damaged, information, to the extent reasonably available, as to the type of books and records that were maintained, the names of the issuers for whom such books and records were maintained, the extent of the loss of, or damage to, such books and records, and the steps taken to ameliorate any such loss or damage; and

(4) If the transfer agent knows or believes that funds or securities belonging to either issuers or securityholders and within its possession were, for any reason, lost, destroyed, stolen or unaccounted for, information, to the extent reasonably available, regarding the dollar amount of any such funds and the number of such securities and the steps taken to ameliorate any such loss; and

(b) Transfer agents that have custody or possession of any securityholder or issuer funds or securities shall use all reasonable means available to ensure that all such securities are held in safekeeping and are handled, in light of all facts and circumstances, in a manner reasonably free from risk of theft, loss, or destruction and that all funds are protected against misuse. To the extent possible, all securityholder or issuer funds that remain in the custody of the transfer agent shall be maintained in a separate bank account held for the exclusive benefit of securityholders until such funds are properly remitted.

The notification required under (a) above shall be sent to: U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission, Division of Trading and Markets, 100 F Street NE., Washington, DC 20549–7010.

The Commission encourages registered transfer agents and the issuers for whom they act to inform affected securityholders whom they should contact concerning their accounts, their access to funds or securities, and other shareholder concerns. If feasible, issuers and their transfer agents should consider placing a notice on their Web sites or providing toll free numbers to respond to inquiries.

Transfer agents experiencing difficulties in complying with obligations on or before December 1, 2012, or in need of additional information, should contact the Division of Trading and Markets at (202) 551–5777 or at tradingandmarkets@sec.gov.

V. Independence—Bookkeeping or Other Services Related to the Accounting Records or Financial Statements of the Audit Client

The conditions in the areas affected by Hurricane Sandy, including displacement of individuals, the destruction of property and loss or destruction of corporate records, may require extraordinary efforts to reconstruct lost or destroyed accounting records. The Commission understands that in this unique situation an audit client may look to its auditor for assistance in reconstruction of its accounting records because of the auditor’s knowledge of the client’s financial systems and records. Under Section 10A(g)(1) of the Exchange Act and Rule 2–01(c)(4)(i) of Regulation S–X, auditors are prohibited from providing bookkeeping or other services relating to the accounting records of the audit client, and in Rule 2–01(c)(4)(i) of Regulation S–X, these prohibited services are described as including “maintaining or preparing the audit client’s accounting records” or “preparing or originating source data underlying the audit client’s financial statements.” In light of the conditions in areas affected by Hurricane Sandy, however, we believe that limited relief from these prohibitions is warranted for those registrants and other persons that are required to comply with the independence requirements of the federal securities laws and the Commission’s rules and regulations thereunder and that are affected by those conditions. Accordingly, It Is Ordered, pursuant to Section 36 of the Exchange Act, that independent certified public accountants engaged to provide audit services to registrants and other persons required to comply with the independence requirements of the federal securities laws and the Commission’s rules and regulations thereunder are exempt from the requirements of Section 10A(g)(1) of the Exchange Act and Rule 2–01(c)(4)(i) of Regulation S–X, where the conditions below are satisfied.

Conditions

(a) Services provided by the auditor are limited to reconstruction of previously existing accounting records that were lost or destroyed as a result of Hurricane Sandy and such services cease as soon as the audit client’s lost or destroyed records are reconstructed, its financial systems are fully operational and the client can effect an orderly and efficient transition to management or other service provider; and

(b) Services provided by the auditor to its audit client pursuant to this Order are subject to pre-approval by the audit client’s audit committee as required by Rule 2–01(c)(7) of Regulation S–X.

Auditors or audit clients with questions about this section of the Order or with other questions relating to auditor independence are encouraged to call the Office of the Chief Accountant directly at (202) 551–5300.

By the Commission.

Elizabeth M. Murphy,
Secretary.

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SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION


Self-Regulatory Organizations; The NASDAQ Stock Market LLC; Notice of Filing and Immediate Effectiveness of Proposed Rule Change To Modify NASDAQ’s Rebates for Order Execution and Its Fees for Order Entry Ports Through the Introduction of New Market Quality Incentive Programs on a Pilot Basis

November 9, 2012.

Pursuant to Section 19(b)(1) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (“Act”),1 and Rule 19b–4 thereunder,2 notice is hereby given that on November 1, 2012, The NASDAQ Stock Market LLC (“NASDAQ” or the “Exchange”) filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (“Commission”) a proposed rule change as described in Items I, II, and III below, which Items have been prepared by the Exchange. The Commission is publishing this notice to solicit comments on the proposed rule change from interested persons.

I. Self-Regulatory Organization’s Statement of the Terms of Substance of the Proposed Rule Change

NASDAQ is proposing a change to modify rebates for order execution and its fees for order entry ports through the introduction of new market quality incentive programs on a pilot basis. NASDAQ will implement the proposed change on November 1, 2012. The text of the proposed rule change is available at http://nasdaq.cchwallstreet.com, at NASDAQ’s principal office, and at the Commission’s Public Reference Room.

II. Self-Regulatory Organization’s Statement of the Purpose of, and Statutory Basis for, the Proposed Rule Change

In its filing with the Commission, the self-regulatory organization included statements concerning the purpose of, and basis for, the proposed rule change and discussed any comments it received on the proposed rule change. The text

of those statements may be examined at the places specified in Item IV below. The Exchange has prepared summaries, set forth in sections A, B, and C below, of the most significant parts of such statements.

A. Self-Regulatory Organization’s Statement of the Purpose of, and the Statutory Basis for, the Proposed Rule Change

1. Purpose

NASDAQ is introducing two new pricing programs designed to create incentives for members to improve market quality. The programs will be in effect on a pilot basis from November 1, 2012 until April 30, 2013, subject to being modified, terminated, extended, or made permanent through a subsequent proposed rule change. The pilot nature of the proposals will allow NASDAQ to assess and report to the Commission on the effects of the programs on bid-ask spreads, depth of liquidity at the inside, and such other factors as may be deemed relevant.

First, under the NBBO Setter Incentive program, NASDAQ will provide an enhanced liquidity provider rebate with respect to displayed liquidity-providing orders that set the national best bid or best offer ("NBBO") or join another trading center with a protected quotation at the NBBO. The NBBO Setter Incentive credit will be paid on a monthly basis, and the amount will be determined by multiplying $0.0005 or $0.0002 by the number of shares of displayed liquidity provided to which a particular order applies. A member will receive an NBBO Setter Incentive credit at the $0.0002 rate with respect to all shares of displayed liquidity that are executed at a price of $1 or more in the Nasdaq Market Center during a given month if posted through an order that:
- Displayed a quantity of at least one round lot at the time of execution;
- Either established the NBBO or was the first order posted on Nasdaq that had the same price as an order posted at another trading center with a protected quotation that established the NBBO; and
- Was entered through a market participant identifies ("MPID") that qualified for the Qualified Market Maker ("QMM") program during the month.

The QMM program is the other market quality incentive being introduced by NASDAQ in this proposed rule change, and is discussed below.

Similar to other market quality incentive programs already in place at NASDAQ, such as the Investor Support Program, an NBBO Setter Incentive credit will be in addition to (and will not replace) any other credit or rebate for which a member may qualify. The program is similar to a provision of the fee schedule of the BATS Exchange, Inc. ("BATS"), under which BATS pays its members an additional rebate of $0.0002 per share executed for displayed liquidity that sets the NBBO (provided the member has an average daily volume equal to or greater than 0.5% of the total consolidated volume during the month).3

Qualified Market Maker Program

NASDAQ is proposing a market quality incentive program under which a member may be designated as a QMM with respect to one or more of its MPIDs if:
- The member is not assessed any "Excess Order Fee" under Rule 7018 during the month; and
- Through such MPID the member quotes at the NBBO at least 25% of the time during regular market hours 4 in an average of at least 1,000 securities during the month.6

Thus, to be a QMM, a member must make a significant contribution to market quality by providing liquidity at the NBBO in a large number of stocks for a significant portion of the day. In addition, the member must avoid imposing the burdens on NASDAQ and its market participants that may be associated with excessive rates of entry of orders away from the inside and/or order cancellation. A QMM may be, but is not required to be, a registered market maker in any security; thus, the QMM designation does not by itself impose a two-sided quotation obligation or convey any of the benefits associated with being a registered market maker. The designation will, however, reflect the QMM’s commitment to provide meaningful and consistent support to market quality and price discovery by extensive quoting at the NBBO in a large number of securities. Thus, the program is designed to attract liquidity both from traditional market makers and from other firms that are willing to commit capital to support liquidity at the NBBO.

Through these incentives, NASDAQ hopes to provide improved trading conditions for all market participants through narrower bid-ask spreads and increased depth of liquidity available at the inside market. In addition, the program reflects an effort to use financial incentives to encourage a wider variety of members, including members that may be characterized as high-frequency trading firms, to make positive commitments to promote market quality.

A member that is a QMM with respect to a particular MPID will receive:
- An NBBO Setter Incentive credit of $0.0005 with respect to orders that qualify for the NBBO Setter Incentive program (i.e., displayed orders with a size of at least one round lot that set the NBBO or join another trading center at the NBBO) and that are entered through that MPID; and
- A 25% discount on fees for ports used for entering orders for that MPID, on a day when the securities markets close early (such as the day after Thanksgiving).

2 See http://cdn.batstrading.com/resources/regulation/rule_book/BZX_Fee_Schedule.pdf ("$0.0002 additional rebate per share for adding displayed liquidity to the BZX Exchange order book on an order that sets the NBBO; Members who have an ADV equal to or greater than 0.5% of TCV").
3 Rule 7018(m). NASDAQ recently introduced an Excess Order Fee, aimed at reducing inefficient order entry practices of certain market participants that place excessive burdens on the systems of NASDAQ and its members and that may negatively impact the usefulness and life cycle cost of market data. In general, the determination of whether to impose the fee on a particular MPID is made by calculating the ratio between (i) entered orders, weighted by the distance of the order from the NBBO, and (ii) enters that occur in whole or in part. The fee is imposed on MPIDs that have an "Order Entry Ratio" of more than 100.
4 Defined as 9:30 a.m. through 4:00 p.m., or such shorter period as may be designated by NASDAQ.
5 A member MPID is considered to be quoting at the NBBO if it has a displayed order at either the national best bid or the national best offer or both the national best bid and offer. On a daily basis, NASDAQ will determine the number of securities in which the member satisfied the 25% NBBO requirement. To qualify for QMM designation, the MPID must meet the requirement for an average of 1,000 securities per day over the course of the month. Thus, if a member MPID satisfied the 25% NBBO requirement in 900 securities for half the days in the month, and satisfied the requirement for 1,100 securities for the other days in the month, it would meet the requirement for an average of 1,000 securities.
provisions of Section 6 of the Act, 12 in general, and with Sections 6(b)(4) and 6(b)(5) of the Act, 13 in particular, that it provides for the equitable allocation of reasonable dues, fees and other charges among members and issuers and other persons using any facility or system which NASDAQ operates or controls, and is not designed to permit unfair discrimination between customers, issuers, brokers, or dealers. The proposed NBBO Setter Incentive program is intended to encourage members to add liquidity at prices that benefit all NASDAQ market participants and the NASDAQ market itself, and enhance price discovery, by establishing a new NBBO or allowing NASDAQ to join the NBBO established by another trading center. NASDAQ believes that the level of the credits available through the program—$0.0002 or $0.0005 per share executed—is reasonable, in that it does not reflect a disproportionate increase above the rebates provided to all members with respect to the provision of displayed liquidity under Rule 7018, which ranges from $0.0020 to $0.00295 per share executed. NASDAQ further notes that by introducing the program, NASDAQ is reducing fees for members that set the NBBO or join another market at the NBBO. The program is consistent with the Act’s requirement for an equitable allocation of fees because members that establish the NBBO or cause NASDAQ to join another market at the NBBO benefit all investors by promoting price discovery and increasing the depth of liquidity available at the inside market. Such members also benefit NASDAQ itself by enhancing its competitiveness as a market that attracts actionable orders. Accordingly, NASDAQ believes that it is consistent with an equitable allocation of fees to pay an enhanced rebate in recognition of these benefits to NASDAQ and its market participants. NASDAQ further notes that the program is consistent with an equitable allocation of fees because it is immediately available to all market participants that allow NASDAQ to set or join the NBBO, regardless of the size of the firm or its trading volumes. Finally, NASDAQ believes that the program and the payment of a higher rebate with respect to qualifying orders is not unfairly discriminatory because it is intended to promote the benefits described above, and because the magnitude of the additional rebate is not unreasonably high in comparison to the rebate paid with respect to other displayed liquidity-providing orders. Similarly, the proposed QMM program is intended to encourage members to promote price discovery and market quality by quoting at the NBBO for a significant portion of each day in a large number of securities, thereby benefitting NASDAQ and other investors by committing capital to support the execution of orders. With respect to the enhanced NBBO Setter Incentive rebate provided to QMMs, NASDAQ believes that the rebate itself is reasonable, equitable, and not unfairly discriminatory for the reasons discussed above with regard to the NBBO Setter Incentive program. In addition, NASDAQ believes that it is reasonable to pay a higher rebate under that program to QMMs because of the additional commitment to market quality reflected in the quoting requirements associated with being a QMM. Similarly, NASDAQ believes that the higher rebate is consistent with an equitable allocation of fees because a QMM that sets the NBBO is demonstrating both a specific commitment to the market through the NBBO-setting order and a broad commitment through its quoting activity throughout the month. Accordingly, NASDAQ believes that it is consistent with an equitable allocation to pay a higher rebate in comparison with the rebate for other NBBO-setting orders. Finally, NASDAQ believes that this higher rebate is not unfairly discriminatory because it is consistent with the market quality and competitiveness benefits associated with the program and because the magnitude of the additional rebate is not unreasonably high in comparison to the rebate paid with respect to other displayed liquidity-providing orders. NASDAQ believes that the proposed port fee discount for QMMs is consistent with an equitable allocation of fees because the fees for connectivity, such as the ports used for order entry, are a significant component of the overall cost of trading on NASDAQ and other trading venues. Accordingly, to the extent that a member maintains a significant presence in the NASDAQ market through the extent of its quoting at the NBBO, NASDAQ believes that it is equitable to provide the member a discount on this component of its trading costs. NASDAQ further believes that the discount is not unfairly discriminatory, because it is subject to a monthly cap, such that the disparity between the monthly costs of a QMM and another market participant with a similar configuration of order entry ports may not exceed $10,000. Finally, NASDAQ believes that the discount is
reasonable because it will result in a fee reduction for members that provide the market quality benefits associated with QMM status.

Finally, NASDAQ notes that it operates in a highly competitive market in which market participants can readily favor competing venues if they deem fee levels at a particular venue to be excessive. In such an environment, NASDAQ must continually adjust its fees to remain competitive with other exchanges and with alternative trading systems that have been exempted from compliance with the statutory standards applicable to exchanges. NASDAQ believes that the proposed rule change reflects this competitive environment because it is designed to reduce fees for members that enhance the quality of NASDAQ’s market.

B. Self-Regulatory Organization’s Statement on Burden on Competition

NASDAQ does not believe that the proposed rule change will result in any burden on competition that is not necessary or appropriate in furtherance of the purposes of the Act, as amended. Because the market for order execution is extremely competitive, members may readily opt to disfavor NASDAQ’s execution services if they believe that alternatives offer them better value. By reducing fees for order execution and order entry ports, the proposal is a manifestation of the continued intense level of competition in the market for order execution.

C. Self-Regulatory Organization’s Statement on Comments on the Proposed Rule Change Received From Members, Participants, or Others

Written comments were neither solicited nor received.

III. Date of Effectiveness of the Proposed Rule Change and Timing for Commission Action

The foregoing rule change has become effective pursuant to Section 19(b)(3)(A)(ii) of the Act. At any time within 60 days of the filing of the proposed rule change, the Commission summarily may temporarily suspend such rule change if it appears to the Commission that such action is necessary or appropriate in the public interest, for the protection of investors, or otherwise in furtherance of the purposes of the Act. If the Commission takes such action, the Commission shall institute proceedings to determine whether the proposed rule should be approved or disapproved.

IV. Solicitation of Comments

Interested persons are invited to submit written data, views, and arguments concerning the foregoing, including whether the proposed rule change is consistent with the Act. Comments may be submitted by any of the following methods:

Electronic Comments

- Use the Commission’s Internet comment form (http://www.sec.gov/rules/sro.shtml); or
- Send an email to rule-comments@sec.gov. Please include File Number SR–NASDAQ–2012–126 on the subject line.

Paper Comments

- Send paper comments in triplicate to Elizabeth M. Murphy, Secretary, Securities and Exchange Commission, 100 F Street NE., Washington, DC 20549–1090.

All submissions should refer to File Number SR–NASDAQ–2012–126. This file number should be included on the subject line if email is used. To help the Commission process and review your comments more efficiently, please use only one method. The Commission will post all comments on the Commission’s Internet Web site (http://www.sec.gov/rules/sro.shtml). Copies of the submission, all subsequent amendments, all written statements with respect to the proposed rule change that are filed with the Commission, and all written communications relating to the proposed rule change between the Commission and any person, other than those that may be withheld from the public in accordance with the provisions of 5 U.S.C. 552, will be available for Web site viewing and printing in the Commission’s Public Reference Room, 100 F Street NE., Washington, DC 20549, on official business days between the hours of 10:00 a.m. and 3:00 p.m. Copies of the filing also will be available for inspection and copying at the principal office of the Exchange. All comments received will be posted without change; the Commission does not edit personal identifying information from submissions. You should submit only information that you wish to make available publicly. All submissions should refer to File Number SR–NASDAQ–2012–126 and should be submitted on or before December 10, 2012.

For the Commission, by the Division of Trading and Markets, pursuant to delegated authority.15

Kevin M. O’Neill,
Deputy Secretary.

[FR Doc. 2012–28000 Filed 11–16–12; 8:45 am]

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SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION


Self-Regulatory Organizations; National Stock Exchange, Inc.; Notice of Filing and Immediate Effectiveness of a Proposed Rule Change To Amend Its Fee and Rebate Schedule

November 13, 2012.

Pursuant to Section 19(b)(1) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (the “Exchange Act” or “Act”),1 and Rule 19b–4 thereunder,2 notice is hereby given that on November 2, 2012, National Stock Exchange, Inc. (“NSX” or “Exchange”) filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (“Commission”) the proposed rule change as described in Items I, II, and III below, which items have been prepared by the Exchange. The Commission is publishing this notice to solicit comments on the proposed rule change from interested persons.

I. Self-Regulatory Organization’s Statement of the Terms of Substance of the Proposed Rule Change

The Exchange is proposing to amend its Fee and Rebate Schedule (the “Fee Schedule”) issued pursuant to Exchange Rule 16.1(a) to adopt separate regulatory fees for Order Delivery participants to: (1) Charge a flat fee per quotation update; (2) charge a separate flat fee per quotation update during a new Order Delivery participant’s first three (3) months of participation; and (3) implement an Onboarding Fee for new Order Delivery participants. The text of the proposed rule change is available on the Exchange’s Web site at www.nsx.com, at the Exchange’s principal office, and at the Commission’s Public Reference Room.

II. Self-Regulatory Organization’s Statement of the Purpose of, and Statutory Basis for, the Proposed Rule Change

In its filing with the Commission, the Exchange included statements concerning the purpose of and basis for