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OMB APPROVAL

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Page 1 of * 36		SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549 Form 19b-4 Amendment No					File No.* SR - 2020 - * 057 . (req. for Amendments *)	
Filing by The Nasdaq Stock Market LLC								
Pursuant to Rule 19b-4 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934								
Initial * ✓		Amendment *	Withdrawal	Section 19(b)(2)	*	Sectio	n 19(b)(3)(A) *	Section 19(b)(3)(B) *
Pilot		nsion of Time Period commission Action *	Date Expires *		<u> </u>	9b-4(f) 9b-4(f) 9b-4(f)	(2) <b>a</b> 19b-4(f)(5)	
Notice of proposed change pursuant  Section 806(e)(1) *			to the Payment, Clearing, and Settlement Ac Section 806(e)(2) *			of 2010 Security-Based Swap Submission pursuant to the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 Section 3C(b)(2) *		
Exhibit 2 Sent As Paper Document  Exhibit 3 Sent As Paper Document  Exhibit 3 Sent As Paper Document								
Description  Provide a brief description of the action (limit 250 characters, required when Initial is checked *).  a proposal to allow companies to list in connection with a primary offering in which the company will sell shares itself in the opening auction on the first day of trading on Nasdaq and to explain how the opening transaction for such a listing will be effected.								
Contact Information  Provide the name, telephone number, and e-mail address of the person on the staff of the self-regulatory organization prepared to respond to questions and comments on the action.								
First Na	ame *	Arnold		Last Name * Gol	ub			
Title *		Deputy General Coun	nsel					
E-mail								
Telepho		(301) 978-8029	Fax					
Signature  Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934,								
has duly caused this filing to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.  (Title *)								
Date	08/24/	2020	Ī	EVP and Chief Le				
L		A. Zecca						
(Name *)  NOTE: Clicking the button at right will digitally sign and lock this form. A digital signature is as legally binding as a physical signature, and once signed, this form cannot be changed.								

#### SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549 For complete Form 19b-4 instructions please refer to the EFFS website. The self-regulatory organization must provide all required information, presented in a Form 19b-4 Information \* clear and comprehensible manner, to enable the public to provide meaningful comment on the proposal and for the Commission to determine whether the proposal Remove is consistent with the Act and applicable rules and regulations under the Act. The Notice section of this Form 19b-4 must comply with the guidelines for publication Exhibit 1 - Notice of Proposed Rule Change \* in the Federal Register as well as any requirements for electronic filing as published by the Commission (if applicable). The Office of the Federal Register (OFR) offers guidance on Federal Register publication requirements in the Federal Register Document Drafting Handbook, October 1998 Revision. For example, all references to Add Remove View the federal securities laws must include the corresponding cite to the United States Code in a footnote. All references to SEC rules must include the corresponding cite to the Code of Federal Regulations in a footnote. All references to Securities Exchange Act Releases must include the release number, release date, Federal Register cite, Federal Register date, and corresponding file number (e.g., SR-[SRO] -xx-xx). A material failure to comply with these guidelines will result in the proposed rule change being deemed not properly filed. See also Rule 0-3 under the Act (17 CFR 240.0-3) The Notice section of this Form 19b-4 must comply with the guidelines for publication **Exhibit 1A- Notice of Proposed Rule** in the Federal Register as well as any requirements for electronic filing as published Change, Security-Based Swap Submission, by the Commission (if applicable). The Office of the Federal Register (OFR) offers or Advance Notice by Clearing Agencies \* guidance on Federal Register publication requirements in the Federal Register Document Drafting Handbook, October 1998 Revision. For example, all references to the federal securities laws must include the corresponding cite to the United States Code in a footnote. All references to SEC rules must include the corresponding cite to the Code of Federal Regulations in a footnote. All references to Securities Exchange Act Releases must include the release number, release date, Federal Register cite, Federal Register date, and corresponding file number (e.g., SR-[SRO] -xx-xx). A material failure to comply with these guidelines will result in the proposed rule change, security-based swap submission, or advance notice being deemed not properly filed. See also Rule 0-3 under the Act (17 CFR 240.0-3) Exhibit 2 - Notices, Written Comments, Copies of notices, written comments, transcripts, other communications. If such Transcripts, Other Communications documents cannot be filed electronically in accordance with Instruction F, they shall be filed in accordance with Instruction G. Add Remove View Exhibit Sent As Paper Document П Exhibit 3 - Form, Report, or Questionnaire Copies of any form, report, or questionnaire that the self-regulatory organization proposes to use to help implement or operate the proposed rule change, or that is Add Remove View referred to by the proposed rule change. Exhibit Sent As Paper Document The full text shall be marked, in any convenient manner, to indicate additions to and **Exhibit 4 - Marked Copies** deletions from the immediately preceding filing. The purpose of Exhibit 4 is to permit Add View Remove the staff to identify immediately the changes made from the text of the rule with which it has been working. **Exhibit 5 - Proposed Rule Text** The self-regulatory organization may choose to attach as Exhibit 5 proposed changes to rule text in place of providing it in Item I and which may otherwise be more easily readable if provided separately from Form 19b-4. Exhibit 5 shall be considered part Add Remove View of the proposed rule change. If the self-regulatory organization is amending only part of the text of a lengthy Partial Amendment proposed rule change, it may, with the Commission's permission, file only those portions of the text of the proposed rule change in which changes are being made if the filing (i.e. partial amendment) is clearly understandable on its face. Such partial

amendment shall be clearly identified and marked to show deletions and additions.

### 1. Text of the Proposed Rule Change

(a) The Nasdaq Stock Market LLC ("Nasdaq" or "Exchange"), pursuant to Section 19(b)(1) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 ("Act")<sup>1</sup> and Rule 19b-4 thereunder,<sup>2</sup> is filing with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC" or "Commission") a proposal to allow companies to list in connection with a primary offering in which the company will sell shares itself in the opening auction on the first day of trading on Nasdaq and to explain how the opening transaction for such a listing will be effected.

A notice of the proposed rule change for publication in the <u>Federal Register</u> is attached as <u>Exhibit 1</u>. The text of the proposed rule change is attached as <u>Exhibit 5</u>.

- (b) Not applicable.
- (c) Not applicable.

#### 2. Procedures of the Self-Regulatory Organization

The proposed rule change was approved by the Board of Directors of the Exchange on August 21, 2020. No other action is necessary for the filing of the rule change.

Questions and comments on the proposed rule change may be directed to:

Nikolai Utochkin Counsel – Listing and Governance Nasdaq, Inc. (301) 978-8029

or

Arnold Golub Deputy General Counsel

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> 15 U.S.C. 78s(b)(1).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> 17 CFR 240.19b-4.

### Nasdaq, Inc. 301-978-8075

### 3. <u>Self-Regulatory Organization's Statement of the Purpose of, and Statutory Basis</u> for, the Proposed Rule Change

#### a. <u>Purpose</u>

Nasdaq proposes to (1) adopt Listing Rule IM-5315-2 to permit a company to list in connection with a primary offering in which the company will sell shares itself in the opening auction on the first day of trading on the Exchange (a "Direct Listing with a Capital Raise")<sup>3</sup>; (2) amend Rule 4702 to add a new order type (the "Company Direct Listing Order"), which will be used during the Nasdaq Halt Cross for the shares offered by the company in a Direct Listing with a Capital Raise; and (3) amend Rules 4120(c)(9), 4573(a)(3) and 4753(b)(2) to establish requirements for disseminating information, establishing the opening price and initiating trading through the Nasdaq Halt Cross in a Direct Listing with a Capital Raise.

### Proposed Listing Rule IM-5315-2

Listing Rule IM-5315-1 provides additional initial listing requirements for listing a company that has not previously had its common equity securities registered under the Act on the Nasdaq Global Select Market at the time of effectiveness of a registration statement filed solely for the purpose of allowing existing shareholders to sell their shares (a "Direct Listing"). To allow a company to also sell shares on its own behalf in connection with its initial listing upon effectiveness of a registration statement, without a traditional underwritten public offering, the Exchange proposes to adopt Listing Rule IM-

A Direct Listing with a Capital Raise includes situations where either: (i) only the company itself is selling shares in the opening auction on the first day of trading; or (ii) the company is selling shares and selling shareholders may also sell shares in such opening auction.

5315-2. This proposed rule would allow a company that has not previously had its common equity securities registered under the Act, to list its common equity securities on the Nasdaq Global Select Market at the time of effectiveness of a registration statement pursuant to which the company itself will sell shares in the opening auction on the first day of trading on the Exchange.

In considering the initial listing of a company in connection with a Direct Listing on the Nasdaq Global Select Market, Listing Rule IM-5315-1 currently provides that the Exchange will determine that such company has met the applicable Market Value of Unrestricted Publicly Held Shares requirements based on the lesser of: (i) an independent third-party valuation of the company (a "Valuation");<sup>4</sup> and (ii) the most recent trading price for the company's common stock in a Private Placement Market where there has been sustained recent trading. For a security that has not had sustained recent trading in a Private Placement Market prior to listing, Nasdaq will determine that such Company has met the Market Value of Unrestricted Publicly Held Shares requirement if the Company satisfies the applicable Market Value of Unrestricted Publicly Held Shares requirement and provides a Valuation evidencing a Market Value of Publicly Held Shares of at least \$250,000,000.

In contrast, when applying this requirement to a Direct Listing with a Capital Raise, the Exchange and investors know the minimum price at which the company can sell shares in the offering, and therefore is proposing the following:

Nasdaq will calculate the value of shares, including those being sold by the
 company and those held by public shareholders immediately prior to the listing,

IM-5315-1 describes the requirement for a Valuation, including the experience and independence of the entity providing the Valuation.

using a price per share equal to the price that is 20% below the lowest price in the price range disclosed by the issuer in its registration statement.<sup>5</sup> Nasdaq also will determine whether the company has met the applicable bid price and market capitalization requirements based on the same per share price.

• In determining whether the company satisfies the Market Value of Unrestricted Publicly Held Shares for initial listing on the Nasdaq Global Select Market, the Exchange will deem such Company to have met the applicable requirement if the amount of the Company's Unrestricted Publicly Held Shares before the offering, along with the market value of the shares to be sold by the company in the Direct Listing with a Capital Raise is at least \$110 million (or \$100 million, if the Company has stockholders' equity of at least \$110 million).

Officers, directors or owners of more than 10% of the company's common stock prior to the opening auction may purchase shares sold by the company in the opening auction, provided that such purchases are not inconsistent with general anti-manipulation provisions, Regulation M, and other applicable securities laws. In addition, in the same

As described below, the Nasdaq Halt Cross would not execute at a price that is more than 20% below the bottom of the disclosed range. Thus, this is the minimum price at which the company could list in connection with a Direct Listing with a Capital Raise.

For example, if the company is selling five million shares in the opening auction and there are 45 million shares issued and outstanding immediately prior to the listing that are eligible for inclusion as unrestricted publicly-held shares based on disclosure in the company's registration statement, then the market value of unrestricted publicly-held shares will be calculated based on a combined total of 50 million shares. If the lowest price of the price range disclosed in the company's registration statement is \$10 per share, the Exchange will attribute to the company a market value of unrestricted publicly-held shares of \$400 million, based on a \$8 price per share, which is 20% below the bottom of the disclosed range (\$10).

way as for shares of a company listing following a traditional underwritten IPO, such an insider owner may purchase shares sold by other shareholders or sell its own shares in the opening auction and in trading after the opening auction, to the extent not inconsistent with general anti-manipulation provisions, Regulation M, and other applicable securities laws. Except as proposed for a Direct Listing with a Capital Raise, shares held by these types of inside investors are not included in calculations of Publicly Held Shares for purposes of Exchange listing rules. The Exchange notes that such investors may acquire in secondary market trades shares sold by the issuer in a Direct Listing with a Capital Raise that were included when calculating whether the issuer meets the Market Value of Unrestricted Publicly Held Shares requirement for initial listing. However, the Exchange notes that a company listing in conjunction with a Direct Listing with a Capital Raise will be required to have a Market Value of Unrestricted Publicly Held Shares much higher than the Exchange's minimum \$45 million Market Value of Unrestricted Publicly Held Shares requirement for a traditional underwritten IPO. This heightened requirement, along with the ability of all investors to purchase shares in the opening process on the Exchange, should result in companies using a Direct Listing a Capital Raise having adequate public float and a liquid trading market after the completion of the opening auction.

Any company listing in connection with a Direct Listing with a Capital Raise would continue to be subject to and meet all other applicable initial listing requirements, including the requirements to have the applicable number of Total Holders and at least

Rule 5005(a)(35).

1,250,000 Unrestricted Publicly Held Shares outstanding at the time of initial listing, and the requirement to have a price per share of at least \$4.00 at the time of initial listing.<sup>8</sup>

Proposed Listing Rule IM-5315-2 also requires that securities listing in connection with a Direct Listing with a Capital Raise must begin trading on Nasdaq following the initial pricing through the Nasdaq Halt Cross, which is described in Rules 4120(c)(8) and 4753. To allow such initial pricing, the company must, in accordance with Rule 4120(c)(9), have a broker-dealer serving in the role of financial advisor to the issuer of the securities being listed, who is willing to perform the functions under Rule 4120(c)(8) that are performed by an underwriter with respect to an initial public offering.<sup>9</sup>

#### Amendment to Rule 4702

The Exchange proposes to amend Rule 4702 to add a new order type, the "Company Direct Listing Order" or "CDL Order", which will be used for the company's order in a Direct Listing with a Capital Raise. This will be a market order entered for the quantity of shares offered by the issuer, as disclosed in an effective registration statement for the offering that will execute at the price determined in the Nasdaq Halt Cross. Only one CDL Order may be entered on behalf of the issuer and the CDL Order may not be cancelled or modified. Only one Nasdaq member, representing the issuer, may enter a CDL Order during a Direct Listing with a Capital Raise.

See Listing Rules 5315(e) and (f).

As noted below, the Exchange also proposes to amend Rule 4120(c)(9) to specify that any services provided by such financial advisor to the issuer of a security listing in connection with a Direct Listing with a Capital Raise must provide such services in a manner that is consistent with all federal securities laws, including Regulation M and other anti-manipulation requirements.

Under Nasdaq rules, a market order, such as the CDL Order, must be executed in full at the price determined in the Nasdaq Halt Cross. In addition, all orders priced better than the price determined in the Nasdaq Halt Cross also would need to be satisfied.

### Amendments to Rules 4120(c)(9), 4753(a)(3) and 4753(b)(2)

Nasdaq proposes to amend Rules 4120(c)(9), 4573(a)(3) and 4753(b)(2) to establish requirements for disseminating information, establishing the opening price and initiating trading through the Nasdaq Halt Cross in a Direct Listing with a Capital Raise.

Nasdaq proposes to add Rule 4120(c)(9)(B) to specify that in the case of the Direct Listing with a Capital Raise, a security shall not be released for trading by Nasdaq unless the expected price at which the cross would occur (as defined in Rule 4120(c)(8)((A)(i)) is at or above the price that is 20% below the lowest price of the price range established by the issuer in its effective registration statement. This requirement would be in addition to the existing conditions described in Rule 4120(c)(8)(A)(i), (ii), and (iii), which would continue to apply.

Because the financial advisor is responsible for determining when the security subject to the Nasdaq Halt Cross is ready to trade, these proposed rule changes would make the financial advisor responsible for determining whether the Halt Cross for a

SEC Rule 430A and question 227.03 of the SEC Staff's Compliance and Disclosure Interpretations, dated November 6, 2017, generally allow a company to price a public offering 20% outside of the disclosed price range without regard to the materiality of the changes to the disclosure contained in the company's registration statement.

Rule 4120(c)(8)(A) provides that a security will not be released for trading until Nasdaq receives notice from the underwriter of the IPO or financial advisor in the case of a Direct Listing that the security is ready to trade, the system verifies that all market orders will be executed in the cross, and the price determined in the cross satisfies a price validation test.

Direct Listing with a Capital Raise can proceed. If there is insufficient buy interest to satisfy the CDL Order as required by this proposed rule, the cross would not proceed and such security would not begin trading. If the cross cannot be conducted, the Exchange would notify market participants via a Trader Update that the Direct Listing with a Capital Raise has been cancelled and any orders for that security that have been entered on the Exchange, including the CDL Order, would be cancelled back to the entering firms.

Because the CDL Order will be a market order, if the Halt Cross proceeds, that order will execute in full in the Halt Cross, along with orders priced at or better than the price determined in the Halt Cross. As noted above, the Halt Cross would not be allowed to proceed if the price calculated is 20% or more below the lowest price disclosed by the company in its effective registration statement. There would be no upper limit to the price determined in the Halt Cross.

Nasdaq also proposes changes to Rules 4573(a)(3) and 4753(b)(2) to make adjustments to the calculation of the Current Reference Price, which is disseminated in the Nasdaq Order Imbalance Indicator, in the case of a Direct Listing with a Capital Raise and for how the price at which the Nasdaq Halt Cross will execute. In each case, where there are multiple prices that would satisfy the conditions for determining a price, Nasdaq proposes to modify the fourth tie-breaker for a Direct Listing with a Capital Raise, to use the price closest to the price that is 20% below the lowest price of the price range disclosed by the issuer in its effective registration statement.

### b. <u>Statutory Basis</u>

The Exchange believes that its proposal is consistent with Section 6(b) of the Act, <sup>12</sup> in general, and furthers the objectives of Section 6(b)(5) of the Act, <sup>13</sup> in particular, in that it is designed to promote just and equitable principles of trade, to remove impediments to and perfect the mechanism of a free and open market and a national market system, and, in general to protect investors and the public interest.

Nasdaq believes that the proposed amendment to the listing requirements is consistent with the protection of investors. The proposal would require that a company completing a Direct Listing with a Capital Raise have an aggregate market value of unrestricted publicly-held shares immediately prior to listing together with the market value of shares the company sells in the opening auction total at least \$110 million (or \$100 million, if the Company has stockholders' equity of at least \$110 million), with such market value calculated using a price per share equal to 20% below the lowest price of the price range established by the issuer in its registration statement. While officers, directors or owners of more than 10% of the company's common stock prior to the opening auction may purchase shares sold by the company or other shareholders in the opening transaction on Nasdaq, in the event that such purchases are not inconsistent with general anti-manipulation provisions, Regulation M, and other applicable securities laws, Nasdaq expects that a company expecting to sell a significant portion of its shares to officers, directors and existing significant shareholders would not undertake a public listing through a Direct Listing with a Capital Raise. Nasdaq also notes that a company

<sup>15</sup> U.S.C. 78f(b).

<sup>15</sup> U.S.C. 78f(b)(5).

may list on the Global Select Market in connection with its initial public offering with a market value of unrestricted publicly held shares of \$45 million and that unlike a company listing in connection with a Direct Listing that could qualify for the price-based initial listing requirements based on a Valuation, a company listing in connection with a Direct Listing with a Capital Raise, like an IPO, must qualify for such requirements based on the minimum price at which it could sell shares in the offering. The higher requirement, along with the ability of all investors to purchase shares in the opening process on the Exchange, should result in companies using a Direct Listing a Capital Raise having adequate public float and a liquid trading market after the completion of the opening auction.

Nasdaq also believes that it is consistent with the protection of investors to calculate the security's bid price and values derived from the security's price using a price per share equal to the price that is 20% below the lowest price of the price range disclosed by the issuer in its registration statement. Commission rules and interpretations generally allow the sale of securities pursuant to an effective registration statement at a price that is 20% below the lowest price of the price range disclosed by the issuer in its registration statement. As a result, Nasdaq will allow the Halt Cross to take place as low as this price, but no lower, and so this is the minimum price at which the company could be listed.

The proposed requirement that a company that lists on the Nasdaq Global Select
Markets through a Direct Listing with a Capital Raise must begin trading of the
company's securities following the initial pricing through the Halt Cross will promote
fair and orderly markets by protecting against volatility in the pricing and initial trading

of securities covered by the proposed rule change. Accordingly, Nasdaq believes these changes, as required by Section 6(b)(5) of the Exchange Act, are reasonably designed to protect investors and the public interest and promote just and equitable principles of trade for the opening of securities listing in connection with a Direct Listing on the Nasdaq Global or Capital Markets.

Nasdaq also believes that the proposed adoption of the CDL Order type in Rule 4702 and the addition of requirements to the operation of the Nasdaq Halt Cross in Rule 4120(c)(9) will remove impediments to and perfect the mechanism of a free and open market and a national market system because it would guarantee that the Nasdaq Halt Cross would only occur above a minimum specified price, as described above, and, if the Halt Cross occurs, all shares offered by the company would be sold at no less than such minimum price. Unlike an IPO, a company listing through a Direct Listing with a Capital Raise would not have an underwriter to guarantee that a specified number of shares would be sold by the company at a price consistent with disclosure in the company's effective registration statement. This certainty would be effected in two ways. First, the proposed CDL Order would be required to be equal to the total number of shares disclosed as being offered by the company in the prospectus included in the effective registration statement filed in connection with its listing. The Nasdaq Halt Cross would only occur if all of the shares in this market order could be executed. Second, the Nasdaq Halt Cross would be required to occur at a price per share no less than the price that is 20% below the lowest price of the price range disclosed by the issuer in its registration statement. Nasdaq further believes that these proposed changes would remove impediments to and perfect the mechanism of a free and open market and a national

market system because they are designed to function seamlessly with the existing process for the Nasdaq Halt Cross, including dissemination of information about the expected price.

Nasdaq also believes that it is consistent with the protection of investors and the public interest to remind financial advisors in a Direct Listing, including Direct Listings with a Capital Raise, that activities in connection with the listing must be conducted in a manner that is consistent with the federal securities laws, including Regulation M and other anti-manipulation requirements.

Nasdaq believes that the proposed rule change to modify the fourth tie-breaker used in calculating the Current Reference Price disseminated in the Nasdaq Order Imbalance Indicator and the price at which the Nasdaq Halt Cross will occur, protects investors and the public interest. For a Direct Listing, in using the Halt Cross to initiate the initial trading in the company's securities, the Current Reference Price and price at which the Nasdaq Halt Cross will occur may be based on the most recent transaction price in a Private Placement Market where the security has had recent sustained trading in such a market over several months; otherwise the price will be determined by the Exchange in consultation with a financial advisor to the issuer. For an IPO, however, the fourth tie-breaker used in calculating the Current Reference Price, is the price that is closest to the Issuer's Initial Public Offering Price. Because a Direct Listing with a Capital Raise is similar to an IPO in that the company sells securities in the offering, the proposed rule change provides that the forth tie-breaker in calculating the Current Reference Price for such security is the price that is closest to the price that is 20% below

the lowest price of the price range disclosed by the issuer in its effective registration statement, which is the minimum price at which the Halt Cross will occur.

4. Self-Regulatory Organization's Statement on Burden on Competition

The Exchange does not believe that the proposed rule change will impose any burden on competition not necessary or appropriate in furtherance of the purposes of the Act. The proposed amendments would not impose any burden on competition, but would rather increase competition by providing new pathways for companies to access the public markets.

5. <u>Self-Regulatory Organization's Statement on Comments on the Proposed Rule Change Received from Members, Participants, or Others</u>

No written comments were either solicited or received.

6. Extension of Time Period for Commission Action

The Exchange does not consent to an extension of the time period for Commission action.

7. Basis for Summary Effectiveness Pursuant to Section 19(b)(3) or for Accelerated Effectiveness Pursuant to Section 19(b)(2)

Not applicable.

8. <u>Proposed Rule Change Based on Rules of Another Self-Regulatory Organization</u> or of the Commission

Not applicable.

Security-Based Swap Submissions Filed Pursuant to Section 3C of the Act
 Not applicable.

10. Advance Notices Filed Pursuant to Section 806(e) of the Payment, Clearing and Settlement Supervision Act

Not applicable.

### 11. Exhibits

- 1. Notice of Proposed Rule Change for publication in the <u>Federal Register</u>.
- 5. Text of the proposed rule change.

**EXHIBIT 1** 

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION (Release No. ; File No. SR-NASDAQ-2020-057)

August , 2020

Self-Regulatory Organizations; The Nasdaq Stock Market LLC; Notice of Filing of Proposed Rule Change to Allow companies to List in Connection With a Primary Offering in which The Company Will Sell Shares Itself in the Opening Auction on the First Day of Trading on Nasdaq and to Explain how the Opening Transaction for Such a Listing Will Be Effected.

Pursuant to Section 19(b)(1) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 ("Act")<sup>1</sup>, and Rule 19b-4 thereunder,<sup>2</sup> notice is hereby given that on August 24, 2020, The Nasdaq Stock Market LLC ("Nasdaq" or "Exchange") filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC" or "Commission") the proposed rule change as described in Items I, II, and III, below, which Items have been prepared by the Exchange. The Commission is publishing this notice to solicit comments on the proposed rule change from interested persons.

I. <u>Self-Regulatory Organization's Statement of the Terms of Substance of the Proposed Rule Change</u>

The Exchange proposes to allow companies to list in connection with a primary offering in which the company will sell shares itself in the opening auction on the first day of trading on Nasdaq and to explain how the opening transaction for such a listing will be effected.

<sup>15</sup> U.S.C. 78s(b)(1).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> 17 CFR 240.19b-4.

The text of the proposed rule change is available on the Exchange's Website at <a href="https://listingcenter.nasdaq.com/rulebook/nasdaq/rules">https://listingcenter.nasdaq.com/rulebook/nasdaq/rules</a>, at the principal office of the Exchange, and at the Commission's Public Reference Room.

# II. <u>Self-Regulatory Organization's Statement of the Purpose of, and Statutory Basis</u> for, the Proposed Rule Change

In its filing with the Commission, the Exchange included statements concerning the purpose of and basis for the proposed rule change and discussed any comments it received on the proposed rule change. The text of these statements may be examined at the places specified in Item IV below. The Exchange has prepared summaries, set forth in sections A, B, and C below, of the most significant aspects of such statements.

## A. <u>Self-Regulatory Organization's Statement of the Purpose of, and Statutory</u> <u>Basis for, the Proposed Rule Change</u>

#### 1. <u>Purpose</u>

Nasdaq proposes to (1) adopt Listing Rule IM-5315-2 to permit a company to list in connection with a primary offering in which the company will sell shares itself in the opening auction on the first day of trading on the Exchange (a "Direct Listing with a Capital Raise")<sup>3</sup>; (2) amend Rule 4702 to add a new order type (the "Company Direct Listing Order"), which will be used during the Nasdaq Halt Cross for the shares offered by the company in a Direct Listing with a Capital Raise; and (3) amend Rules 4120(c)(9), 4573(a)(3) and 4753(b)(2) to establish requirements for disseminating information, establishing the opening price and initiating trading through the Nasdaq Halt Cross in a Direct Listing with a Capital Raise.

A Direct Listing with a Capital Raise includes situations where either: (i) only the company itself is selling shares in the opening auction on the first day of trading; or (ii) the company is selling shares and selling shareholders may also sell shares in such opening auction.

#### Proposed Listing Rule IM-5315-2

Listing Rule IM-5315-1 provides additional initial listing requirements for listing a company that has not previously had its common equity securities registered under the Act on the Nasdaq Global Select Market at the time of effectiveness of a registration statement filed solely for the purpose of allowing existing shareholders to sell their shares (a "Direct Listing"). To allow a company to also sell shares on its own behalf in connection with its initial listing upon effectiveness of a registration statement, without a traditional underwritten public offering, the Exchange proposes to adopt Listing Rule IM-5315-2. This proposed rule would allow a company that has not previously had its common equity securities registered under the Act, to list its common equity securities on the Nasdaq Global Select Market at the time of effectiveness of a registration statement pursuant to which the company itself will sell shares in the opening auction on the first day of trading on the Exchange.

In considering the initial listing of a company in connection with a Direct Listing on the Nasdaq Global Select Market, Listing Rule IM-5315-1 currently provides that the Exchange will determine that such company has met the applicable Market Value of Unrestricted Publicly Held Shares requirements based on the lesser of: (i) an independent third-party valuation of the company (a "Valuation");<sup>4</sup> and (ii) the most recent trading price for the company's common stock in a Private Placement Market where there has been sustained recent trading. For a security that has not had sustained recent trading in a Private Placement Market prior to listing, Nasdaq will determine that such Company has met the Market Value of Unrestricted Publicly Held Shares requirement if the Company

IM-5315-1 describes the requirement for a Valuation, including the experience and independence of the entity providing the Valuation.

satisfies the applicable Market Value of Unrestricted Publicly Held Shares requirement and provides a Valuation evidencing a Market Value of Publicly Held Shares of at least \$250,000,000.

In contrast, when applying this requirement to a Direct Listing with a Capital Raise, the Exchange and investors know the minimum price at which the company can sell shares in the offering, and therefore is proposing the following:

- Nasdaq will calculate the value of shares, including those being sold by the company and those held by public shareholders immediately prior to the listing, using a price per share equal to the price that is 20% below the lowest price in the price range disclosed by the issuer in its registration statement. Nasdaq also will determine whether the company has met the applicable bid price and market capitalization requirements based on the same per share price.
- In determining whether the company satisfies the Market Value of Unrestricted Publicly Held Shares for initial listing on the Nasdaq Global Select Market, the Exchange will deem such Company to have met the applicable requirement if the amount of the Company's Unrestricted Publicly Held Shares before the offering, along with the market value of the shares to be sold by the company in the Direct Listing with a Capital Raise is at least \$110 million (or \$100 million, if the Company has stockholders' equity of at least \$110 million).

As described below, the Nasdaq Halt Cross would not execute at a price that is more than 20% below the bottom of the disclosed range. Thus, this is the minimum price at which the company could list in connection with a Direct Listing with a Capital Raise.

For example, if the company is selling five million shares in the opening auction and there are 45 million shares issued and outstanding immediately prior to the

Officers, directors or owners of more than 10% of the company's common stock prior to the opening auction may purchase shares sold by the company in the opening auction, provided that such purchases are not inconsistent with general anti-manipulation provisions, Regulation M, and other applicable securities laws. In addition, in the same way as for shares of a company listing following a traditional underwritten IPO, such an insider owner may purchase shares sold by other shareholders or sell its own shares in the opening auction and in trading after the opening auction, to the extent not inconsistent with general anti-manipulation provisions, Regulation M, and other applicable securities laws. Except as proposed for a Direct Listing with a Capital Raise, shares held by these types of inside investors are not included in calculations of Publicly Held Shares for purposes of Exchange listing rules. The Exchange notes that such investors may acquire in secondary market trades shares sold by the issuer in a Direct Listing with a Capital Raise that were included when calculating whether the issuer meets the Market Value of Unrestricted Publicly Held Shares requirement for initial listing. However, the Exchange notes that a company listing in conjunction with a Direct Listing with a Capital Raise will be required to have a Market Value of Unrestricted Publicly Held Shares much higher than the Exchange's minimum \$45 million Market Value of Unrestricted Publicly Held Shares requirement for a traditional underwritten IPO. This heightened

listing that are eligible for inclusion as unrestricted publicly-held shares based on disclosure in the company's registration statement, then the market value of unrestricted publicly-held shares will be calculated based on a combined total of 50 million shares. If the lowest price of the price range disclosed in the company's registration statement is \$10 per share, the Exchange will attribute to the company a market value of unrestricted publicly-held shares of \$400 million, based on a \$8 price per share, which is 20% below the bottom of the disclosed range (\$10).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> Rule 5005(a)(35).

requirement, along with the ability of all investors to purchase shares in the opening process on the Exchange, should result in companies using a Direct Listing a Capital Raise having adequate public float and a liquid trading market after the completion of the opening auction.

Any company listing in connection with a Direct Listing with a Capital Raise would continue to be subject to and meet all other applicable initial listing requirements, including the requirements to have the applicable number of Total Holders and at least 1,250,000 Unrestricted Publicly Held Shares outstanding at the time of initial listing, and the requirement to have a price per share of at least \$4.00 at the time of initial listing.<sup>8</sup>

Proposed Listing Rule IM-5315-2 also requires that securities listing in connection with a Direct Listing with a Capital Raise must begin trading on Nasdaq following the initial pricing through the Nasdaq Halt Cross, which is described in Rules 4120(c)(8) and 4753. To allow such initial pricing, the company must, in accordance with Rule 4120(c)(9), have a broker-dealer serving in the role of financial advisor to the issuer of the securities being listed, who is willing to perform the functions under Rule 4120(c)(8) that are performed by an underwriter with respect to an initial public offering.<sup>9</sup>

#### Amendment to Rule 4702

<sup>8</sup> See Listing Rules 5315(e) and (f).

As noted below, the Exchange also proposes to amend Rule 4120(c)(9) to specify that any services provided by such financial advisor to the issuer of a security listing in connection with a Direct Listing with a Capital Raise must provide such services in a manner that is consistent with all federal securities laws, including Regulation M and other anti-manipulation requirements.

The Exchange proposes to amend Rule 4702 to add a new order type, the "Company Direct Listing Order" or "CDL Order", which will be used for the company's order in a Direct Listing with a Capital Raise. This will be a market order entered for the quantity of shares offered by the issuer, as disclosed in an effective registration statement for the offering that will execute at the price determined in the Nasdaq Halt Cross. Only one CDL Order may be entered on behalf of the issuer and the CDL Order may not be cancelled or modified. Only one Nasdaq member, representing the issuer, may enter a CDL Order during a Direct Listing with a Capital Raise.

Under Nasdaq rules, a market order, such as the CDL Order, must be executed in full at the price determined in the Nasdaq Halt Cross. In addition, all orders priced better than the price determined in the Nasdaq Halt Cross also would need to be satisfied.

#### Amendments to Rules 4120(c)(9), 4753(a)(3) and 4753(b)(2)

Nasdaq proposes to amend Rules 4120(c)(9), 4573(a)(3) and 4753(b)(2) to establish requirements for disseminating information, establishing the opening price and initiating trading through the Nasdaq Halt Cross in a Direct Listing with a Capital Raise.

Nasdaq proposes to add Rule 4120(c)(9)(B) to specify that in the case of the Direct Listing with a Capital Raise, a security shall not be released for trading by Nasdaq unless the expected price at which the cross would occur (as defined in Rule 4120(c)(8)((A)(i)) is at or above the price that is 20% below the lowest price of the price range established by the issuer in its effective registration statement. This requirement

SEC Rule 430A and question 227.03 of the SEC Staff's Compliance and Disclosure Interpretations, dated November 6, 2017, generally allow a company to price a public offering 20% outside of the disclosed price range without regard to the materiality of the changes to the disclosure contained in the company's registration statement.

would be in addition to the existing conditions described in Rule 4120(c)(8)(A)(i), (ii), and (iii), which would continue to apply.<sup>11</sup>

Because the financial advisor is responsible for determining when the security subject to the Nasdaq Halt Cross is ready to trade, these proposed rule changes would make the financial advisor responsible for determining whether the Halt Cross for a Direct Listing with a Capital Raise can proceed. If there is insufficient buy interest to satisfy the CDL Order as required by this proposed rule, the cross would not proceed and such security would not begin trading. If the cross cannot be conducted, the Exchange would notify market participants via a Trader Update that the Direct Listing with a Capital Raise has been cancelled and any orders for that security that have been entered on the Exchange, including the CDL Order, would be cancelled back to the entering firms.

Because the CDL Order will be a market order, if the Halt Cross proceeds, that order will execute in full in the Halt Cross, along with orders priced at or better than the price determined in the Halt Cross. As noted above, the Halt Cross would not be allowed to proceed if the price calculated is 20% or more below the lowest price disclosed by the company in its effective registration statement. There would be no upper limit to the price determined in the Halt Cross.

Nasdaq also proposes changes to Rules 4573(a)(3) and 4753(b)(2) to make adjustments to the calculation of the Current Reference Price, which is disseminated in

Rule 4120(c)(8)(A) provides that a security will not be released for trading until Nasdaq receives notice from the underwriter of the IPO or financial advisor in the case of a Direct Listing that the security is ready to trade, the system verifies that all market orders will be executed in the cross, and the price determined in the cross satisfies a price validation test.

the Nasdaq Order Imbalance Indicator, in the case of a Direct Listing with a Capital Raise and for how the price at which the Nasdaq Halt Cross will execute. In each case, where there are multiple prices that would satisfy the conditions for determining a price, Nasdaq proposes to modify the fourth tie-breaker for a Direct Listing with a Capital Raise, to use the price closest to the price that is 20% below the lowest price of the price range disclosed by the issuer in its effective registration statement.

#### 2. <u>Statutory Basis</u>

The Exchange believes that its proposal is consistent with Section 6(b) of the Act, <sup>12</sup> in general, and furthers the objectives of Section 6(b)(5) of the Act, <sup>13</sup> in particular, in that it is designed to promote just and equitable principles of trade, to remove impediments to and perfect the mechanism of a free and open market and a national market system, and, in general to protect investors and the public interest.

Nasdaq believes that the proposed amendment to the listing requirements is consistent with the protection of investors. The proposal would require that a company completing a Direct Listing with a Capital Raise have an aggregate market value of unrestricted publicly-held shares immediately prior to listing together with the market value of shares the company sells in the opening auction total at least \$110 million (or \$100 million, if the Company has stockholders' equity of at least \$110 million), with such market value calculated using a price per share equal to 20% below the lowest price of the price range established by the issuer in its registration statement. While officers, directors or owners of more than 10% of the company's common stock prior to the

<sup>15</sup> U.S.C. 78f(b).

<sup>15</sup> U.S.C. 78f(b)(5).

opening auction may purchase shares sold by the company or other shareholders in the opening transaction on Nasdaq, in the event that such purchases are not inconsistent with general anti-manipulation provisions, Regulation M, and other applicable securities laws, Nasdaq expects that a company expecting to sell a significant portion of its shares to officers, directors and existing significant shareholders would not undertake a public listing through a Direct Listing with a Capital Raise. Nasdaq also notes that a company may list on the Global Select Market in connection with its initial public offering with a market value of unrestricted publicly held shares of \$45 million and that unlike a company listing in connection with a Direct Listing that could qualify for the price-based initial listing requirements based on a Valuation, a company listing in connection with a Direct Listing with a Capital Raise, like an IPO, must qualify for such requirements based on the minimum price at which it could sell shares in the offering. The higher requirement, along with the ability of all investors to purchase shares in the opening process on the Exchange, should result in companies using a Direct Listing a Capital Raise having adequate public float and a liquid trading market after the completion of the opening auction.

Nasdaq also believes that it is consistent with the protection of investors to calculate the security's bid price and values derived from the security's price using a price per share equal to the price that is 20% below the lowest price of the price range disclosed by the issuer in its registration statement. Commission rules and interpretations generally allow the sale of securities pursuant to an effective registration statement at a price that is 20% below the lowest price of the price range disclosed by the issuer in its registration statement. As a result, Nasdaq will allow the Halt Cross to take place as low

as this price, but no lower, and so this is the minimum price at which the company could be listed.

The proposed requirement that a company that lists on the Nasdaq Global Select Markets through a Direct Listing with a Capital Raise must begin trading of the company's securities following the initial pricing through the Halt Cross will promote fair and orderly markets by protecting against volatility in the pricing and initial trading of securities covered by the proposed rule change. Accordingly, Nasdaq believes these changes, as required by Section 6(b)(5) of the Exchange Act, are reasonably designed to protect investors and the public interest and promote just and equitable principles of trade for the opening of securities listing in connection with a Direct Listing on the Nasdaq Global or Capital Markets.

Nasdaq also believes that the proposed adoption of the CDL Order type in Rule 4702 and the addition of requirements to the operation of the Nasdaq Halt Cross in Rule 4120(c)(9) will remove impediments to and perfect the mechanism of a free and open market and a national market system because it would guarantee that the Nasdaq Halt Cross would only occur above a minimum specified price, as described above, and, if the Halt Cross occurs, all shares offered by the company would be sold at no less than such minimum price. Unlike an IPO, a company listing through a Direct Listing with a Capital Raise would not have an underwriter to guarantee that a specified number of shares would be sold by the company at a price consistent with disclosure in the company's effective registration statement. This certainty would be effected in two ways. First, the proposed CDL Order would be required to be equal to the total number of shares disclosed as being offered by the company in the prospectus included in the effective

registration statement filed in connection with its listing. The Nasdaq Halt Cross would only occur if all of the shares in this market order could be executed. Second, the Nasdaq Halt Cross would be required to occur at a price per share no less than the price that is 20% below the lowest price of the price range disclosed by the issuer in its registration statement. Nasdaq further believes that these proposed changes would remove impediments to and perfect the mechanism of a free and open market and a national market system because they are designed to function seamlessly with the existing process for the Nasdaq Halt Cross, including dissemination of information about the expected price.

Nasdaq also believes that it is consistent with the protection of investors and the public interest to remind financial advisors in a Direct Listing, including Direct Listings with a Capital Raise, that activities in connection with the listing must be conducted in a manner that is consistent with the federal securities laws, including Regulation M and other anti-manipulation requirements.

Nasdaq believes that the proposed rule change to modify the fourth tie-breaker used in calculating the Current Reference Price disseminated in the Nasdaq Order Imbalance Indicator and the price at which the Nasdaq Halt Cross will occur, protects investors and the public interest. For a Direct Listing, in using the Halt Cross to initiate the initial trading in the company's securities, the Current Reference Price and price at which the Nasdaq Halt Cross will occur may be based on the most recent transaction price in a Private Placement Market where the security has had recent sustained trading in such a market over several months; otherwise the price will be determined by the Exchange in consultation with a financial advisor to the issuer. For an IPO, however, the

fourth tie-breaker used in calculating the Current Reference Price, is the price that is closest to the Issuer's Initial Public Offering Price. Because a Direct Listing with a Capital Raise is similar to an IPO in that the company sells securities in the offering, the proposed rule change provides that the forth tie-breaker in calculating the Current Reference Price for such security is the price that is closest to the price that is 20% below the lowest price of the price range disclosed by the issuer in its effective registration statement, which is the minimum price at which the Halt Cross will occur.

- B. Self-Regulatory Organization's Statement on Burden on Competition

  The Exchange does not believe that the proposed rule change will impose any
  burden on competition not necessary or appropriate in furtherance of the purposes of the

  Act. The proposed amendments would not impose any burden on competition, but would
  rather increase competition by providing new pathways for companies to access the
  public markets.
  - C. <u>Self-Regulatory Organization's Statement on Comments on the Proposed</u> <u>Rule Change Received from Members, Participants, or Others</u>

No written comments were either solicited or received.

III. <u>Date of Effectiveness of the Proposed Rule Change and Timing for Commission Action</u>

Within 45 days of the date of publication of this notice in the Federal Register or within such longer period (i) as the Commission may designate up to 90 days of such date if it finds such longer period to be appropriate and publishes its reasons for so finding or (ii) as to which the Exchange consents, the Commission shall: (a) by order approve or disapprove such proposed rule change, or (b) institute proceedings to determine whether the proposed rule change should be disapproved.

#### IV. Solicitation of Comments

Interested persons are invited to submit written data, views, and arguments concerning the foregoing, including whether the proposed rule change is consistent with the Act. Comments may be submitted by any of the following methods:

#### Electronic comments:

- Use the Commission's Internet comment form (http://www.sec.gov/rules/sro.shtml); or
- Send an e-mail to <u>rule-comments@sec.gov</u>. Please include File Number SR-NASDAQ-2020-057 on the subject line.

#### Paper comments:

Send paper comments in triplicate to Secretary, Securities and Exchange
 Commission, 100 F Street, NE, Washington, DC 20549-1090.

All submissions should refer to File Number SR-NASDAQ-2020-057. This file number should be included on the subject line if e-mail is used. To help the Commission process and review your comments more efficiently, please use only one method. The Commission will post all comments on the Commission's Internet Web site (http://www.sec.gov/rules/sro.shtml).

Copies of the submission, all subsequent amendments, all written statements with respect to the proposed rule change that are filed with the Commission, and all written communications relating to the proposed rule change between the Commission and any person, other than those that may be withheld from the public in accordance with the provisions of 5 U.S.C. 552, will be available for website viewing and printing in the Commission's Public Reference Room, 100 F Street, NE, Washington, DC 20549, on official business days between the hours of 10:00 a.m. and 3:00 p.m. Copies of the filing

also will be available for inspection and copying at the principal office of the Exchange.

All comments received will be posted without change; the Commission does not edit personal identifying information from submissions. You should submit only information that you wish to make available publicly.

All submissions should refer to File Number SR-NASDAQ-2020-057 and should be submitted on or before [insert date 21 days from publication in the <u>Federal Register</u>].

For the Commission, by the Division of Trading and Markets, pursuant to delegated authority. <sup>14</sup>

J. Matthew DeLesDernier Assistant Secretary

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>14</sup> 17 CFR 200.30-3(a)(12).

#### **EXHIBIT 5**

Deleted text is [bracketed]. New text is <u>underlined</u>.

The Nasdaq Stock Market Rules

\* \* \* \* \*

#### 4120. Limit Up-Limit Down Plan and Trading Halts

- (a) (b) No change.
- (c) Procedure for Initiating and Terminating a Trading Halt
  - (1) (8) No change.
  - (9) (A) For purposes of this Rule and Rule 4753, the process for halting and initial pricing of a security that is the subject of an initial public offering shall also be available for the initial pricing of any other security that has not been listed on a national securities exchange immediately prior to the initial pricing, provided that a broker-dealer serving in the role of financial advisor to the issuer of the securities being listed is willing to perform the functions under Rule 4120(c)(8) that are performed by an underwriter with respect to an initial public offering. If more than one broker dealer is serving in the role of financial advisor, the issuer must designate one to perform the functions under Rule 4120(c)(8). The financial advisor is reminded that any activities performed under Rule 4120(c)(8) are to be conducted in a manner that is consistent with the federal securities laws, including Regulation M and other anti-manipulation requirements.
  - (B) In the case of a Direct Listing with a Capital Raise (as defined in Listing Rule IM-5315-2), a security shall not be released for trading by Nasdaq unless the conditions described in paragraphs (c)(8)(A)(i), (ii), and (iii) above, are all met and the Expected Price is at or above the price that is 20% below the lowest price of the price range established by the issuer in its effective registration statement.
  - (10) No change.

\* \* \* \* \*

#### 4702. Order Types

- (a) No change.
- (b) Except where stated otherwise, the following Order Types are available to all Participants:

- (1) (15) No change.
- (16) (A) A "Company Direct Listing Order" or "CDL Order" is a "market order" entered without a price that may be executed only the Nasdaq Halt Cross for a Direct Listing with a Capital Raise (as defined in Listing Rule IM-5315-2). Only one CDL Order may be entered on behalf of the issuer and only by one member. A CDL Order must be executed in full in the Nasdaq Halt Cross. A CDL Order may not be cancelled or modified.

#### (B) The following Order Attributes may be assigned to a CDL Order:

- Price. A CDL Order is entered without a price and shall execute only at the price determined by the Nasdaq Halt Cross for a Direct Listing with a Capital Raise (as defined in Listing Rule IM-5315-2).
- Size. The CDL Order must be for the quantity of shares offered by the issuer, as disclosed in an effective registration statement for the offering.
- <u>Time-in-Force</u>. A CDL Order may execute only in the Nasdaq Halt Cross.

\* \* \* \* \*

#### 4753. Nasdaq Halt Cross

(a) Definitions.

For the purposes of this rule the term:

- (1) (2) No change.
- (3) "Order Imbalance Indicator" shall mean a message disseminated by electronic means containing information about Eligible Interest and the price at which such interest would execute at the time of dissemination. The Order Imbalance Indicator shall disseminate the following information:
  - (A) "Current Reference Price" shall mean:
    - (i) The single price at which the maximum number of shares of Eligible Interest can be paired.
    - (ii) If more than one price exists under subparagraph (i), the Current Reference Price shall mean the price that minimizes any Imbalance.
    - (iii) If more than one price exists under subparagraph (ii), the Current Reference Price shall mean the entered price at which shares will remain unexecuted in the cross.

(iv) If more than one price exists under subparagraph (iii), the Current Reference Price shall mean:

a. - b. No change.

c. In the case of the initial pricing of a security listing under Listing Rule IM-5315-2, the price that is closest to the price that is 20% below the lowest price of the price range disclosed by the issuer in its effective registration statement.

[c]d. In the case of another halt type in which the security has already traded during normal market hours on that trading day, the price that is closest to the last Nasdaq execution prior to the trading halt; and

[d]e. In the case of another halt type in which the security has not already traded during normal market hours on that trading day, the price that is closest to the previous Nasdaq Official Closing Price.

[e]<u>f.</u> In the case of the initial pricing of a security that traded in the over-the-counter market pursuant to FINRA Form 211 immediately prior to the initial pricing, the price that is closest to the most recent transaction price in that market.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Order Imbalance Indicator will not include the Current Reference Price if there is a Market Order Imbalance.

- (B) (G) No change.
- (4) (6) No change.
- (b) Processing of Nasdaq Halt Cross. For Nasdaq-listed securities that are the subject of a trading halt or pause initiated pursuant to Rule 4120(a)(1), (4), (5), (6), (7) or (11), the Nasdaq Halt Cross shall occur at the time specified by Nasdaq pursuant to Rule 4120, and Market hours trading shall commence when the Nasdaq Halt Cross concludes.
  - (1) No change.

(2)

- (A) (C) No change.
- (D) If more than one price exists under subparagraph (C), the Nasdaq Halt Cross shall occur at:
  - (i) (ii) No change.

- (iii) In the case of the initial pricing of a security listing under Listing Rule IM-5315-2, the price that is closest to the price that is 20% below the lowest price of the price range disclosed by the issuer in its effective registration statement.
- (iv) In the case of another halt type in which the security has already traded during normal market hours on that trading day, the price that is closest to the last Nasdaq execution prior to the trading halt; and
- ( $[iv]\underline{v}$ ) In the case of another halt type in which the security has not already traded during normal market hours on that trading day, the price that is closest to the previous Nasdaq Official Closing Price.
- ([v]vi) In the case of the initial pricing of a security that traded in the over-the-counter market pursuant to FINRA Form 211 immediately prior to the initial pricing, the price that is closest to the most recent transaction price in that market.
- (E) No change.
- (3) (4) No change.
- (c) (d) No change.

\* \* \* \* \*

# IM-5315-2. Determination of Price-Based Requirements for Direct Listings with a Capital Raise

As described in Listing Rule IM-5315-1, Nasdaq recognizes that some companies that have sold common equity securities in private placements, which have not been listed on a national securities exchange or traded in the over-the-counter market pursuant to FINRA Form 211 immediately prior to the initial pricing, may wish to list those securities on Nasdaq. Such companies may list on the Nasdaq Global Select Market without an attendant initial public offering of equity securities by the Company if the Company meets the applicable initial listing requirements and the additional requirements in Listing Rule IM-5315-1.

In addition, in certain cases, a Company that has not previously had its common equity securities registered under the Exchange Act may wish to list its common equity securities on the Exchange at the time of effectiveness of a registration statement pursuant to which the Company will sell shares itself in the opening auction on the first day of trading on the Exchange in addition to or instead of facilitating sales by selling shareholders. Any such listing is referred to as a "Direct Listing with a Capital Raise" where either: (i) only the Company itself is selling shares in the opening auction on the first day of trading; or (ii) the Company is selling shares and selling shareholders may also sell shares in such opening auction.

<u>In determining whether such a Company satisfies the Market Value of Unrestricted</u> Publicly Held Shares for initial listing on the Nasdaq Global Select Market, the Exchange will deem such Company to have met the applicable requirement if the amount of the Company's Unrestricted Publicly Held Shares before the offering along with the market value of the shares to be sold in the Exchange's opening auction in the Direct Listing with a Capital Raise is at least \$110 million (or \$100 million, if the Company has stockholders' equity of at least \$110 million).

For this purpose, the market value of unrestricted publicly held shares will be calculated using a price per share equal to the price that is 20% below the lowest price of the price range disclosed by the issuer in its registration statement. Nasdaq will determine that the Company has met the applicable bid price and market capitalization requirements based on the same per share price.

Securities qualified for listing under this IM-5315-2 must begin trading on Nasdaq following the initial pricing through the mechanism outlined in Rule 4120(c)(8) and Rule 4753. To allow such initial pricing, the Company must, in accordance with Rule 4120(c)(9), have a broker-dealer serving in the role of financial advisor to the issuer of the securities being listed, who is willing to perform the functions under Rule 4120(c)(8) that are performed by an underwriter with respect to an initial public offering.

\* \* \* \* \*