is a committee appointed by the Nasdaq Board of Directors pursuant the Nasdaq By-Laws whose responsibilities include the review of Panel Decisions by a Hearings Panel.	The old rule was split into a definition and a description of the Listing Council. This is the description of the Listing Council. Defined terms capitalized.
4801(f)	The term "Listing Council Decision" shall mean a written decision of the Listing Council.	5805(i)	"Decision" means a written decision of an Adjudicatory Body.	The defined term "Decision" was created to encompass all written decisions of Adjudicatory Bodies.
4801(g)	The term "Listing Department" shall mean the Listing Qualifications Department, the department of Nasdaq that is responsible for evaluating the compliance of issuers with the quantitative and qualitative listing standards set forth in the Rule 4000 Series and determining the eligibility for initial or continued listing of an issuer's securities.	5805(f)	The "Listing Qualifications Department" is the department of Nasdaq responsible for evaluating Company compliance with quantitative and qualitative listing standards and determining eligibility for initial and continued listing of a Company's securities.	Technically, Nasdaq does not have a "Listing" or "Listings" Department, so the new rule was updated to "Listing Qualifications Department, which Nasdaq does have. The definition was streamlined, but retains its original meaning.
4801(h)	The term "Listing Qualifications Panel" or "Panel" shall mean an independent panel composed of at least two persons, not employees of the Nasdaq or its affiliates, designated by the Nasdaq Board of Directors.	5805(d)	The "Hearings Panel" is an independent panel made up of at least two persons who are not employees or otherwise affiliated with Nasdaq or its affiliates, and who have been authorized by the Nasdaq Board of Directors.	The term was changed to "Hearings Panel" for clarity. The Hearings Department is no longer contained within the Listing Qualifications Department, so the term Listing Qualifications Panel was somewhat misleading. The old definition was split into two pieces: this new rule sets forth that Panel members are not employees of Nasdaq.

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text <sup>*</sup>	Comments
4801(h)	The term "Listing Qualifications Panel" or "Panel" shall mean an independent panel composed of at least two persons, not employees of the Nasdaq or its affiliates, designated by the Nasdaq Board of Directors.	5815(b)	Composition of the Hearings Panel Each Hearing is presided over by at least two Hearings Panel members, except as provided in Rule 5815(d)(3).	The term was changed to "Hearings Panel" for clarity. The Hearings Department is no longer contained within the Listing Qualifications Department, so the term Listing Qualifications Panel was somewhat misleading. The old definition was split into two pieces: this new rule clarifies that each Hearing will be presided over by two Panel members.
4801(i)	The term "Nasdaq Board" shall mean the Board of Directors of Nasdaq.	5825(a)	Review at Discretion of Board A Listing Council Decision may be called for review by the Board of Directors of Nasdaq (the "Nasdaq Board") solely upon the request of one or more Board members not later than the next Nasdaq Board meeting that is 15 calendar days or more following the date of the Listing Council Decision. This review will be undertaken solely at the discretion of the Nasdaq Board and will not operate as a stay of the Listing Council Decision, unless the Board's call for review specifies to the contrary. At the sole discretion of the Nasdaq Board, it may withdraw its call for review of a Listing Council Decision at any time before issuance of a Decision.	This definition contained in the old rule was incorporated into the description of the Nasdaq Board's ability to call for review Listing Council Decisions. Defined terms capitalized.

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
4801(j)	The term "Panel Decision" shall mean a written decision of a Listing Qualifications Panel.	5815(d)(1)	Panel Decision After the hearing, the Hearings Department, on behalf of the Hearings Panel, will issue a Panel Decision that meets the requirements of Rule 5840(c) and has been approved by each member of the Hearings Panel. The Decision is effective immediately upon issuance, unless it specifies to the contrary. The Decision will provide notice that the Company may appeal the Panel Decision to the Listing Council within 15 calendar days of the date of the Decision and that the decision may be called for review by the Listing Council within 45 calendar days from the date of the decision.	The definition contained in the old rule was incorporated into the description of what constitutes a Panel Decision. Defined terms capitalized.
New Rule		5805(h)	"Staff Delisting Determination" or "Delisting Determination" is a written determination by the Listing Qualifications Department to delist a listed Company's securities for failure to meet a continued listing standard.	This definition was derived from 4801(k)(1), and relates only to the delisting notice provided to listed Companies.

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
4801(k)(1)	The term "Staff Determination" shall mean either: (1) a written determination by the Listing Department to limit or prohibit the initial or continued listing of an issuer's securities pursuant to Rule 4804; or	5810(c)(1)	<ul> <li>Notification of Deficiency by the Listing Qualifications Department</li> <li>When the Listing Qualifications Department determines that a Company does not meet a listing standard set forth in the Rule 5000 Series, it will immediately notify the Company of the deficiency. As explained in more detail below, deficiency notifications are of four types:</li> <li>(1) Deficiencies that Immediately Result in a Staff Delisting Determination</li> <li>Staff's notice will inform the Company that its securities are immediately subject to suspension and delisting when:</li> <li>a Company becomes delinquent in its periodic filing requirements;</li> <li>a Company fails to timely solicit proxies and hold its annual shareholders' meeting; or</li> <li>Staff has determined, under to its discretionary authority in Rule 5100, that the Company's continued listing raises a public interest concern.</li> </ul>	The old rules specify that a Staff Determination can either be in the form of a delisting notice, or a Public Reprimand Letter. In the new rules, for clarity, we decided to separate these definitions. This portion of the new rules sets forth the four types of notification provided by Staff to Companies upon discovery of a deficiency, the first of which is a Staff Delisting Determination. The term "issuer" was replaced with the defined term "Company."

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
4801(k)(2)	The term "Staff Determination" shall mean either: ***** (2) a public reprimand letter in a case where the Listing Department has determined that the issuer has violated a Nasdaq corporate governance or notification listing standard (other than one required by Rule 10A-3 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934) and that delisting is not an appropriate sanction. In determining whether to issue a public reprimand letter, the Listing Department shall consider whether the violation was inadvertent, whether the violation materially adversely affected shareholders' interests, whether the violation has been cured, whether the issuer reasonably relied on an independent advisor and whether the issuer has demonstrated a pattern of violations.	5805(j)	"Public Reprimand Letter" means a letter issued by Staff or a Decision of an Adjudicatory Body in cases where the Company has violated a Nasdaq corporate governance or notification listing standard (other than one required by Rule 10A-3 of the Act) and Staff or the Adjudicatory Body determines that delisting is an inappropriate sanction. In determining whether to issue a Public Reprimand Letter, Staff or the Adjudicatory Body will consider whether the violation was inadvertent, whether the violation materially adversely affected shareholders' interests, whether the violation has been cured, whether the Company reasonably relied on an independent advisor and whether the Company has demonstrated a pattern of violations.	The old rules specify that a Staff Determination can either be in the form of a delisting notice, or a Public Reprimand Letter. In the new rules, for clarity, we decided to separate these definitions. Since an Adjudicatory Body can also issue a Decision that serves as a Public Reprimand Letter, this rule is a combination of 4801(k)(2) and 4811(e)(3). Defined terms capitalized. The term "issuer" was replaced with the defined term "Company."
New Definition		5805(k)	"Office of Appeals and Review" means the Office of Appeals and Review of the Nasdaq Office of General Counsel.	This definition was added to the new rules for clarity.

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text <sup>*</sup>	Comments
4802(a)	Purpose and General Provisions (a) The purpose of this Rule 4800 Series is to provide procedures for the independent review of determinations of Nasdaq that prohibit or limit the listing of an issuer's securities on the Nasdaq based upon the Nasdaq Rules, as set forth in the Rule 4000 Series. Securities of issuers that do not meet the quantitative or qualitative listing standards set forth in the Rule 4000 Series are subject to delisting from, or denial of initial listing on, The Nasdaq Stock Market.	5800 Introduction (1st Par)	Securities of a Company that does not meet the listing standards set forth in the Rule 5000 Series are subject to delisting from, or denial of initial listing on the Nasdaq Stock Market. This Section sets forth procedures for the independent review, suspension, and delisting of Companies that fail to satisfy one or more standards for initial or continued listing, and thus are "deficient" with respect to the listing standards.	Note that the 5800 Series has a larger scope than the old 4800 Series, since it includes details on deficiency processing. In the old rules, for example, a description of the compliance periods available to a Company that failed to meet the bid price requirement was located in three distinct sections. In the new rules, we have consolidated all these descriptions into the 5800 Series. Defined terms capitalized.
4802(b)(1)	An issuer may file a written request for an exception to any of the standards set forth in the Rule 4000 Series at any time during the pendency of a proceeding under the Rule 4800 Series.	5815	Review of Staff Determinations by Hearings Panel When a Company receives a Staff Delisting Determination or a Public Reprimand Letter issued by the Listing Qualifications Department, or when its application for initial listing is denied, it may request in writing that the Hearings Panel review the matter in a written or an oral hearing. This section sets forth the procedures for requesting a hearing before a Hearings Panel, describes the Hearings Panel and the possible outcomes of a hearing, and sets forth Hearings Panel procedures.	The 5800 Series is organized chronologically. As such, the Section first covers deficiencies at the Staff level; secondly, it addresses the Hearings process for Companies denied initial or continued listing by Staff, or that receive a Public Reprimand Letter from Staff; third, it covers the review of Hearings Decisions by the Listing Council; fourth, the review of Decisions by the Nasdaq Board. This new rule is included in the introduction to the rules describing the Hearings process. The first sentence of the old rule 4802(b) is conveyed in the procedures embodied in 5815, and the second sentence of the old rule 4802(b) is conveyed in 5815(c)(1)(A), 5815(c)(2)(B), and

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
4802(b)(2)(A)	Subject to the limitation in subparagraph (B), below, a	5815(c)(1)(A)	When the Hearings Panel review is of a deficiency	5820(d)(1). The italicized portion of the old rule is
emphasis added	Listing Qualifications Panel may grant exceptions for a period not to exceed 180 days from the date of the Staff Determination with respect to the deficiency for which the exception is granted, and the Listing Council may grant exceptions for a period not to exceed 360 days from the date of the Staff Determination with respect to the deficiency for which the exception is granted, in each case where it deems appropriate.		related to continued listing standards, the Hearings Panel may, where it deems appropriate: (A) grant an exception to the continued listing standards for a period not to exceed 180 days from the date of the Staff Delisting Determination with respect to the deficiency for which the exception is granted;	conveyed in the new rule. This new rule addresses the portion of the old rule that sets forth the maximum length of a Panel exception with respect to a continued listing deficiency.

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
4802(b)(2)(A) emphasis added	Subject to the limitation in subparagraph (B), below, a Listing Qualifications Panel may grant exceptions for a period not to exceed 180 days from the date of the Staff Determination with respect to the deficiency for which the exception is granted, and the Listing Council may grant exceptions for a period not to exceed 360 days from the date of the Staff Determination with respect to the deficiency for which the exception is granted, in each case where it deems appropriate.	5815(c)(2)(B)	When the Hearings Panel's review is of a Staff denial of an initial listing application, the Hearings Panel may, where it deems appropriate: ***** (B) conditionally approve initial listing subject to an exception to the listing standards not to exceed 180 calendar days from the date of the Staff Delisting Determination with respect to the deficiency for which the exception is granted; or	The italicized portion of the old rule is conveyed in the new rule. This new rule addresses the portion of the old rule that sets forth the maximum length of a Panel exception with respect to an initial listing denial.
4802(b)(2)(A) emphasis added	Subject to the limitation in subparagraph (B), below, a Listing Qualifications Panel may grant exceptions for a period not to exceed 180 days from the date of the Staff Determination with respect to the deficiency for which the exception is granted, and <i>the Listing Council may</i> <i>grant exceptions for a period not to exceed 360 days from</i> <i>the date of the Staff Determination with respect to the</i> <i>deficiency for which the exception is granted, in each</i> <i>case where it deems appropriate.</i>	5820(d)(1)	Scope of Listing Council's Discretion (1) The Listing Council may, where it deems appropriate, affirm, modify, or reverse the Panel Decision, or remand the matter to the Listing Qualifications Department or to the Hearings Panel for further consideration. The Listing Council may grant an exception for a period not longer than 360 days from the date of the Staff Delisting Determination with respect to the deficiency for which the exception is granted. The Listing Council also may issue a Decision that serves as a Public Reprimand Letter in cases where the Company has violated a Nasdaq corporate governance or notification listing standard (other than one required by Rule 10A-3 of the Act) and the Listing Council determines that delisting is an inappropriate sanction. In determining whether to issue a Public Reprimand Letter, the Listing Council will	The italicized portion of the old rule is conveyed in the new rule. This new rule addresses the portion of the old rule that sets forth the maximum length of an exception granted by the Listing Council.

## Rule Reference Table

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
			consider whether the violation was inadvertent, whether the violation materially adversely affected shareholders' interests, whether the violation has been cured, whether the Company reasonably relied on an independent advisor and whether the Company has demonstrated a pattern of violations.	
4802(b)(2)(B)	In the case of a company that fails to file a periodic report (e.g., Form 10-K, 10-Q, 20-F, 40-F, or N-CSR), neither a Listing Qualifications Panel nor the Listing Council may grant an exception for a period not to exceed 360 days from the due date of the first such late periodic report. The company can regain compliance with the requirement by filing that periodic report and any other delinquent reports with due dates falling before the end of the exception period. In determining whether to grant an exception, and the length of any such exception, the Panel and Listing Council will consider the company's specific circumstances, including the likelihood that the filing can be made within the exception period, the company's past compliance history, the reasons for the late filing, corporate events that may occur within the exception period, the company's general financial status,	5815(c)(1)(F)	In the case of a Company that fails to file a periodic report (e.g., Form 10-K, 10-Q, 20-F, 40-F, or N-CSR), the Hearings Panel may grant an exception for a period not to exceed 360 days from the due date of the first such late periodic report. The Company can regain compliance with the requirement by filing that periodic report and any other delinquent reports with due dates falling before the end of the exception period. In determining whether to grant an exception, and the length of any such exception, the Hearings Panel will consider the Company's specific circumstances, including the likelihood that the filing can be made within the exception period, the Company's past compliance history, the reasons for the late filing, corporate events that may occur within the exception period, the Company's general financial status, and the Company's disclosures to the	Defined terms capitalized. The term "issuer" was replaced with the defined term "Company."

\* The new rule text will be operational on April 13, 2009.

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text <sup>*</sup>	Comments
	and the company's disclosures to the market. This review will be based on information provided by a variety of sources, which may include the company, its audit committee, its outside auditors, the staff of the SEC and any other regulatory body.		market. This review will be based on information provided by a variety of sources, which may include the Company, its audit committee, its outside auditors, the staff of the SEC and any other regulatory body.	
4802(b)(2)(B)	In the case of a company that fails to file a periodic report (e.g., Form 10-K, 10-Q, 20-F, 40-F, or N-CSR), neither a Listing Qualifications Panel nor the Listing Council may grant an exception for a period not to exceed 360 days from the due date of the first such late periodic report. The company can regain compliance with the requirement by filing that periodic report and any other delinquent reports with due dates falling before the end of the exception period. In determining whether to grant an exception, and the length of any such exception, the Panel and Listing Council will consider the company's specific circumstances, including the likelihood that the filing can be made within the exception period, the company's past compliance history, the reasons for the late filing, corporate events that may occur within the exception period, the company's general financial status, and the company's disclosures to the market. This review will be based on information provided by a variety of sources, which may include the company, its audit committee, its outside auditors, the staff of the SEC and any other regulatory body.		In the case of a Company that fails to file a periodic report (e.g., Form 10-K, 10-Q, 20-F, 40-F, or N-CSR), the Listing Council may grant an exception for a period not to exceed 360 days from the due date of the first such late periodic report. The Company can regain compliance with the requirement by filing that periodic report and any other delinquent reports with due dates falling before the end of the exception period. In determining whether to grant an exception, and the length of any such exception, the Listing Council will consider the Company's specific circumstances, including the likelihood that the filing can be made within the exception period, the Company's past compliance history, the reasons for the late filing, corporate events that may occur within the exception period, the Company's general financial status, and the Company's disclosures to the market. This review will be based on information provided by a variety of sources, which may include the Company, its audit committee, its outside auditors, the staff of the SEC and any other regulatory body.	Defined terms capitalized. The term "issuer" was replaced with the defined term "Company."

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
4802(c)	At each level of a proceeding under the Rule 4800 Series, the Listing Qualifications Panel, the Listing Council, or the Nasdaq Board, as part of its respective review, (1) may request additional information from the issuer or the Listing Department, and (2) may consider such additional information available from any source as the Adjudicatory Body may deem to be relevant. The issuer and the Listing Department shall be afforded written notice and an opportunity to address the significance of any such information requested or considered.	5840(b)	Additional Information Requested or Considered At each level of a proceeding under this Section, the Adjudicatory Body, as part of its review: (1) may request additional information from the Company or the Listing Qualifications Department; and (2) may consider additional information available from other sources it deems relevant. The Company and the Listing Qualifications Department will be afforded written notice and an opportunity to address the significance of any information requested or considered, and the notice, responses to the notice, and the information considered will be made part of the record.	The new rule is substantially the same as the old, although it makes use of the defined term "Adjudicatory Body," replaces the term "issuer" with the defined term "Company," and further clarifies that information compiled under this rule will be made part of the record. "Listings Department" was replaced with "Listing Qualifications Department." Defined terms capitalized. The phrase "and the notice, responses to the notice, and the information considered will be made part of the record" was added to the new rule for clarity.

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
4802(d)	At each level of a proceeding under the Rule 4800 Series, an Adjudicatory Body, as part of its respective review, may consider any failure to meet any quantitative standard or qualitative consideration set forth in the Rule 4000 Series, including failures previously not considered in the proceeding. The Listing Council or the Nasdaq Board, as part of its respective review, may also consider any action by an issuer during the review process that would have constituted a violation of Nasdaq's corporate governance requirements had the issuer's securities been listed on Nasdaq at the time. The issuer shall be afforded written notice of such consideration and an opportunity to respond. Furthermore, an Adjudicatory Body may subject the issuer to additional or more stringent criteria for the initial or continued listing of particular securities based on any event, condition, or circumstance that exists or occurs that makes initial or continued listing of the securities inadvisable or unwarranted in the opinion of the Adjudicatory Body, even though the securities meet all enumerated criteria for initial or continued listing on Nasdaq.	5815(c)(3-4)	<ul> <li>Scope of the Hearings Panel's Discretion *****</li> <li>(3) A Hearings Panel may consider any failure to meet any quantitative or qualitative standard for initial or continued listing, including failures previously not considered by Staff. The Company will be given written notice of such consideration and an opportunity to respond.</li> <li>(4) Under the authority described in Rule 5100, the Hearings Panel may subject the Company to additional or more stringent criteria for the initial or continued listing of particular securities based on any event, condition, or circumstance that exists or occurs that makes initial or continued listing of the securities inadvisable or unwarranted in its opinion, even though the securities meet all enumerated criteria for initial or continued listing on Nasdaq.</li> </ul>	The new rule divides up the authority described in the old rule into that which is afforded to the Hearings Panel (5815), the Listing Council (5820), and the Nasdaq Board (5825). This is the rule describing the Hearings Panel's ability to consider a failure not previously part of the record, and to apply additional more stringent criteria. The term "issuer" was replaced with the defined term "Company." Defined terms capitalized. Rule citations updated.

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
4802(d)	At each level of a proceeding under the Rule 4800 Series, an Adjudicatory Body, as part of its respective review, may consider any failure to meet any quantitative standard or qualitative consideration set forth in the Rule 4000 Series, including failures previously not considered in the proceeding. The Listing Council or the Nasdaq Board, as part of its respective review, may also consider any action by an issuer during the review process that would have constituted a violation of Nasdaq's corporate governance requirements had the issuer's securities been listed on Nasdaq at the time. The issuer shall be afforded written notice of such consideration and an opportunity to respond. Furthermore, an Adjudicatory Body may subject the issuer to additional or more stringent criteria for the initial or continued listing of particular securities based on any event, condition, or circumstance that exists or occurs that makes initial or continued listing of the securities inadvisable or unwarranted in the opinion of the Adjudicatory Body, even though the securities meet all enumerated criteria for initial or continued listing on Nasdaq.	5820(d)(2-3)	<ul> <li>Scope of Listing Council's Discretion <ul> <li>****</li> </ul> </li> <li>(2) The Listing Council may consider any failure to meet any quantitative standard or qualitative consideration for initial or continued listing, including failures previously not considered by the Hearings Panel. The Listing Council may also consider any action taken by a Company during the review process that would have constituted a violation of Nasdaq's corporate governance requirements had the Company's securities been trading on Nasdaq at the time. The Company will be afforded written notice of such consideration and an opportunity to respond. <ul> <li>(3) Under the authority described in Rule 5100, the Listing Council may subject the Company to additional or more stringent criteria for the initial or continued listing of particular securities based on any event, condition, or circumstance that exists or occurs that makes initial or continued listing of the securities inadvisable or unwarranted in its opinion, even though the securities meet all enumerated criteria for initial or continued listing on Nasdaq.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	The new rule divides up the authority described in the old rule into that which is afforded to the Hearings Panel (5815), the Listing Council (5820), and the Nasdaq Board (5825). This is the rule describing the Listing Council's ability to consider a failure not previously part of the record, and to apply additional more stringent criteria. The term "issuer" was replaced with the defined term "Company." Defined terms capitalized. Rule citations updated.

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text <sup>*</sup>	Comments
4802(d)	At each level of a proceeding under the Rule 4800 Series, an Adjudicatory Body, as part of its respective review, may consider any failure to meet any quantitative standard or qualitative consideration set forth in the Rule 4000 Series, including failures previously not considered in the proceeding. The Listing Council or the Nasdaq Board, as part of its respective review, may also consider any action by an issuer during the review process that would have constituted a violation of Nasdaq's corporate governance requirements had the issuer's securities been listed on Nasdaq at the time. The issuer shall be afforded written notice of such consideration and an opportunity to respond. Furthermore, an Adjudicatory Body may subject the issuer to additional or more stringent criteria for the initial or continued listing of particular securities based on any event, condition, or circumstance that exists or occurs that makes initial or continued listing of the securities inadvisable or unwarranted in the opinion of the Adjudicatory Body, even though the securities meet all enumerated criteria for initial or continued listing on Nasdaq.	5825(b)	Scope of Discretion of Board The Board may consider any failure to meet any quantitative standard or qualitative consideration for initial or continued listing, including failures previously not considered by the Listing Council. It may also consider any action taken by a Company during the review process that would have constituted a violation of Nasdaq's corporate governance requirements had the Company's securities been trading on Nasdaq at the time. The Company will be afforded written notice of such consideration and an opportunity to respond. Pursuant to Rule 5100, the Board may subject the Company to additional or more stringent criteria for the initial or continued listing of particular securities based on any event, condition, or circumstance that exists or occurs that makes initial or continued listing of the securities inadvisable or unwarranted in its opinion, even though the securities meet all enumerated criteria for initial or continued listing on Nasdaq.	The new rule divides up the authority described in the old rule into that which is afforded to the Hearings Panel (5815), the Listing Council (5820), and the Nasdaq Board (5825). This is the rule describing the Nasdaq Board's ability to consider a failure not previously part of the record, and to apply additional more stringent criteria. The term "issuer" was replaced with the defined term "Company."
4802(e)	The Listing Department or the Advisor to an Adjudicatory Body, as applicable, shall document the date on which a decision with respect to an issuer is implemented.	5840(h)	Documentation of Decisions The Listing Qualifications Department or the Advisor to an Adjudicatory Body, as applicable, shall document the date on which a Decision with respect to a Company is implemented.	The term "issuer" was replaced with the defined term "Company." Defined terms capitalized.

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text <sup>*</sup>	Comments
4802(f)	A security that has been the subject of a decision by an Adjudicatory Body to delist such security shall be required, prior to re-listing, to comply with the requirements for initial listing. A security that has been suspended but that has not been the subject of such a decision shall be required, prior to re-listing, to comply with requirements for continued listing.	5840(i)	Re-Listing of a Company A Company that has been the subject of a Decision by an Adjudicatory Body to delist the securities of such Company shall be required, prior to re-listing, to comply with the requirements for initial listing. A Company that has been suspended but that has not been the subject of such a Decision shall be required, prior to re-listing, to comply with requirements for continued listing.	The term "security" was replaced with the defined term "Company." Defined terms capitalized.
4803(a) emphasis added	Whenever staff of the Listing Department determines that an issuer does not meet a listing standard set forth in the Rule 4000 Series, staff shall immediately notify the issuer. The issuer shall make a public announcement through the news media disclosing the receipt of this notice, including the Rule(s) upon which it was based. Prior to the release of the public announcement, the issuer shall provide such disclosure to Nasdaq's Market Watch Department, the Listing Department, and the Hearings Department. The public announcement shall be made as promptly as possible, but not more than four business days following receipt of the notice from the Listing Department.	5810 emphasis added	<ul> <li>When the Listing Qualifications Department determines that a Company does not meet a listing standard set forth in the Rule 5000 Series, it will immediately notify the Company of the deficiency. As explained in more detail below, deficiency notifications are of four types:</li> <li>(1) Staff Delisting Determinations, which are notifications of deficiencies that, unless appealed, subject the Company to immediate suspension and delisting;</li> <li>(2) notifications of deficiencies for which a Company may submit a plan of compliance for staff review;</li> <li>(3) notifications of deficiencies for which a Company is entitled to an automatic cure or compliance period; and</li> <li>(4) Public Reprimand Letters.</li> <li>Notifications of deficiencies that allow for submission of a compliance plan or an automatic cure or compliance period may result, after review of the compliance plan or expiration of the cure or compliance period, in issuance of a Staff Delisting Determination or a Public Reprimand</li> </ul>	The italicized portion of the old rule is conveyed in the italicized portion of the new rule 5810. Note that 5810 also contains a fuller description of the types of notifications by Staff to Companies that fail to meet a listing standard. The term "issuer" was replaced with the defined term "Company." The term "Listings Department" was replaced with "Listing Qualifications Department."

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
			Letter.	
4803(a)	Whenever staff of the Listing Department determines that an issuer does not meet a listing standard set forth in the Rule 4000 Series, staff shall immediately notify the issuer. The issuer shall make a public announcement through the news media disclosing the receipt of this notice, including the Rule(s) upon which it was based. Prior to the release of the public announcement, the issuer shall provide such disclosure to Nasdaq's Market Watch Department, the Listing Department, and the Hearings Department. The public announcement shall be made as promptly as possible, but not more than four business days following receipt of the notice from the Listing Department.	5250(b)(3)	Disclosure of Notification of Deficiency As set forth in Rule 5810(b), a Company that receives a notification of deficiency from Nasdaq is required to make a public announcement through the news media disclosing receipt of the notification and the Rule(s) upon which the deficiency is based.	The new rule serves as a cross-reference to the Company's disclosure obligations set forth in 5810(b).

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
4803(a)	Whenever staff of the Listing Department determines that an issuer does not meet a listing standard set forth in the Rule 4000 Series, staff shall immediately notify the issuer. The issuer shall make a public announcement through the news media disclosing the receipt of this notice, including the Rule(s) upon which it was based. Prior to the release of the public announcement, the issuer shall provide such disclosure to Nasdaq's Market Watch Department, the Listing Department, and the Hearings Department. The public announcement shall be made as promptly as possible, but not more than four business days following receipt of the notice from the Listing Department.	5810(b)	Company Disclosure Obligations A Company that receives a notification of deficiency, Staff Delisting Determination, or Public Reprimand Letter is required to make a public announcement through the news media disclosing receipt of the notification and the Rule(s) upon which the deficiency is based. Before release of the public announcement, Companies shall provide a copy of the announcement to Nasdaq's MarketWatch Department, the Listing Qualifications Department and the Hearings Department. The Company shall make the public announcement as promptly as possible but not more than four business days following receipt of the notification.	The old rule is conveyed in 5810. This portion of 5810 sets forth the disclosure obligations of a Company that receives a notification of deficiency from Staff. The terms "Staff Delisting Determination" and "Public Reprimand Letter" were added to reflect that the new rule is a combination of 4803(a) and 4804(b). The term "issuer" was replaced with the defined term "Company." The term "Listings Department" was replaced with "Listing Qualifications Department." Minor rewording for clarity.

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
4803(a)(1) emphasis added	In the case of (A) all quantitative deficiencies from standards that do not provide a compliance period; (B) deficiencies from the standards of Rules 4350(c) or (d) or 4360(c) or (d) where the cure period of the Rule is not applicable; or (C) deficiencies from the standards of Rules 4350(f), (h), (i), (k), (l) or (n), 4360(f) or (i), or 4351; staff's notice shall provide the issuer with fifteen calendar days to submit a plan to regain compliance with the listing standard; provided, however, that the issuer shall not be provided with an opportunity to submit such a plan if review under the Rule 4800 Series of a prior Staff Determination (other than a Staff Determination that serves as a public reprimand letter as described in Section 4801(k)(2)) with respect to the issuer is already pending. Subject to the restrictions of paragraph (b), staff may extend this deadline upon good cause shown. Upon receipt of the issuer's plan, staff in the Listing Department may request such additional information from the issuer as is necessary to make a determination regarding the likelihood that the plan will allow the issuer to meet the listing standard at issue.	5810(c)(2)(A)	<ul> <li>Deficiencies for which a Company may a Submit Plan of Compliance for Staff Review</li> <li>Unless the Company is currently under review by an Adjudicatory Body for a Staff Delisting Determination, the Listing Qualifications Department may accept and review a plan to regain compliance when a Company is deficient with respect to one of the standards listed in subsections (i) through (iv) below. In accordance with Rule 5810(c)(2)(C), plans provided pursuant to subsections (i) through (iii) below must be provided generally within 15 calendar days, and in accordance with Rule 5810(c)(2)(F), plans provided pursuant to subsection (iv) must be provided generally within 60 calendar days.</li> <li>(i) all quantitative deficiencies from standards that do not provide a compliance period;</li> <li>(ii) deficiencies from the standards of Rules 5605 or 5615(a)(4)(C) where the cure period of the Rule is not applicable;</li> <li>(iii) deficiencies from the standards of Rules 5620(c), 5630, 5635, 5250(c)(3), 5255(a), 5610, 5615(a)(4)(E), 5615(a)(4)(G), or 5640; or</li> <li>(iv) failure to file periodic reports as required by Rules 5250(c)(1) or (2).</li> </ul>	The italicized portion of the old rule is conveyed in the new rule. Rule citations updated. Minor rewording for clarity. Note that the new rule includes an additional provision relating to the failure to file required periodic reports.

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
4803(a)(1) emphasis added	In the case of (A) all quantitative deficiencies from standards that do not provide a compliance period; (B) deficiencies from the standards of Rules 4350(c) or (d) or 4360(c) or (d) where the cure period of the Rule is not applicable; or (C) deficiencies from the standards of Rules 4350(f), (h), (i), (k), (l) or (n), 4360(f) or (i), or 4351; <i>staff's notice shall provide the issuer with fifteen</i> <i>calendar days to submit a plan to regain compliance with</i> <i>the listing standard;</i> provided, however, that the issuer shall not be provided with an opportunity to submit such a plan if review under the Rule 4800 Series of a prior Staff Determination (other than a Staff Determination that serves as a public reprimand letter as described in Section 4801(k)(2)) with respect to the issuer is already pending. Subject to the restrictions of paragraph (b), staff may extend this deadline upon good cause shown. Upon receipt of the issuer's plan, staff in the Listing Department may request such additional information from the issuer as is necessary to make a determination regarding the likelihood that the plan will allow the issuer to meet the listing standard at issue.	5810(c)(2)(C)	Timeline for Submission of Compliance Plans Except for deficiencies from the standards of Rule 5250(c)(1) or (2), Staff's notification of deficiencies that allow for compliance plan review will inform the Company that it has 15 calendar days to submit a plan to regain compliance with Nasdaq's listing standard(s). Within the restrictions of paragraph (B), Staff may extend this deadline, and upon receipt of the Company's plan, may request additional information from the Company to help it determine the Company's ability to regain compliance.	The italicized portion of the old rule is conveyed in the new rule. The term "issuer" was replaced with the defined term "Company." Minor wording changes for clarity.

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text <sup>*</sup>	Comments
4803(a)(2)	In the case of deficiencies from the standards of Rules 4310(c)(14) and 4320(e)(12), staff's notice shall provide the issuer with 60 calendar days to submit a plan to regain compliance with the listing standard; provided, however, that the issuer shall not be provided with an opportunity to submit such a plan if review under the Rule 4800 Series of a prior Staff Determination (other than a Staff Determination that serves as a public reprimand letter as described in Section 4801(k)(2)) with respect to the issuer is already pending. Staff in the Listing Department may extend this deadline for up to an additional 15 calendar days upon good cause shown and may request such additional information from the issuer as is necessary to make a determination regarding whether to grant such an extension.	5810(c)(2)(F)	Filing Delinquencies In the case of deficiencies from the standards of Rule 5250(c)(1) or (2), Staff's notice shall provide the Company with 60 calendar days to submit a plan to regain compliance with the listing standard; provided, however, that the Company shall not be provided with an opportunity to submit such a plan if review under the Rule 5800 Series of a prior Staff Delisting Determination with respect to the Company is already pending. Staff may extend this deadline for up to an additional 15 calendar days upon good cause shown and may request such additional information from the Company as is necessary to make a determination regarding whether to grant such an extension.	The term "issuer" was replaced with the defined term "Company." Rule citations updated. Defined terms capitalized.
4803(a)(3)	In the case of: (A) quantitative deficiencies from standards that do provide a compliance period: and (B) deficiencies from the standards of Rules 4350(c) or (d) or 4360(c) or (d) where the cure period of the Rule is applicable; staff's notice shall provide the issuer with the applicable compliance or cure period.	5810(c)(3)	Deficiencies for which the Rules Provide a Specified Cure or Compliance Period With respect to deficiencies related to the standards listed in (A) – (E) below, Staff's notification will inform the Company of the applicable cure or compliance period provided by these Rules and discussed below. If the Company does not regain compliance within the specified cure or compliance period, the Listing Qualifications Department will immediately issue a Staff Delisting Determination letter.	The new rules provide significantly more detail about the compliance periods and cure periods afforded under the Rules, since the relevant language formerly located in 4310, 4320, 4350, 4360, and 4450 was all incorporated to this Section in order to have a complete description of the treatment provided to Companies that do not comply with one or more listing requirements. In that regard, the new rule at left is the jumping-off point to a fulsome description of all the compliance and cure periods provided under the Rules.

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
4803(a)(4)	In all other cases, staff's notice shall be in the form of a Staff Determination issued pursuant to Rule 4804(a).	5810(c)(4) emphasis added	Types of Deficiencies and Notifications The type of deficiency at issue determines whether the Company will be immediately suspended and delisted, or whether it may submit a compliance plan for review or is entitled to an automatic cure or compliance period before a Staff Delisting Determination is issued. In the case of a deficiency not specified below, Staff will issue the Company a Staff Delisting Determination or a Public Reprimand Letter. ***** (4) Public Reprimand Letter Staff's notification may be in the form of a Public Reprimand Letter in cases where the Company has	The old rule is reflected in the italicized portion of the new rule. Note that the term "Staff Determination" used in the old rule was split in the new rules into the defined terms "Staff Delisting Determination" and "Public Reprimand Letter." The new rule relates to Public Reprimand Letters.
			violated a Nasdaq corporate governance or notification listing standard (other than one required by Rule 10A-3 of the Act) and Staff determines that delisting is an inappropriate sanction. In determining whether to issue a public reprimand letter, the Listing Qualifications Department will consider whether the violation was inadvertent, whether the violation materially adversely affected shareholders' interests, whether the violation has been cured, whether the Company reasonably relied on an independent advisor and whether the Company has demonstrated a pattern of violations.	
4803(a)(4)	In all other cases, staff's notice shall be in the form of a Staff Determination issued pursuant to Rule 4804(a).	5810(c)(1)	<ul> <li>Deficiencies that Immediately Result in a Staff Delisting Determination</li> <li>Staff's notice will inform the Company that its securities are immediately subject to suspension and delisting when:</li> <li>a Company fails to timely solicit proxies and hold</li> </ul>	This new rule language was added to further clarify when Staff will issue a Staff Delisting Determination.

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
			<ul> <li>its annual shareholders' meeting; or</li> <li>Staff has determined, under to its discretionary authority in Rule 5100, that the Company's continued listing raises a public interest concern.</li> </ul>	
4803(b)(1) emphasis added	Unless review under the Rule 4800 Series of a prior Staff Determination (other than a Staff Determination that serves as a public reprimand letter as described in Rule 4801(k)(2)) with respect to the issuer is already pending, the Listing Department may grant the issuer additional time to regain compliance with a listing standard described in paragraph (a)(1) and (a)(2). The maximum amount of time that the Listing Department may provide is described in paragraph (b)(2), below. Staff in the Listing Department may request such additional information from the issuer as is necessary to make a determination regarding whether to grant an exception. The Listing Department shall prepare a written record describing the basis for granting any exception, and shall provide the issuer with written notice as to the terms of the exception. If the issuer does not regain compliance within the time period provided by all applicable exceptions, the Listing Department shall immediately issue a Staff Determination pursuant to Rule 4804(a). If the Listing Department determines not to grant the issuer additional time to regain compliance, the Listing Department shall immediately issue a Staff Determination pursuant to Rule 4804(a) that includes a description of the basis for denying the exception.	5810(c)(2)(B)	Staff Alternatives Upon Review of Plan Staff may request such additional information from the Company as is necessary to make a determination, as described below. In cases other than filing delinquencies, upon review of a plan of compliance, Staff may either (i) grant an extension of time to regain compliance not greater than 105 calendar days from the date of Staff's initial notification, unless the Company is currently under review by an Adjudicatory Body for a Staff Delisting Determination. If Staff grants an extension, it will inform the Company in writing of the basis for granting the extension and the terms of the extension; (ii) issue a Staff Delisting Determination letter that includes a description of the basis for denying the extension; or (iii) issue a Public Reprimand Letter, as defined in Rule 5805(j).	The italicized text in the old rule is conveyed in the new rule. The new rule is structured to more clearly articulate the options available to Staff when reviewing plans of compliance. The new rule also conveys that Staff has the ability to issue a Public Reprimand Letter to a Company that submits a plan of compliance.

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
4803(b)(1) emphasis added	Unless review under the Rule 4800 Series of a prior Staff Determination (other than a Staff Determination that serves as a public reprimand letter as described in Rule 4801(k)(2)) with respect to the issuer is already pending, the Listing Department may grant the issuer additional time to regain compliance with a listing standard described in paragraph (a)(1); provided, however, that the additional time provided by all such exceptions shall not exceed 105 calendar days from the date of staff's notification pursuant to paragraph (a). The Listing Department shall prepare a written record describing the basis for granting any exception, and shall provide the issuer with written notice as to the terms of the exception. <i>If the issuer does not regain compliance within the time</i> <i>period provided by all applicable exceptions, the Listing</i> <i>Department shall immediately issue a Staff</i> <i>Determination pursuant to Rule 4804(a). If the Listing</i> <i>Department determines not to grant the issuer additional</i> <i>time to regain compliance, the Listing Department shall</i> <i>immediately issue a Staff Determination pursuant to Rule</i> 4804(a) that includes a description of the basis for <i>denying the exception.</i>	5810(c)(2)(E)	Failure to Meet the Terms of a Staff Extension If the Company does not regain compliance within the time period provided by all applicable Staff extensions, Staff will immediately issue a Staff Delisting Determination indicating the date on which the Company's securities will be suspended unless it requests review by a Hearings Panel.	The italicized text in the old rule is conveyed in the new rule. Defined terms were updated: "issuer" was replaced with the defined term "Company," "Listing Department" was replaced with "Staff," and "Staff Determination" was replaced with "Staff Delisting Determination."

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
4803(b)(2)(A)	The maximum additional time provided by all exceptions granted by the Listing Department for a deficiency described in Rule 4803(a)(1) is 105 calendar days from the date of staff's notification pursuant to paragraph (a).	5810(c)(2)(B)(i)	Staff may request such additional information from the Company as is necessary to make a determination, as described below. In cases other than filing delinquencies, upon review of a plan of compliance, Staff may either: (i) grant an extension of time to regain compliance not greater than 105 calendar days from the date of Staff's initial notification, unless the Company is currently under review by an Adjudicatory Body for a Staff Delisting Determination. If Staff grants an extension, it will inform the Company in writing of the basis for granting the extension and the terms of the extension;	Defined terms capitalized. Minor wording changes for plain English.

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
4803(b)(2)(B)	The maximum additional time provided by all exceptions granted by the Listing Department for a deficiency described in Rule 4803(a)(2) is 180 calendar days from the due date of the first late periodic report (as extended by Rule 12b-25, if applicable). In determining whether to grant an exception, and the length of any such exception, the Listing Department will consider, and the company should address in its plan of compliance, the company's specific circumstances, including the likelihood that the filing can be made within the exception period, the company's past compliance history, the reasons for the late filing, corporate events that may occur within the exception period, the company's general financial status, and the company's disclosures to the market. This review will be based on information provided by a variety of sources, which may include the company, its audit committee, its outside auditors, the staff of the SEC and any other regulatory body.	5810(c)(2)(F)(ii)	The maximum additional time provided by all exceptions granted by Staff for a deficiency described in paragraph (i) above is 180 calendar days from the due date of the first late periodic report (as extended by Rule 12b-25 under the Act, if applicable). In determining whether to grant an exception, and the length of any such exception, Staff will consider, and the Company should address in its plan of compliance, the Company's specific circumstances, including the likelihood that the filing can be made within the exception period, the Company's past compliance history, the reasons for the late filing, corporate events that may occur within the exception period, the Company's general financial status, and the Company's disclosures to the market. This review will be based on information provided by a variety of sources, which may include the Company, its audit committee, its outside auditors, the staff of the SEC and any other regulatory body.	Rule citations updated. Defined terms capitalized. Updated reference to Exchange Act Rules to incorporate the defined term "Act" for consistency.

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
IM-4803 excerpt	Staff Review of Deficiency As provided in Rule 4803(a)(1)(A), the staff of the Listing Department may accept a plan to regain compliance with respect to quantitative deficiencies from standards that do not themselves provide a compliance period. Such standards include: Rules 4310(c)(3)(A) and 4310(c)(3)(C) Rule 4310(c)(6) Rule 4310(c)(7) (but only as to the number of publicly held shares, and not as to such shares' market value) Rule 4320(e)(2)(B) Rules 4320(e)(2)(B) Rules 4320(e)(4) and (5) (but only as to the number of publicly held shares, and not as to such shares' market value) Rules 4450(a)(1), (3), and (4) Rules 4450(b)(1)(B), (b)(2), and (b)(5), and Rules 4450(h)(1) and (4).	IM-5810-2	<ul> <li>Staff Review of Deficiencies</li> <li>As provided in Rule 5810(c)(2)(A)(i), the Staff may accept a plan to regain compliance with respect to quantitative deficiencies from standards that do not themselves provide a compliance period. Such standards include:</li> <li>Rules 5550(b)(1) [Stockholders' Equity] and 5550(b)(3) [Net Income from Continuing Operations]</li> <li>Rule 5550(a)(3) [Public Holders]</li> <li>Rule 5550(a)(4) [Publicly Held Shares]</li> <li>Rules 5350(b)(1)(B) [Publicly Held Shares], 5450(b)(1)(A) [Stockholders' Equity], and 5450(a)(2) [Total Holders]</li> <li>Rules 5450(b)(3)(A) [Total Assets/Total Revenue], 5450(b)(2)(B) [Publicly Held Shares], and 5450(a)(2) [Total Holders], and</li> <li>Rules 5460(a)(1) [Publicly Held Shares] and 5460(a)(4) [Public Holders].</li> </ul>	Rule citations updated. Note that the new rule contains descriptions adjacent to each rule citation.

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
IM-4803 excerpt	In a case where an issuer fails to comply with the requirement of Rules $4310(c)(3)(C)$ or $4450(b)(1)(B)$ , the Listing Department shall not accept a plan to achieve compliance with those requirements in the future, since compliance requires stated levels of net income or assets and revenues during completed fiscal years and therefore can only be demonstrated through audited financial statements. Similarly, an issuer may not submit a plan relying on partial-year performance to demonstrate compliance with these standards. An issuer cited for non-compliance with these requirements may, however, submit a plan that demonstrates current or near-term compliance with Rules $4310(c)(3)(A)$ or $4450(a)(3)$ (i.e., the alternative listing requirement relating to stockholders' equity), or Rules $4310(c)(3)(B)$ or $4450(b)(1)(A)$ (i.e., the alternative listing requirement relating to market value of listed securities).	5810(c)(2)(D)	Restrictions on Compliance Plans for Certain Deficiencies Staff will not accept a plan to achieve compliance with deficiencies in net income from continuing operations or total assets and total revenue, since compliance requires stated levels of net income or assets and revenues during completed fiscal years and therefore can only be demonstrated through audited financial statements. Similarly, a Company may not submit a plan relying on partial-year performance to demonstrate compliance with these standards. A Company may, however, submit a plan that demonstrates current or near-term compliance with the listing requirement relating to stockholders' equity or Market Value of Listed Securities.	The list of rule citations in the old rule was replaced with plain-English explanations of the standards behind the rule citations. The term "issuer" was replaced with the defined term "Company." Defined terms capitalized.

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
4804(a)	If the Listing Department reaches a determination to limit or prohibit the initial or continued listing of an issuer's securities or to issue a public reprimand letter, it shall prepare and provide to the issuer a Staff Determination that shall describe the specific grounds for the determination, identify the quantitative standard or qualitative consideration set forth in the Rule 4000 Series that the issuer has failed to satisfy, and provide notice that upon request the issuer shall be provided an opportunity for a hearing under this Rule 4800 Series.	5810(a)(1-3)	<ul> <li>Information Contained in Deficiency Notification and Delisting Determination</li> <li>Deficiency notifications and Delisting Determinations will: <ul> <li>(1) inform the Company of the factual bases for Staff's determination of deficiency or delisting, and the quantitative or qualitative standard the Company has failed to satisfy;</li> <li>(2) provide the Company with instructions regarding its obligations to disclose the deficiency under Nasdaq Listing Rules; and</li> <li>(3) inform the Company:</li> <li>(A) in the case of a Staff Delisting Determination, that the Company's securities will be suspended as of a date certain; the Company has a right to request review of the Delisting Determination by a Hearings Panel; and that a request for review within seven days (as set forth in Rule 5815(a)(1)) will stay the suspension;</li> <li>(B) in the case of a deficiency for which the Company may submit a plan of compliance for review by Staff, the deadline by which a plan must be submitted;</li> <li>(C) in the case of a Public Reprimand Letter, an explanation of why Staff concluded the letter is appropriate and the Company's right to request review of the Letter by a Hearings Panel.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	The old rule was significantly expanded to provide greater detail on the types of letters issued by Staff, and the effects of these letters. While the old rule only specified what is contained in a Staff Delisting Determination, the new rule provides detail on what is contained in each of the four types of deficiency letters. The term "issuer" was replaced with the defined term "Company." Defined terms capitalized.

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
4804(b)	An issuer that receives a Staff Determination under Rule 4804(a) shall make a public announcement through the news media disclosing the receipt of the Staff Determination, including the Rule(s) upon which the Staff Determination was based. Prior to the release of the public announcement, an issuer shall provide such disclosure to Nasdaq's Market Watch Department, the Listing Department, and the Hearings Department. The public announcement shall be made as promptly as possible, but not more than four business days following receipt of the Staff Determination.	5810(b)	Company Disclosure Obligations A Company that receives a notification of deficiency, Staff Delisting Determination, or Public Reprimand Letter is required to make a public announcement through the news media disclosing receipt of the notification and the Rule(s) upon which the deficiency is based. Before release of the public announcement, Companies should provide a copy of the announcement to Nasdaq's MarketWatch Department, the Listing Qualifications Department and the Hearings Department. The Company should make the public announcement as promptly as possible but not more than four business days following receipt of the notification.	Minor wording changes. The term "Staff Determination" was replaced with "notification of deficiency, Staff Delisting Determination, or Public Reprimand Letter" to reflect that: (i) the new rule is a combination of 4803(a) and 4804(b), and (ii) the old defined term "Staff Determination" was split into the defined terms "Staff Delisting Determination" and "Public Reprimand Letter." The term "issuer" was replaced with the defined term "Company," and "Listings Department" was replaced with "Listing Qualifications Department."

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text <sup>*</sup>	Comments
4804(c-d)	<ul> <li>(c) If review under the Rule 4800 Series of a Staff Determination described in Rule 4801(k)(1) is pending and the Listing Department identifies the existence of one or more additional deficiencies with respect to the issuer, the Listing Department shall prepare and provide to the issuer a Staff Determination with respect to such additional deficiencies. If the new Staff Determination is issued prior to a Panel hearing with respect to the original Staff Determination, the new Staff Determination shall notify the issuer that it should present its views with respect to the additional deficiencies at the Panel hearing. If the new Staff Determination is issued after a Panel hearing with respect to the original Staff Determination, the new Staff Determination shall inform the issuer that it should present its views with respect to the additional deficiencies in writing within the period specified in the Staff Determination, to allow review of the additional deficiencies as provided under Rule 4802(d).</li> <li>(d) If review under the Rule 4800 Series of a public reprimand letter is pending and the Listing Department identifies the existence of one or more additional deficiencies with respect to the issuer, the Listing Department shall review the additional deficiencies as provided in Rule 4803.</li> </ul>	5810(d)	<ul> <li>Additional Deficiencies</li> <li>The Listing Qualifications Department continues to evaluate the compliance of Companies while they are under review by Adjudicatory Bodies and may identify additional deficiencies. Upon identification of an additional deficiency, Staff will issue an additional notification of deficiency to the Company and send a copy to the appropriate Adjudicatory Body.</li> <li>(1) Staff's notification of the additional deficiency will conform to the requirements set forth in Rule 5810(a) if:</li> <li>(A) the matter under review by an Adjudicatory Body is a Public Reprimand Letter; or</li> <li>(B) the additional deficiency identified is one that has an automatic cure or compliance period.</li> <li>(2) If the additional deficiency is one that would in the normal course result in immediate suspension and delisting, or one for which the Company may submit a compliance plan to Staff for review, Staff's notification will instruct the Company to address the issue to the Hearings Panel at its hearing, unless the hearing for the original deficiency has already taken place. If the hearing has already taken place, Staff's notification will instruct the Company to provide in writing, within a specified time period, a submission that addresses the deficiency to the Adjudicatory Body before which its matter is pending.</li> </ul>	The meaning of the rules contained in 4804(c-d) is conveyed in the new rule, 5810(d), although it has been reworded and reorganized for clarity. The new rule provides more clarity on the treatment of situations that would result in a letter from Staff. Defined terms updated: "issuer" was replaced with the defined term "Company," and "Listings Department" was replaced with "Listing Qualifications Department."

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
4804(e)	Written Notice of Staff Determination If an issuer receives a Staff Determination (other than a Staff Determination that serves as a public reprimand letter as described in Rule 4801(k)(2)) and does not request a hearing within the period specified in Rule 4805, the securities of the issuer will be suspended and Nasdaq will follow the procedures described in IM-4800 and submit an application on Form 25 to the Securities and Exchange Commission to strike the security from listing.	5815(a)(2)	Failure to Request Results in Immediate Delisting If a Company fails to request in writing a hearing within seven calendar days, it waives its right to request review of a Delisting Determination. In that event, the Hearings Department will take action to suspend trading of the securities and follow procedures to delist the securities.	The concept conveyed in the 4804(e) is very similar to a concept conveyed in 4805(a) ("If no hearing is requested within the seven calendar day period, the right to request review is waived, and the Staff Determination shall take immediate effect.") As a result, we combined this rule and 4805(a) into the new rule at left, which was reworded for clarity. The term "issuer" was replaced with the defined term "Company."

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
4805(a) emphasis added	An issuer may, within seven calendar days of the date of the Staff Determination, request either a written or oral hearing to review the Staff Determination. Requests for hearings should be filed with the Hearings Department. Subject to the limitation in paragraph (b), a request for a hearing shall stay the delisting action pending the issuance of a Panel Decision. If no hearing is requested within the seven calendar day period, the right to request review is waived, and the Staff Determination shall take immediate effect. All hearings shall be held before a Listing Qualifications Panel as described in Rule 4806. All hearings shall be scheduled, to the extent practicable, within 45 days of the date that the request for hearing is filed, at a location determined by the Hearings Department. The Hearings Department shall make an acknowledgment of the issuer's hearing request stating the date, time, and location of the hearing, and the deadline for written submissions to the Listing Qualifications Panel. The issuer shall be provided at least 10 calendar days notice of the hearing unless the issuer waives such notice.	5815(a)(1)(A)	Timely Request Stays Delisting A Company may, within seven calendar days of the date of the Staff Delisting Determination notification, Public Reprimand Letter, or denial of a listing application, request a written or oral hearing before a Hearings Panel to review the Staff Delisting Determination. Subject to the limitation in paragraph (B) below, a timely request for a hearing will stay the suspension and delisting action pending the issuance of a written Panel Decision. Requests for hearings should be submitted in writing to the Hearings Department.	The italicized portion of the old rule is conveyed in the new rule. The new rule was reordered and reworded for clarity. Defined terms were updated: "issuer" was replaced with the defined term "Company," "Staff Determination" was replaced with "Staff Delisting Determination" and other descriptive language.

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
4805(a) emphasis added	An issuer may, within seven calendar days of the date of the Staff Determination, request either a written or oral hearing to review the Staff Determination. Requests for hearings should be filed with the Hearings Department. Subject to the limitation in paragraph (b), a request for a hearing shall stay the delisting action pending the issuance of a Panel Decision. <i>If no hearing is requested</i> <i>within the seven calendar day period, the right to request</i> <i>review is waived, and the Staff Determination shall take</i> <i>immediate effect. All hearings shall be held before a</i> <i>Listing Qualifications Panel as described in Rule 4806.</i> All hearings shall be scheduled, to the extent practicable, within 45 days of the date that the request for hearing is filed, at a location determined by the Hearings Department. The Hearings Department shall make an acknowledgment of the issuer's hearing request stating the date, time, and location of the hearing, and the deadline for written submissions to the Listing Qualifications Panel. The issuer shall be provided at least 10 calendar days notice of the hearing unless the issuer waives such notice.	5815(a)(2)	Failure to Request Results in Immediate Delisting If a Company fails to request in writing a hearing within seven calendar days, it waives its right to request review of a Delisting Determination. In that event, the Hearings Department will take action to suspend trading of the securities and follow procedures to delist the securities.	The italicized portion of the old rule is conveyed in the new rule. Note that the new rule omits the sentence "All hearings shall be held before a Listing Qualifications Panel as described in Rule 4806," since it is implied by the context of the rule. The new rule was reworded for clarity, and more detail was added to explain that a Company's securities would be delisted if it does not request a hearing.

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
4805(a) emphasis added	An issuer may, within seven calendar days of the date of the Staff Determination, request either a written or oral hearing to review the Staff Determination. Requests for hearings should be filed with the Hearings Department. Subject to the limitation in paragraph (b), a request for a hearing shall stay the delisting action pending the issuance of a Panel Decision. If no hearing is requested within the seven calendar day period, the right to request review is waived, and the Staff Determination shall take immediate effect. All hearings shall be held before a Listing Qualifications Panel as described in Rule 4806. <i>All hearings shall be scheduled, to the extent practicable,</i> <i>within 45 days of the date that the request for hearing is</i> <i>filed, at a location determined by the Hearings</i> <i>Department. The Hearings Department shall make an</i> <i>acknowledgment of the issuer's hearing request stating</i> <i>the date, time, and location of the hearing, and the</i> <i>deadline for written submissions to the Listing</i> <i>Qualifications Panel. The issuer shall be provided at</i> <i>least 10 calendar days notice of the hearing unless the</i> <i>issuer waives such notice.</i>	5815(a)(4)	Scheduling of Hearings The Hearings Department will schedule hearings to take place, to the extent practicable, within 45 days of the request for a hearing, at a location determined by the Hearings Department. The Hearings Department will send written acknowledgment of the Company's hearing request and inform the Company of the date, time, and location of the hearing, and deadlines for written submissions to the Hearings Panel. The Company will be provided at least ten calendar days notice of the hearing unless the Company waives such notice.	The italicized portion of the old rule is conveyed in the new rule. The new rule was reordered and reworded for clarity. Defined terms were updated: "issuer" was replaced with the defined term "Company."

### Rule Reference Table

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
4805(b)	A request for a hearing shall ordinarily stay the delisting action pending the issuance of a Panel Decision. However, if the Staff Determination relates to deficiencies from the standards of Rules 4310(c)(14) or 4320(e)(12), which require an issuer to timely file its periodic reports with the Commission, the delisting action will only be stayed for 15 calendar days from the deadline to request a hearing unless the issuer specifically requests and the Panel grants a further stay. A request for a further stay must include an explanation of why such a stay would be appropriate and should be included in the issuer's request for a hearing. Based on that submission and any recommendation provided by staff of the Listing Department, the Panel will determine whether to grant the issuer a further stay. In determining whether to grant the stay, the Panel will consider the company's specific circumstances, including the likelihood that the filing can be made within any exception period that could subsequently be granted, the company's past compliance history, the reasons for the late filing, corporate events that may occur within the exception period, the company's general financial status, and the company's disclosures to the market. The Panel will notify the company of its conclusion as soon as is practicable, but in no event more than 15 calendar days following the deadline to request the hearing. In the event the Panel determines not to grant the issuer a stay, the issuer's securities will be immediately suspended and will remain suspended unless the Panel Decision issued after the hearing determines to reinstate the securities.	5815(a)(1)(B)	A request for a hearing shall ordinarily stay the delisting action pending the issuance of a Panel Decision. However, if the Staff Delisting Determination relates to deficiencies from the standards of Rule 5250(c)(1) or (2), which require a Company to timely file its periodic reports with the Commission, the delisting action will only be stayed for 15 calendar days from the deadline to request a hearing unless the Company specifically requests and the Hearings Panel grants a further stay. A request for a further stay must include an explanation of why such a stay would be appropriate and should be included in the Company's request for a hearing. Based on that submission and any recommendation provided by Staff, the Hearings Panel will determine whether to grant the Company a further stay. In determining whether to grant the stay, the Hearings Panel will consider the Company's specific circumstances, including the likelihood that the filing can be made within any exception period that could subsequently be granted, the Company's past compliance history, the reasons for the late filing, corporate events that may occur within the exception period, the Company's general financial status, and the Company's disclosures to the market. The Hearings Panel will notify the Company of its conclusion as soon as is practicable, but in no event more than 15 calendar days following the deadline to request the hearing. In the event the Hearings Panel determines not to grant the Company a stay, the Company's securities will be immediately suspended and will remain suspended unless the Panel Decision issued after the	Defined terms capitalized. The term "issuer" was replaced with the defined term "Company." Rule citations updated. The term "Panel" was replaced with the defined term "Hearings Panel."

\* The new rule text will be operational on April 13, 2009.

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
			hearing determines to reinstate the securities.	
4805(c)	The issuer may file a written submission with the Hearings Department stating the specific grounds for the issuer's contention that the Staff Determination was in error or requesting that the Listing Qualifications Panel grant an exception, as permitted by Rule 4802. The issuer may also submit any documents or other written material in support of its request for review, including any information not available at the time of the Staff Determination.	5815(a)(5)	Submissions from Company The Company may submit to the Hearings Department a written plan of compliance and request that the Hearings Panel grant an exception to the listing standards for a limited time period, as permitted by Rule 5815(c)(1)(A) or may set forth specific grounds for the Company's contention that the issuance of a Staff Delisting Determination, Public Reprimand Letter, or denial of a listing application, was in error, and may also submit public documents or other written material in support of its position, including any information not available at the time of the Staff Determination. The Hearings Panel will review the written record, as described in Rule 5840(a), before the hearing.	The new rule provides a more detailed description of the plan that the Company should submit, and adds clarity to the point that the Hearings Panel will review such plan and other items in the record prior to the Hearing (from 4806(a)). The term "issuer" was replaced with the defined term "Company."

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
4805(d)	<ul> <li>Within 15 calendar days of the date of the Staff</li> <li>Determination, but in no event after the time of the hearing, the issuer must submit a hearing fee to The</li> <li>Nasdaq Stock Market, Inc., to cover the cost of holding the hearing, as follows:</li> <li>(1) where consideration is on the basis of written submission from the issuer, \$4,000; or</li> <li>(2) where consideration is on the basis of an oral hearing, whether in person or by telephone, \$5,000.</li> </ul>	5815(a)(3)	Fees Within 15 calendar days of the date of the Staff Delisting Determination the Company must submit a hearing fee to The Nasdaq Stock Market, LLC, to cover the cost of the hearing, as follows: (A) when the Company has requested a written hearing, \$4,000; or (B) when the Company has requested an oral hearing, whether in person or by telephone, \$5,000.	Reworded for clarity. The term "issuer" was replaced with the defined term "Company," and "Staff Determination" was replaced with "Staff Delisting Determination." The "Nasdaq Stock Market, Inc." was updated to "The Nasdaq Stock Market, LLC."
4806(a) emphasis added	All hearings shall be conducted before a Listing Qualifications Panel. Prior to the hearing, the Listing Qualifications Panel shall review the written record, as defined in Rule 4811. At the hearing, the issuer may make such presentation as it deems appropriate, including the appearance by its officers, directors, accountants, counsel, investment bankers, or other persons. Hearings are generally scheduled to last one hour, but may be extended at the discretion of the Listing Qualifications Panel. The Listing Qualifications Panel may question any representative of the issuer appearing at the hearing. A transcript of oral hearings shall be kept. The record of proceedings before a Listing Qualifications Panel shall be kept by the Hearings Department.	5815(a)(5)	Submissions from Company The Company may submit to the Hearings Department a written plan of compliance and request that the Hearings Panel grant an exception to the listing standards for a limited time period, as permitted by Rule 5815(c)(1)(A) or may set forth specific grounds for the Company's contention that the issuance of a Staff Delisting Determination, Public Reprimand Letter, or denial of a listing application, was in error, and may also submit public documents or other written material in support of its position. The Hearings Panel will review the written record, as described in Rule 5840(a), before the hearing.	The sentence "All hearings shall be conducted before a Listing Qualifications Panel" was omitted since: a) it is implied by the rules; and b) reads more clearly without such a sentence. The new rule also includes concepts from 4805(b) - see above. The term "issuer" was replaced with the defined term "Company." Rule citations updated.

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
4806(a) emphasis added	The Listing Qualification Panel All hearings shall be conducted before a Listing Qualifications Panel. Prior to the hearing, the Listing Qualifications Panel shall review the written record, as defined in Rule 4811. At the hearing, the issuer may make such presentation as it deems appropriate, including the appearance by its officers, directors, accountants, counsel, investment bankers, or other persons. Hearings are generally scheduled to last one hour, but may be extended at the discretion of the Listing Qualifications Panel. The Listing Qualifications Panel may question any representative of the issuer appearing at the hearing. A transcript of oral hearings shall be kept. The record of proceedings before a Listing Qualifications Panel shall be kept by the Hearings Department.		Presentation at Hearing At an oral hearing, the Company may make such presentation as it deems appropriate, including the appearance by its officers, directors, accountants, counsel, investment bankers, or other persons, and the Hearings Panel may question any representative appearing at the hearing. Hearings are generally scheduled to last one hour, but the Hearings Panel may extend the time. The Hearings Department will arrange for and keep on file a transcript of oral hearings.	The italicized portion of the old rule is conveyed in the new rule. The concepts included in the old rule were reorganized and reworded, but retain the original meaning. The term "issuer" was replaced with the defined term "Company," and "Listing Qualifications Panel" was replaced with "Hearings Panel." The new rule clarifies that a Company may only make a presentation to the Hearings Panel at an oral hearing; at at written hearing, the Hearings Panel merely considers the written record.

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
4806(b) emphasis added	After the hearing, the Listing Qualifications Panel shall issue a Panel Decision that meets the requirements of Rule 4811, and, except as provided in paragraph (c), each member of the Listing Qualifications Panel shall affirmatively approve it. The Panel Decision shall be promptly provided to the issuer and is effective immediately unless it specifies to the contrary. If the Panel determines to delist the issuer, the securities of the issuer will be immediately suspended, unless the Panel Decision specifies to the contrary. The Panel Decision shall provide notice that the issuer may request review of the Panel Decision by the Listing Council within 15 calendar days of the date of the Panel Decision and that the Panel Decision may be called for review by the Listing Council within 45 calendar days from the date of the Panel Decision pursuant to Rule 4807.	5815(d)(1)	Panel Decision After the hearing, the Hearings Department, on behalf of the Hearings Panel, will issue a Panel Decision that meets the requirements of Rule 5840(c) and has been approved by each member of the Hearings Panel. The Panel Decision shall be promptly provided to the Company, and is effective immediately upon issuance, unless it specifies to the contrary. The Panel Decision will provide notice that the Company may appeal the Panel Decision to the Listing Council within 15 calendar days of the date of the Decision and that the Decision may be called for review by the Listing Council within 45 calendar days from the date of the Decision.	The italicized portion of the old rule is conveyed in the new rule. The term "issuer" was replaced with the defined term "Company." Minor wording changes for clarity. Rule citations updated.

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
4806(b) emphasis added	After the hearing, the Listing Qualifications Panel shall issue a Panel Decision that meets the requirements of Rule 4811, and, except as provided in paragraph (c), each member of the Listing Qualifications Panel shall affirmatively approve it. The Panel Decision shall be promptly provided to the issuer and is effective immediately unless it specifies to the contrary. <i>If the</i> <i>Panel determines to delist the issuer, the securities of the</i> <i>issuer will be immediately suspended, unless the Panel</i> <i>Decision specifies to the contrary</i> . The Panel Decision shall provide notice that the issuer may request review of the Panel Decision by the Listing Council within 15 calendar days of the date of the Panel Decision and that the Panel Decision may be called for review by the Listing Council within 45 calendar days from the date of the Panel Decision pursuant to Rule 4807.	5815(d)(2) emphasis added	Form 25 Notification of Delisting If the Panel Decision is to delist the Company's securities, the Hearings Department will immediately take action to suspend trading of the securities, unless the Decision specifies to the contrary. If the Company does not appeal a delist Decision and the Listing Council does not call the matter for review, or withdraws its call for review, Nasdaq will follow the procedures described in Rule 5830 to submit an application on Form 25 to the SEC to strike the security from listing.	The italicized portion of the old rule is conveyed in the italicized portion of the new rule. The term "issuer" was replaced with the defined term "Company." Defined terms capitalized.

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
4806(c)	If, following the hearing, the Listing Qualifications Panel cannot reach an unanimous decision regarding the matter under review, a Panel Decision shall not be issued and the issuer shall be notified of this circumstance. Thereafter, the issuer shall be provided an additional hearing before a Listing Qualifications Panel composed of three persons who did not participate in the previous hearing. The issuer may determine whether the hearing shall be conducted based on the written record or an oral hearing, whether in person or by telephone. The issuer may submit any documents or other written material in support of its request for review, including any information not available at the time of the initial hearing before the Listing Qualifications Panel. There shall be no fee for the new hearing. After a hearing of a Listing Qualifications Panel convened pursuant to this paragraph (c), the Listing Qualifications Panel shall issue a Panel Decision that meets the requirements of Rule 4811 and that has been affirmatively approved by at least a majority of the Listing Qualifications Panel.	5815(d)(3)	Hearings Panel Deadlock If, following the hearing, the Hearings Panel cannot reach a unanimous decision, the Hearings Department will notify the Company of this circumstance. The Company will be provided an additional hearing before a Hearings Panel composed of three members who did not participate in the previous hearing. The Company may decide whether the hearing will be written or oral, in person or by telephone. The Company may submit any documents or other written material in support of its request for review, including information not available at the time of the initial hearing. There will be no fee for the new hearing. After review by a Hearings Panel convened pursuant to this paragraph, the Hearings Department on behalf of the Hearings Panel will issue a Decision that meets the requirements of Rule 5840(c) and that has been approved by at least a majority of the Hearings Panel.	The term "Listing Qualifications Panel" was updated to "Hearings Panel," and "issuer" was replaced with the defined term "Company." Certain clarifications and minor wording changes were made to the new rule. Rule citations updated. Rule citation updated. Defined terms capitalized.

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
4806(d)(1)	In the event that: (A) a Listing Qualifications Panel exercises its authority under Rule 4802(b) to grant an exception from listing standards in the Rule 4000 Series requiring the issuer to maintain certain levels of stockholders' equity or to timely file periodic reports with the Commission; and (B) within one year following the date on which the issuer regains compliance with such listing standard, the issuer is found by the Listing Department to be out of compliance with the requirement that was the subject of the exception, and the Panel has not opted to monitor the issuer pursuant to Rule 4806(d)(2), then, notwithstanding Rule 4803, the issuer shall not be permitted to provide the Listing Department with a plan to regain compliance, and the Listing Department shall not be permitted to grant additional time for the issuer to regain compliance. The Listing Department shall provide the issuer with a Staff Determination, and the issuer may request review by a Panel pursuant to Rule 4805. The Panel shall consider the prior non-compliance when rendering its decision.	5815(d)(4)(B)	Procedures Applicable for Recurring Deficiencies ***** (B) No Hearings Panel Monitor If a Hearings Panel has not opted to monitor a Company that has regained compliance with the listing standards requiring the Company to maintain certain levels of stockholders' equity or to timely file periodic reports, and within one year of the date the Company regained compliance with such listing standard, the Listing Qualifications Department finds the Company again out of compliance with the requirement that was the subject of the exception, then, notwithstanding Rule 5810(c)(2), the Listing Qualifications Department will not allow the Company to provide it with a plan of compliance. Rather, the Listing Qualifications Department will promptly issue a Staff Delisting Determination, and the Company may request review by a Hearings Panel. The Hearings Panel will consider the Company's compliance history when rendering its Decision.	The new rule combines paragraphs (A) and (B) of the old rule. The term "issuer" was replaced with the defined term "Company." Rule citation updated. Defined terms capitalized.

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
4806(d)(2)	In the event that a Listing Qualifications Panel exercises its authority under Rule 4802(b) to grant an exception from any listing standard in the Rule 4000 Series and the issuer regains compliance with all applicable listing standards, the Panel may nevertheless monitor the issuer's continued compliance for a period of up to one year following the date on which the issuer regains compliance if the Panel concludes that there is a likelihood that the issuer will fail to maintain compliance with one or more listing standards during that period. If the Panel or the Listing Department determines that an issuer that is being monitored fails to satisfy any listing standards during the monitoring period, the Panel (or a newly convened Panel if the initial Panel is unavailable) shall promptly schedule an oral hearing with respect to such failure pursuant to Rule 4806(a) (unless the issuer requests consideration based on written submission in lieu of an oral hearing). Notwithstanding Rule 4803, the issuer shall not be permitted to provide the Listing Department with a plan to regain compliance with respect to any new deficiency that arises during the monitoring period, and the Listing Department shall not be permitted to grant additional time for the issuer to regain compliance with respect to any such new deficiency. The Panel shall consider the prior non-compliance when rendering its decision.	5815(d)(4)(A)	Hearings Panel Monitor A Hearings Panel may, after a Company regains compliance with all applicable listing standards, monitor the Company's continued compliance for up to one year after the compliance date, if the Hearings Panel concludes that there is a likelihood that the issuer will fail to maintain compliance with one or more listing standards during that period. If the Hearings Panel or the Listing Qualifications Department determines that a Company under Hearings Panel monitor fails any listing standard during the monitor period, the Staff will issue a Staff Delisting Determination and the Hearings Department will promptly schedule a new hearing, with the initial Hearings Panel or a newly convened Hearings Panel if the initial Hearings Panel is unavailable. The hearing may be oral or written, at the Company's election. Notwithstanding Rule 5810(c)(2), the Company will not be permitted to provide the Listing Qualifications Department with a plan of compliance with respect to any deficiency that arises during the monitor period, and the Listing Qualifications Department will not be permitted to grant additional time for the Company to regain compliance with respect to any deficiency. The Hearings Panel will consider the Company's compliance history when rendering its Decision.	The term "issuer" was replaced with the defined term "Company," "Listings Department" was updated to "Listing Qualifications Department," and "Panel" was updated to "Hearings Panel." The new rule was significantly reworded for clarity. Defined terms capitalized.

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
4806(e)	If the Panel determines to delist the issuer and the issuer does not timely request review by the Listing Council and the Listing Council does not call the matter for review or withdraws its call for review, Nasdaq will follow the procedures described in IM-4800 and submit an application on Form 25 to the Securities and Exchange Commission to strike the security from listing.	5815(d)(2)	Form 25 Notification of Delisting If the Hearings Panel issues a Decision to delist the Company's securities, the Hearings Department will immediately take action to suspend trading of the securities, unless the Decision specifies to the contrary. If the Company does not appeal a Decision to delist and the Listing Council does not call the matter for review, or withdraws its call for review, Nasdaq will follow the procedures described in Rule 5830 to submit an application on Form 25 to the SEC to strike the security from listing.	The term "issuer" was replaced with the defined term "Company." The new rule conveys the same information as the old, but provides greater clarity. Rule citations updated.
4807(a)	The issuer may initiate the Listing Council's review of any Panel Decision by making a written request within 15 calendar days of the date of the decision. Requests for review should be addressed to the Listing Council in care of the Nasdaq Office of Appeals and Review. The request shall not operate as a stay of the Panel Decision. Also within 15 calendar days of the date of the Panel Decision, the issuer must submit a fee of \$4,000 to The Nasdaq Stock Market, Inc. to cover the cost of the review. Upon receipt of the request for review and the applicable fee, the Nasdaq Office of Appeals and Review shall make an acknowledgment of the issuer's request stating the deadline for the issuer to provide any written submissions.	5820(a)	Procedure for Requesting Appeal A Company may appeal any Panel Decision to the Listing Council by submitting a written request for appeal and a fee of \$4,000 to the Nasdaq Office of Appeals and Review within 15 calendar days of the date of the Panel Decision. An appeal will not operate as a stay of the Panel Decision. Upon receipt of the appeal request and the applicable fee, the Nasdaq Office of Appeals and Review will acknowledge the Company's request and provide deadlines for the Company to provide written submissions.	The term "issuer" was replaced with the defined term "Company." Note that the new rule conveys the same information as the old rule, but more compactly.

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
4807(b)	The Listing Council may also consider any Panel Decision upon the request of one or more members of the Listing Council within 45 calendar days of the date of the Panel Decision. The issuer shall be promptly informed of the reasons for the review and shall be provided a deadline to provide a written submission if the issuer wishes. The institution of discretionary review by the Listing Council shall not operate as a stay of the Panel Decision, unless the call for review specifies to the contrary. At the sole discretion of the Listing Council, the call for review of a Panel Decision may be withdrawn at any time prior to the issuance of a decision.	5820(b)	Procedures for Initiating Call for Review The Listing Council may also call for review any Panel Decision upon the request of one or more members of the Listing Council within 45 calendar days of the date of the Panel Decision. The Office of Appeals and Review will promptly inform the Company of the reasons for the review and provide a deadline for written submissions. A call for review by the Listing Council will not operate as a stay of the Panel Decision, unless the call for review specifies to the contrary. The Listing Council may withdraw the call for review of a Panel Decision at any time.	The new rule mirrors the old, and is substantively similar, but contains minor wording changes for clarity. The term "issuer" was replaced with the defined term "Company."

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text <sup>*</sup>	Comments
4807(c) emphasis added	The Listing Council shall consider the written record and, at its discretion, hold additional hearings. Any hearing shall be scheduled, to the extent practicable, within 45 days of the date that a request for review initiated by either the issuer or one or more members of the Listing Council, is made. The Listing Council may also recommend that the Nasdaq Board consider the matter. The record of proceedings before the Listing Council shall be kept by the Nasdaq Office of Appeals and Review.	5820(e)(1) emphasis added	Review Generally on Written Record For each matter before the Listing Council, whether on appeal for call for review, a subcommittee consisting of at least two members of the Listing Council will review the written record, as described in Rule 5840(a). Members of the Listing Council who are not on a subcommittee will be provided with a written summary of the record prepared by an Advisor, and may, but will not be required to, review the written record. <i>The Listing</i> <i>Council shall consider the written record and, at its</i> <i>discretion, may request additional written materials</i> <i>and/or hold additional hearings. If an oral hearing is</i> <i>scheduled, it will take place, to the extent practicable,</i> <i>within 45 days of the date the appeal was submitted or</i> <i>the call for review was initiated.</i>	The italicized portion of the old rule is conveyed in the italicized portion of the new rule. Note that the new rule includes greater clarity on the fact that the Listing Council will "generally issue its Decision after review of the written record only." Otherwise these excerpts are substantively similar.
4807(c) emphasis added	The Listing Council shall consider the written record and, at its discretion, hold additional hearings. Any hearing shall be scheduled, to the extent practicable, within 45 days of the date that a request for review initiated by either the issuer or one or more members of the Listing Council, is made. <i>The Listing Council may also</i> <i>recommend that the Nasdaq Board consider the matter.</i> The record of proceedings before the Listing Council shall be kept by the Nasdaq Office of Appeals and Review.	5820(d)(5)	The Listing Council may also recommend that the Nasdaq Board consider the matter.	The italicized portion of the old rule is conveyed in the new rule.

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
4807(c) emphasis added	The Listing Council shall consider the written record and, at its discretion, hold additional hearings. Any hearing shall be scheduled, to the extent practicable, within 45 days of the date that a request for review initiated by either the issuer or one or more members of the Listing Council, is made. The Listing Council may also recommend that the Nasdaq Board consider the matter. <i>The record of proceedings before the Listing Council</i> <i>shall be kept by the Nasdaq Office of Appeals and</i> <i>Review.</i>	5820(e)(2)	Record of Proceedings Maintained A record of the documents considered by the Listing Council will be kept by the Nasdaq Office of Appeals and Review.	Minor wording changes: "proceedings before" was changed to "documents considered by".
4807(d)	In each proceeding before the Listing Council, a subcommittee consisting of at least two members of the Listing Council shall review the complete written record. Members of the Listing Council who are not on a subcommittee shall be provided with a written summary of the record prepared by an Advisor, and may, but shall not be required to, review the complete written record.	5820(e)(1) emphasis added	Review Generally on Written Record For each matter before the Listing Council, a subcommittee consisting of at least two members of the Listing Council will review the written record, as described in Rule 5840(a). Members of the Listing Council who are not on a subcommittee will be provided with a written summary of the record prepared by an Advisor, and may, but will not be required to, review the written record. The Listing Council shall consider the written record and, at its discretion, may request additional written materials and/or hold additional hearings. If an oral hearing is scheduled, it will take place, to the extent practicable, within 45 days of the date the appeal was submitted or the call for review was initiated.	The old rule is conveyed in the italicized portion of the new rule. Minor rewording for clarity.

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
4807(e) emphasis added	The Listing Council shall issue a Listing Council Decision that affirms, modifies, or reverses the Panel Decision or that remands the matter to the Listing Department or to the Listing Qualifications Panel for further consideration. The Listing Council Decision shall be affirmatively approved by at least a majority of the Listing Council and shall meet the requirements of Rule 4811. The Listing Council Decision shall provide notice that the Nasdaq Board may call the Listing Council Decision for review at any time before its next meeting which is at least 15 calendar days following the issuance of the Listing Council Decision. The Listing Council Decision shall be promptly provided to the issuer and shall take immediate effect unless it specifies to the contrary. If the Listing Council determines to delist the issuer, the securities of the issuer will be immediately suspended, unless the Listing Council Decision specifies to the contrary.	5820(d)(1) emphasis added	Scope of Listing Council's Discretion (1) <i>The Listing Council may, where it deems appropriate, affirm, modify, or reverse the Panel Decision, or remand the matter to the Listing Qualifications Department or to the Hearings Panel for further consideration.</i> The Listing Council may grant an exception for a period not longer than 360 calendar days from the date of the Staff Delisting Determination with respect to the deficiency for which the exception is granted. The Listing Council also may issue a Decision that serves as a Public Reprimand Letter in cases where the Company has violated a Nasdaq corporate governance or notification listing standard (other than one required by Rule 10A-3 of the Act) and the Listing Council determines that delisting is an inappropriate sanction. In determining whether to issue a Public Reprimand Letter, the Listing Council will consider whether the violation was inadvertent, whether the violation materially adversely affected shareholders' interests, whether the violation has been cured, whether the Company reasonably relied on an independent advisor and whether the Company has demonstrated a pattern of violations.	The italicized portion of the old is conveyed in the italicized portion of the new rule. Minor wording changes; the phrase "shall issue a Listing Council Decision" was omitted since it is implied by the context of the rule. Defined terms capitalized.

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
4807(e) emphasis added	The Listing Council shall issue a Listing Council Decision that affirms, modifies, or reverses the Panel Decision or that remands the matter to the Listing Department or to the Listing Qualifications Panel for further consideration. <i>The Listing Council Decision shall</i> <i>be affirmatively approved by at least a majority of the</i> <i>Listing Council and shall meet the requirements of Rule</i> <i>4811</i> . The Listing Council Decision shall provide notice that the Nasdaq Board may call the Listing Council Decision for review at any time before its next meeting which is at least 15 calendar days following the issuance of the Listing Council Decision. The Listing Council Decision shall be promptly provided to the issuer and shall take immediate effect unless it specifies to the contrary. If the Listing Council determines to delist the issuer, the securities of the issuer will be immediately suspended, unless the Listing Council Decision specifies to the contrary.	5820(e)(3)	Written Decision Issued A written Listing Council Decision meeting the requirements of 5840(c) will be issued after approval by at least a majority of the Listing Council. The Listing Council Decision will be promptly provided to the Company and will take immediate effect unless it specifies to the contrary. If the Listing Council determines to delist the Company, the securities of the Company will be immediately suspended, unless the Listing Council Decision specifies to the contrary.	The italicized portions of the old rule are conveyed in the new rule. Minor wording changes for clarity. The term "issuer" was replaced with the defined term "Company." Rule citation updated.

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
4807(e) emphasis added	The Listing Council shall issue a Listing Council Decision that affirms, modifies, or reverses the Panel Decision or that remands the matter to the Listing Department or to the Listing Qualifications Panel for further consideration. The Listing Council Decision shall be affirmatively approved by at least a majority of the Listing Council and shall meet the requirements of Rule 4811. The Listing Council Decision shall provide notice that the Nasdaq Board may call the Listing Council Decision for review at any time before its next meeting which is at least 15 calendar days following the issuance of the Listing Council Decision. The Listing Council Decision shall be promptly provided to the issuer and shall take immediate effect unless it specifies to the contrary. If the Listing Council determines to delist the issuer, the securities of the issuer will be immediately suspended, unless the Listing Council Decision specifies to the contrary.	5820(e)(5)	Notice of Board Right to Call The Listing Council Decision will provide notice that the Nasdaq Board may call the Listing Council Decision for review pursuant to provisions in Rule 5825.	The italicized portions of the old rule are conveyed in the new rule. Minor wording changes for clarity. The phrase "at any time before its next meeting which is at least 15 calendar days following the issuance of the Listing Council Decision" was shortened to "pursuant to provisions in Rule 5825."
4807(f)	If the Listing Council determines to delist the issuer and the Nasdaq Board does not call the matter for review or withdraws its call for review, Nasdaq will follow the procedures described in IM-4800 and submit an application on Form 25 to the Securities and Exchange Commission to strike the security from listing.	5820(e)(6)	Form 25 Notification of Delisting If the Listing Council determines to delist the Company and the Nasdaq Board does not call the matter for review or withdraws its call for review, Nasdaq will follow the procedures described in Rule 5830 to submit an application on Form 25 to the Securities and Exchange Commission to delist the security.	The term "issuer" was replaced with the defined term "Company." Minor wording changes. Rule citation updated.

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
4808(a)	An issuer may request that the Listing Qualifications Panel reconsider a Panel Decision only upon the basis that a mistake of material fact existed at the time of the Panel Decision. The issuer's request shall be made within seven calendar days of the date of issuance of the Panel Decision. An issuer's request for reconsideration shall not stay a Listing Qualifications Panel delisting determination unless the Listing Qualifications Panel issues a written determination staying the delisting prior to the scheduled date for delisting. An issuer's request for reconsideration shall not toll the time period set forth in Rule 4807(a) for the issuer to initiate the Listing Council's review of the Panel Decision. If the Listing Qualifications Panel grants an issuer's reconsideration request, the Listing Qualifications Panel shall issue a modified decision meeting the requirements of Rule 4806(b) within 15 calendar days following the issuance of the original Panel Decision or lose jurisdiction over the matter. If the Listing Council calls a Panel Decision for review on the same issue that the issuer has requested reconsideration by the Listing Qualifications Panel, the Listing Council, in its discretion, may assert jurisdiction over the Panel Decision or may permit the Listing Qualifications Panel to proceed with the reconsideration.	5815(d)(5)	<ul> <li>Request for Hearings Panel Reconsideration</li> <li>A Company may request, in writing, that the Hearings</li> <li>Panel reconsider a Panel Decision only upon the basis</li> <li>that a mistake of material fact existed at the time of the</li> <li>Panel Decision. The Company's request for</li> <li>reconsideration shall be made within seven calendar days</li> <li>of the date of issuance of the Panel Decision. A</li> <li>Company's request for reconsideration will not stay a</li> <li>delisting determination or suspension of trading of the</li> <li>Company's securities, unless the Hearings Panel, before</li> <li>the scheduled date for suspension, issues a written</li> <li>determination staying the suspension and/or reversing the</li> <li>determination to delist. A Company's request for</li> <li>reconsideration will not extend the time for the Company</li> <li>to initiate the Listing Council's review of the Panel</li> <li>Decision.</li> <li>If the Hearings Panel grants a Company's reconsideration</li> <li>requirements of Rule 5840(c) within 15 calendar days of</li> <li>the date of the original Panel Decision, or lose</li> <li>jurisdiction over the matter. If the Listing Council calls a</li> <li>Panel Decision for review on the same issue that the</li> <li>Company has requested reconsideration by the Hearings</li> <li>Panel, the Listing Council may assert jurisdiction over</li> <li>the initial Panel Decision or permit the Hearings Panel to</li> <li>proceed with the reconsideration and issue a new</li> <li>Decision.</li> </ul>	The new rule clarifies that such requests for reconsideration must be made in writing. Defined terms were updated: "Listing Qualifications Panel" was replaced with "Hearings Panel," and "issuer" was replaced with the defined term "Company." Rule citation updated. Defined terms capitalized.

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
4808(b)	An issuer may request that the Listing Council reconsider a Listing Council Decision only upon the basis that a mistake of material fact existed at the time of the Listing Council Decision. The issuer's request shall be made within seven calendar days of the date of issuance of the Listing Council Decision. An issuer's request for reconsideration shall not stay a Listing Council Decision unless the Listing Council issues a written determination staying the decision. If the Listing Council grants an issuer's reconsideration request, the Listing Council shall issue a modified decision meeting the requirements of Rule 4807(e) within 15 calendar days following the issuance of the original Listing Council Decision or lose jurisdiction over the matter.	5820(e)(4)	Reconsideration of a Listing Council Decision A Company may request, in writing, that the Listing Council reconsider a Listing Council Decision only upon the basis that a mistake of material fact existed at the time of the Listing Council Decision. The Company's request must be made within seven calendar days of the date of the Listing Council Decision. A Company's request for reconsideration will not stay a Listing Council Decision unless the Listing Council issues a written determination staying the Decision. If the Listing Council grants a Company's reconsideration request, the Listing Council will issue a modified Decision meeting the requirements of Rule 5840(c) within 15 calendar days of the date of the original Listing Council Decision, or lose jurisdiction over the matter.	The new rule clarifies that such requests for reconsideration must be made in writing. Minor wording changes. The term "issuer" was replaced with the defined term "Company." Rule citation updated.
4808(c)	The Listing Qualifications Panel and the Listing Council may correct clerical or other non-substantive errors in their respective decisions either on their own motion or at the request of an issuer. A copy of any such corrected decision shall be provided to the issuer.	5840(d)	Correction of Clerical Errors The Hearings Panel and the Listing Council may correct clerical or other non-substantive errors in their respective Decisions either on their own motion or at the request of a Company. A copy of any such corrected Decision will be provided to the Company.	Defined terms updated. "Listing Qualifications Panel" was replaced with "Hearings Panel," and "issuer" was replaced with the defined term "Company." Defined terms capitalized.

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
4809(a)	A Listing Council Decision or a Panel Decision, in a matter where the Listing Qualifications Panel has granted the maximum exception period and the Listing Council is precluded from granting additional time under Rule 4802(b)(2)(B), may be called for review by the Nasdaq Board solely upon the request of one or more Director not later than the next Nasdaq Board meeting that is 15 calendar days or more following the date of the Listing Council or Panel Decision. Such review shall be undertaken solely at the discretion of the Nasdaq Board and will not operate as a stay of the Listing Council or Panel Decision, unless the call for review specifies to the contrary. At the sole discretion of the Nasdaq Board, the call for review of a Listing Council or Panel Decision may be withdrawn at any time prior to the issuance of a decision.	5825(a)	Review at Discretion of Board A Panel Decision, in a matter where the Hearings Panel has granted the maximum exception period and the Listing Council is precluded from granting additional time under Rules 5815(c)(1)(F) and 5820(d)(4), or a Listing Council Decision may be called for review by the Board of Directors of Nasdaq (the "Nasdaq Board") solely upon the request of one or more Board members not later than the next Nasdaq Board meeting that is 15 calendar days or more following the date of the Panel or Listing Council Decision. This review will be undertaken solely at the discretion of the Nasdaq Board and will not operate as a stay of the Panel or Listing Council Decision, unless the Board's call for review specifies to the contrary. At the sole discretion of the Nasdaq Board, it may withdraw its call for review of a Panel or Listing Council Decision at any time before issuance of a Decision.	The term "Director" was replaced with the term "Board member," for clarity. Minor wording changes. Rule citations updated. Defined terms capitalized.
4809(b)	If the Nasdaq Board conducts a discretionary review, the review generally shall be based on the written record considered by the Listing Council or Listing Qualifications Panel. However, the Nasdaq Board may, at its discretion, request and consider additional information from the issuer and/or from staff of the Listing Department. If the Board considers additional information, the record of proceedings before the Nasdaq Board shall be kept by the Nasdaq Office of Appeals and Review.	5825(c)	Review on Written Record If the Nasdaq Board conducts a discretionary review, the review generally will be based on the written record considered by the Hearings Panel or Listing Council. However, the Nasdaq Board may, at its discretion, request and consider additional information from the Company and/or from Staff. If the Board considers additional information, a record of the documents reviewed by the Nasdaq Board will be kept by the Nasdaq Office of Appeals and Review.	The term "issuer" was replaced with the defined term "Company." Defined terms capitalized.

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
4809(c)	If the Nasdaq Board conducts a discretionary review, the issuer shall be provided with a written decision that meets the requirements of Rule 4811. The Nasdaq Board may affirm, modify or reverse the Listing Council or Panel Decision and may remand the matter to the Listing Council, Listing Qualifications Panel, or staff of the Listing Department with appropriate instructions. The decision of the Nasdaq Board will take immediate effect, unless it specifies to the contrary, and represents the final action of Nasdaq . If the Nasdaq Board determines to delist the issuer, the securities of the issuer will be immediately suspended, unless the Nasdaq Board specifies to the contrary, and Nasdaq will follow the procedures described in IM-4800 and submit an application on Form 25 to the Commission to strike the security from listing.	5825(d)	Board Decision If the Nasdaq Board conducts a discretionary review, the Company will be provided a written Decision that meets the requirements of Rule 5840(c). The Nasdaq Board may affirm, modify or reverse the Panel or Listing Council Decision and may remand the matter to the Listing Council, Hearings Panel, or staff of the Listing Qualifications Department with appropriate instructions. The Nasdaq Board also may issue a Decision that serves as a Public Reprimand Letter in cases where the Company has violated a Nasdaq corporate governance or notification listing standard (other than one required by Rule 10A-3 of the Act) and the Nasdaq Board determines that delisting is an inappropriate sanction. In determining whether to issue a Public Reprimand Letter, the Nasdaq Board will consider whether the violation was inadvertent, whether the violation materially adversely affected shareholders' interests, whether the violation has been cured, whether the Company reasonably relied on an independent advisor and whether the Company has demonstrated a pattern of violations. The Decision of the Nasdaq Board will take immediate effect, unless it specifies to the contrary, and represents the final action of Nasdaq. If the Nasdaq Board determines to delist the Company, the securities of the Company will be immediately suspended, unless the Nasdaq Board specifies to the contrary, and Nasdaq will follow the procedures contained in Rule 5830 and submit an application on Form 25 to the Commission to strike the security from listing.	The term "issuer" was replaced with the defined term "Company." Minor wording changes. Rule citations updated. Defined terms capitalized.

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text <sup>*</sup>	Comments
4810. Reserved	Reserved	Deleted	Deleted	Reserved rules were not included in the new rules.
4811(a)	Record on Review; Contents of Decisions (a) Documents in the written record may consist of the following items, as applicable: correspondence between Nasdaq and the issuer, the issuer's public filings, information released to the public by the issuer, and any written submissions or exhibits submitted by either the issuer or the Listing Department, including any written request for an exception as permitted in Rule 4802(b) and any response thereto. Any additional information requested from the issuer or staff of the Listing Department by the Listing Qualifications Panel, Listing Council, or Nasdaq Board as part of the review process shall be included in the written record. The written record shall be supplemented by the transcript of any hearings held during the review process and each decision issued. At each level of review under this Rule 4800 Series, the issuer shall be provided with a list of documents in the written record, and a copy of any documents included in the record that are not in the issuer's possession or control, at least three calendar days in advance of the deadline for issuer submissions, unless the issuer waives such production.	5840(a)	Adjudicatory Process: General Information (a) Record on Review At each level of a proceeding under this Section, the written record may consist of the following items, as applicable: correspondence between Nasdaq and the Company; the Company's public filings; information released to the public by the Company; written submissions, exhibits, or requests submitted by either the Company or the Listing Qualifications Department and responses thereto; and any additional information considered by the Adjudicatory Body as part of the review process. The written record will be supplemented by the transcript of any hearings held during the review process and all Decisions issued. At each level of review under this Section, the Company will be informed of the contents of the written record. The Company will be provided a copy of any documents in the record that were not provided by the Company or are not publicly available, at least three calendar days before the deadline for Company submissions, unless the Company waives this production. If additional issues arising under the Rule 5000 Series are considered, as permitted by the 5800 Series, the notice of such consideration and any response to such notice shall be made a part of the record.	The new rule is substantially similar to the old, except for minor wording changes and the use of the defined term "Company" in place of the term "issuer." Defined terms capitalized.

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text <sup>*</sup>	Comments
4811(b)	<ul> <li>Record on Review; Contents of Decisions ****</li> <li>(b) In addition to the documents described in paragraph (a), if any additional information is considered as permitted in Rule 4802(c), that information, and any written submission addressing the significance of that information, shall be made part of the record.</li> </ul>	5840(b)(2)	Additional Information Requested or Considered At each level of a proceeding under this Section, the Adjudicatory Body, as part of its review: ***** (2) may consider additional information available from other sources it deems relevant. The Company and the Listing Qualifications Department will be afforded written notice and an opportunity to address the significance of any information requested or considered, and the notice, responses to the notice, and the information considered will be made part of the record.	The new rule clarifies the concepts set forth in the old rule by stating that any other information deemed relevant by the Adjudicatory Body will become part of the record, and adds that both the Company and Staff will have the opportunity to respond to that new information.
4811(c)	Contents of Decisions ***** (c) If additional issues arising under the Rule 4000 Series are considered, as permitted in Rule 4802, the notice of such consideration and any response to such notice shall be made a part of the record.	5840(a) emphasis added	At each level of a proceeding under this Section, the written record may consist of the following items, as applicable: correspondence between Nasdaq and the Company; the Company's public filings; information released to the public by the Company; written submissions, exhibits, or requests submitted by either the Company or the Listing Qualifications Department and responses thereto; and any additional information considered by the Adjudicatory Body as part of the review process. The written record will be supplemented by the transcript of any hearings held during the review process and all Decisions issued.	The old rule is found in the italicized portions of the new rule. Defined terms capitalized.
			At each level of review under this Section, the Company will be informed of the contents of the written record. The Company will be provided a copy of any documents in the record that were not provided by the Company or	

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
			are not publicly available, at least three calendar days before the deadline for Company submissions, unless the Company waives this production.	
			If additional issues arising under the Rule 5000 Series are considered, as permitted by the 5800 Series, the notice of such consideration and any response to such notice shall be made a part of the record.	

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
4811(d)(1-5)	<ul> <li>Each Panel Decision, Listing Council Decision, and decision of the Nasdaq Board shall include:</li> <li>(1) a statement describing the procedural history of the proceeding, including investigations or reviews undertaken by the Listing Department;</li> <li>(2) the quantitative standard or qualitative consideration set forth in the Rule 4000 Series that the issuer is alleged to have failed to satisfy;</li> <li>(3) a statement setting forth the findings of fact with respect to the issuer;</li> <li>(4) the conclusions of the Adjudicatory Body as to whether the issuer has failed to satisfy the quantitative standards or qualitative considerations set forth in the Rule 4000 Series;</li> <li>(5) a statement of the Adjudicatory Body in support of the disposition of the principal issues raised by the issuer in the proceeding, and, if applicable, any exception to the Rule 4000 Series as permitted by Rule 4802(b) and the rationale therefor.</li> </ul>	5840(c)(1-5)	Contents of Decisions Each Adjudicatory Body's written Decision will include: (1) a statement describing the procedural history of the proceeding, including investigations or reviews undertaken by the Listing Qualifications Department; (2) the quantitative or qualitative standard that the Company is alleged to have failed to satisfy; (3) a statement setting forth the findings of fact with respect to the Company; (4) the conclusions of the Adjudicatory Body as to whether the Company has failed to satisfy the quantitative or qualitative standards for initial or continued listing; and (5) a statement of the Adjudicatory Body in support of its disposition of the matter, and, if applicable, the rationale for any exception to the initial or continued listing requirements granted.	The new rule condenses the original rule, but retains its meaning, by using the defined term "Adjudicatory Body" and omitting "in the Rule 4000 Series" which is implied by the text. Defined terms capitalized.

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
4811(e) emphasis added	If a Panel Decision, Listing Council Decision, or decision of the Nasdaq Board concludes that the issuer has failed to satisfy the quantitative standards or qualitative considerations set forth in the Rule 4000 Series, the decision shall either: (1) grant an exception to the Rule 4000 Series as permitted by Rule 4802(b); (2) limit or prohibit the initial or continued listing of the issuer's securities; or (3) serve as a public reprimand letter in a case where the Adjudicatory Body determines that the issuer has violated a Nasdaq corporate governance or notification listing standard (other than one required by Rule 10A-3 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934) and that delisting is not an appropriate sanction. In determining whether to issue a public reprimand letter, the Adjudicatory Body shall consider whether the violation was inadvertent, whether the violation materially adversely affected shareholders' interests, whether the violation has been cured, whether the issuer reasonably relied on an independent advisor and whether the issuer has demonstrated a pattern of violations.	5815(c)(1-2)	<ul> <li>Scope of the Hearings Panel's Discretion <ul> <li>(1) When Hearings Panel review is of a deficiency related to continued listing standards, the Hearings Panel may:</li> <li>(A) grant an exception to the continued listing standards for a period not to exceed 180 calendar days from the date of the Staff Delisting Determination with respect to the deficiency for which the exception is granted;</li> <li>(B) Reserved;</li> <li>(C) suspend and delist the Company's securities;</li> <li>(D) issue a Decision that serves as a Public Reprimand Letter in cases where the Company has violated a Nasdaq corporate governance or notification listing standard</li> <li>(other than one required by Rule 10A-3 of the Act) and the Hearings Panel determining whether to issue a Public Reprimand Letter, the Hearings Panel will consider whether the violation was inadvertent, whether the violation materially adversely affected shareholders' interests, whether the Violation has been cured, whether the Company reasonably relied on an independent advisor and whether the Company has demonstrated a pattern of violations;</li> <li>(E) find the Company in compliance with all applicable listing standards; or</li> <li>(F) In the case of a Company that fails to file a periodic report (e.g., Form 10-K, 10-Q, 20-F, 40-F, or N-CSR), the Hearings Panel may grant an exception for a period not to exceed 360 days from the due date of the first such late periodic report. The Company can regain compliance with the requirement by filing that periodic report and</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	The italicized portion of the old rule is conveyed in the new rule. Note that the new rule provides significantly greater clarity on the options available to the Hearings Panel by including the alternatives should a Company regain compliance with the applicable standard. In that sense, the new rule includes, in (E), the Panel's option when determining that a Company has evidenced compliance with all the applicable listing standards. Note that the timeframes in (2)(B) of the new rule came from 4802(b).

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
			<ul> <li>any other delinquent reports with due dates falling before the end of the exception period. In determining whether to grant an exception, and the length of any such exception, the Hearings Panel will consider the Company's specific circumstances, including the likelihood that the filing can be made within the exception period, the Company's past compliance history, the reasons for the late filing, corporate events that may occur within the exception period, the Company's general financial status, and the Company's disclosures to the market. This review will be based on information provided by a variety of sources, which may include the Company, its audit committee, its outside auditors, the staff of the SEC and any other regulatory body.</li> <li>(2) When the Hearings Panel's review is of a Staff denial of an initial listing application, the Hearings Panel may, where it deems appropriate:</li> <li>(A) affirm Staff's denial of the application;</li> <li>(B) conditionally approve initial listing subject to an exception to the listing standards not to exceed 180 calendar days from the date of the Staff Delisting Determination with respect to the deficiency for which the exception is granted; or</li> <li>(C) approve initial listing on a finding that the Company meets all initial listing requirements</li> </ul>	

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
4811(e) emphasis added	If a Panel Decision, Listing Council Decision, or decision of the Nasdaq Board concludes that the issuer has failed to satisfy the quantitative standards or qualitative considerations set forth in the Rule 4000 Series, the decision shall either: (1) grant an exception to the Rule 4000 Series as permitted by Rule 4802(b); (2) limit or prohibit the initial or continued listing of the issuer's securities; or (3) serve as a public reprimand letter in a case where the Adjudicatory Body determines that the issuer has violated a Nasdaq corporate governance or notification listing standard (other than one required by Rule 10A-3 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934) and that delisting is not an appropriate sanction. In determining whether to issue a public reprimand letter, the Adjudicatory Body shall consider whether the violation was inadvertent, whether the violation materially adversely affected shareholders' interests, whether the violation has been cured, whether the issuer reasonably relied on an independent advisor and whether the issuer has demonstrated a pattern of violations.	5805(j)	"Public Reprimand Letter" means a letter issued by Staff or a Decision of an Adjudicatory Body in cases where the Company has violated a Nasdaq corporate governance or notification listing standard (other than one required by Rule 10A-3 of the Act) and Staff or the Adjudicatory Body determines that delisting is an inappropriate sanction. In determining whether to issue a Public Reprimand Letter, Staff or the Adjudicatory Body will consider whether the violation was inadvertent, whether the violation materially adversely affected shareholders' interests, whether the violation has been cured, whether the Company reasonably relied on an independent advisor and whether the Company has demonstrated a pattern of violations.	The italicized portion of the old rule is conveyed in the new rule. The new rule was created from 4801(k)(2) and 4811(e)(3). The term "issuer" was replaced with the defined term "Company."

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
4811(e) emphasis added	If a Panel Decision, Listing Council Decision, or decision of the Nasdaq Board concludes that the issuer has failed to satisfy the quantitative standards or qualitative considerations set forth in the Rule 4000 Series, the decision shall either: (1) grant an exception to the Rule 4000 Series as permitted by Rule 4802(b); (2) limit or prohibit the initial or continued listing of the issuer's securities; or (3) serve as a public reprimand letter in a case where the Adjudicatory Body determines that the issuer has violated a Nasdaq corporate governance or notification listing standard (other than one required by Rule 10A-3 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934) and that delisting is not an appropriate sanction. In determining whether to issue a public reprimand letter, the Adjudicatory Body shall consider whether the violation was inadvertent, whether the violation materially adversely affected shareholders' interests, whether the violation has been cured, whether the issuer reasonably relied on an independent advisor and whether the issuer has demonstrated a pattern of violations.	5820(d)(1)	The Listing Council may, where it deems appropriate, affirm, modify, or reverse the Panel Decision, or remand the matter to the Listing Qualifications Department or to the Hearings Panel for further consideration. The Listing Council may grant an exception for a period not longer than 360 calendar days from the date of the Staff Delisting Determination with respect to the deficiency for which the exception is granted. The Listing Council also may issue a Decision that serves as a Public Reprimand Letter in cases where the Company has violated a Nasdaq corporate governance or notification listing standard (other than one required by Rule 10A-3 of the Act) and the Listing Council determines that delisting is an inappropriate sanction. In determining whether to issue a Public Reprimand Letter, the Listing Council will consider whether the violation was inadvertent, whether the violation materially adversely affected shareholders' interests, whether the violation has been cured, whether the Company reasonably relied on an independent advisor and whether the Company has demonstrated a pattern of violations.	The italicized portion of the old rule is conveyed in the new rule. The new rule clarifies that the method the Listing Council will use in (i) granting an exception to a deficient Company, (ii) delisting a Company, or (iii) reprimanding a Company will be to affirm, modify, or reverse the earlier Decision by the Hearings Panel. As a result, the end result is the same, but the new rule provides greater transparency to the process. Note that the timeframes in the new rule came from 4802(b).

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
4811(e)	If a Panel Decision, Listing Council Decision, or decision of the Nasdaq Board concludes that the issuer has failed to satisfy the quantitative standards or qualitative considerations set forth in the Rule 4000 Series, the decision shall either: (1) grant an exception to the Rule 4000 Series as permitted by Rule 4802(b); (2) limit or prohibit the initial or continued listing of the issuer's securities; or (3) serve as a public reprimand letter in a case where the Adjudicatory Body determines that the issuer has violated a Nasdaq corporate governance or notification listing standard (other than one required by Rule 10A-3 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934) and that delisting is not an appropriate sanction. In determining whether to issue a public reprimand letter, the Adjudicatory Body shall consider whether the violation was inadvertent, whether the violation materially adversely affected shareholders' interests, whether the violation has been cured, whether the issuer reasonably relied on an independent advisor and whether the issuer has demonstrated a pattern of violations.	5825(d)	If the Nasdaq Board conducts a discretionary review, the Company will be provided a written Decision that meets the requirements of Rule 5840(c). The Nasdaq Board may affirm, modify or reverse the Listing Council Decision and may remand the matter to the Listing Qualifications Department with appropriate instructions. The Nasdaq Board also may issue a Decision that serves as a Public Reprimand Letter in cases where the Company has violated a Nasdaq corporate governance or notification listing standard (other than one required by Rule 10A-3 of the Act) and the Nasdaq Board determines that delisting is an inappropriate sanction. In determining whether to issue a Public Reprimand Letter, the Nasdaq Board will consider whether the violation was inadvertent, whether the violation materially adversely affected shareholders' interests, whether the violation has been cured, whether the Company reasonably relied on an independent advisor and whether the Company has demonstrated a pattern of violations. The Decision of the Nasdaq Board will take immediate effect, unless it specifies to the contrary, and represents the final action of Nasdaq. If the Nasdaq Board determines to delist the Company, the securities of the Company will be immediately suspended, unless the Nasdaq Board specifies to the contrary, and Nasdaq will follow the procedures contained in Rule 5830 and submit an application on Form 25 to the Commission to strike the security from listing.	The italicized portion of the old rule is conveyed in the new rule. Similar to the Listing Council rule above, the new rule clarifies that the method the Nasdaq Board will use in (i) granting an exception to a deficient Company, (ii) delisting a Company, or (iii) reprimanding a Company will be to affirm, modify, or reverse the earlier Decision by the Listing Council. As a result, the end result is the same, but the new rule provides greater transparency to the process. Defined terms capitalized.

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
4811(f)	An issuer that receives an Adjudicatory Body decision that serves as a public reprimand letter as described in Rule 4811(e)(3) shall make a public announcement through the news media disclosing the receipt of the decision, including the Rule(s) upon which the decision was based. Prior to the release of the public announcement, an issuer shall provide such disclosure to Nasdaq's Market Watch Department, the Listing Department, and the Hearings Department. The public announcement shall be made as promptly as possible, but not more than four business days following receipt of the decision.	5840(k)	Disclosure of Public Reprimand Letter A Company that receives an Adjudicatory Body Decision that serves as a Public Reprimand Letter must make a public announcement through the news media disclosing the receipt of the Decision, including the Rule(s) upon which the Decision was based. Prior to the release of the public announcement, the Company must provide such disclosure to Nasdaq's MarketWatch Department, the Listing Qualifications Department, and the Hearings Department. The public announcement should be made as promptly as possible, but not more than four business days following receipt of the Decision.	Minor wording changes. The term "issuer" was replaced with the defined term "Company." Defined terms capitalized. The term "Listing Department" was replaced with the defined term "Listing Qualifications Department."
4812	Document Retention Procedures Any document submitted to Nasdaq in connection with a Rule 4800 proceeding shall be retained in accordance with applicable record retention policies.	5840(g)	Document Retention Procedures Any document submitted to Nasdaq in connection with a proceeding under this Section will be retained in accordance with applicable record retention policies.	Minor wording changes, but the new rule is substantially the same as the old.

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
4813	Delivery of Documents Delivery of any document under this Rule 4800 Series may be made by electronic delivery, hand delivery, facsimile, or overnight courier. Delivery shall be considered timely if the electronic delivery, hand delivery, fax, or overnight courier is received on or before the relevant deadline. If an issuer has not specified a facsimile number, email address, or street address, delivery shall be made to the last known facsimile number, email address, and street address. If an issuer is represented by counsel or a representative, delivery may be made to the counsel or representative.	5840(f)	Delivery of Documents Delivery of any document under this Section may be made by electronic delivery, hand delivery, facsimile, regular mail or overnight courier. Delivery will be considered timely if the electronic delivery, hand delivery, fax, or overnight courier is received on or before the relevant deadline. If a Company has not specified a facsimile number, e-mail address, or street address, delivery will be made to the last known facsimile number, e-mail address, and street address. If a Company is represented by counsel or a representative, delivery may be made to the counsel or representative.	The term "issuer" was replaced with the defined term "Company." The phrase "Rule 4800 Series" was replaced with "Section."

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text <sup>*</sup>	Comments
4814(a)	Computation of Time (a) In computing any period of time under the Rule 4800 Series, the day of the act, event, or default from which the period of time begins to run is not to be included. The last day of the period so computed is included, unless it is a Saturday, Sunday, federal holiday, or Nasdaq holiday in which event the period runs until the end of the next day that is not a Saturday, Sunday, federal holiday or Nasdaq holiday.	5840(e)(1-2)	Computation and Adjustment of Time (1) Except as described in paragraph (2) below, in counting any time under this Section, the day of the act, event, or default from which the period of time begins to run, is not to be included. The last day of the period is included, unless it is a Saturday, Sunday, federal holiday, or Nasdaq holiday in which case the period runs until the end of the next day that is not a Saturday, Sunday, federal holiday or Nasdaq holiday. (2) When Staff determines whether a deficiency has occurred with respect to bid price, market value of listed securities, or market value of publicly held shares, the first trading day that the bid price or market value is below required standards is included in computing the total number of consecutive trading days of default. Similarly, when Staff determines whether a Company has regained compliance with the bid price, MVLS or MVPHS requirements, the first trading day that the bid price or market value is at or above required standards is included in computing the total number of consecutive trading days.	In compiling the new rules, we noticed that the method for calculating time in 4800 was different than the method utilized in the other portions of the Listing Rules. As such, we decided to include a qualifier in the new rules, such that when time is calculated for bid price or market value deficiencies, the method should differ than that described in 4814(a).

### Rule Reference Table

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
4814(b)	Computation of Time ***** (b) In the event that the Office of General Counsel determines that notice required to be provided under the Rule 4800 Series was not properly given or that other extenuating circumstances exist, the Office of General Counsel shall adjust the periods of time provided by such rules for the filing of written submissions, the scheduling of hearings, or the performance of other procedural actions by the issuer or an Adjudicator, as applicable, to allow the issuer or the Adjudicator the time contemplated by these rules.	5840(e)(3)	Computation and Adjustment of Time ***** (3) If the Office of General Counsel determines that notice required to be provided under this Section was not properly given or that other extenuating circumstances exist, the Hearings Department may adjust the periods of time provided by the rules for the filing of written submissions, the scheduling of hearings, or the performance of other procedural actions by the Company or an Adjudicator, as applicable, to allow the Company or the Adjudicator the time contemplated by these rules.	Minor wording changes, but the new rule is substantially the same as the old. The term "issuer" was replaced with the defined term "Company."
4814(c)	Computation of Time **** (c) An issuer may waive any notice period specified by the Rule 4800 Series.	5840(e)(4)	Computation and Adjustment of Time ***** (4) A Company may waive any notice period specified in this Section.	The term "issuer" was replaced with the defined term "Company."
4815(a)(1-2)	<ul> <li>Ex Parte Communications; Separation of Adjudicators</li> <li>(a) Ex Parte Communications</li> <li>(1) Unless on notice and opportunity for staff of the Listing Department and the issuer to participate, a member of the staff of the Listing Department involved in reaching a Staff Determination, counsel to the Listing Department, an issuer, or counsel to or representative of an issuer, shall not make or knowingly cause to be made an ex parte communication relevant to the merits of a proceeding under this Rule 4800 Series to an Adjudicator who is participating in a decision with respect to that proceeding, or to any Advisor with respect to that</li> </ul>	5835(a)(1)	Rules Applicable to Adjudicators and Advisors(a) Ex Parte Communications(1) No Ex parte CommunicationsNo member of the staff of the Listing QualificationsDepartment or its counsel, and no counsel to orrepresentative of the Company will make or knowinglycause to be made an ex parte communication relevant tothe merits of a proceeding under this Section to anAdjudicator or any Advisor.Similarly, no Adjudicator who is participating in aDecision with respect to a proceeding under this Section,and no Advisor with respect to such a proceeding, will	The new rule is substantially the same as the old, although it has been reworded. The new rule makes use of the the defined term "Adjudicatory Body," replaces the term "issuer" with the defined term "Company," and further describes the conditions under which ex-parte communications between parties may take place. Defined terms capitalized.

\* The new rule text will be operational on April 13, 2009.

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	<ul> <li>proceeding.</li> <li>(2) No Adjudicator who is participating in a decision with respect to a proceeding under this Rule 4800 Series, and no Advisor with respect to such a proceeding, shall make or knowingly cause to be made an ex parte communication relevant to the merits of that proceeding to an issuer, counsel to or representative of an issuer, a member of the staff of the Listing Department involved in reaching a Staff Determination, or counsel to the Listing Department.</li> </ul>		make or knowingly cause to be made an ex parte communication relevant to the merits of that proceeding to a Company representative, a member of the staff of the Listing Qualifications Department or its counsel.	
4815(a)(3)	<ul> <li>Ex Parte Communications; Separation of Adjudicators <ul> <li>(a) Ex Parte Communications</li> <li>*****</li> </ul> </li> <li>(3) An Adjudicator or Advisor who is participating in or advising with respect to a proceeding who receives, makes, or knowingly causes to be made an ex parte communication relevant to the merits of a proceeding shall place a copy of it, or its substance if it is an oral communication, in the record of the proceeding. Staff of the Listing Department or the issuer, as applicable, shall be permitted to respond to the ex parte communication, and any such response shall be placed in the record of the proceeding.</li> </ul>	5835(a)(2)	Rules Applicable to Adjudicators and Advisors (a) Ex Parte Communications ***** (2) An Adjudicator or Advisor who is participating in or advising with respect to a proceeding who receives, makes, or knowingly causes to be made an ex parte communication relevant to the merits of a proceeding will place a copy of it, or its substance if it is an oral communication, in the record of the proceeding. Staff of the Listing Qualifications Department or the Company, as applicable, will be permitted to respond to the ex parte communication, and any response will be placed in the record of the proceeding.	Defined terms updated. "Listing Department" was replaced with "Listing Qualifications Department," and "issuer" was replaced with the defined term "Company."

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4815(b)(1-4)	<ul> <li>Ex Parte Communications; Separation of Adjudicators *****</li> <li>(b) Separation of Adjudicators <ul> <li>(1) Members of a Listing Qualifications Panel and their Advisors who are participating in a proceeding under this Rule 4800 Series are prohibited from making communications relevant to the merits of such proceeding to members of the Listing Council or the Nasdaq Board or their respective Advisors.</li> <li>(2) Members of the Listing Council and their Advisors are prohibited from making communications relevant to the merits of a proceeding under this Rule 4800 Series to members of a Listing Qualifications Panel who are participating in such proceeding or their Advisors.</li> <li>(3) Members of the Nasdaq Board or their Advisors.</li> <li>(3) Members of the Nasdaq Board and their Advisors are prohibited from making communications relevant to the merits of a proceeding under this Rule 4800 Series to members of a Listing Qualifications Panel who are participating in such proceeding or their Advisors.</li> <li>(4) An Adjudicator or Advisor who is participating in or advising with respect to a proceeding who receives, makes, or knowingly causes to be made a communication prohibited by paragraphs (b)(1)–(3) of this Rule shall place a copy of it, or its substance if it is an oral communication, in the record of the proceeding. Staff of the Listing Department and the issuer shall be permitted to respond to the communication, and any such response shall be placed in the record of the proceeding.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	5835(b)(1-4)	<ul> <li>No Communications Between Adjudicatory Bodies</li> <li>(1) Members of a Hearings Panel and their Advisors who are participating in a proceeding under this Section are prohibited from making communications relevant to the merits of such proceeding to members of the Listing Council or the Nasdaq Board or their respective Advisors.</li> <li>(2) Members of the Listing Council and their Advisors are prohibited from making communications relevant to the merits of a proceeding under this Rule 5800 Series to members of a Hearings Panel who are participating in such proceeding or their Advisors.</li> <li>(3) Members of the Nasdaq Board and their Advisors are prohibited from making communications relevant to the merits of a proceeding under this Rule 5800 Series to members of a Hearings Panel who are participating in such proceeding under this Rule 5800 Series to members of a Proceeding under this Rule 5800 Series to members of a Hearings Panel who are participating in such proceeding or their Advisors, or members of the Listing Council or their Advisors, or members of the Listing Council or their Advisors, or members of the Listing Council or their Advisors, or members of the Listing Council or their Advisors, or members of the Listing Council or their Advisors.</li> <li>(4) An Adjudicator or Advisor who is participating in or advising with respect to a proceeding who receives, makes, or knowingly causes to be made a communication prohibited by paragraphs (1) – (3) above will place a copy of it, or its substance if it is an oral communication, in the record of the proceeding. Staff of the Listing Qualifications Department and the Company will be permitted to respond to the communication, and any such response will be placed in the record of the proceeding.</li> </ul>	The new rule largely mirrors the old, although certain defined terms were updated; for example, "issuer" was replaced with the defined term "Company," and "Listing Qualifications Panel" was replaced with "Hearings Panel." Rule citations updated.

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
4816(a)	<ul> <li>Recusal or Disqualification <ul> <li>(a) No person shall serve as a member of a Listing</li> <li>Qualifications Panel, or participate as a member of the</li> <li>Listing Council, the Nasdaq Board, or the staff of the</li> <li>Listing Department, in a matter as to which he or she has</li> <li>a conflict of interest or bias, or circumstances otherwise</li> <li>exist where his or her fairness might reasonably be</li> <li>questioned. In any such case, the person shall recuse</li> <li>himself or herself, or shall be disqualified as follows:</li> <li>(1) Nasdaq Board</li> <li>The Chair of the Nasdaq Board shall have authority to</li> <li>order the disqualification of a Director, and a majority of</li> <li>the Nasdaq Board excluding the Chair of the Nasdaq</li> <li>Board shall have authority to order the disqualification of</li> <li>the Chair.</li> <li>(2) Listing Council</li> <li>A Chair of the Listing Council shall have authority to</li> <li>order the disqualification of a member of the Listing</li> <li>Council, and a majority of the Listing Council excluding any Chairs of the Listing Council shall have authority to</li> <li>order the disqualification of a Chair of the Listing</li> <li>Council.</li> <li>(3) Staff of Listing Department; Panelist of Listing</li> <li>Qualifications Panel The General Counsel of Nasdaq</li> <li>shall have authority to order the disqualification of (A) a member of the staff of the Listing Department reviewing the qualifications of an issuer, or (B) a member of a Listing Qualifications Panel.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	5835(c)	Rules Applicable to Adjudicators and Advisors (c) Recusal or Disqualification No person will serve as a member of a Hearings Panel, or participate as a member of the Listing Council, the Nasdaq Board, the staff of the Listing Qualifications Department or Advisor to an Adjudicator, in a matter as to which he or she has a conflict of interest or bias, or circumstances otherwise exist where his or her fairness might reasonably be questioned. In any such case, the person will recuse himself or herself, or will be disqualified.	The information contained in paragraph (a) of the old rule is conveyed in 5835(c). Note that certain defined terms were updated.

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4816(a)	<ul> <li>Recusal or Disqualification <ul> <li>(a) No person shall serve as a member of a Listing</li> <li>Qualifications Panel, or participate as a member of the</li> <li>Listing Council, the Nasdaq Board, or the staff of the</li> <li>Listing Department, in a matter as to which he or she has</li> <li>a conflict of interest or bias, or circumstances otherwise</li> <li>exist where his or her fairness might reasonably be</li> <li>questioned. In any such case, the person shall recuse</li> <li>himself or herself, or shall be disqualified as follows:</li> <li>(1) Nasdaq Board</li> <li>The Chair of the Nasdaq Board shall have authority to</li> <li>order the disqualification of a Director, and a majority of</li> <li>the Nasdaq Board excluding the Chair of the Nasdaq</li> <li>Board shall have authority to order the disqualification of</li> <li>the Chair.</li> <li>(2) Listing Council</li> <li>A Chair of the Listing Council shall have authority to</li> <li>order the disqualification of a member of the Listing</li> <li>Council, and a majority of the Listing Council excluding any Chairs of the Listing Council shall have authority to</li> <li>order the disqualification of a Chair of the Listing</li> <li>Council.</li> <li>(3) Staff of Listing Department; Panelist of Listing</li> <li>Qualifications Panel The General Counsel of Nasdaq</li> <li>shall have authority to order the disqualification of (A) a</li> <li>member of the staff of the Listing Department reviewing</li> <li>the qualifications of an issuer, or (B) a member of a</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	5835(c)(2)(A-C)	<ul> <li>(A) Nasdaq Board</li> <li>The Chair of the Nasdaq Board will have authority to order the disqualification of a Director, and a majority of the Nasdaq Board excluding the Chair of the Nasdaq Board will have authority to order the disqualification of the Chair.</li> <li>(B) Listing Council</li> <li>A Chair of the Listing Council will have authority to order the disqualification of a member of the Listing Council, and a majority of the Listing Council will have authority to order the disqualification of a Chair of the Listing Council excluding any Chairs of the Listing Council will have authority to order the disqualification of a Chair of the Listing Council.</li> <li>(C) Staff of Listing Qualifications Department; Panelist of Hearings Panel</li> <li>The General Counsel of Nasdaq will have authority to order the disqualification of (i) a member of the staff of the Listing Qualifications Department reviewing the qualifications of a Company, (ii) a member of a Hearings Panel, or (iii) an Advisor to an Adjudicatory Body.</li> </ul>	The information in the old rule describing the process of disqualification is set forth in 5835(c)(2)(A-C). The new rule clarifies that the General Counsel may require the recusal of an Advisor to an Adjudicatory Body.

Old Rule Number	Old Rule Text	New Rule Number	New Rule Text*	Comments
4816(b)	Recusal or Disqualification ***** (b) At least five days prior to any proceeding under the Rule 4800 Series, the issuer shall provide the Hearings Department or the Advisor to the Listing Council or the Nasdaq Board, as applicable, with names and biographical information of each person that will appear on behalf of the issuer at the proceeding, and the Hearings Department or such Advisor, as applicable, shall provide the issuer with names and biographical information of the Adjudicators for the proceeding; provided, however, that with respect to proceedings before the Listing Council or the Nasdaq Board, the Advisor to the respective Adjudicatory Body may post names and biographical information of each Adjudicator on a publicly available website in lieu of providing them directly to the issuer.	5835(c)(1)	Recusal or Disqualification **** (1) Exchange of Biographical Information To facilitate the process for recusal and disqualification, at least five days before any proceeding under this Section, the Company will provide the Hearings Department or the Advisor to the Listing Council or the Nasdaq Board, as applicable, with names and biographical information of each person that will appear on behalf of the Company at the proceeding, and the Hearings Department or Advisor, as applicable, will provide the Company and the Staff with names and biographical information of the Adjudicators for the proceeding; provided, however, that with respect to proceedings before the Listing Council or the Nasdaq Board, the Advisor to the respective Adjudicatory Body may post names and biographical information of each Adjudicator on a publicly available website in lieu of providing them directly to the Company.	Reworded and rearranged, but retains original meaning. The term "issuer" was replaced with the defined term "Company."

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4816(c)	Recusal or Disqualification **** (c) An issuer or the staff of the Listing Department may file a request to disqualify an Adjudicator. Such a request shall be based upon a reasonable, good faith belief that a conflict of interest or bias exists or circumstances otherwise exist where the Adjudicator's fairness might reasonably be questioned, and shall be accompanied by a statement setting forth in detail the facts alleged to constitute grounds for disqualification, and the dates on which the party learned of those facts. Such a request shall be filed (1) not later than two business days after the party was provided with the name and biographical information of the Adjudicator, or (2) if the name and biographical information of the Adjudicator has been posted on a website, not later than two business days after the issuer requested Listing Council review or received notice of discretionary review by the Listing Council or the Nasdaq Board. A request for disqualification of an Adjudicator shall be decided by the party with authority to order disqualification of such Adjudicator, who shall promptly investigate whether disqualification is required and issue a written response to the request.	5835(c)(2)	Recusal or Disqualification ***** (2) Disqualification Procedures A Company or the Staff of the Listing Qualifications Department may file a request to disqualify an Adjudicator. A request to disqualify will be based upon a reasonable, good faith belief that a conflict of interest or bias exists or circumstances otherwise exist where the Adjudicator's fairness might reasonably be questioned, and will be accompanied by a statement setting forth in detail the facts alleged to constitute grounds for disqualification, and the dates on which the party learned of those facts. A request to disqualify will be filed (A) not later than two business days after the party was provided with the name and biographical information of the Adjudicator, or (B) if the name and biographical information of the Adjudicator was posted on a website, not later than two business days after the Company requested Listing Council review or received notice of discretionary review by the Listing Council or the Nasdaq Board. A request for disqualification of an Adjudicator will be decided by the party with authority to order disqualification of such Adjudicator, as detailed below, who will promptly investigate whether disqualification is required and issue a written response to the request.	Reworded slightly for clarity. The term "issuer" was replaced with the defined term "Company." "Listing Qualifications Department" replaces "Listing Department."