Conditions were approved by the Required Majority under section 57(f).

12. Director Independence

No Independent Director of a Regulated Fund will also be a director, general partner, managing member or principal, or otherwise be an “affiliated person” (as defined in the Act) of any Affiliated Fund.

13. Expenses

The expenses, if any, associated with acquiring, holding or disposing of any securities acquired in a Co-Investment Transaction (including, without limitation, the expenses of the distribution of any such securities registered for sale under the Securities Act) will, to the extent not payable by the Advisers under their respective advisory agreements with the Regulated Funds and the Affiliated Funds, be shared by the Regulated Funds and the participating Affiliated Funds in proportion to the relative amounts of the securities held or being acquired or disposed of, as the case may be.

14. Transaction Fees

Any transaction fee (including break-up, structuring, monitoring or commitment fees but excluding brokerage or underwriting compensation permitted by section 17(e) or 57(k)) received in connection with any Co-Investment Transaction will be distributed to the participants on a pro rata basis based on amounts they invested or committed, as the case may be, in such Co-Investment Transaction. If any transaction fee is to be held by an Adviser pending consummation of the transaction, the fee will be deposited into an account maintained by an Adviser at a bank or banks having the qualifications prescribed in section 26(a)(1), and the account will earn a competitive rate of interest that will also be divided pro rata among the participants. None of the Adviser, the Affiliated Funds, the other Regulated Funds or any affiliated person of the Affiliated Funds or the Regulated Funds will receive any additional compensation or remuneration of any kind as a result of or in connection with a Co-Investment Transaction other than (i) in the case of the Regulated Funds and the Affiliated Funds, the pro rata transaction fees described above and fees or other compensation described in Condition 2(c)(iii)(B)(2), (ii) brokerage or underwriting compensation permitted by section 17(e) or 57(k) or (iii) in the case of the Adviser, investment advisory compensation paid in accordance with investment advisory agreements between the applicable Regulated Fund(s) or Affiliated Fund(s) and its Adviser.

15. Independence

If the Holders own in the aggregate more than 25 percent of the Shares of a Regulated Fund, then the Holders will vote such Shares in the same percentages as the Regulated Fund’s other shareholders (not including the Holders) when voting on (1) the election of directors; (2) the removal of one or more directors; or (3) any other matter under either the Act or applicable State law affecting the Board’s composition, size or manner of election.

For the Commission, by the Division of Investment Management, under delegated authority.


Eduardo A. Alamán,
Deputy Secretary.

[FR Doc. 2021–28512 Filed 1–4–22; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 8011–01–P

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION


Self-Regulatory Organizations; The Nasdaq Stock Market LLC; Notice of Filing of Proposed Rule Change To Amend Rule 4754 Related to Certain Order Handling in the LULD Closing Cross

December 29, 2021.

Pursuant to Section 19(b)(1) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (“Act”),1 and Rule 19b–4 thereunder,2 notice is hereby given that on December 22, 2021, The Nasdaq Stock Market LLC (“Nasdaq” or “Exchange”) filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (“Commission”) the proposed rule change as described in Items I and II below, which Items have been prepared by the Exchange. The Commission is publishing this notice to solicit comments on the proposed rule change from interested persons.

I. Self-Regulatory Organization’s Statement of the Terms of Substance of the Proposed Rule Change

The Exchange proposes to amend Rule 4754 (the “Rule”) to amend its rule related to certain order handling in the Limit-Up Limit-Down (“LULD”) closing cross.


II. Self-Regulatory Organization’s Statement of the Purpose of, and Statutory Basis for, the Proposed Rule Change

In its filing with the Commission, the Exchange provided information concerning the purpose of and basis for the proposed rule change and discussed any comments it received on the proposed rule change. The text of these statements may be examined at the places specified in Item IV below. The Exchange has prepared summaries, set forth in sections A, B, and C below, of the most significant aspects of such statements.

A. Self-Regulatory Organization’s Statement of the Purpose of, and Statutory Basis for, the Proposed Rule Change

1. Purpose

The purpose of the proposed rule change is to amend Rule 4754 (the “Rule”) to modify how order handling is determined during certain closing periods.

Revised Rule 4754, section 9(b), is now section 9(b)(1) and 9(b)(2). Section 9(b)(1) provides that in the LULD Closing Cross, orders will be executed in the LULD Closing Cross. Section 9(b)(2) provides that in the LULD Closing Cross, the Exchange will use the Limit-Up Limit-Down rules to determine the prices at which orders will be executed in the LULD Closing Cross. Section 9(b)(3) provides that in the LULD Closing Cross, the Exchange will use the Limit-Up Limit-Down rules to determine the prices at which orders will be executed in the LULD Closing Cross.

During the testing conducted to date, Nasdaq identified some changes that it wishes to make to the approved rule governing the LULD Closing Cross in Rule 4754(b)(6). Accordingly, the Exchange is submitting this proposal to

---

3 All Rule 4000 series referenced in this filing are within Equity 4.
4 The “LULD Closing Cross” is the Exchange’s auction process for executing closing trades in Nasdaq-listed securities when a Trading Pause constitutes Rule 4120(a)(12) exists at or after 3:50 p.m. and before 4:00 p.m. ET. See Rule 4754(b)(6).
amend the rule text prior to implementation. Specifically, the Exchange is proposing to provide that in the context of the LULD Closing Cross, Limit on Close ("LOC") orders \(^7\) entered between 3:55 p.m. ET and immediately prior to 3:58 p.m. ET ("late LOC orders") will use the same reference prices for re-pricing as the reference prices used during the standard Nasdaq Closing Cross.

Today, Rule 4702(b)(12) describes the treatment of late LOC orders during the standard Closing Cross. The Rule provides that late LOC orders may be entered between 3:55 p.m. ET and immediately prior to 3:58 p.m. ET provided that there is a First Reference Price \(^9\) (i.e., the Current Reference Price \(^10\) disseminated at 3:50 p.m. ET) or a Second Reference Price \(^11\) (i.e., the Current Reference Price disseminated at 3:55 p.m. ET). Between 3:55 p.m. ET and immediately prior to 3:58 p.m. ET, LOC Orders can only be cancelled and/or modified if the Participant requests that Nasdaq correct a legitimate error in the Continuous Market (i.e., Side, Size, Symbol, or Price, or duplication of an Order). LOC Orders cannot be cancelled or modified at or after 3:58 p.m.

A late LOC order will be accepted at its limit price, unless its limit price is higher (lower) than the higher (lower) of the First Reference Price and the Second Reference Price for a late LOC order to buy (sell), in which case the late LOC order will be handled consistent with the Participant's instruction that the late LOC order is to be: (1) Rejected; or (2) re-priced to the higher (lower) of the First Reference Price and the Second Reference Price.\(^12\)

As stated in SR–NASDAQ–2021–009, the intent of the proposed rule change was to align the LULD Closing Cross process as closely as possible to the standard Closing Cross process, including the handling of various closing cross order types like LOC orders (and their subset, late LOC orders). As such, the Exchange amended Rule 4754(b)(6)(F)(ii) to provide that MOC, LOC, and IO orders may be entered, modified, and cancelled pursuant to Rules 4702(b)(11), 4702(b)(12), and 4702(b)(13) to allow these order types to participate in the LULD Closing Cross in the same way as a standard Closing Cross. This includes accepting late LOC orders during the LULD Closing Cross and re-pricing (in certain cases) these orders to the more aggressive of First Reference Price or Second Reference Price in the same way as a standard Closing Cross.

In the context of the standard Closing Cross, the First Reference Price and the Second Reference Price, at the time of their dissemination at 3:50 p.m. ET and 3:55 p.m. ET, respectively, each represent the current price, bounded by the continuous market (i.e., the Nasdaq best bid and offer), at which paired on-close shares are maximized (with certain tie-breakers if multiple prices meet this criterion).\(^13\) SR–NASDAQ–2021–009, however, defined the 3:50 p.m. ET reference price and 3:55 p.m. ET reference price in the context of the LULD Closing Cross as the price at which the LULD Closing Cross price would execute should the cross conclude at that time, and further indicated that the reference price would be bounded by the benchmark prices.\(^14\) As described in SR–NASDAQ–2021–009, the benchmark prices represent the price range within which the LULD Closing Cross price must fall and are calculated off the last disseminated LULD Auction Collar or the LULD Band that triggered the Trading Pause. The Exchange believes that this is inconsistent with market participant expectations of how late LOC orders would be normally re-priced during a closing cross process (i.e., re-priced to reference prices disseminated at a time when trading has been paused and that are not bounded by the Nasdaq best bid and offer), and which are bounded by benchmark prices that are calculated off the last disseminated LULD Auction Collar or the LULD Band that triggered the Trading Pause. The Exchange therefore proposes to amend late LOC order handling so that its LULD Closing Cross and standard Closing Cross processes are more consistent.

Accordingly, the Exchange proposes to state in its rules that it will only accept and if needed, re-price a late LOC order in the LULD Closing Cross if a standard Closing Cross-derived reference price (i.e., First Reference Price or Second Reference Price) is available. In particular, the Exchange proposes to add the following language at the end of Rule 4754(b)(6)(F)(ii):
With respect to LOC orders entered between 3:55 p.m. ET and immediately prior to 3:58 p.m. ET (hereinafter, “late LOC orders”), the System will handle such orders in the LULD Closing Cross as follows:

(a) If the security entered a Trading Pause prior and up to 3:50 p.m., the System will not accept late LOC orders.

(b) If the security entered a Trading Pause after 3:50 p.m. and up to 3:55 p.m., the System will accept late LOC orders, provided that there is a First Reference Price. Such orders may then be subject to re-pricing in accordance with Rule 4702(b)(12) or rejected, in either case consistent with the Participant’s instructions.

(c) If the security entered a Trading Pause after 3:55 p.m., the System will accept late LOC orders, provided that there is a First Reference Price or a Second Reference Price. Such orders may then be subject to re-pricing in accordance with Rule 4702(b)(12) or rejected, in either case consistent with the Participant’s instructions.

2. Statutory Basis

The Exchange believes that its proposal is consistent with Section 6(b) of the Act, in general, and furthers the objectives of Section 6(b)(5) of the Act, in particular, in that it is designed to promote just and equitable principles of trade, to remove impediments to and perfect the mechanism of a free and open market and a national market system, and, in general, to protect investors and the public interest because it would amend the LULD Closing Cross process with respect to certain LOC order handling as approved in SR–NASDAQ–2021–009 in order to further align the LULD Closing Cross with the standard Nasdaq Closing Cross. Specifically, the Exchange is proposing to provide in Rule 4754(b)(6)(F)(ii) that it will only accept and if needed, re-price a late LOC order in the LULD Closing Cross if a First Reference Price or Second Reference Price for the standard Closing Cross is available, identical to the handling of late LOC orders for the standard Closing Cross. As discussed above, in the context of the standard Closing Cross, the First Reference Price and the Second Reference Price, at the time of their dissemination at 3:50 p.m. ET and 3:55 p.m. ET, respectively, each represent the current price, bounded by the continuous market (i.e., the Nasdaq best and offer), at which paired on-close shares are maximized. SR–NASDAQ–2021–009, however, defined the 3:50 p.m. ET reference price and 3:55 p.m. ET reference price in the context of the LULD Closing Cross as the price, bounded by the benchmark prices, at which the LULD Closing Cross would execute should the cross conclude at that time. Because the benchmark prices are based on the LULD Auction Collar or LULD Band instead of the continuous market, the consequence of using the LULD Closing Cross-derived reference price and not the standard Closing Cross-derived reference price may result in late LOC orders being accepted and potentially repriced to 3:50 or 3:55 reference prices that are not reflective of the continuous market at the time of their dissemination (i.e., reference prices disseminated at a time when trading has been paused and that are not bounded by the Nasdaq best bid and offer), and which are bounded by benchmark prices that are calculated off the last disseminated LULD Auction Collar or the LULD Band that triggered the Trading Pause. The Exchange believes that this is an undesirable outcome and contrary to market participant expectations of how a late LOC order would normally be repriced by the Exchange. The Exchange believes that the proposed changes will align the LULD Closing Cross with the standard Closing Cross more closely, thereby promoting a more consistent experience for market participants, and reducing any potential confusion regarding Nasdaq’s closing processes.

B. Self-Regulatory Organization’s Statement on Burden on Competition

The Exchange does not believe that the proposed rule change will impose any burden on competition not necessary or appropriate in furtherance of the purposes of the Act. Rather, the proposed changes would allow the Exchange to make certain changes to the Exchange’s rules and functionality related to certain LOC order handling in the LULD Closing Cross in a manner consistent with the current standard Closing Cross. Ultimately, the Exchange believes that the proposed changes will render the LULD Closing Cross more attractive to market participants by providing a more consistent experience for Nasdaq’s closing processes.

C. Self-Regulatory Organization’s Statement on Comments on the Proposed Rule Change Received From Members, Participants, or Others

No written comments were either solicited or received.

III. Date of Effectiveness of the Proposed Rule Change and Timing for Commission Action

Within 45 days of the date of publication of this notice in the Federal Register or within such longer period up to 90 days (i) as to which the Commission may designate if it finds such longer period to be appropriate and publishes its reasons for so finding or (ii) as to which the self-regulatory organization consents, the Commission will:

(A) By order approve or disapprove the proposed rule change, or

(B) institute proceedings to determine whether the proposed rule change should be disapproved.

IV. Solicitation of Comments

Interested persons are invited to submit written data, views and arguments concerning the foregoing, including whether the proposed rule change is consistent with the Act. Comments may be submitted by any of the following methods:

Electronic Comments

• Use the Commission’s internet comment form (http://www.sec.gov/rules/sro.shtml); or

• Send an email to rule-comments@sec.gov. Please include File Number SR–NASDAQ–2021–101 on the subject line.

Paper Comments

• Send paper comments in triplicate to Secretary, Securities and Exchange Commission, 100 F Street NE, Washington, DC 20549–1090. All submissions should refer to File Number SR–NASDAQ–2021–101. This file number should be included on the subject line if email is used. To help the Commission process and review your comments more efficiently, please use only one method. The Commission will post all comments on the Commission’s internet website (http://www.sec.gov/rules/sro.shtml). Copies of the submission, all subsequent
amendments, all written statements with respect to the proposed rule change that are filed with the Commission, and all written communications relating to the proposed rule change between the Commission and any person, other than those that may be withheld from the public in accordance with the provisions of 5 U.S.C. 552, will be available for website viewing and printing in the Commission’s Public Reference Room, 100 F Street NE, Washington, DC 20549, on official business days between the hours of 10:00 a.m. and 3:00 p.m. Copies of the filing also will be available for inspection and copying at the principal office of the Exchange. All comments received will be posted without change. Persons submitting comments are cautioned that we do not redact or edit personal identifying information from comment submissions. You should submit only information that you wish to make available publicly. All submissions should refer to File Number SR–NASDQC–2021–101 and should be submitted on or before January 26, 2022.

For the Commission, by the Division of Trading and Markets, pursuant to delegated authority.20

Eduardo A. Aleman,
Deputy Secretary.

[FR Doc. 2021–28519 Filed 1–4–22; 8:45 am]
BILLING CODE 8011–01–P

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION


Self-Regulatory Organizations; Cboe C2 Exchange, Inc.; Notice of Filing and Order Granting Accelerated Approval of a Proposed Rule Change Relating to Certain Fine Amounts in Rule 13.15, Which Governs the Exchange’s Minor Rule Violation Plan, and Non-Substantive Clarifying Changes

December 30, 2021.

Pursuant to Section 19(b)(1) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (the “Act”),1 and Rule 19b–4 thereunder,2 notice is hereby given that on December 16, 2021, Cboe C2 Exchange, Inc. (the “Exchange” or “C2”) filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the “Commission”) the proposed rule change as described in Items I and II below, which Items have been prepared by the Exchange. The Commission is publishing this notice to solicit comments on the proposed rule change from interested persons and approving the proposal on an accelerated basis.

I. Self-Regulatory Organization’s Statement of the Terms of Substance of the Proposed Rule Change

The Exchange proposes to amend Rule 13.15, which governs the Exchange’s Minor Rule Violation Plan (“MRVP”), in connection with applicable fines, as well as a clarifying, nonsubstantive change. The text of the proposed rule change is provided in Exhibit 5.

The text of the proposed rule change is also available on the Exchange’s website (https://markets.cboe.com/us/options/regulation/rule_filings/ctwo/), at the Exchange’s Office of the Secretary, and at the Commission’s Public Reference Room.

II. Self-Regulatory Organization’s Statement of the Purpose of, and Statutory Basis for, the Proposed Rule Change

In its filing with the Commission, the Exchange included statements concerning the purpose of and basis for the proposed rule change and discussed any comments it received on the proposed rule change. The text of these statements may be examined at the places specified in Item III below. The Exchange has prepared summaries, set forth in sections A, B, and C below, of the most significant aspects of such statements.

A. Self-Regulatory Organization’s Statement of the Purpose of, and Statutory Basis for, the Proposed Rule Change

1. Purpose

The Exchange proposes to amend its MRVP in Rule 13.15(g)(14) in connection with the fine schedule applicable for minor rule violations of a Market-Maker’s quoting obligations and proposes to update language in Chapter 13 to reflect recent changes to Cboe Exchange, Inc. (“Cboe Options”) MRVP. Chapter 13 of the C2 Rulebook incorporates Cboe Options Chapter 13, in most part, by reference. Rule 13.15 provides for disposition of specific violations through assessment of fines in lieu of conducting a formal disciplinary proceeding. Rule 13.15(g) sets forth the list of specific Exchange Rules under which a Trading Permit Holder (“TPH”) or person associated with or employed by a TPH may be subject to a fine for violations of such Rules and the applicable fines that may be imposed by the Exchange.

The proposed rule change amends the fine schedule applicable to Maker-Makers for failure to meet Exchange continuous quoting obligations. The Exchange notes that because Cboe Options Rule 13.15(g)(9)3 applies to violations of Cboe Options’ Market-Maker quoting obligations, this subparagraph is inapplicable to Market-Makers on C2. Instead, the Exchange maintains its own Rule 13.15(g)(14),4 which governs minor rule violations of C2 Market-Makers’ continuous quoting obligations. Specifically, Rule 13.15(g)(14) (13.15(g)(9), as amended)5 provides that a fine will be imposed upon a Market-Maker in accordance with the fine schedule set forth below for failure to meet its continuous quoting obligations (Rule 5.52(d)):

For the first offense during any rolling 24-month period, the fine schedule imposed by Rule 13.15(g)(14) currently permits the Exchange to apply a fine ranging between $2,000 and $4,000. For subsequent offenses during the same period, the fine schedule currently permits the Exchange to apply a fine ranging between $4,000 and $5,000. The proposed rule change updates the fine schedule to provide that, during any rolling 24-month period, the Exchange may give a Letter of Caution for a first offense, may apply a fine of $1,500 for a second offense, may apply a fine of $3,000 for a third offense,6 and may proceed with formal disciplinary action for subsequent offenses. As is the case for all rule violations covered under Rule 13.15(g), the Exchange may determine that a violation of Market-Maker quoting obligations is intentional, egregious, or otherwise not minor in nature and choose to proceed under the Exchange’s formal disciplinary rules rather than its MRVP.7 The Exchange may continue to aggregate individual


3 Previously Cboe Options Rule 13.15(g)(14). The paragraphs in Cboe Options Rule 13.15(g) were recently renumbered. See Securities Exchange Release No. 92702 (August 18, 2021), 86 FR 47346 (August 24, 2021) (SR–CBOE–2021–045). As a result, the proposed rule change updates Rule 13.15(g)(6), (g)(14), and (g)(19) to Rules (g)(4), (g)(9), and (g)(14), respectively, as well as references where applicable, to be consistent with the recently renumbered paragraphs in Cboe Options Rule 13.15(g).
4 See id.
5 See id.
6 The Exchange notes that Rule 13.15(a) authorizes the Exchange to impose a fine, not to exceed $5,000, for minor rule violations in lieu of commencing a disciplinary proceeding. Additionally, any fine imposed pursuant to Rule 13.15 that (1) does not exceed $2,500 and (2) is not contested, shall be reported by the Exchange to the Commission on a periodic, rather than a current, basis, except as may otherwise be required by Exchange Act Rule 19d–1 and by any other regulatory authority.
7 See Rule 13.15(f).