Filing by: The Nasdaq Stock Market LLC

Pursuant to Rule 19b-4 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

Initial * Amendment * Withdrawal * Section 19(b)(2) * Section 19(b)(3)(A) * Section 19(b)(3)(B) *

Pilot * Extension of Time Period for Commission Action * Date Expires *

Notice of proposed change pursuant to the Payment, Clearing, and Settlement Act of 2010
Section 806(e)(1) * Security-Based Swap Submission pursuant to the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 Section 3C(b)(2) *

Exhibit 2 Sent As Paper Document Exhibit 3 Sent As Paper Document

Description

Provide a brief description of the action (limit 250 characters, required when Initial is checked *).

A proposal to amend Exchange Rule 5815 regarding review of Staff Delisting Determinations by Hearings Panels

Contact Information

Provide the name, telephone number, and e-mail address of the person on the staff of the self-regulatory organization prepared to respond to questions and comments on the action.

First Name * Aravind Last Name * Menon
Title * Senior Associate General Counsel
E-mail * aravind.menon@nasdaq.com
Telephone * (301) 978-8416 Fax

Signature

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.

has duly caused this filing to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

Date 11/08/2019 EVP and Chief Legal Officer
By John Zecca (Name *)

NOTE: Clicking the button at right will digitally sign and lock this form. A digital signature is as legally binding as a physical signature, and once signed, this form cannot be changed.
The self-regulatory organization must provide all required information, presented in a clear and comprehensible manner, to enable the public to provide meaningful comment on the proposal and for the Commission to determine whether the proposal is consistent with the Act and applicable rules and regulations under the Act.

The Notice section of this Form 19b-4 must comply with the guidelines for publication in the Federal Register as well as any requirements for electronic filing as published by the Commission (if applicable). The Office of the Federal Register (OFR) offers guidance on Federal Register publication requirements in the Federal Register Document Drafting Handbook, October 1998 Revision. For example, all references to the federal securities laws must include the corresponding cite to the United States Code in a footnote. All references to SEC rules must include the corresponding cite to the Code of Federal Regulations in a footnote. All references to Securities Exchange Act Releases must include the release number, release date, Federal Register cite, Federal Register date, and corresponding file number (e.g., SR-[SRO]-xx-xx). A material failure to comply with these guidelines will result in the proposed rule change being deemed not properly filed. See also Rule 0-3 under the Act (17 CFR 240.0-3).

Copies of notices, written comments, transcripts, other communications. If such documents cannot be filed electronically in accordance with Instruction F, they shall be filed in accordance with Instruction G.

Copies of any form, report, or questionnaire that the self-regulatory organization proposes to use to help implement or operate the proposed rule change, or that is referred to by the proposed rule change.

The full text shall be marked, in any convenient manner, to indicate additions to and deletions from the immediately preceding filing. The purpose of Exhibit 4 is to permit the staff to identify immediately the changes made from the text of the rule with which it has been working.

The self-regulatory organization may choose to attach as Exhibit 5 proposed changes to rule text in place of providing it in Item I and which may otherwise be more easily readable if provided separately from Form 19b-4. Exhibit 5 shall be considered part of the proposed rule change.

If the self-regulatory organization is amending only part of the text of a lengthy proposed rule change, it may, with the Commission's permission, file only those portions of the text of the proposed rule change in which changes are being made if the filing (i.e. partial amendment) is clearly understandable on its face. Such partial amendment shall be clearly identified and marked to show deletions and additions.
1. **Text of the Proposed Rule Change**

(a) The Nasdaq Stock Market LLC (“Nasdaq” or “Exchange”), pursuant to Section 19(b)(1) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (“Act”) and Rule 19b-4 thereunder, is filing with the Securities and Exchange Commission (“SEC” or “Commission”) a proposal to amend Exchange Rule 5815 regarding review of Staff Delisting Determinations by Hearings Panels. The proposed change would preclude the stay of a Staff Delisting Determination during the review period.

A notice of the proposed rule change for publication in the Federal Register is attached as Exhibit 1. The text of the proposed rule change is attached as Exhibit 5.

(b) Not applicable.

(c) Not applicable.

2. **Procedures of the Self-Regulatory Organization**

The proposed rule change was approved by the Board of Directors of the Exchange on July 16, 2019. No other action is necessary for the filing of the rule change.

Questions and comments on the proposed rule change may be directed to:

Aravind Menon  
Senior Associate General Counsel  
Nasdaq, Inc.  
301-978-8416

---


3. Self-Regulatory Organization’s Statement of the Purpose of, and Statutory Basis for, the Proposed Rule Change

a. Purpose

Nasdaq administers a series of rules that govern the initial and continued listing qualifications required of companies listed on the Exchange. Newly listing companies must demonstrate compliance with all initial listing requirements before they are listed. Once listed, Nasdaq staff (“Staff”) monitors each company to ensure continued compliance with the Listing Rules. In the event a company fails to maintain compliance with the Listing Rules, Staff will issue a notification informing the company of the deficiency. Where allowed by Nasdaq’s rules, Staff’s notification may provide a cure or compliance period, may allow the company to submit a plan of compliance for Staff to review, or may provide the Staff’s determination that the company should be delisted from the Exchange (a “Delisting Determination”). In instances where the company is allowed a cure or compliance period, Staff will send a Delisting Determination at the end of the cure or compliance period if the company has not regained compliance; in instances where the company is allowed to submit a plan of compliance, Staff will send a Delisting Determination if Staff does not accept the company’s plan of compliance or if the company does not timely complete its plan and regain compliance. The Delisting Determination will inform the company of the factual basis for the Staff’s determination,

3 See Nasdaq Rules 5300, 5400, and 5500 Series, outlining requirements for companies seeking to conduct an initial listing on Nasdaq Global Select Market, Nasdaq Global Market and Nasdaq Capital Market, respectively, as well as requirements for continued listing once an initial listing has been completed.

4 See Nasdaq Rule 5810, listing the categories of deficiency notifications, information contained in deficiency notification and Delisting Determinations, company disclosure obligations upon being informed of a deficiency or delisting, and types of deficiencies and notifications.
provide instructions regarding obligations to disclose the Delisting Determination to the public, and inform the company of its right for review of the Delisting Determination by a Hearings Panel.

Nasdaq Rule 5815(a) allows a company to request a written or oral hearing before a Hearings Panel to review the Delisting Determination. Under the existing rules, this request for a hearing generally will stay the suspension and delisting action pending the issuance of a written decision from the Hearings Panel.5

The Exchange proposes to amend Rule 5815 to remove the stay provision in certain situations so that a company’s securities will be suspended from trading on Nasdaq during the pendency of the Hearings Panel’s review. Specifically, the proposed rule change will apply to companies that have received a Delisting Determination: in the case of proposed 5815 (a)(1)(B)(ii)(a), following the completion of a business combination with an operating company that fails to satisfy the requirements of Nasdaq Rule IM-5101-2; in the case of proposed 5815 (a)(1)(B)(ii)(b), following a business combination with a non-Nasdaq entity that results in a change of control under Rule 5110(a); or in the case of proposed 5815 (a)(1)(B)(ii)(c), in connection with a company that has declared bankruptcy. After considering the record in the matter, including an oral hearing if elected by the company, the Hearings Panel can reinstate the company and allow trading to continue on Nasdaq.

5 See Nasdaq Rule 5815(a)(1). In the case of a Delisting Determination related to the requirements to timely file periodic reports with the Commission, the delisting action is only stayed for 15 calendar days unless the company specifically requests and the Hearings Panel grants a further stay.
Companies Whose Business Plan is to Complete One or More Acquisitions and Business Combinations with non-Nasdaq Entities Resulting in a Change of Control

Under Listing Rule IM-5101-02, Nasdaq will permit the listing of a company whose business plan is to complete an initial public offering and engage in a merger or acquisition with one or more unidentified companies within a specific period of time. Such a company is required to keep the proceeds of its initial public offering in an escrow account and, until the company has completed one or more business combinations having an aggregate fair market value of at least 80% of the value of the escrow account, must meet the requirements for initial listing following each business combination.6 Nasdaq Staff may, after having reviewed such a company, determine that the combined company does not meet the initial listing requirements and, in such a case, will issue a Delisting Determination.

Similarly, a Nasdaq-listed company must apply for initial listing on the Exchange in connection with a transaction whereby the company combines with a non-Nasdaq entity, resulting in a change of control of the company and potentially allowing the non-Nasdaq entity to obtain a Nasdaq listing.7 If the company's application for initial listing has not been approved prior to consummation of the transaction, Nasdaq will issue a Delisting Determination.8

---

6 See Nasdaq Rule IM-5101-2.

7 See Nasdaq Rule 5110(a).

8 Nasdaq Staff provides written notice to a company if it determines that a transaction, as then proposed, will result in a change of control pursuant to Listing Rule 5110(a). In this notification, Nasdaq Staff advises the company that the combined entity will be required to submit an initial listing application and listing agreement prior to consummating the transaction, satisfy all initial inclusion criteria immediately upon consummation of the transaction and pay all required fees. Upon receipt of this notification, the company may appeal Staff’s...
In each case, under existing Nasdaq rules, if a company requests review by a Hearings Panel, the Delisting Determination is stayed during the pendency of such review and the company’s shares will continue to trade on the Exchange. The proposed rule change will modify the rules so that suspension of the company’s shares is not stayed in connection with a Delisting Determination for these reasons.

For both categories of companies outlined above, the Exchange believes immediate suspension is appropriate and necessary in order to prevent a company from listing shares on the Exchange despite it having never established compliance with the Exchange’s initial listing requirements. In each case, the company that must satisfy the initial listing requirements is effectively a new business entity and, as a result, is required by Nasdaq rules to demonstrate compliance with the Exchange’s initial listing standards. To allow such companies to trade on the Exchange without first demonstrating compliance with the initial listing standards misleads the investing public by giving the appearance that the company has met the standards imposed by Nasdaq. Moreover, the company can then use the benefits of its Nasdaq listing and trading to achieve compliance with the initial listing requirements it does not satisfy.9

9 In 2011, the Securities and Exchange Commission noted that “…the Listing standards provide the means for an exchange to screen Companies that seek to become listed, and to provide listed status only to those that are bona fide companies with sufficient public float, investor base, and trading interest likely to generate depth and liquidity sufficient to promote fair and orderly markets.
Nasdaq believes that adopting this rule change will align the process for listing a company following a business combination with an acquisition company or following a business combination resulting in a change of control with the process for other companies that must meet the initial listing requirements before they are allowed to list and trade on Nasdaq.

Bankruptcy

Under Nasdaq Rule 5110(b), Staff may use its discretionary authority to delist a company’s listing in the event it has filed for protection under the federal bankruptcy laws, or comparable foreign laws, or has announced that liquidation has been authorized by its board of directors, even if the company’s securities otherwise meet all requirements for continued listing on the Exchange.\textsuperscript{10} The proposed rule change will modify the rules so that removal of the company’s shares is not stayed when a company has received a Delisting Determination for these reasons.

Nasdaq believes that it is appropriate to eliminate the stay during the pendency of the Hearings Panel’s review where Nasdaq Staff has determined to delist a company in bankruptcy proceedings. In these cases, the company has acknowledged its serious financial straits and, in Nasdaq’s experience, there is generally no residual equity for the current stockholders. Continued trading of the company’s shares during the duration of

Meaningful listing standards also are important given investor expectations regarding the nature of securities that have achieved an exchange listing, and the role of an exchange in overseeing its market and assuring compliance with its listing standards.” Securities Exchange Act Release No. 65708 (November 8, 2011), 76 FR 70799 at 70802 (November 15, 2011) (approving SR-NASDAQ-2011-073).

\textsuperscript{10} Nasdaq Rule 5110(b) also requires a company emerging from bankruptcy protection to demonstrate compliance with the Exchange’s initial listing standards in order to be listed on the Exchange.
the Hearings Panel’s review is inadvisable in light of these facts and could create investor confusion about the company’s ability to satisfy Nasdaq’s listing requirements.\(^{11}\) Instead, Nasdaq believes it would better enhance investor protection if the company’s shares were suspended during the review process.

b. **Statutory Basis**

The Exchange believes that its proposal is consistent with Section 6(b) of the Act,\(^ {12}\) in general, and furthers the objectives of Section 6(b)(5) of the Act,\(^ {13}\) in particular, in that it is designed to promote just and equitable principles of trade, to remove impediments to and perfect the mechanism of a free and open market and a national market system, and, in general to protect investors and the public interest, by preventing companies that have not demonstrated compliance with the Exchange’s initial listing standards, and companies that have sought bankruptcy protection, from trading on the Exchange during the pendency of the Hearings Panel’s review of a Delisting Determination. Nasdaq believes that allowing such companies to continue trading on the Exchange is confusing to investors and raises investor protection concerns.

In the case of companies whose business plan is to complete one or more acquisitions and companies that complete a business combinations with a non-Nasdaq entity resulting in a change in control, allowing continued trading on the Exchange would

\(^{11}\) Rule 5110(b) requires a company emerging from bankruptcy protection to demonstrate compliance with the Exchange’s initial listing standards in order to continue to be listed on the Exchange. Of 37 Delisting Determinations related to bankruptcy, only one company remained listed and demonstrated compliance with the initial listing requirements upon emerging from bankruptcy.


\(^{13}\) 15 U.S.C. 78f(b)(5).
permit companies that are effectively new entities to be listed without having completed the standard vetting process conducted by the Exchange of all new listed companies and demonstrating compliance with all initial listing requirements. Likewise, due to the uncertainty of the outcome, and the limited information provided during bankruptcy proceedings, continued listing of a company’s shares on the Exchange during such proceedings exposes investors to increased risk. The proposed rule will protect investors by preventing continued trading in such company’s securities until an independent Hearings Panel reviews the Delisting Determination and determines that continued trading on Nasdaq is appropriate.

4. **Self-Regulatory Organization’s Statement on Burden on Competition**

   The Exchange does not believe that the proposed rule change will impose any burden on competition not necessary or appropriate in furtherance of the purposes of the Act. The proposed rule would be applied equally to all listed companies whose business plan is to complete one or more acquisitions, that complete a business combinations with a non-Nasdaq entity resulting in a change in control, or that seek bankruptcy protection. In addition, the proposed rule change will align the process for listing a new company following a business combination with an acquisition company or following a business combination resulting in a change of control with the process for other newly listing companies, which must meet the initial listing requirements prior to being listed.

5. **Self-Regulatory Organization’s Statement on Comments on the Proposed Rule Change Received from Members, Participants, or Others**

   No written comments were either solicited or received.
6. **Extension of Time Period for Commission Action**

The Exchange does not consent to an extension of the time period for Commission action.

7. **Basis for Summary Effectiveness Pursuant to Section 19(b)(3) or for Accelerated Effectiveness Pursuant to Section 19(b)(2)**

Not applicable.

8. **Proposed Rule Change Based on Rules of Another Self-Regulatory Organization or of the Commission**

Not applicable.

9. **Security-Based Swap Submissions Filed Pursuant to Section 3C of the Act**

Not applicable.

10. **Advance Notices Filed Pursuant to Section 806(e) of the Payment, Clearing and Settlement Supervision Act**

Not applicable.

11. **Exhibits**

1. A notice of the proposed rule change for publication in the Federal Register

5. Text of the proposed rule change.
EXHIBIT 1

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
(Release No. ; File No. SR-NASDAQ-2019-089)

November __, 2019

Self-Regulatory Organizations; The Nasdaq Stock Market LLC; Notice of Filing of Proposed Rule Change to Amend Exchange Rule 5815

Pursuant to Section 19(b)(1) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 ("Act")¹, and Rule 19b-4 thereunder,² notice is hereby given that on November 8, 2019, The Nasdaq Stock Market LLC ("Nasdaq" or "Exchange") filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC" or "Commission") the proposed rule change as described in Items I, II, and III, below, which Items have been prepared by the Exchange. The Commission is publishing this notice to solicit comments on the proposed rule change from interested persons.

I. Self-Regulatory Organization’s Statement of the Terms of Substance of the Proposed Rule Change

The Exchange proposes to amend Exchange Rule 5815 regarding review of Staff Delisting Determinations by Hearings Panels. The proposed change would preclude the stay of a Staff Delisting Determination during the review period.

The text of the proposed rule change is available on the Exchange’s Website at http://nasdaq.cchwallstreet.com, at the principal office of the Exchange, and at the Commission’s Public Reference Room.

II. Self-Regulatory Organization’s Statement of the Purpose of, and Statutory Basis for, the Proposed Rule Change

In its filing with the Commission, the Exchange included statements concerning the purpose of and basis for the proposed rule change and discussed any comments it received on the proposed rule change. The text of these statements may be examined at the places specified in Item IV below. The Exchange has prepared summaries, set forth in sections A, B, and C below, of the most significant aspects of such statements.

A. Self-Regulatory Organization’s Statement of the Purpose of, and Statutory Basis for, the Proposed Rule Change

1. Purpose

Nasdaq administers a series of rules that govern the initial and continued listing qualifications required of companies listed on the Exchange.\(^3\) Newly listing companies must demonstrate compliance with all initial listing requirements before they are listed. Once listed, Nasdaq staff (“Staff”) monitors each company to ensure continued compliance with the Listing Rules. In the event a company fails to maintain compliance with the Listing Rules, Staff will issue a notification informing the company of the deficiency. Where allowed by Nasdaq’s rules, Staff’s notification may provide a cure or compliance period, may allow the company to submit a plan of compliance for Staff to review, or may provide the Staff’s determination that the company should be delisted from the Exchange (a “Delisting Determination”).\(^4\) In instances where the company is

---

\(^3\) See Nasdaq Rules 5300, 5400, and 5500 Series, outlining requirements for companies seeking to conduct an initial listing on Nasdaq Global Select Market, Nasdaq Global Market and Nasdaq Capital Market, respectively, as well as requirements for continued listing once an initial listing has been completed.

\(^4\) See Nasdaq Rule 5810, listing the categories of deficiency notifications, information contained in deficiency notification and Delisting Determinations,
allowed a cure or compliance period, Staff will send a Delisting Determination at the end of the cure or compliance period if the company has not regained compliance; in instances where the company is allowed to submit a plan of compliance, Staff will send a Delisting Determination if Staff does not accept the company’s plan of compliance or if the company does not timely complete its plan and regain compliance. The Delisting Determination will inform the company of the factual basis for the Staff’s determination, provide instructions regarding obligations to disclose the Delisting Determination to the public, and inform the company of its right for review of the Delisting Determination by a Hearings Panel.

Nasdaq Rule 5815(a) allows a company to request a written or oral hearing before a Hearings Panel to review the Delisting Determination. Under the existing rules, this request for a hearing generally will stay the suspension and delisting action pending the issuance of a written decision from the Hearings Panel.⁵

The Exchange proposes to amend Rule 5815 to remove the stay provision in certain situations so that a company’s securities will be suspended from trading on Nasdaq during the pendency of the Hearings Panel’s review. Specifically, the proposed rule change will apply to companies that have received a Delisting Determination: in the case of proposed 5815 (a)(1)(B)(ii)(a), following the completion of a business combination with an operating company that fails to satisfy the requirements of Nasdaq company disclosure obligations upon being informed of a deficiency or delisting, and types of deficiencies and notifications.

⁵ See Nasdaq Rule 5815(a)(1). In the case of a Delisting Determination related to the requirements to timely file periodic reports with the Commission, the delisting action is only stayed for 15 calendar days unless the company specifically requests and the Hearings Panel grants a further stay.
Rule IM-5101-2; in the case of proposed 5815 (a)(1)(B)(ii)(b), following a business combination with a non-Nasdaq entity that results in a change of control under Rule 5110(a); or in the case of proposed 5815 (a)(1)(B)(ii)(c), in connection with a company that has declared bankruptcy. After considering the record in the matter, including an oral hearing if elected by the company, the Hearings Panel can reinstate the company and allow trading to continue on Nasdaq.

Companies Whose Business Plan is to Complete One or More Acquisitions and Business Combinations with non-Nasdaq Entities Resulting in a Change of Control

Under Listing Rule IM-5101-02, Nasdaq will permit the listing of a company whose business plan is to complete an initial public offering and engage in a merger or acquisition with one or more unidentified companies within a specific period of time. Such a company is required to keep the proceeds of its initial public offering in an escrow account and, until the company has completed one or more business combinations having an aggregate fair market value of at least 80% of the value of the escrow account, must meet the requirements for initial listing following each business combination.6 Nasdaq Staff may, after having reviewed such a company, determine that the combined company does not meet the initial listing requirements and, in such a case, will issue a Delisting Determination.

Similarly, a Nasdaq-listed company must apply for initial listing on the Exchange in connection with a transaction whereby the company combines with a non-Nasdaq entity, resulting in a change of control of the company and potentially allowing the non-Nasdaq entity to obtain a Nasdaq listing.7 If the company's application for initial listing

---

6 See Nasdaq Rule IM-5101-2.

7 See Nasdaq Rule 5110(a).
has not been approved prior to consummation of the transaction, Nasdaq will issue a Delisting Determination.  

In each case, under existing Nasdaq rules, if a company requests review by a Hearings Panel, the Delisting Determination is stayed during the pendency of such review and the company’s shares will continue to trade on the Exchange. The proposed rule change will modify the rules so that suspension of the company’s shares is not stayed in connection with a Delisting Determination for these reasons.

For both categories of companies outlined above, the Exchange believes immediate suspension is appropriate and necessary in order to prevent a company from listing shares on the Exchange despite it having never established compliance with the Exchange’s initial listing requirements. In each case, the company that must satisfy the initial listing requirements is effectively a new business entity and, as a result, is required by Nasdaq rules to demonstrate compliance with the Exchange’s initial listing standards.

To allow such companies to trade on the Exchange without first demonstrating compliance with the initial listing standards misleads the investing public by giving the

---

8 Nasdaq Staff provides written notice to a company if it determines that a transaction, as then proposed, will result in a change of control pursuant to Listing Rule 5110(a). In this notification, Nasdaq Staff advises the company that the combined entity will be required to submit an initial listing application and listing agreement prior to consummating the transaction, satisfy all initial inclusion criteria immediately upon consummation of the transaction and pay all required fees. Upon receipt of this notification, the company may appeal Staff’s determination that Listing Rule 5110(a) is applicable to the transaction. As such, a company would only be subject to suspension under the proposed rule if it does not contest the applicability of Rule 5110(a), or if it the Panel has already concluded that the rule is applicable, and if the company does not satisfy the initial inclusion requirements upon consummation of the transaction. See Nasdaq FAQ 413, available at https://listingcenter.nasdaq.com/Material_Search.aspx?materials=413&mcd=LQ &criteria=2.
appearance that the company has met the standards imposed by Nasdaq. Moreover, the company can then use the benefits of its Nasdaq listing and trading to achieve compliance with the initial listing requirements it does not satisfy.\(^9\)

Nasdaq believes that adopting this rule change will align the process for listing a company following a business combination with an acquisition company or following a business combination resulting in a change of control with the process for other companies that must meet the initial listing requirements before they are allowed to list and trade on Nasdaq.

**Bankruptcy**

Under Nasdaq Rule 5110(b), Staff may use its discretionary authority to delist a company’s listing in the event it has filed for protection under the federal bankruptcy laws, or comparable foreign laws, or has announced that liquidation has been authorized by its board of directors, even if the company’s securities otherwise meet all requirements for continued listing on the Exchange.\(^10\) The proposed rule change will modify the rules

---

\(^9\) In 2011, the Securities and Exchange Commission noted that “…the Listing standards provide the means for an exchange to screen Companies that seek to become listed, and to provide listed status only to those that are bona fide companies with sufficient public float, investor base, and trading interest likely to generate depth and liquidity sufficient to promote fair and orderly markets. Meaningful listing standards also are important given investor expectations regarding the nature of securities that have achieved an exchange listing, and the role of an exchange in overseeing its market and assuring compliance with its listing standards.” Securities Exchange Act Release No. 65708 (November 8, 2011), 76 FR 70799 at 70802 (November 15, 2011) (approving SR-NASDAQ-2011-073).

\(^10\) Nasdaq Rule 5110(b) also requires a company emerging from bankruptcy protection to demonstrate compliance with the Exchange’s initial listing standards in order to be listed on the Exchange.
so that removal of the company’s shares is not stayed when a company has received a Delisting Determination for these reasons.

Nasdaq believes that it is appropriate to eliminate the stay during the pendency of the Hearings Panel’s review where Nasdaq Staff has determined to delist a company in bankruptcy proceedings. In these cases, the company has acknowledged its serious financial straits and, in Nasdaq’s experience, there is generally no residual equity for the current stockholders. Continued trading of the company’s shares during the duration of the Hearings Panel’s review is inadvisable in light of these facts and could create investor confusion about the company’s ability to satisfy Nasdaq’s listing requirements. Instead, Nasdaq believes it would better enhance investor protection if the company’s shares were suspended during the review process.

2. **Statutory Basis**

The Exchange believes that its proposal is consistent with Section 6(b) of the Act, in general, and furthers the objectives of Section 6(b)(5) of the Act, in particular, in that it is designed to promote just and equitable principles of trade, to remove impediments to and perfect the mechanism of a free and open market and a national market system, and, in general to protect investors and the public interest, by preventing companies that have not demonstrated compliance with the Exchange’s initial listing

---

11 Rule 5110(b) requires a company emerging from bankruptcy protection to demonstrate compliance with the Exchange’s initial listing standards in order to continue to be listed on the Exchange. Of 37 Delisting Determinations related to bankruptcy, only one company remained listed and demonstrated compliance with the initial listing requirements upon emerging from bankruptcy.


standards, and companies that have sought bankruptcy protection, from trading on the Exchange during the pendency of the Hearings Panel’s review of a Delisting Determination. Nasdaq believes that allowing such companies to continue trading on the Exchange is confusing to investors and raises investor protection concerns.

In the case of companies whose business plan is to complete one or more acquisitions and companies that complete a business combinations with a non-Nasdaq entity resulting in a change in control, allowing continued trading on the Exchange would permit companies that are effectively new entities to be listed without having completed the standard vetting process conducted by the Exchange of all new listed companies and demonstrating compliance with all initial listing requirements. Likewise, due to the uncertainty of the outcome, and the limited information provided during bankruptcy proceedings, continued listing of a company’s shares on the Exchange during such proceedings exposes investors to increased risk. The proposed rule will protect investors by preventing continued trading in such company’s securities until an independent Hearings Panel reviews the Delisting Determination and determines that continued trading on Nasdaq is appropriate.

B. Self-Regulatory Organization’s Statement on Burden on Competition

The Exchange does not believe that the proposed rule change will impose any burden on competition not necessary or appropriate in furtherance of the purposes of the Act. The proposed rule would be applied equally to all listed companies whose business plan is to complete one or more acquisitions, that complete a business combinations with a non-Nasdaq entity resulting in a change in control, or that seek bankruptcy protection. In addition, the proposed rule change will align the process for listing a new company following a business combination with an acquisition company or following a business
combination resulting in a change of control with the process for other newly listing companies, which must meet the initial listing requirements prior to being listed.

C. **Self-Regulatory Organization’s Statement on Comments on the Proposed Rule Change Received from Members, Participants, or Others**

No written comments were either solicited or received.

III. **Date of Effectiveness of the Proposed Rule Change and Timing for Commission Action**

Within 45 days of the date of publication of this notice in the Federal Register or within such longer period (i) as the Commission may designate up to 90 days of such date if it finds such longer period to be appropriate and publishes its reasons for so finding or (ii) as to which the Exchange consents, the Commission shall: (a) by order approve or disapprove such proposed rule change, or (b) institute proceedings to determine whether the proposed rule change should be disapproved.

IV. **Solicitation of Comments**

Interested persons are invited to submit written data, views, and arguments concerning the foregoing, including whether the proposed rule change is consistent with the Act. Comments may be submitted by any of the following methods:

**Electronic comments:**

- Use the Commission’s Internet comment form [http://www.sec.gov/rules/sro.shtml](http://www.sec.gov/rules/sro.shtml); or

- Send an e-mail to rule-comments@sec.gov. Please include File Number SR-NASDAQ-2019-089 on the subject line.

**Paper comments:**

- Send paper comments in triplicate to Secretary, Securities and Exchange Commission, 100 F Street, NE, Washington, DC 20549-1090.
All submissions should refer to File Number SR-NASDAQ-2019-089. This file number should be included on the subject line if e-mail is used. To help the Commission process and review your comments more efficiently, please use only one method. The Commission will post all comments on the Commission’s Internet Web site (http://www.sec.gov/rules/sro.shtml).

Copies of the submission, all subsequent amendments, all written statements with respect to the proposed rule change that are filed with the Commission, and all written communications relating to the proposed rule change between the Commission and any person, other than those that may be withheld from the public in accordance with the provisions of 5 U.S.C. 552, will be available for website viewing and printing in the Commission’s Public Reference Room, 100 F Street, NE, Washington, DC 20549, on official business days between the hours of 10:00 a.m. and 3:00 p.m. Copies of the filing also will be available for inspection and copying at the principal office of the Exchange. All comments received will be posted without change; the Commission does not edit personal identifying information from submissions. You should submit only information that you wish to make available publicly.

All submissions should refer to File Number SR-NASDAQ-2019-089 and should be submitted on or before [insert date 21 days from publication in the Federal Register].

For the Commission, by the Division of Trading and Markets, pursuant to delegated authority.\(^\text{14}\)

Jill M. Peterson
Assistant Secretary

\(^{14}\) 17 CFR 200.30-3(a)(12).
5815. Review of Staff Determinations by Hearings Panel

When a Company receives a Staff Delisting Determination or a Public Reprimand Letter issued by the Listing Qualifications Department, or when its application for initial listing is denied, it may request in writing that the Hearings Panel review the matter in a written or an oral hearing. This section sets forth the procedures for requesting a hearing before a Hearings Panel, describes the Hearings Panel and the possible outcomes of a hearing, and sets forth Hearings Panel procedures.

(a) Procedures for Requesting and Preparing for a Hearing

(1) Timely Request Stays Delisting

(A) A Company may, within seven calendar days of the date of the Staff Delisting Determination notification, Public Reprimand Letter, or written denial of a listing application, request a written or oral hearing before a Hearings Panel to review the Staff Delisting Determination, Public Reprimand Letter, or written denial of a listing application. [Subject to the limitation in paragraph (B) below, a timely request for a hearing will stay the suspension and delisting action pending the issuance of a Panel Decision.] Requests for hearings should be submitted in writing to the Hearings Department.

(B) Subject to the following limitations, [A] a timely request for a hearing shall ordinarily stay the suspension and delisting action pending the issuance of a Panel Decision.

    (i) [However, if] If the Staff Delisting Determination relates to deficiencies from the standards of Rule 5250(c)(1) or (2), which require a Company to timely file its periodic reports with the Commission, the delisting action will only be stayed for 15 calendar days from the deadline to request a hearing unless the Company specifically requests and the Hearings Panel grants a further stay. A request for a further stay must include an explanation of why such a stay would be appropriate and should be included in the Company's request for a hearing. Based on that submission and any recommendation provided by Staff, the Hearings Panel will determine whether to grant the Company a further stay. In determining whether to grant the stay, the Hearings Panel will consider the Company's specific circumstances, including the likelihood that the filing can be made within any exception period that could subsequently be granted, the Company's past compliance history, the reasons for the late filing, corporate events that may occur within the exception period, the Company's general financial status, and the
Company's disclosures to the market. The Hearings Panel will notify the Company of its conclusion as soon as is practicable, but in no event more than 15 calendar days following the deadline to request the hearing. In the event the Hearings Panel determines not to grant the Company a stay, the Company's securities will be immediately suspended and will remain suspended unless the Panel Decision issued after the hearing determines to reinstate the securities.

(ii) A timely request for a hearing will not stay the suspension and delisting action pending the issuance of a written Panel Decision when the Staff Delisting Determination is related to one of the following deficiencies:

a. A Company described in Rule IM-5101-2, which has failed to satisfy the requirements for initial listing following a business combination;

b. A Company whose application for initial listing has not been approved prior to consummation of a transaction whereby the Company combines with a non-Nasdaq entity, resulting in a change of control of the Company and potentially allowing the non-Nasdaq entity to obtain a Nasdaq Listing, as described in Nasdaq Rule 5110(a); or

c. A Company that has filed for protection under any provision of the federal bankruptcy laws, or comparable foreign laws, or that has announced that liquidation has been authorized by its board of directors and that it is committed to proceed, as described in Nasdaq Rule 5110(b).

(2) – (6) No change.

(b) – (d) No change.

* * * * *