**Notice of proposed change pursuant to the Payment, Clearing, and Settlement Act of 2010**

**Section 806(e)(1) * **

**Section 806(e)(2) * **

**Security-Based Swap Submission pursuant to the Securities Exchange Act of 1934**

**Section 3C(b)(2) * **

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**Filing by** The Nasdaq Stock Market LLC

**Pursuant to Rule 19b-4 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934**

**Initial * Amendment * Withdrawal Section 19(b)(2) * Section 19(b)(3)(A) * Section 19(b)(3)(B) ***

- Pilot
- Extension of Time Period for Commission Action *
- Date Expires *
- Rule 19b-4(f)(1)
- 19b-4(f)(2)
- 19b-4(f)(3)
- 19b-4(f)(4)
- 19b-4(f)(5)
- 19b-4(f)(6)

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**Notice of proposed change pursuant to the Payment, Clearing, and Settlement Act of 2010**

**Section 806(e)(1) * **

**Section 806(e)(2) * **

**Security-Based Swap Submission pursuant to the Securities Exchange Act of 1934**

**Section 3C(b)(2) * **

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**Provide a brief description of the action (limit 250 characters, required when Initial is checked *).**

Proposal to assume operational responsibility for certain investigation and enforcement functions currently performed by the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority under the Exchange authority and supervision.

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**Contact Information**

Provide the name, telephone number, and e-mail address of the person on the staff of the self-regulatory organization prepared to respond to questions and comments on the action.

**First Name * Erik**

**Last Name * Wittman**

**Title * Senior Associate General Counsel**

**E-mail * Erik.Wittman@nasdaq.com**

**Telephone * (202) 912-3070**

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**Signature**

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934,

has duly caused this filing to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

**(Title *)**

**Date 02/28/2019**

**By Edward S. Knight**

**Global Chief Legal and Policy Officer**

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**NOTE:** Clicking the button at right will digitally sign and lock this form. A digital signature is as legally binding as a physical signature, and once signed, this form cannot be changed.

[edward.knight@nasdaq.com](mailto:edward.knight@nasdaq.com)
If the self-regulatory organization is amending only part of the text of a lengthy proposed rule change, it may, with the Commission's permission, file only those portions of the text of the proposed rule change in which changes are being made if the filing (i.e. partial amendment) is clearly understandable on its face. Such partial amendment shall be clearly identified and marked to show deletions and additions.
1. **Text of the Proposed Rule Change**

   (a) The Nasdaq Stock Market LLC (“Nasdaq” or “Exchange”), pursuant to Section 19(b)(1) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (“Act”)\(^1\) and Rule 19b-4 thereunder,\(^2\) is filing with the Securities and Exchange Commission (“SEC” or “Commission”) a proposal to assume operational responsibility for certain investigation and enforcement functions currently performed by the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority (“FINRA”) under the Exchange’s authority and supervision. Nasdaq Rule 0150 requires Commission approval for this transfer of operational responsibility to Nasdaq. Nasdaq anticipates a phased transition, whereby Nasdaq would assume increasing responsibility throughout 2019 and into early 2020 for investigation and enforcement activities for certain conduct occurring on the Nasdaq and Nasdaq BX, Inc. (“BX”) markets (collectively, the “Exchanges”).

   A notice of the proposed rule change for publication in the Federal Register is attached as Exhibit 1.

   (b) Not applicable.

   (c) Not applicable.

2. **Procedures of the Self-Regulatory Organization**

   The proposed rule change was approved by the Board of Directors of the Exchange on January 30, 2019. No other action is necessary for the filing of the rule change.

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Questions and comments on the proposed rule change may be directed to:

Erik Wittman  
Senior Associate General Counsel  
Nasdaq, Inc.  
(202) 912-3070

3. **Self-Regulatory Organization’s Statement of the Purpose of, and Statutory Basis for, the Proposed Rule Change**

   a. **Purpose**

   Section 6 of the Act requires that national securities exchanges enforce their members’ compliance with federal securities laws and rules as well as the exchanges’ own rules.\(^3\) As a self-regulatory organization (“SRO”), Nasdaq must have a comprehensive regulatory program that includes investigation and prosecution of suspicious activity. Since it became a national securities exchange, Nasdaq has contracted with FINRA through various regulatory services agreements (“RSAs”) to perform certain of these regulatory functions on its behalf. However, as the Commission has made clear, “the Nasdaq Exchange bears the responsibility for self-regulatory conduct and primary liability for self-regulatory failures, not the SRO retained to perform regulatory functions on the Exchange’s behalf.”\(^4\)

   Notwithstanding its use of FINRA, the Exchange has also retained operational responsibility for a number of regulatory functions, including real-time surveillance, qualification of companies listed on Nasdaq and most surveillance related to its affiliated options markets. Historically, Nasdaq retained operational responsibility in areas where Nasdaq’s expertise regarding its own markets, technology and listed companies enhanced

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regulation. In recognition of this, on September 30, 2013, the Commission approved Nasdaq’s proposal to reallocate operational responsibility from FINRA to Nasdaq for certain equities surveillance patterns and related review functions, focused on: (1) manipulation patterns that monitor solely Nasdaq activity; and (2) monitoring of compliance by member firms with elements of the Commission’s Regulation M and Nasdaq Rule 4619 compliance.5

Building on Nasdaq’s experience and expertise, this proposal reflects a natural evolution of Nasdaq’s proven model to assume and retain operational responsibility in areas where its in-depth knowledge of its markets and members enhances market regulation. For the reasons outlined below, Nasdaq now seeks Commission approval to reallocate operational responsibility from FINRA to Nasdaq Regulation6 for certain investigation and enforcement activity, namely:

- investigation and enforcement responsibilities for conduct occurring on its options markets (The BX Options Market and The Nasdaq Options Market),7 and

- investigation and enforcement responsibilities for conduct occurring on the Nasdaq and BX equity markets only, i.e., not also on non-Nasdaq equities markets.8

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6 Under Nasdaq Rule 9120(t), Nasdaq Regulation includes the Nasdaq Enforcement Department.

7 As appropriate, Nasdaq Regulation will coordinate with other SROs to the extent it is investigating activity occurring on Non-Nasdaq options markets to ensure no regulatory duplication occurs.
Currently, under RSAs, FINRA is responsible for, among other things, the investigation of matters referred from Nasdaq MarketWatch and the Phlx Market Surveillance department.\(^9\) FINRA is also responsible for providing services related to Nasdaq’s formal disciplinary process, including the issuance of Wells Notices, Cautionary Action Letters, Complaints, and settlement documents.

Nasdaq now proposes to perform the functions described in the bullet points above and is seeking Commission approval to do so. Nasdaq believes that its expertise in its own market structure coupled with its expertise in surveillance activities will enable it to conduct investigation and enforcement responsibilities for the Exchanges effectively, efficiently and with immediacy. In addition, this proposal represents an incremental reallocation of operational responsibility because Nasdaq Regulation currently performs investigative and enforcement work on behalf of Phlx, ISE, GEMX, and MRX, providing it with relevant experience to perform these functions for the Exchanges as well. Most recently, Phlx filed for immediate effectiveness amendments to the Phlx’s rules that set forth an investigatory and disciplinary process identical in all material respects to the investigatory and disciplinary processes of Nasdaq and BX.\(^{10}\) The amendments also had

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8 With respect to the operational responsibilities described in both bullet points, Nasdaq Regulation currently performs these functions for the Nasdaq PHLX LLC (“Phlx”), Nasdaq ISE, LLC (“ISE”), Nasdaq GEMX, LLC (“GEMX”), and Nasdaq MRX, LLC (“MRX”) because there is no comparable rule to Rule 0150 on those markets.

9 The Phlx Market Surveillance department performs surveillance work for all of Nasdaq’s options markets (i.e. Nasdaq Options, BX Options, Phlx Options, ISE, GEMX, and MRX).

the effect of granting Phlx’s Regulation Department investigation and enforcement authority. Nasdaq now seeks Commission approval to exercise this same authority for conduct on the Exchanges that it already exercises for Phlx, ISE, GEMX, and MRX.

Notwithstanding this proposal, FINRA will continue to perform certain functions, including, among other things: (1) the investigation and enforcement of conduct occurring on the Nasdaq and BX equity markets that also relates to cross market activity on non-Nasdaq exchanges; (2) the handling of contested disciplinary proceedings arising out of Nasdaq Regulation-led investigation and enforcement activities; and (3) matters covered by agreements to allocate regulatory responsibility under Rule 17d-2 of the Act. As with all investigation and enforcement work, all tasks delegated to FINRA are subject to Nasdaq’s supervision and ultimate responsibility.

Nasdaq Regulation has instituted the requisite infrastructure to accommodate the internalization of investigative and enforcement work on behalf of the Exchanges. Specifically, Nasdaq created a new investigation and enforcement group to perform the functions covered by this proposal, which included hiring additional staff. Nasdaq is also leveraging its existing staff of experienced analysts, lawyers, programmers, and market structure experts to assist, where necessary, with performing the new functions covered by this proposal. In addition, Nasdaq Regulation has developed comprehensive plans

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covering the transition and has met regularly for more than one year to ensure a smooth transition of the work and prevent any gaps in regulatory coverage. Finally, Nasdaq filed for immediate effectiveness amendments to its rules that aligned its existing investigatory and disciplinary processes with the investigatory and disciplinary processes Phlx. The amendments also granted the Nasdaq Enforcement Department with the investigative and enforcement authority that Nasdaq now seeks approval to exercise.\textsuperscript{12}

Nasdaq anticipates a phased transition of investigative and enforcement responsibility, whereby Nasdaq would assume increasing investigation and enforcement responsibility throughout 2019 and into early 2020 for the conduct occurring on the Exchanges.\textsuperscript{13} Nasdaq also anticipates transitioning certain matters currently pending with FINRA to the Nasdaq Enforcement Department if Nasdaq Regulation believes doing so is consistent with ensuring prompt resolution of regulatory matters.

Nasdaq Rule 0150 requires that Nasdaq obtain Commission approval if regulatory functions subject to RSAs in effect at the time that Nasdaq began to operate as a national securities exchange are no longer performed by FINRA or an affiliate thereof. For the reasons stated above, Nasdaq believes that the reassignment of the specified investigation and enforcement responsibility will further its regulatory program and benefit investors and the markets. Commission approval of the proposal would allow Nasdaq: to better leverage its surveillance, investigation, and enforcement teams; to deliver increased


\textsuperscript{13} The Exchange notes that the rules applicable to its Members that FINRA currently enforces on the Exchange’s behalf will remain the same.
efficiencies in the regulation of its market; and to act promptly and provide more effective regulation.

In addition, Nasdaq notes that its proposal is consistent with, but more limited than, investigation and enforcement work performed by other national securities exchanges. For example, in 2015, the SEC approved the New York Stock Exchange’s (“NYSE”) application whereby NYSE amended certain of its disciplinary rules to facilitate the reintegration of certain market surveillance, investigation and enforcement functions performed on behalf of NYSE by FINRA.14 Unlike NYSE, however, Nasdaq will also continue to rely on FINRA to prosecute contested matters before a Hearing Panel.15

b. Statutory Basis

The Exchange believes that its proposal is consistent with Section 6(b) of the Act,16 in general, and furthers the objectives of Section 6(b)(5) of the Act,17 in particular, in that it is designed to promote just and equitable principles of trade, to remove


15 See Nasdaq Rule 9120(q) (“The term “Hearing Panel” means an Adjudicator that is constituted under Rule 9231 to conduct a disciplinary proceeding governed by the Rule 9200 Series, that is constituted under the Rule 9520 Series or the Rule 9550 Series to conduct a proceeding, or that is constituted under the Rule 9800 Series to conduct a temporary cease and desist proceeding.”).


impediments to and perfect the mechanism of a free and open market and a national market system, and, in general to protect investors and the public interest. In addition, the Exchange believes that the proposal furthers the objectives of Section 6(b)(7) of the Act, in particular, in that these changes will continue to provide for fair procedures for the disciplining of members and persons associated with members, the denial of membership to any person seeking membership therein, the barring of any person from becoming associated with a member thereof, and the prohibition or limitation by the Exchange of any person with respect to access to services offered by the Exchange or a member thereof.

The Exchange believes that this proposal is in keeping with those principles because it leverages Nasdaq’s extensive operational experience and expertise in regulating its markets and marries Nasdaq’s surveillance capabilities with its surveillance, investigation and enforcement staff, thereby increasing effectiveness and enabling prompt action. Nasdaq believes that it can achieve these important objectives because it is uniquely positioned to understand conduct on its own markets and take timely action when appropriate to investigate potential violations and enforce the rules to punish and deter misconduct, hold bad actors accountable, and protect investors and market integrity. In this regard, Nasdaq Regulation’s surveillance, investigative and enforcement teams work together to identify and review potentially violative conduct. This results in more effective regulation because it facilitates timely and more efficient action. Indeed, the underlying driving force for the current proposal is Nasdaq’s belief that it can conduct this regulatory work more effectively and efficiently given its

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technology, structure and in-depth knowledge of its markets and members. For these reasons, Nasdaq believes it can conduct investigative and enforcement functions specified above in a thorough and timely manner, thereby promoting the fair and orderly operation of the markets and serving the interests of market participants and investors. In so doing, Nasdaq Regulation will fulfill the Commission’s mandate that Nasdaq bear responsibility for self-regulatory conduct.\textsuperscript{19}

Nasdaq will continue to refer certain potentially violative conduct to FINRA for further review, including matters covered by agreements to allocate regulatory responsibility under Rule 17d-2 of the Act. Moreover, FINRA will continue to have responsibility for, among other things, the investigation and enforcement of conduct occurring on the Nasdaq and BX equity markets that also occurs on non-Nasdaq exchanges, as well as the handling of contested disciplinary proceedings arising out of Nasdaq Regulation-led investigation and enforcement activities. All referrals to FINRA remain subject to Nasdaq’s supervision and ultimate responsibility.

Nasdaq also believes that the proposal is consistent with the Act because, as the Commission has made clear, Nasdaq bears the ultimate responsibility for self-regulatory conduct and primary liability for self-regulatory failures.\textsuperscript{20} In addition, Nasdaq notes that its proposal is consistent with, but more limited than, investigation and enforcement work performed by NYSE. As noted above, the SEC approved NYSE’s application to amend certain of its disciplinary rules to facilitate the reintegration of certain market surveillance, investigation and enforcement functions performed on behalf of NYSE by

\textsuperscript{19} See supra note 4.

\textsuperscript{20} Id.
FINRA.\textsuperscript{21} Nasdaq believes it would therefore be consistent with the Act for Nasdaq to perform more limited investigation and enforcement work than NYSE.

4. **Self-Regulatory Organization’s Statement on Burden on Competition**

   The Exchange does not believe that the proposed rule change will impose any burden on competition not necessary or appropriate in furtherance of the purposes of the Act. The proposed rule change is not intended to address competitive issues but rather to enable the Exchange to directly investigate and initiate disciplinary actions for the specified conduct discussed above following the integration of certain regulatory functions from FINRA.

5. **Self-Regulatory Organization’s Statement on Comments on the Proposed Rule Change Received from Members, Participants, or Others**

   No written comments were either solicited or received.

6. **Extension of Time Period for Commission Action**

   The Exchange does not consent to an extension of the time period for Commission action.

7. **Basis for Summary Effectiveness Pursuant to Section 19(b)(3) or for Accelerated Effectiveness Pursuant to Section 19(b)(2)**

   Not applicable.

8. **Proposed Rule Change Based on Rules of Another Self-Regulatory Organization or of the Commission**

   The proposed rule change is not based on the rules of another SRO or of the Commission, although the proposal is in substance similar to what NYSE has been

\textsuperscript{21} See supra note 10.
permitted to do,\textsuperscript{22} and is the same to what Nasdaq currently does for its affiliated exchanges, Phlx, ISE, GEMX, and MRX.

9. Security-Based Swap Submissions Filed Pursuant to Section 3C of the Act

Not applicable.

10. Advance Notices Filed Pursuant to Section 806(e) of the Payment, Clearing and Settlement Supervision Act

Not applicable.

11. Exhibits


\textsuperscript{22} Id.
March __, 2019

Self-Regulatory Organizations; The Nasdaq Stock Market LLC; Notice of Filing of Proposed Rule Change to Reassign Certain Investigation and Enforcement Functions under the Exchange’s Authority and Supervision

Pursuant to Section 19(b)(1) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (“Act”)\(^1\), and Rule 19b-4 thereunder,\(^2\) notice is hereby given that on February 28, 2019, The Nasdaq Stock Market LLC (“Nasdaq” or “Exchange”) filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (“SEC” or “Commission”) the proposed rule change as described in Items I, II, and III, below, which Items have been prepared by the Exchange. The Commission is publishing this notice to solicit comments on the proposed rule change from interested persons.

I. Self-Regulatory Organization’s Statement of the Terms of Substance of the Proposed Rule Change

The Exchange proposes to assume operational responsibility for certain investigation and enforcement functions currently performed by the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority (“FINRA”) under the Exchange’s authority and supervision.

Nasdaq Rule 0150 requires Commission approval for this transfer of operational responsibility to Nasdaq. Nasdaq anticipates a phased transition, whereby Nasdaq would assume increasing responsibility throughout 2019 and into early 2020 for investigation

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and enforcement activities for certain conduct occurring on the Nasdaq and Nasdaq BX, Inc. (“BX”) markets (collectively, the “Exchanges”).

The text of the proposed rule change is available on the Exchange’s Website at http://nasdaq.cchwallstreet.com, at the principal office of the Exchange, and at the Commission’s Public Reference Room.

II. Self-Regulatory Organization’s Statement of the Purpose of, and Statutory Basis for, the Proposed Rule Change

In its filing with the Commission, the Exchange included statements concerning the purpose of and basis for the proposed rule change and discussed any comments it received on the proposed rule change. The text of these statements may be examined at the places specified in Item IV below. The Exchange has prepared summaries, set forth in sections A, B, and C below, of the most significant aspects of such statements.

A. Self-Regulatory Organization’s Statement of the Purpose of, and Statutory Basis for, the Proposed Rule Change

1. Purpose

Section 6 of the Act requires that national securities exchanges enforce their members’ compliance with federal securities laws and rules as well as the exchanges’ own rules. As a self-regulatory organization ("SRO"), Nasdaq must have a comprehensive regulatory program that includes investigation and prosecution of suspicious activity. Since it became a national securities exchange, Nasdaq has contracted with FINRA through various regulatory services agreements ("RSAs") to perform certain of these regulatory functions on its behalf. However, as the Commission has made clear, “the Nasdaq Exchange bears the responsibility for self-regulatory

conduct and primary liability for self-regulatory failures, not the SRO retained to perform regulatory functions on the Exchange’s behalf.”

Notwithstanding its use of FINRA, the Exchange has also retained operational responsibility for a number of regulatory functions, including real-time surveillance, qualification of companies listed on Nasdaq and most surveillance related to its affiliated options markets. Historically, Nasdaq retained operational responsibility in areas where Nasdaq’s expertise regarding its own markets, technology and listed companies enhanced regulation. In recognition of this, on September 30, 2013, the Commission approved Nasdaq’s proposal to reallocate operational responsibility from FINRA to Nasdaq for certain equities surveillance patterns and related review functions, focused on: (1) manipulation patterns that monitor solely Nasdaq activity; and (2) monitoring of compliance by member firms with elements of the Commission’s Regulation M and Nasdaq Rule 4619 compliance.

Building on Nasdaq’s experience and expertise, this proposal reflects a natural evolution of Nasdaq’s proven model to assume and retain operational responsibility in areas where its in-depth knowledge of its markets and members enhances market regulation. For the reasons outlined below, Nasdaq now seeks Commission approval to reallocate operational responsibility from FINRA to Nasdaq Regulation for certain investigation and enforcement activity, namely:

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6 Under Nasdaq Rule 9120(t), Nasdaq Regulation includes the Nasdaq Enforcement Department.
• investigation and enforcement responsibilities for conduct occurring on its options markets (The BX Options Market and The Nasdaq Options Market),\(^7\) and

• investigation and enforcement responsibilities for conduct occurring on the Nasdaq and BX equity markets only, i.e., not also on non-Nasdaq equities markets.\(^8\)

Currently, under RSAs, FINRA is responsible for, among other things, the investigation of matters referred from Nasdaq MarketWatch and the Phlx Market Surveillance department.\(^9\) FINRA is also responsible for providing services related to Nasdaq’s formal disciplinary process, including the issuance of Wells Notices, Cautionary Action Letters, Complaints, and settlement documents.

Nasdaq now proposes to perform the functions described in the bullet points above and is seeking Commission approval to do so. Nasdaq believes that its expertise in its own market structure coupled with its expertise in surveillance activities will enable it to conduct investigation and enforcement responsibilities for the Exchanges effectively, efficiently and with immediacy. In addition, this proposal represents an incremental

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\(^7\) As appropriate, Nasdaq Regulation will coordinate with other SROs to the extent it is investigating activity occurring on Non-Nasdaq options markets to ensure no regulatory duplication occurs.

\(^8\) With respect to the operational responsibilities described in both bullet points, Nasdaq Regulation currently performs these functions for the Nasdaq PHLX LLC (“Phlx”), Nasdaq ISE, LLC (“ISE”), Nasdaq GEMX, LLC (“GEMX”), and Nasdaq MRX, LLC (“MRX”) because there is no comparable rule to Rule 0150 on those markets.

\(^9\) The Phlx Market Surveillance department performs surveillance work for all of Nasdaq’s options markets (i.e. Nasdaq Options, BX Options, Phlx Options, ISE, GEMX, and MRX).
reallocation of operational responsibility because Nasdaq Regulation currently performs investigative and enforcement work on behalf of Phlx, ISE, GEMX, and MRX, providing it with relevant experience to perform these functions for the Exchanges as well. Most recently, Phlx filed for immediate effectiveness amendments to the Phlx’s rules that set forth an investigatory and disciplinary process identical in all material respects to the investigatory and disciplinary processes of Nasdaq and BX. The amendments also had the effect of granting Phlx’s Regulation Department investigation and enforcement authority. Nasdaq now seeks Commission approval to exercise this same authority for conduct on the Exchanges that it already exercises for Phlx, ISE, GEMX, and MRX.

Notwithstanding this proposal, FINRA will continue to perform certain functions, including, among other things: (1) the investigation and enforcement of conduct occurring on the Nasdaq and BX equity markets that also relates to cross market activity on non-Nasdaq exchanges; (2) the handling of contested disciplinary proceedings arising out of Nasdaq Regulation-led investigation and enforcement activities; and (3) matters covered by agreements to allocate regulatory responsibility under Rule 17d-2 of the Act.

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As with all investigation and enforcement work, all tasks delegated to FINRA are subject to Nasdaq’s supervision and ultimate responsibility.

Nasdaq Regulation has instituted the requisite infrastructure to accommodate the internalization of investigative and enforcement work on behalf of the Exchanges. Specifically, Nasdaq created a new investigation and enforcement group to perform the functions covered by this proposal, which included hiring additional staff. Nasdaq is also leveraging its existing staff of experienced analysts, lawyers, programmers, and market structure experts to assist, where necessary, with performing the new functions covered by this proposal. In addition, Nasdaq Regulation has developed comprehensive plans covering the transition and has met regularly for more than one year to ensure a smooth transition of the work and prevent any gaps in regulatory coverage. Finally, Nasdaq filed for immediate effectiveness amendments to its rules that aligned its existing investigatory and disciplinary processes with the investigatory and disciplinary processes Phlx. The amendments also granted the Nasdaq Enforcement Department with the investigative and enforcement authority that Nasdaq now seeks approval to exercise.12

Nasdaq anticipates a phased transition of investigative and enforcement responsibility, whereby Nasdaq would assume increasing investigation and enforcement responsibility throughout 2019 and into early 2020 for the conduct occurring on the Exchanges.13 Nasdaq also anticipates transitioning certain matters currently pending

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13 The Exchange notes that the rules applicable to its Members that FINRA currently enforces on the Exchange’s behalf will remain the same.
with FINRA to the Nasdaq Enforcement Department if Nasdaq Regulation believes doing so is consistent with ensuring prompt resolution of regulatory matters.

Nasdaq Rule 0150 requires that Nasdaq obtain Commission approval if regulatory functions subject to RSAs in effect at the time that Nasdaq began to operate as a national securities exchange are no longer performed by FINRA or an affiliate thereof. For the reasons stated above, Nasdaq believes that the reassignment of the specified investigation and enforcement responsibility will further its regulatory program and benefit investors and the markets. Commission approval of the proposal would allow Nasdaq: to better leverage its surveillance, investigation, and enforcement teams; to deliver increased efficiencies in the regulation of its market; and to act promptly and provide more effective regulation.

In addition, Nasdaq notes that its proposal is consistent with, but more limited than, investigation and enforcement work performed by other national securities exchanges. For example, in 2015, the SEC approved the New York Stock Exchange’s (“NYSE”) application whereby NYSE amended certain of its disciplinary rules to facilitate the reintegration of certain market surveillance, investigation and enforcement functions performed on behalf of NYSE by FINRA.14 Unlike NYSE, however, Nasdaq

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will also continue to rely on FINRA to prosecute contested matters before a Hearing Panel.\(^{15}\)

2. **Statutory Basis**

The Exchange believes that its proposal is consistent with Section 6(b) of the Act,\(^{16}\) in general, and furthers the objectives of Section 6(b)(5) of the Act,\(^{17}\) in particular, in that it is designed to promote just and equitable principles of trade, to remove impediments to and perfect the mechanism of a free and open market and a national market system, and, in general to protect investors and the public interest. In addition, the Exchange believes that the proposal furthers the objectives of Section 6(b)(7) of the Act,\(^{18}\) in particular, in that these changes will continue to provide for fair procedures for the disciplining of members and persons associated with members, the denial of membership to any person seeking membership therein, the barring of any person from becoming associated with a member thereof, and the prohibition or limitation by the Exchange of any person with respect to access to services offered by the Exchange or a member thereof.

The Exchange believes that this proposal is in keeping with those principles because it leverages Nasdaq’s extensive operational experience and expertise in

\(^{15}\) See Nasdaq Rule 9120(q) ("The term ‘Hearing Panel’ means an Adjudicator that is constituted under Rule 9231 to conduct a disciplinary proceeding governed by the Rule 9200 Series, that is constituted under the Rule 9520 Series or the Rule 9550 Series to conduct a proceeding, or that is constituted under the Rule 9800 Series to conduct a temporary cease and desist proceeding.").


\(^{17}\) 15 U.S.C. 78f(b)(5).

regulating its markets and marries Nasdaq’s surveillance capabilities with its surveillance, investigation and enforcement staff, thereby increasing effectiveness and enabling prompt action. Nasdaq believes that it can achieve these important objectives because it is uniquely positioned to understand conduct on its own markets and take timely action when appropriate to investigate potential violations and enforce the rules to punish and deter misconduct, hold bad actors accountable, and protect investors and market integrity. In this regard, Nasdaq Regulation’s surveillance, investigative and enforcement teams work together to identify and review potentially violative conduct. This results in more effective regulation because it facilitates timely and more efficient action. Indeed, the underlying driving force for the current proposal is Nasdaq’s belief that it can conduct this regulatory work more effectively and efficiently given its technology, structure and in-depth knowledge of its markets and members. For these reasons, Nasdaq believes it can conduct investigative and enforcement functions specified above in a thorough and timely manner, thereby promoting the fair and orderly operation of the markets and serving the interests of market participants and investors. In so doing, Nasdaq Regulation will fulfill the Commission’s mandate that Nasdaq bear responsibility for self-regulatory conduct.19

Nasdaq will continue to refer certain potentially violative conduct to FINRA for further review, including matters covered by agreements to allocate regulatory responsibility under Rule 17d-2 of the Act. Moreover, FINRA will continue to have responsibility for, among other things, the investigation and enforcement of conduct occurring on the Nasdaq and BX equity markets that also occurs on non-Nasdaq

19 See supra note 4.
exchanges, as well as the handling of contested disciplinary proceedings arising out of Nasdaq Regulation-led investigation and enforcement activities. All referrals to FINRA remain subject to Nasdaq’s supervision and ultimate responsibility.

Nasdaq also believes that the proposal is consistent with the Act because, as the Commission has made clear, Nasdaq bears the ultimate responsibility for self-regulatory conduct and primary liability for self-regulatory failures. In addition, Nasdaq notes that its proposal is consistent with, but more limited than, investigation and enforcement work performed by NYSE. As noted above, the SEC approved NYSE’s application to amend certain of its disciplinary rules to facilitate the reintegration of certain market surveillance, investigation and enforcement functions performed on behalf of NYSE by FINRA. Nasdaq believes it would therefore be consistent with the Act for Nasdaq to perform more limited investigation and enforcement work than NYSE.

B. Self-Regulatory Organization’s Statement on Burden on Competition

The Exchange does not believe that the proposed rule change will impose any burden on competition not necessary or appropriate in furtherance of the purposes of the Act. The proposed rule change is not intended to address competitive issues but rather to enable the Exchange to directly investigate and initiate disciplinary actions for the specified conduct discussed above following the integration of certain regulatory functions from FINRA.

C. Self-Regulatory Organization’s Statement on Comments on the Proposed Rule Change Received from Members, Participants, or Others

No written comments were either solicited or received.

20 Id.

21 See supra note 10.
III. **Date of Effectiveness of the Proposed Rule Change and Timing for Commission Action**

Within 45 days of the date of publication of this notice in the Federal Register or within such longer period (i) as the Commission may designate up to 90 days of such date if it finds such longer period to be appropriate and publishes its reasons for so finding or (ii) as to which the Exchange consents, the Commission shall: (a) by order approve or disapprove such proposed rule change, or (b) institute proceedings to determine whether the proposed rule change should be disapproved.

IV. **Solicitation of Comments**

Interested persons are invited to submit written data, views, and arguments concerning the foregoing, including whether the proposed rule change is consistent with the Act. Comments may be submitted by any of the following methods:

**Electronic comments:**

- Use the Commission’s Internet comment form ([http://www.sec.gov/rules/sro.shtml](http://www.sec.gov/rules/sro.shtml)); or
- Send an e-mail to rule-comments@sec.gov. Please include File Number SR-NASDAQ-2019-007 on the subject line.

**Paper comments:**

- Send paper comments in triplicate to Secretary, Securities and Exchange Commission, 100 F Street, NE, Washington, DC 20549-1090.

All submissions should refer to File Number SR-NASDAQ-2019-007. This file number should be included on the subject line if e-mail is used. To help the Commission process and review your comments more efficiently, please use only one method. The

Copies of the submission, all subsequent amendments, all written statements with respect to the proposed rule change that are filed with the Commission, and all written communications relating to the proposed rule change between the Commission and any person, other than those that may be withheld from the public in accordance with the provisions of 5 U.S.C. 552, will be available for website viewing and printing in the Commission’s Public Reference Room, 100 F Street, NE, Washington, DC 20549, on official business days between the hours of 10:00 a.m. and 3:00 p.m. Copies of the filing also will be available for inspection and copying at the principal office of the Exchange. All comments received will be posted without change; the Commission does not edit personal identifying information from submissions. You should submit only information that you wish to make available publicly.

All submissions should refer to File Number SR-NASDAQ-2019-007 and should be submitted on or before [insert date 21 days from publication in the Federal Register].

For the Commission, by the Division of Trading and Markets, pursuant to delegated authority.22

Eduardo A. Aleman
Assistant Secretary

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