SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Proposed Collection; Comment Request

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Extension:
Rule 17g–1 and Form NRSRO, SEC File No. 270–563, OMB Control No. 3235–0625

Notice is hereby given that pursuant to the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 (44 U.S.C. 3501 et seq.), the Securities and Exchange Commission (“Commission”) is soliciting comments on the existing collection of information provided for in Rule 17g–1, Form NRSRO and Instructions to Form NRSRO under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (15 U.S.C. 78a et seq.). The Commission plans to submit this existing collection of information to the Office of Management and Budget for extension and approval.

Rule 17g–1, Form NRSRO and the Instructions to Form NRSRO contain certain recordkeeping and disclosure requirements for nationally recognized statistical rating organizations (“NRSROs”). Currently, there are 10 credit rating agencies registered as NRSROs with the Commission. Based on staff experience, NRSROs are estimated to spend annually a total industry-wide burden of 2,527 hours and external cost of $4,000 to comply with the requirements.

Written comments are invited on: (a) Whether the proposed collection of information is necessary for the proper performance of the functions of the Commission, including whether the information shall have practical utility; (b) the accuracy of the Commission’s estimates of the burden of the proposed collection of information; (c) ways to enhance the quality, utility, and clarity of the information on respondents; and (d) ways to minimize the burden of the collection of information on respondents, including through the use of automated collection techniques or other forms of information technology.

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION


Self-Regulatory Organizations; The NASDAQ Stock Market LLC; Notice of Filing of Proposed Rule Change Relating to the First Trust Municipal High Income ETF

May 26, 2017.

Pursuant to Section 19(b)(1) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (“Act”),1 and Rule 19b–4 thereunder,2 notice is hereby given that on May 16, 2017, The NASDAQ Stock Market LLC (“NASDAQ” or “Exchange”) filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (“SEC” or “Commission”) the proposed rule change as described in Items I and II below, which Items have been prepared by the Exchange. The Commission is publishing this notice to solicit comments on the proposed rule change from interested persons.

I. Self-Regulatory Organization’s Statement of the Terms of Substance of the Proposed Rule Change

Exchange’s proposed rule change relating to the First Trust Municipal High Income ETF (the “Fund”) of First Trust Exchange-Traded Fund III (the “Trust”), the shares of which have been approved by the Commission for listing and trading under Nasdaq Rule 5735 (“Managed Fund Shares”). The shares of the Fund are collectively referred to herein as the “Shares.”

The text of the proposed rule change is available on the Exchange’s Web site at http://nasdaq.cchwallstreet.com, at the principal office of the Exchange, and at the Commission’s Public Reference Room.

II. Self-Regulatory Organization’s Statement of the Purpose of, and Statutory Basis for, the Proposed Rule Change

In its filing with the Commission, the Exchange included statements concerning the purpose of and basis for the proposed rule change and discussed any comments it received on the proposed rule change. The text of these statements may be examined at the places specified in Item IV below. The Exchange has prepared summaries, set forth in sections A, B, and C below, of the most significant aspects of such statements.

A. Self-Regulatory Organization’s Statement of the Purpose of, and Statutory Basis for, the Proposed Rule Change

1. Purpose

The Commission has approved the listing and trading of Shares under Nasdaq Rule 5735, which governs the listing and trading of Managed Fund Shares on the Exchange.3 However, no Shares are currently listed and traded on the Exchange. The Exchange believes the proposed rule change reflects no significant issues not previously addressed in the Prior Release.

The Fund is an actively-managed exchange-traded fund (“ETF”). The Shares will be offered by the Trust, which was established as a Massachusetts business trust on January 9, 2008. The Trust, which is registered with the Commission as an investment company under the Investment Company Act of 1940 (the “1940 Act”), has filed a registration statement on Form N–1A (“Registration Statement”) relating to the Fund with the Commission.4 The Fund is a series of the Trust.

2. Statutory Basis


3. Prior Release

See Post-Effective Amendment No. 27 to Registration Statement on Form N–1A for the Trust, dated August 31, 2015 (File Nos. 333–176976 and 811–22245). The descriptions of the Fund and the Shares contained herein are based, in part, on information in the Registration Statement. Before

4 See 17 CFR 240.17g–1 and 17 CFR 249b.300.
The primary purpose of this proposed rule change is to modify certain representations set forth in the Prior Release. Since the Prior Release, in evaluating its ability to construct a portfolio that would both enable the Fund to pursue its investment objectives effectively and satisfy the representations set forth in the Prior Release, the Adviser determined that, based on certain factors, including regulatory and market developments with portfolio management implications, additional flexibility would be needed to launch and operate, the Fund. In particular, in October 2016, the Commission adopted a new rule (i.e., Rule 22e–4 under the 1940 Act, referred to as the “Liquidity Rule”) that will generally require ETFs (as well as mutual funds) to establish liquidity risk management programs that include a number of specified elements and may significantly impact funds’ investment activities. Among other things, funds will generally be required to (a) assess, manage and periodically review their liquidity risk; (b) classify each of their portfolio investments into one of four liquidity categories based on the number of days in which the fund reasonably expects the investment to be convertible to cash (or sold or disposed of, as applicable) in current market conditions without significantly changing the market value of the investment (i.e., highly liquid investments, moderately liquid investments, less liquid investments, and illiquid investments); (c) determine a minimum percentage of net assets that will be invested in “highly liquid investments”; and (d) limit “illiquid investments” to 15% of net assets. Additionally, the Adviser took into account that recent increases in interest rates have been accompanied by substantial outflows from mutual funds and ETFs, and that future interest rate swings may spark increased market volatility and trigger potentially dramatic inflows and outflows. To enable the Fund to operate effectively (including, in addition to pursuing its investment objectives, complying with the Liquidity Rule and responding to potential market volatility), the Adviser believes that additional portfolio management flexibility is needed and warranted. Additionally, for the reasons discussed in more detail below, the Exchange believes that the proposal is consistent with Section 6(b)(5) of the Act.

As a related matter, the Exchange notes that although the Prior Release included certain representations that were based on the generic listing standards for index-based ETFs, the Exchange’s “generic listing standards” for actively-managed ETFs (the “Active ETF Generic Listing Standards”) were recently adopted and, with one exception, the Fund’s proposed revised representations would meet or exceed similar requirements for portfolios of fixed income securities set forth in Nasdaq Rule 5735(b)(1)(B) under the Active ETF Generic Listing Standards ("Rule 5735(b)(1)(B)"). In addition, this proposed rule change would make certain changes to the description of the Fund’s investments to achieve better consistency with the proposed new representations. Further, to provide the Adviser with greater flexibility in hedging interest rate risks associated with the Fund’s portfolio investments, this proposed rule change would expand the Fund’s ability to invest in derivatives by permitting it to invest in over-the-counter (“OTC”) forward contracts and OTC swaps, subject to a limitation that would be consistent with the limit on investments in OTC derivatives set forth in Nasdaq Rule 5735(b)(1)(E) under the Active ETF Generic Listing Standards ("Rule 5735(b)(1)(E)").

Changes to Representations

The Prior Release noted that the Fund would be actively managed and not tied to an index, but that under normal market conditions, on a continuous basis determined at the time of purchase, its portfolio of Municipal Securities (as defined in the Prior Release) would generally meet, as applicable, all except for two of the criteria for non-actively managed, index-based, fixed income ETFs contained in Nasdaq Rule 5705(b)(4)(A), as described therein. More specifically, the Prior Release stated that, under normal market conditions, the Fund’s portfolio of Municipal Securities would meet the requirements of: (1) Nasdaq Rule 5705(b)(4)(A)(i) (requiring that the index or portfolio consist of “Fixed Income Securities”); (2) Nasdaq Rule 5705(b)(4)(A)(iv) (requiring that no component fixed income security (excluding Treasury securities) represent more than 30% of the weight of the index or portfolio, and that the five highest weighted component fixed income securities do not, in the aggregate, account for more than 65% of the weight of the index or portfolio); and (iii) Nasdaq Rule 5705(b)(4)(A)(v) (requiring that an underlying index or portfolio (excluding one consisting entirely of exempted securities) include securities from a minimum of 13 non-affiliated issuers) (collectively, the “Rule 5705-Related Representations”).

Additionally, the Prior Release noted that Nasdaq Rule 5705(b)(4)(A)(iii) (relating to convertible securities) was inapplicable to the Fund’s portfolio of Municipal Securities. Further, the Prior Release provided that the Fund’s portfolio of Municipal Securities may not satisfy 5705(b)(4)(A)(vi) (requiring that component securities that in the aggregate account for at least 90% of the weight of the index or portfolio be either exempted securities or from a specified type of issuer) and that it would not generally satisfy Rule 5705(b)(4)(A)(ii) (requiring that components that in the aggregate account for at least 75% of the weight of the index or portfolio have a minimum original principal amount outstanding of $100 million or more).

However, the Prior Release noted that under normal market conditions, at least 40% (based on dollar amount invested)

Shares are publicly offered, the Trust will file a post-effective amendment to its Registration Statement. The changes in this proposed rule change will not be implemented for the Fund until the post-effective amendment to the Registration Statement becomes effective. First Trust Advisors L.P. (the “Adviser”) represents that it will not implement the changes described herein until the instant proposed rule change is operative.

5 See Investment Company Act Release No. 32315 (October 13, 2016), 81 FR 82142 (November 18, 2016). Funds (except for smaller entities) will generally be required to comply with the liquidity risk management program requirements by December 1, 2018. Although funds that qualify as “in-kind ETFs” will be exempt from certain of the Liquidity Rule’s requirements, as noted in the Prior Release, the Fund is typically expected to effect creations and redemptions on a cash basis.

6 “Liquidity risk” means the risk that the Fund could not meet requests to redeem shares issued by the fund without significant dilution of remaining investors’ interests in the fund. See Rule 22e–4(a)(11). Funds will be required to consider various factors in determining liquidity risk, including, for ETFs, (i) the relationship between the ETF’s portfolio liquidity and the way in which, and the prices and spreads at which, ETF shares trade, including, the efficiency of the arbitrage fund and the level of active participation by market participants (including authorized participants); and (ii) the effect of the composition of baskets on the overall liquidity of the ETF’s portfolio. See Rule 22e–4(b)(1)(i)(D).

7 “Highly liquid investment” generally means any cash held by a fund and any investment that the fund reasonably expects can be converted to cash in current market conditions in three business days or less without the conversion to cash significantly changing the market value of the investment. See Rule 22e–4(a)(6).

8 “Illiquid investment” generally means any investment that the fund reasonably expects cannot be sold or disposed of in current market conditions in seven calendar days or less without the sale or disposition significantly changing the market value of the investment. See Rule 22e–4(a)(8).

9 It should also be noted that the Liquidity Rule requires that in conjunction with assessing, managing and reviewing liquidity risk, a fund consider certain factors, including investment strategy and liquidity of portfolio investments during both normal and reasonably foreseeable stressed conditions. See Rule 22e–4(b)(1)(i)(A).

of the Municipal Securities in which the Fund invested would be issued by issuers with total outstanding debt issuances that, in the aggregate, have a minimum amount of municipal debt outstanding at the time of purchase of $75 million or more (the “40/75 Representation”). \(^{11}\)

In addition to the Rule 5705-Related Representations and the 40/75 Representation, the Prior Release provided that under normal market conditions, except for the initial invest-up period and periods of high cash inflows or outflows, \(^{12}\) the Fund’s investments in Municipal Securities would provide exposure (based on dollar amount invested) to (a) at least 10 different industries (with no more than 25% of the value of the Fund’s net assets comprised of Municipal Securities that provide exposure to any single industry) and (b) at least 15 different states (with no more than 30% of the value of the Fund’s net assets comprised of Municipal Securities that provide exposure to any single state) (collectively, the “Industry/State Representations”). Additionally, the Prior Release stated that under normal market conditions, except for the initial invest-up period and periods of high cash inflows or outflows, (a) with respect to 75% of the Fund’s net assets, the Fund’s exposure to any single borrower (based on dollar amount invested) would not exceed 3% of the value of the Fund’s net assets and (b) with respect to 15% of the Fund’s net assets, the Fund’s exposure to any single borrower (based on dollar amount invested) would not exceed 5% of the value of the Fund’s net assets (collectively, the “Borrower Exposure Representations”).

The Prior Release also provided that under normal market conditions, except for the initial invest-up period and periods of high cash inflows or outflows, (a) with respect to the Municipal Securities in which the Fund invested that were rated investment grade by each nationally recognized statistical rating organization (“NRSRO”) rating such securities, at the time of purchase, the applicable borrower would be obligated to pay debt service on issued municipal obligations that have an aggregate principal amount outstanding of $100 million or more (collectively, the “Borrower Exposure Representations”, the “Industry/State Representations, the 40/75 Representation and the Rule 5705-Related Representations, the “Prior Representations”).

As indicated above, the Adviser has reconsidered the Prior Representations and concluded that additional flexibility will be needed to launch and operate the Fund. As a result, in this proposed rule change, the Exchange is proposing that, going forward: (a) The Prior Representations, except for the Industry/State Representations, would be deleted and (b) the representations included in the next two paragraphs (referred to as the “New Representations”) would be added. Further, the Exchange notes that the New Representations have been designed to correspond to the requirements of Rule 5735(b)(1)(B), as these are more readily adapted to the Fund (as an actively-managed ETF) than the generic listing standards for index-based ETFs upon which the Rule 5705-Related Representations were based.

Although as described below, certain of the New Representations would meet or exceed similar requirements set forth in Rule 5735(b)(1)(B), it is not anticipated that the Fund would meet the requirement that components that in the aggregate account for at least 75% of the fixed income weight of the portfolio each have a minimum original principal amount outstanding of $100 million or more (the “Generic 100 Requirement”). \(^{13}\) In general terms, the Fund would operate as an actively-managed ETF that normally invests in a portfolio of Municipal Securities (as defined in the Prior Release, with the modification described below). The Adviser notes that debt issuance sizes for municipal obligations are generally smaller than for corporate obligations. \(^{14}\) Furthermore, as a general matter, municipal borrowers in certain industries in which the Fund currently intends to invest significantly \(^{15}\) tend to have less outstanding debt than municipal borrowers in other municipal industries. Therefore, under normal market conditions, except for the initial invest-up period and periods of high cash inflows or outflows, \(^{16}\) at least 40% (based on dollar amount invested) of the Municipal Securities in which the Fund invests \(^{17}\) would be issued by issuers


\(^{12}\) As described in the Prior Release, the term “initial invest-up period” means the six-week period following the commencement of trading of Shares on the Exchange and the term “periods of high cash inflows or outflows” means rolling periods of seven calendar days during which inflows or outflows of cash, in the aggregate, exceed 10% of the Fund’s net assets as of the opening of business on the first day of such periods.

\(^{13}\) See Nasdaq Rule 5735(b)(1)(B)(i).

\(^{14}\) As indicated above in note 11, various ETFs seeking to track indexes comprised of municipal securities have previously sought and obtained approval by the Commission of proposed rule changes because they would not meet the requirement under the applicable generic listing standards that is similar to the Generic 100 Requirement.

\(^{15}\) These industries include charter schools, senior living facilities (i.e., continuing care retirement communities (“CCRCs”)) and special tax districts, among others. As noted in the Prior Release, in the case of a municipal conduit financing (in general terms, the issuance of municipal securities by an issuer to finance a project to be used primarily by a third party (the “conduit borrower”)), the “borrower” is the conduit borrower (i.e., the party on which a bondholder must rely for repayment) and in the case of other municipal financings, the “borrower” is the issuer of the municipal securities.

\(^{16}\) See note 12 regarding the meaning of the terms “initial invest-up period” and “periods of high cash inflows or outflows.”

\(^{17}\) For the avoidance of doubt, in the case of Municipal Securities that are issued by entities

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\(^{16}\) See note 12 regarding the meaning of the terms “initial invest-up period” and “periods of high cash inflows or outflows.”

\(^{17}\) For the avoidance of doubt, in the case of Municipal Securities that are issued by entities
with total outstanding debt issuances that, in the aggregate, have a minimum amount of municipal debt outstanding at the time of purchase of $50 million or more (the “40/50 Representation”). Based on its expertise and understanding of the municipal securities market and the manner in which municipal securities generally trade, the Adviser believes that, notwithstanding both the previous more stringent 40/75 Representation and the Generie 100 Requirement, the 40/50 Representation is appropriate in light of the Fund’s investment objectives and the manner in which the Fund intends to pursue them. Given the nature of the municipal securities market and the manner in which municipal securities generally trade, the expected availability of Municipal Securities that would satisfy the Fund’s investment parameters, and the debt issuance profiles of the corresponding issuers and borrowers, the 40/50 Representation should both provide the Fund with flexibility to construct its portfolio and, when combined with the Industry/State Representations and the other New Representations included in this filing (including certain representations set forth below pertaining to fixed income securities weightings and number of non-affiliated issuers that are based on, but more stringent than, as applicable, the requirements set forth in Rule 5735(b)(1)(B)), should support the potential for diversity and liquidity, thereby mitigating the Commission’s concerns about manipulation.¹³

¹³ The Adviser notes that individual issues of municipal securities represented by CUSIPS (i.e., the specific numbers for securities) may be placed into categories according to common characteristics (such as rating, geographical region, purpose, and maturity). Municipal securities that share similar characteristics generally tend to trade similarly to one another; therefore, within these categories, issues may be considered somewhat fungible from a portfolio management perspective, allowing one CUSIP to be represented by another that shares similar characteristics for purposes of developing an investment strategy. Moreover, when municipal securities are close substitutes for one another, they may be able to use executed trade information from similar municipal securities as pricing inputs for an individual security. This can make individual securities more liquid because valuations for a single security are generally better estimators of actual trading prices when they are informed by trades in a large group of closely related securities.


¹⁵ Under normal market conditions, except for the initial invest-up period and periods of high cash inflows or outflows,²⁰ no component fixed income security (excluding the U.S. government securities described under the heading “Other Investments” in the Prior Release) would represent more than 15% of the Fund’s net assets, and the five most heavily weighted component fixed income securities in the Fund’s portfolio (excluding U.S. government securities) would not, in the aggregate, account for more than 25% of the Fund’s net assets.¹⁶ For the Fund, under normal market conditions, except for the initial invest-up period and periods of high cash inflows or outflows,²² the Fund’s portfolio of Municipal Securities would include securities from a minimum of 30 non-affiliated issuers.²³

In the case of Municipal Entities, the underlying municipal Securities, that shares similar characteristics for purposes of developing an investment strategy. Moreover, when municipal Securities are close substitutes for one another, they may be able to use executed trade information from similar municipal Securities as pricing inputs for an individual security. This can make individual Securities more liquid because valuations for a single security are generally better estimators of actual trading prices when they are informed by trades in a large group of closely related securities.

¹⁶ The Adviser notes that individual issues of municipal Securities represented by CUSIPS (i.e., the specific numbers for Securities) may be placed into categories according to common characteristics (such as rating, geographical region, purpose, and maturity). Municipal Securities that share similar characteristics generally tend to trade similarly to one another; therefore, within these categories, issues may be considered somewhat fungible from a portfolio management perspective, allowing one CUSIP to be represented by another that shares similar characteristics for purposes of developing an investment strategy. Moreover, when municipal Securities are close substitutes for one another, they may be able to use executed trade information from similar municipal Securities as pricing inputs for an individual security. This can make individual Securities more liquid because valuations for a single security are generally better estimators of actual trading prices when they are informed by trades in a large group of closely related Securities.


²² See note 12 regarding the meaning of the terms “initial invest-up period” and “periods of high cash inflows or outflows.”

that pay interest that is exempt from regular federal income taxes which are "exempted securities" under Section 3(a)(12) of the Act (collectively, "Municipal Securities"). In light of the Exempted Securities Representation, going forward, the Exchange proposes to revise the foregoing by deleting the phrase "which are 'exempted securities' under Section 3(a)(12) of the Act." In addition, the Prior Release stated that the Fund "may invest up to 20% of its net assets in short-term debt instruments . . ., taxable municipal securities or tax-exempt municipal securities that are not exempted securities under Section 3(a)(12) under the Act, or it may hold cash." Going forward, the Exchange proposes to revise the foregoing by replacing the phrase "taxable municipal securities or tax-exempt municipal securities that are not exempted securities under Section 3(a)(12) under the Act," with the phrase "and taxable municipal securities and other municipal securities that are not Municipal Securities." 24

Additionally, the Prior Release stated that under normal market conditions, the Fund would invest at least 65% of its net assets in Municipal Securities that are, at the time of investment, rated below investment grade (i.e., not rated Baa3/BBB – or above) by at least one NRSRO rating such securities (or Municipal Securities that are unrated and determined by the Adviser to be of comparable quality) (the "65% Requirement"). The Prior Release also provided that the Fund could invest up to 35% of its net assets in "investment grade" Municipal Securities (meaning Municipal Securities that are, at the time of investment, rated investment grade (i.e., rated Baa3/BBB – or above) by each NRSRO rating such securities (or Municipal Securities that are unrated and determined by the Adviser to be of comparable quality)) (the "35% Limitation"). Going forward, for consistency with various other representations, the Exchange proposes to modify the beginning of the 65% Requirement by replacing the phrase "Under normal market conditions, the Fund will invest at least 65% of its net assets" with the following: "Under normal market conditions, except for the initial invest-up period and periods of high cash inflows or outflows, the Fund may invest more than 50% of its net assets."

28 Changes To Expand Permitted Derivatives Investments

As described in the Prior Release, the Fund may (i) invest in exchange-listed options on U.S. Treasury securities, exchange-listed options on U.S. Treasury futures contracts, and exchange-listed U.S. Treasury futures contracts (collectively, the "Listed Derivatives") and (ii) acquire short positions in the Listed Derivatives. No changes are being proposed with respect to the Fund's investments in the Listed Derivatives. Going forward, however, the Exchange proposes that the Fund's ability to invest in derivatives would be expanded to permit it to also invest in OTC forward contracts and OTC swaps (collectively, the "OTC Derivatives") to hedge interests associated with the Fund's portfolio investments. On both an initial and continuing basis, no more than 20% of the assets in the Fund's portfolio would be invested in the OTC Derivatives and, for purposes of calculating this limitation, the Fund's investment in the OTC Derivatives would be calculated as the aggregate gross notional value of the OTC Derivatives. 29 The Fund would only enter into transactions in the OTC Derivatives with counterparties that the Adviser reasonably believes are capable of performing under the applicable contract or agreement. 30 The Fund's investments in both Listed Derivatives and OTC Derivatives would be consistent with the Fund's investment objectives and the 1940 Act and would not be used to seek to achieve a multiple or inverse multiple of an index. The OTC Derivatives would typically be valued using information provided by a Pricing Service (as defined in the Prior Release). Pricing information for the OTC Derivatives would be available from major broker-dealer firms and/or major market data vendors and/or Pricing Services (as defined in the Prior Release).

The Adviser represents that there would be no change to the Fund's investment objectives. Except as provided herein, all other facts presented and representations made in the Prior Release would remain unchanged. The Fund and the Shares would comply with all initial and continued listing requirements under Nasdaq Rule 5735.

2. Statutory Basis

Nasdaq believes that the proposal is consistent with Section 6(b) of the Act in general and Section 6(b)(5) of the Act, in particular, in that it is designed to prevent fraudulent and manipulative acts and practices, to promote just and equitable principles of trade, to foster cooperation and coordination with persons engaged in facilitating transactions in securities, and to remove impediments to and perfect the mechanism of a free and open market and, in general, to protect investors and the public interest. Except as provided herein, all other facts presented and representations made in the Prior Release would remain unchanged. The Fund would comply with all the initial and continued listing requirements under Nasdaq Rule 5735.

The Exchange believes that the proposed rule change is designed to prevent fraudulent and manipulative acts and practices in that the Shares would be listed and traded on the Exchange pursuant to the initial and continued listing criteria in Nasdaq Rule 5735 and, except as provided herein, all other facts presented and representations made in the Prior Release would remain unchanged. The Exchange notes that Shares have not yet been listed on the Exchange. Consistent with the Prior Release, the Exchange represents that trading in the Shares would be subject to the existing trading surveillances, administered by both Nasdaq and also the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority ("FINRA"), on behalf of the Exchange, which are designed to detect violations of Exchange rules and applicable federal securities laws.

The proposed rule change is designed to promote just and equitable principles of trade and to protect investors and the public interest in that the Adviser represents that taking into account the nature of the municipal securities market and the manner in which municipal securities generally trade, in light of the requirements that the New Representations and the Industry/State Representations would impose (e.g., concerning municipal debt outstanding,
fixed income securities weightings, issuer diversification, the nature of the securities in which the Fund would invest (including representations relating to exempted securities and mortgage-backed and asset-backed securities), and exposure to industries and states), they should provide support regarding the anticipated diversity and liquidity of the Fund’s Municipal Securities portfolio and should mitigate the risks associated with manipulation, while also providing the Adviser with the necessary flexibility to operate the Fund as intended.

With one exception, the New Representations would meet or exceed similar requirements for portfolios of fixed income securities set forth in Rule 5735(b)(1)(B). In this regard, it is not anticipated that the Fund would meet the Generic 100 Requirement. Based on its expertise and understanding of the municipal securities market and the manner in which municipal securities generally trade, the Adviser believes that, notwithstanding both the previous more stringent 40/75 Representation and the Generic 100 Requirement, the 40/50 Representation is appropriate in light of the Fund’s investment objectives and the manner in which the Fund intends to pursue them. Further, given the nature of the municipal securities market and the manner in which municipal securities generally trade, the expected availability of Municipal Securities that would satisfy the Fund’s investment parameters, and the debt issuance profiles of the corresponding issuers and borrowers, the 40/50 Representation should both provide the Fund with flexibility to construct its portfolio and, when combined with the Industry/State Representations and the other New Representations, should support the potential for diversity and liquidity, thereby mitigating the Commission’s concerns about manipulation.

Further, in connection with the proposal to permit the Fund to invest in the OTC Derivatives, the Exchange notes that the ability to invest in the OTC Derivatives would provide the Adviser with additional flexibility in hedging interest rate risks associated with the Fund’s portfolio investments and would be subject to a limitation that is consistent with the limitation set forth in Rule 5735(b)(1)(E). Additionally, the Fund would only enter into transactions in the OTC Derivatives with counterparties that the Adviser reasonably believes are capable of performing under the applicable contract or agreement.

In addition, a large amount of information would be publicly available regarding the Fund and the Shares, thereby promoting market transparency. Moreover, the Intraday Indicative Value (as described in the Prior Release), available on the NASDAQ OMX Information LLC proprietary index data service, would be widely disseminated by one or more major market data vendors and broadly displayed at least every 15 seconds during the Regular Market Session. On each business day, before commencement of trading in Shares in the Regular Market Session on the Exchange, the Fund would disclose on its Web site the Disclosed Portfolio that will form the basis for the Fund’s calculation of NAV at the end of the business day.

The proposed rule change is designed to perfect the mechanism of a free and open market and, in general, to protect investors and the public interest. The Exchange notes that the Fund does not yet have publicly offered Shares and does not yet have Shares listed and traded on the Exchange. Before Shares are publicly offered, the Trust will file a post-effective amendment to its Registration Statement. The Shares will not be publicly offered until the post-effective amendment to the Registration Statement becomes effective.

For the above reasons, Nasdaq believes the proposed rule change is consistent with the requirements of Section 6(b)(5) of the Act.

B. Self-Regulatory Organization’s Statement on Burden on Competition

The Exchange does not believe that the proposed rule change will impose any burden on competition that is not necessary or appropriate in furtherance of the purposes of the Act. The Exchange believes that the proposed rule change would provide the Adviser with the flexibility needed to proceed with launching the Fund, accommodating the listing and trading of Managed Fund Shares for an additional actively-managed exchange-traded product, thereby enhancing competition among market participants, to the benefit of investors and the marketplace.

C. Self-Regulatory Organization’s Statement on Comments on the Proposed Rule Change Received From Members, Participants, or Others

No written comments were either solicited or received.

III. Date of Effectiveness of the Proposed Rule Change and Timing for Commission Action

Within 45 days of the date of publication of this notice in the Federal Register or within such longer period up to 90 days (i) as the Commission may designate if it finds such longer period to be appropriate and publishes its reasons for so finding or (ii) as to which the self-regulatory organization consents, the Commission will: (a) By order approve or disapprove such proposed rule change; or (b) institute proceedings to determine whether the proposed rule change should be disapproved.

IV. Solicitation of Comments

Interested persons are invited to submit written data, views, and arguments concerning the foregoing, including whether the proposed rule change is consistent with the Act. Comments may be submitted by any of the following methods:

Electronic Comments

• Use the Commission’s Internet comment form (http://www.sec.gov/rules/sro.shtml); or
• Send an email to rule-comments@sec.gov. Please include File Number SR–NASDAQ–2017–038 on the subject line.

Paper Comments

• Send paper comments in triplicate to Secretary, Securities and Exchange Commission, 100 F Street NE., Washington, DC 20549–1090. All submissions should refer to File Number SR–NASDAQ–2017–038. This file number should be included on the subject line if email is used. To help the Commission process and review your comments more efficiently, please use only one method. The Commission will post all comments on the Commission’s Internet Web site (http://www.sec.gov/rules/sro.shtml). Copies of the submission, all subsequent amendments, all written communications relating to the proposed rule change that are filed with the Commission, and all written communications containing views other than those that may be withheld from the public in accordance with the provisions of 5 U.S.C. 552, will be available for Web site viewing and printing in the Commission’s Public Reference Room, 100 F Street NE., Washington, DC 20549, on official business days between the hours of 10:00 a.m. and 3:00 p.m. Copies of the filing also will be available for inspection and copying at the principal office of the Exchange. All comments received will be posted without change; the Commission does not edit personal identifying information from submissions. You should submit only information that you wish to make
available publicly. All submissions should refer to File Number SR–NASDAQ–2017–038 and should be submitted on or before June 23, 2017.

For the Commission, by the Division of Trading and Markets, pursuant to delegated authority. 31

Eduardo A. Aleman, Assistant Secretary.

[FR Doc. 2017–11402 Filed 6–1–17; 8:45 am]
BILLING CODE 8011–01–P

DEPARTMENT OF STATE

[Public Notice: 10017]

In the Matter of the Designation of Abu Nidal Organization, Also Known as ANO, Also Known as Black September, Also Known as the Fatah Revolutionary Council, Also Known as the Arab Revolutionary Council, Also Known as the Arab Revolutionary Brigades, Also Known as the Revolutionary Organization of Socialist Muslims Pursuant Section 1(b) of Executive Order 13224, as Amended

In accordance with section 1(b) of Executive Order 13224 of September 23, 2001, as amended (“the Order”), I hereby determine that the circumstances that were the basis for the designation of the Abu Nidal Organization as a foreign terrorist organization have changed in such a manner as to warrant revocation of the designation. Therefore, I hereby determine that the designation of the Abu Nidal Organization as a foreign terrorist organization, pursuant to section 219 of the Immigration and Nationality Act, as amended (8 U.S.C. 1189), shall be revoked.

This determination shall be published in the Federal Register.


Rex W. Tillerson,
Secretary of State.

[FR Doc. 2017–11442 Filed 6–1–17; 8:45 am]
BILLING CODE 4710–AD–P

SURFACE TRANSPORTATION BOARD

[Docket No. EP 526 (Sub-No. 9)]

Notice of Railroad-Shipper Transportation Advisory Council Vacancy

AGENCY: Surface Transportation Board (Board).

ACTION: Notice of vacancy on the Railroad-Shipper Transportation Advisory Council (RSTAC) and solicitation of nominations.

SUMMARY: The Board hereby gives notice of a vacancy on RSTAC for an at-large (public interest) representative. The Board is soliciting suggestions for candidates to fill this vacancy.

DATES: Nominations are due on June 29, 2017.

ADDRESSES: Suggestions may be submitted either via the Board’s e-filing format or in the traditional paper format. Any person using e-filing should attach a document and otherwise comply with the instructions at the E-FILING link on the Board’s Web site, at http://www.stb.gov. Any person submitting a filing in the traditional paper format should send an original and 10 copies to: Surface Transportation Board, Attn: Docket No. EP 526 (Sub-No. 9), 395 E Street SW., Washington, DC 20423–0001 (if sending via express company or private courier, please use zip code 20024). Please note that submissions will be available to the public at the Board’s offices and posted on the Board’s Web site under Docket No. EP 526 (Sub-No. 9).


SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The Board, created in 1996 to take over many of the functions previously performed by the Interstate Commerce Commission, exercises broad authority over transportation by rail carriers, including regulation of railroad rates and service (49 U.S.C. 10701–47, 11101–24), as well as the construction, acquisition, operation, and abandonment of rail lines (49 U.S.C. 10901–07) and railroad line sales, consolidations, mergers, and common control arrangements (49 U.S.C. 10902, 11323–27).

RSTAC was established upon the enactment of the ICC Termination Act of 1995 (ICCTA), on December 29, 1995, to advise the Board’s Chairman; the Secretary of Transportation; the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate; and the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure of the House of Representatives with respect to rail transportation policy issues. RSTAC considers significant. RSTAC focuses on issues of importance to small shippers and small railroads, including car supply, rates, competition, and procedures for addressing claims. ICCTA directs RSTAC to develop private-sector mechanisms to prevent, or identify and address, obstacles to the most effective and efficient transportation system practicable. The Secretary of Transportation and the members of the Board cooperate with RSTAC in providing research, technical, and other reasonable support. RSTAC also prepares an annual report concerning its activities and recommendations on whatever regulatory or legislative relief it considers appropriate. RSTAC is not