Pursuant to Rule 19b-4 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

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**Description**

Provide a brief description of the proposed rule change (limit 250 characters, required when Initial is checked *).

A Proposed Rule Change to Eliminate Market Maker Pre-Opening Obligations on NOM.

**Contact Information**

Provide the name, telephone number and e-mail address of the person on the staff of the self-regulatory organization prepared to respond to questions and comments on the proposed rule change.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>First Name</th>
<th>Last Name</th>
<th>Title</th>
<th>E-mail</th>
<th>Telephone</th>
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<tr>
<td>Jurij</td>
<td>Trypupenko</td>
<td>Associate General Counsel</td>
<td><a href="mailto:jurij.trypupenko@nasdaqomx.com">jurij.trypupenko@nasdaqomx.com</a></td>
<td>(301) 978-8132</td>
<td>(301) 978-8472</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Signature**

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934,

has duly caused this filing to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized officer.

Date 08/10/2012

By Edward S. Knight

Executive Vice President and General Counsel

NOTE: Clicking the button at right will digitally sign and lock this form. A digital signature is as legally binding as a physical signature, and once signed, this form cannot be changed.
The self-regulatory organization must provide all required information, presented in a clear and comprehensible manner, to enable the public to provide meaningful comment on the proposal and for the Commission to determine whether the proposal is consistent with the Act and applicable rules and regulations under the Act.

The Notice section of this Form 19b-4 must comply with the guidelines for publication in the Federal Register as well as any requirements for electronic filing as published by the Commission (if applicable). The Office of the Federal Register (OFR) offers guidance on Federal Register publication requirements in the Federal Register Document Drafting Handbook, October 1998 Revision. For example, all references to the federal securities laws must include the corresponding cite to the United States Code in a footnote. All references to SEC rules must include the corresponding cite to the Code of Federal Regulations in a footnote. All references to Securities Exchange Act Releases must include the release number, release date, Federal Register cite, Federal Register date, and corresponding file number (e.g., SR-[SRO]-xx-xx). A material failure to comply with these guidelines will result in the proposed rule change being deemed not properly filed. See also Rule 0-3 under the Act (17 CFR 240.0-3).

Copies of notices, written comments, transcripts, other communications. If such documents cannot be filed electronically in accordance with Instruction F, they shall be filed in accordance with Instruction G.

Copies of any form, report, or questionnaire that the self-regulatory organization proposes to use to help implement or operate the proposed rule change, or that is referred to by the proposed rule change.

The full text shall be marked, in any convenient manner, to indicate additions to and deletions from the immediately preceding filing. The purpose of Exhibit 4 is to permit the staff to identify immediately the changes made from the text of the rule with which it has been working.

The self-regulatory organization may choose to attach as Exhibit 5 proposed changes to rule text in place of providing it in Item I and which may otherwise be more easily readable if provided separately from Form 19b-4. Exhibit 5 shall be considered part of the proposed rule change.

If the self-regulatory organization is amending only part of the text of a lengthy proposed rule change, it may, with the Commission's permission, file only those portions of the text of the proposed rule change in which changes are being made if the filing (i.e., partial amendment) is clearly understandable on its face. Such partial amendment shall be clearly identified and marked to show deletions and additions.
1. Text of the Proposed Rule Change

(a) Pursuant to Section 19(b)(1) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (“Act”)\(^1\) and Rule 19b-4 thereunder,\(^2\) The NASDAQ Stock Market LLC (“NASDAQ” or “Exchange”) is filing with the Securities and Exchange Commission (“Commission”) a proposed rule change to modify Chapter VII, Section 6 (Market Maker Quotations) of the NASDAQ Options Market, LLC (“NOM”), to eliminate market maker pre-opening obligations on NOM. The Exchange also proposes to modify Chapter VII, Section 5 (Obligations of Market Makers) to conform it to Section 6.

A notice of the proposed rule change for publication in the Federal Register is attached hereto as Exhibit 1 and the text of the proposed rule change is attached as Exhibit 5.

(b) Not applicable.

(c) Not applicable.

2. Procedures of the Self-Regulatory Organization

The proposed rule change was approved by senior management of the Exchange pursuant to authority delegated by the Board of Directors of the Exchange on July 10, 2012. Exchange staff will advise the Board of Directors of any action taken pursuant to delegated authority. No other action by the Exchange is necessary for the filing of the rule change.


Questions and comments on the proposed rule change may be directed to Jurij Trypupenko, Associate General Counsel, The NASDAQ OMX Group, Inc., at (301) 978-8132.

3. **Self-Regulatory Organization's Statement of the Purpose of, and Statutory Basis for, the Proposed Rule Change**

   a. **Purpose**

   The purpose of the proposed rule change is to modify Chapter VII, Section 6 of the NOM rulebook to remove obligations imposed on NOM market makers ("Market Makers") to participate in the pre-opening phase in terms of continuous quotes; and to conform Section 5 to Section 6 as modified. This is done to put Market Makers on par with the market makers on other options Exchanges that do not have pre-market continuous quoting obligations.

   Currently, Section 6 of Chapter VII requires that a Market Maker must enter continuous bids and offers in options in which the Market Maker is registered on NOM, an all-electronic market. Specifically, Section 6(d)(i) requires that on a daily basis a Market Maker must: 1) participate in the pre-opening phase; and 2) thereafter make markets consistent with the applicable quoting requirements specified in NOM rules, on a

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3 A Market Maker is a NOM participant that is registered with the Exchange as a Market Maker and has certain rights and bears certain responsibilities beyond those of other Options Participants. All Market Makers are designated as specialists on NOM. See Chapter VII, Section 2.

4 NASDAQ OMX Phlx ("Phlx"), and International Securities Exchange, LLC ("ISE") have market pre-opening phases. However, Phlx and ISE do not, as discussed in the proposal, impose pre-opening obligations on their respective options market makers; none of the exchanges require continuous quoting prior to the regular options trading market. The regular trading market opens on both exchanges at 9:30 Eastern Time.
continuous basis in at least sixty percent (60%) of the series in options in which the
Market Maker is registered. Additionally, subsection 6(d)(i)1) indicates that to satisfy the
Section 6(d)(i) requirement with respect to quoting a series, a Market Maker must: 3)
quote such series 90% of the trading day (as a percentage of the total number of minutes in
such trading day) or such higher percentage as Nasdaq may announce in advance.5 The
Exchange does not propose to change any of the continuous quoting requirements
applicable to a Market Maker (e.g. continuous quoting in 60% of the Market Maker’s
registered series for 90% of the trading day)6 other than to eliminate the requirement to
participate in the pre-opening phase in Section 6(d)(i), which is noted in 1) above.

Subsequent to this proposal, a Market Maker will continue to have all of the other
quoting obligations that the Market Maker now has pursuant to Section 6, and pursuant to
Section 6(d)(i), during regular market hours will be responsible to quote on a continuous
basis in at least sixty percent (60%) of the series in options in which the Market Maker is
registered for 90% of the trading day (as a percentage of the total number of minutes in
such trading day). The change that the Exchange is proposing to Section 6(d)(i) is
removal of the Market Maker pre-opening quoting obligation and the insertion of text
clarifying that the quoting obligation is during regular market hours.7 As a result of the

5 Subsection (6)(d)(i)2) establishes that three different types of option series are
exempted from the continuous quote requirements: quarterly option series,
adjusted option series, and series with an expiration of nine months or greater.

For continuous quotation requirements on NOM generally, see Chapter XIV,
Section 6(d).

6 The NOM trading day, which represents the regular market hours, is 9:30 a.m. to
4:00 p.m. Eastern Time, except for option contracts on fund shares or broad-based
indexes which will close as of 4:15 p.m. Eastern Time. Chapter VI, Section 2.

7 Proposed Section 6(d)(i) states, in relevant part:
Exchange’s proposed rule filing, the NOM continuous quoting requirement on NOM’s electronic market makers will not have a pre-opening quoting obligation, just as other options exchanges (e.g. Phlx and ISE) do not impose a pre-opening obligation on their electronic market makers.

Phlx and ISE have a continuous quoting obligation during their regular market hours, which are similar to NOM’s market hours. However, Phlx and ISE do not have an obligation for their market makers to participate in a pre-opening phase. On Phlx, for example, a Remote Streaming Quote Trader (“RSQT”), which is similar in nature to a NOM Market Maker, has an obligation during trading hours to quote markets in not less than 60% of the series in which such RSQT is assigned (this is akin to NOM Market Maker registration in a series). Unlike a NOM Market Maker, which currently has a pre-opening obligation, a Phlx RSQT does not have a pre-opening market maker obligation. And as a second example, there is a quoting requirement for an ISE market maker. However, just like Phlx, and unlike NOM, ISE does not have a pre-opening market maker

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i. On a daily basis, a Market Maker must during regular market hours make markets consistent with the applicable quoting requirements specified in these rules, on a continuous basis in at least sixty percent (60%) of the series in options in which the Market Maker is registered.

8 See supra note 6.

9 A Phlx RSQT is a Registered Options Trader that is a member or member organization with no physical trading floor presence that may generate and submit option quotations electronically in assigned options. See Phlx Rule 1014(b)(ii)(B). While the designation of RSQT does not exist on NOM, a NOM Market Maker enters quotes electronically on NOM just as an RSQT does on Phlx pursuant to specific quoting obligations. See NOM Chapter VII, Section 6(d) and Phlx Rule 1014(b)(ii)(D).

10 For the Phlx continuous quoting rule, see Phlx Rule 1014(b)(ii)(D)(1).
The proposed filing establishes that NOM Market Makers, like Phlx and ISE market makers, will not have a pre-opening quoting obligation prior to market open.12

Exchange Market Makers have noted that unlike NOM, other options exchanges do not have a pre-opening quoting obligation for their market makers, and have requested NOM to eliminate the pre-opening obligation so that NOM rules are similar to those of other options exchanges such as, for example, Phlx. This proposed rule change levels the playing field in respect of pre-opening obligations while leaving all other NOM quoting requirements intact.13

Moreover, the Exchange believes that its proposal to put NOM market makers in the same position as market makers on other exchanges will not have a negative effect on NOM investors and traders (“NOM participants”). In particular, the Exchange believes the removal of pre-opening market maker obligations on NOM will have no impact on the functioning of the NOM opening process and in turn will not negatively impact NOM

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11 ISE rule 804(e)(2)(iii) states, in relevant part, that a Competitive Market Maker must maintain continuous quotations in an options class to which it is appointed and at least 60% of the series of the options class listed on the Exchange until the close of trading that day.

12 The two-sided quote obligation is noted also in Chapter VII, Section 5(a)(i), which states that during trading hours a Market Maker must maintain a two-sided market, pursuant to Section 6(d)(i) of Chapter VII, in those options in which the Market Maker is registered to trade, in a manner that enhances the depth, liquidity and competitiveness of the market.

Recognizing the requirement to maintain a two-sided market during trading hours per Section 5(a)(i), the Exchange is removing reference in Section 5(a)(ii) to a Market Maker having to enter two-sided quotes before market open by participating in opening the market. This is done for purposes of conforming Section 5(a)(ii) with proposed Section 6(d)(i), which eliminates quoting obligations in the pre-opening phase before the market opens.

13 Chapter VII, Section 6(d).
participants. The Exchange generally requires two other option markets to be open prior to NOM initiating an opening process.\footnote{For the NOM opening process, see Chapter VI, Section 8; and for a description of the two options market opening process, see http://www.nasdaqtrader.com/content/technicalsupport/NOM_SystemSettings.pdf.} In addition, orders and quotes executed during the opening process on NOM will continue to be protected by the National Best Bid or Offer ("NBBO"). As such, the Exchange believes that NOM participants will continue to have a similar experience and quality of execution on the opening on NOM as they do today.

The Exchange believes further that the proposed rule change eliminating pre-opening obligations should be pro-competitive in that it will attract more Market Makers, and additional liquidity, onto NOM. This should be advantageous to traders and investors executing trading and hedging strategies on the Exchange.

b. Statutory Basis

The Exchange believes that its proposal is consistent with Section 6(b) of the Act\footnote{15 U.S.C. 78f(b).} in general, and furthers the objectives of Section 6(b)(5) of the Act\footnote{15 U.S.C. 78f(b)(5).} in particular, in that the proposal is designed to promote just and equitable principles of trade, to remove impediments to and perfect the mechanism of a free and open market and a national market system, and, in general to protect investors and the public interest. The Exchange believes the proposal to conform Market Maker obligations to the requirements of competing markets will promote the application of consistent trading practices. Therefore,
the Exchange believes the proposal promotes just and equitable principles of trade and serves to protect investors and the public interest.

Additionally, the Exchange believes the proposal removes a market maker quoting requirement that is unnecessary, as evidenced by the fact that it does not exist on other competitive markets. The Exchange operates in a highly competitive market comprised of ten U.S. options exchanges in which sophisticated and knowledgeable market participants can, and do, send order flow to competing exchanges if they deem trading practices at a particular exchange to be onerous or cumbersome. With this proposal, the Market Maker will be relieved of a market maker requirement that does not materially improve the quality of the markets. On the contrary, the pre-open phase obligation creates an additional obligation and burden on NOM Market Makers that does not exist on numerous other competitive markets. The Exchange believes that in this competitive marketplace, the impact of the pre-open trading practice that exists on the Exchange today compels this proposal. It will allow Market Makers on the Exchange to follow rules that are similar to the rules of other options exchanges that do not impose pre-opening obligations on their market makers, and will allow Market Makers to focus on aspects of their operations that contribute to the market in a more efficient and meaningful way.

4. **Self-Regulatory Organization's Statement on Burden on Competition**

The Exchange does not believe that the proposed rule change will impose any burden on competition not necessary or appropriate in furtherance of the purposes of the Act. To the contrary, NASDAQ’s proposal to eliminate the pre-opening obligation on Market Makers is consistent with the market maker obligations on other options exchanges, which do not impose pre-opening obligations on market makers. NASDAQ
believes that its proposal is pro-competitive and should serve to attract market making activity and increase liquidity provision on NOM.

5. **Self-Regulatory Organization's Statement on Comments on the Proposed Rule Change Received from Members, Participants, or Others**

   No written comments were either solicited or received.

6. **Extension of Time Period for Commission Action**

   Not applicable.

7. **Basis for Summary Effectiveness Pursuant to Section 19(b)(3) or for Accelerated Effectiveness Pursuant to Section 19(b)(2)**

   Pursuant to Section 19(b)(3)(A) of the Act\(^{17}\) and Rule 19b-4(f)(6)\(^{18}\) thereunder, the Exchange has designated this proposal as one that effects a change that: (i) does not significantly affect the protection of investors or the public interest; (ii) does not impose any significant burden on competition; and (iii) by its terms, does not become operative for 30 days after the date of the filing, or such shorter time as the Commission may designate if consistent with the protection of investors and the public interest. In particular, the Exchange proposes to eliminate pre-opening quoting obligations for Market Makers on NOM so that they will have quoting obligations only during regular options trading hours, similarly to market makers on other options exchanges. Because of the reasons noted above, the Exchange believes that its limited proposal does not negatively affect the protection of investors or the public interest, and to the contrary promotes consistency across options markets and is pro-competitive.


A proposed rule change filed under Rule 19b-4(f)(6) normally does not become operative prior to 30 days after the date of filing. Rule 19b-4(f)(6)(iii), however, permits the Commission to designate a shorter time if such action is consistent with the protection of investors and the public interest. Furthermore, Rule 19b-4(f)(6)(iii) requires a self-regulatory organization to give the Commission written notice of its intent to file a proposed rule change under that subsection at least five business days prior to the date of filing, or such shorter time as designated by the Commission. The Exchange has provided such notice.

8. Proposed Rule Change Based on Rules of Another Self-Regulatory Organization or of the Commission

The proposed rule change is based on Phlx Rule 1014(b)(ii)(D) and ISE Rule 804(e)(2)(iii).\(^1\)

9. Exhibits

1. Notice of proposed rule for publication in the Federal Register.

5. Text of proposed rule change.

\(^1\) The Phlx and ISE rules do not, as noted in the filing, establish pre-opening quoting obligations for the options market makers of the respective exchanges.
Self-Regulatory Organizations; The NASDAQ Stock Market LLC; Notice of Filing and Immediate Effectiveness of Proposed Rule Change to Eliminate Market Maker Pre-Opening Obligations on NOM

Pursuant to Section 19(b)(1) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (“Act”),¹ and Rule 19b-4 thereunder,² notice is hereby given that on August 10, 2012, The NASDAQ Stock Market LLC (“NASDAQ” or “Exchange”) filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (“Commission”) the proposed rule change as described in Items I, II, and III below, which Items have been prepared by the Exchange. The Commission is publishing this notice to solicit comments on the proposed rule change from interested persons.

I. Self-Regulatory Organization’s Statement of the Terms of the Substance of the Proposed Rule Change

The Exchange proposes to modify Chapter VII, Section 6 (Market Maker Quotations) of the NASDAQ Options Market, LLC (“NOM”), to eliminate market maker pre-opening obligations on NOM. The Exchange also proposes to modify Chapter VII, Section 5 (Obligations of Market Makers) to conform it to Section 6.

The text of the proposed rule change is available at http://nasdaq.cchwallstreet.com/, at the Exchange’s principal office, and at the Commission’s Public Reference Room.

II. Self-Regulatory Organization’s Statement of the Purpose of, and Statutory Basis for, the Proposed Rule Change

In its filing with the Commission, the Exchange included statements concerning the purpose of and basis for the proposed rule change and discussed any comments it received on the proposed rule change. The text of these statements may be examined at the places specified in Item IV below. The Exchange has prepared summaries, set forth in Sections A, B, and C below, of the most significant aspects of such statements.

A. Self-Regulatory Organization’s Statement of the Purpose of, and Statutory Basis for, the Proposed Rule Change

1. Purpose

The purpose of the proposed rule change is to modify Chapter VII, Section 6 of the NOM rulebook to remove obligations imposed on NOM market makers (“Market Makers”)3 to participate in the pre-opening phase in terms of continuous quotes; and to conform Section 5 to Section 6 as modified. This is done to put Market Makers on par with the market makers on other options Exchanges that do not have pre-market continuous quoting obligations.4

Currently, Section 6 of Chapter VII requires that a Market Maker must enter continuous bids and offers in options in which the Market Maker is registered on NOM,

3 A Market Maker is a NOM participant that is registered with the Exchange as a Market Maker and has certain rights and bears certain responsibilities beyond those of other Options Participants. All Market Makers are designated as specialists on NOM. See Chapter VII, Section 2.

4 NASDAQ OMX Phlx (“Phlx”), and International Securities Exchange, LLC (“ISE”) have market pre-opening phases. However, Phlx and ISE do not, as discussed in the proposal, impose pre-opening obligations on their respective options market makers; none of the exchanges require continuous quoting prior to the regular options trading market. The regular trading market opens on both exchanges at 9:30 Eastern Time.
an all-electronic market. Specifically, Section 6(d)(i) requires that on a daily basis a
Market Maker must: 1) participate in the pre-opening phase; and 2) thereafter make
markets consistent with the applicable quoting requirements specified in NOM rules, on a
continuous basis in at least sixty percent (60%) of the series in options in which the
Market Maker is registered. Additionally, subsection 6(d)(i)1) indicates that to satisfy the
Section 6(d)(i) requirement with respect to quoting a series, a Market Maker must: 3)
quote such series 90% of the trading day (as a percentage of the total number of minutes
in such trading day) or such higher percentage as Nasdaq may announce in advance.5
The Exchange does not propose to change any of the continuous quoting requirements
applicable to a Market Maker (e.g. continuous quoting in 60% of the Market Maker’s
registered series for 90% of the trading day)6 other than to eliminate the requirement to
participate in the pre-opening phase in Section 6(d)(i), which is noted in 1) above.

Subsequent to this proposal, a Market Maker will continue to have all of the other
quoting obligations that the Market Maker now has pursuant to Section 6, and pursuant to
Section 6(d)(i), during regular market hours will be responsible to quote on a continuous
basis in at least sixty percent (60%) of the series in options in which the Market Maker is
registered for 90% of the trading day (as a percentage of the total number of minutes in
such trading day). The change that the Exchange is proposing to Section 6(d)(i) is

5 Subsection (6)(d)(i)2) establishes that three different types of option series are
exempted from the continuous quote requirements: quarterly option series,
adjusted option series, and series with an expiration of nine months or greater.

For continuous quotation requirements on NOM generally, see Chapter XIV,
Section 6(d).

6 The NOM trading day, which represents the regular market hours, is 9:30 a.m. to
4:00 p.m. Eastern Time, except for option contracts on fund shares or broad-based
indexes which will close as of 4:15 p.m. Eastern Time. Chapter VI, Section 2.
removal of the Market Maker pre-opening quoting obligation and the insertion of text clarifying that the quoting obligation is during regular market hours.\(^7\) As a result of the Exchange’s proposed rule filing, the NOM continuous quoting requirement on NOM’s electronic market makers will not have a pre-opening quoting obligation, just as other options exchanges (e.g. Phlx and ISE) do not impose a pre-opening obligation on their electronic market makers.

Phlx and ISE have a continuous quoting obligation during their regular market hours, which are similar to NOM’s market hours.\(^8\) However, Phlx and ISE do not have an obligation for their market makers to participate in a pre-opening phase. On Phlx, for example, a Remote Streaming Quote Trader (“RSQT”),\(^9\) which is similar in nature to a NOM Market Maker, has an obligation during trading hours to quote markets in not less than 60% of the series in which such RSQT is assigned (this is akin to NOM Market Maker registration in a series). Unlike a NOM Market Maker, which currently has a pre-opening obligation, a Phlx RSQT does not have a pre-opening market maker.

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\(^7\) Proposed Section 6(d)(i) states, in relevant part:

i. On a daily basis, a Market Maker must during regular market hours make markets consistent with the applicable quoting requirements specified in these rules, on a continuous basis in at least sixty percent (60%) of the series in options in which the Market Maker is registered.

\(^8\) See supra note 6.

\(^9\) A Phlx RSQT is a Registered Options Trader that is a member or member organization with no physical trading floor presence that may generate and submit option quotations electronically in assigned options. See Phlx Rule 1014(b)(ii)(B). While the designation of RSQT does not exist on NOM, a NOM Market Maker enters quotes electronically on NOM just as an RSQT does on Phlx pursuant to specific quoting obligations. See NOM Chapter VII, Section 6(d) and Phlx Rule 1014(b)(ii)(D).
obligation.\textsuperscript{10} And as a second example, there is a quoting requirement for an ISE market maker. However, just like Phlx, and unlike NOM, ISE does not have a pre-opening market maker obligation.\textsuperscript{11} The proposed filing establishes that NOM Market makers, like Phlx and ISE market makers, will not have a pre-opening quoting obligation prior to market open.\textsuperscript{12}

Exchange Market Makers have noted that unlike NOM, other options exchanges do not have a pre-opening quoting obligation for their market makers, and have requested NOM to eliminate the pre-opening obligation so that NOM rules are similar to those of other options exchanges such as, for example, Phlx. This proposed rule change levels the playing field in respect of pre-opening obligations while leaving all other NOM quoting requirements intact.\textsuperscript{13}

\textsuperscript{10} For the Phlx continuous quoting rule, see Phlx Rule 1014(b)(ii)(D)(1).

\textsuperscript{11} ISE rule 804(e)(2)(iii) states, in relevant part, that a Competitive Market Maker must maintain continuous quotations in an options class to which it is appointed and at least 60\% of the series of the options class listed on the Exchange until the close of trading that day.

\textsuperscript{12} The two-sided quote obligation is noted also in Chapter VII, Section 5(a)(i), which states that during trading hours a Market Maker must maintain a two-sided market, pursuant to Section 6(d)(i) of Chapter VII, in those options in which the Market Maker is registered to trade, in a manner that enhances the depth, liquidity and competitiveness of the market.

Recognizing the requirement to maintain a two-sided market during trading hours per Section 5(a)(i), the Exchange is removing reference in Section 5(a)(ii) to a Market Maker having to enter two-sided quotes before market open by participating in opening the market. This is done for purposes of conforming Section 5(a)(ii) with proposed Section 6(d)(i), which eliminates quoting obligations in the pre-opening phase before the market opens.

\textsuperscript{13} Chapter VII, Section 6(d).
Moreover, the Exchange believes that its proposal to put NOM market makers in the same position as market makers on other exchanges will not have a negative effect on NOM investors and traders (“NOM participants”). In particular, the Exchange believes the removal of pre-opening market maker obligations on NOM will have no impact on the functioning of the NOM opening process and in turn will not negatively impact NOM participants. The Exchange generally requires two other option markets to be open prior to NOM initiating an opening process.\(^\text{14}\) In addition, orders and quotes executed during the opening process on NOM will continue to be protected by the National Best Bid or Offer (“NBBO”). As such, the Exchange believes that NOM participants will continue to have a similar experience and quality of execution on the opening on NOM as they do today.

The Exchange believes further that the proposed rule change eliminating pre-opening obligations should be pro-competitive in that it will attract more Market Makers, and additional liquidity, onto NOM. This should be advantageous to traders and investors executing trading and hedging strategies on the Exchange.

2. **Statutory Basis**

The Exchange believes that its proposal is consistent with Section 6(b) of the Act\(^\text{15}\) in general, and furthers the objectives of Section 6(b)(5) of the Act\(^\text{16}\) in particular, in that the proposal is designed to promote just and equitable principles of trade, to

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\(^{14}\) For the NOM opening process, see Chapter VI, Section 8; and for a description of the two options market opening process, see http://www.nasdaqtrader.com/content/technicalsupport/NOM_SystemSettings.pdf.


remove impediments to and perfect the mechanism of a free and open market and a national market system, and, in general to protect investors and the public interest. The Exchange believes the proposal to conform Market Maker obligations to the requirements of competing markets will promote the application of consistent trading practices. Therefore, the Exchange believes the proposal promotes just and equitable principles of trade and serves to protect investors and the public interest.

Additionally, the Exchange believes the proposal removes a market maker quoting requirement that is unnecessary, as evidenced by the fact that it does not exist on other competitive markets. The Exchange operates in a highly competitive market comprised of ten U.S. options exchanges in which sophisticated and knowledgeable market participants can, and do, send order flow to competing exchanges if they deem trading practices at a particular exchange to be onerous or cumbersome. With this proposal, the Market Maker will be relieved of a market maker requirement that does not materially improve the quality of the markets. On the contrary, the pre-open phase obligation creates an additional obligation and burden on NOM Market Makers that does not exist on numerous other competitive markets. The Exchange believes that in this competitive marketplace, the impact of the pre-open trading practice that exists on the Exchange today compels this proposal. It will allow Market Makers on the Exchange to follow rules that are similar to the rules of other options exchanges that do not impose pre-opening obligations on their market makers, and will allow Market Makers to focus on aspects of their operations that contribute to the market in a more efficient and meaningful way.

B. Self-Regulatory Organization’s Statement on Burden on Competition

The Exchange does not believe that the proposed rule change will impose any
burden on competition not necessary or appropriate in furtherance of the purposes of the Act. NASDAQ’s proposal to eliminate the pre-trading obligation for Market Makers is consistent with what is already occurring on other markets.

C. Self-Regulatory Organization’s Statement on Comments on the Proposed Rule Change Received from Members, Participants, or Others

Written comments were neither solicited nor received.

III. Date of Effectiveness of the Proposed Rule Change and Timing for Commission Action

The Exchange believes that the foregoing proposed rule change may take effect upon filing with the Commission pursuant to Section 19(b)(3)(A)\(^\text{17}\) of the Act and Rule 19b-4(f)(6)(iii) thereunder\(^\text{18}\) because the foregoing proposed rule change does not: (i) significantly affect the protection of investors or the public interest; (ii) impose any significant burden on competition; and (iii) become operative for 30 days from the date on which it was filed, or such shorter time as the Commission may designate.

At any time within 60 days of the filing of the proposed rule change, the Commission summarily may temporarily suspend such rule change if it appears to the Commission that such action is: (i) necessary or appropriate in the public interest; (ii) for the protection of investors; or (iii) otherwise in furtherance of the purposes of the Act. If the Commission takes such action, the Commission shall institute proceedings to determine whether the proposed rule should be approved or disapproved.


IV. Solicitation of Comments

Interested persons are invited to submit written data, views, and arguments concerning the foregoing, including whether the proposed rule change, as amended, is consistent with the Act. Comments may be submitted by any of the following methods:

Electronic comments:

- Use the Commission's Internet comment form (http://www.sec.gov/rules/sro.shtml); or
- Send an e-mail to rule-comments@sec.gov. Please include File Number SR-NASDAQ-2012-095 on the subject line.

Paper comments:

- Send paper comments in triplicate to Elizabeth M. Murphy, Secretary, Securities and Exchange Commission, 100 F Street, NE, Washington, DC 20549-1090.

All submissions should refer to File Number SR-NASDAQ-2012-095. This file number should be included on the subject line if e-mail is used.

To help the Commission process and review your comments more efficiently, please use only one method. The Commission will post all comments on the Commission’s Internet Web site (http://www.sec.gov/rules/sro.shtml). Copies of the submission, all subsequent amendments, all written statements with respect to the proposed rule change that are filed with the Commission, and all written communications relating to the proposed rule change between the Commission and any person, other than those that may be withheld from the public in accordance with the provisions of 5 U.S.C. 552, will be available for website viewing and printing in the Commission’s Public Reference Room on official business days between the hours of 10:00 a.m. and 3:00 p.m.
Copies of such filing also will be available for inspection and copying at the principal
offices of the Exchange. All comments received will be posted without change; the
Commission does not edit personal identifying information from submissions. You
should submit only information that you wish to make available publicly.

All submissions should refer to File Number SR-NASDAQ-2012-095, and should
be submitted on or before [insert date 21 days from publication in the Federal Register].

For the Commission, by the Division of Trading and Markets, pursuant to
delegated authority.¹⁹

Kevin M. O’Neill
Deputy Secretary

NASDAQ Options Market Rules

Chapter VII Market Participants

Sec. 5 Obligations of Market Makers

(a) In registering as a Market Maker, an Options Participant commits himself to various obligations. Transactions of a Market Maker in its market making capacity must constitute a course of dealings reasonably calculated to contribute to the maintenance of a fair and orderly market, and Market Makers should not make bids or offers or enter into transactions that are inconsistent with such course of dealings. Ordinarily, Market Makers are expected to:

i. During trading hours, a Market Maker must maintain a two-sided market, pursuant to Section 6(d)(i) of this Chapter VII, in those options in which the Market Maker is registered to trade, in a manner that enhances the depth, liquidity and competitiveness of the market.

ii. [Participate in opening the market pursuant to Chapter VI of these Rules.] Reserved.

iii. - viii. No Change.

(b) - (c) No Change.

Sec. 6 Market Maker Quotations

(a) – (c) No change.

(d) Continuous Quotes. A Market Maker must enter continuous bids and offers for the options to which it is registered, as follows:

i. On a daily basis, a Market Maker must [participate in the pre-opening phase and thereafter] during regular market hours make markets consistent with the applicable quoting requirements specified in these rules, on a continuous basis in at least sixty percent (60%) of the series in options in which the Market Maker is registered.

1) To satisfy this requirement with respect to quoting a series, a Market Maker must quote such series 90% of the trading day (as a percentage of the total number of minutes in such trading day) or such higher percentage as Nasdaq may announce in advance. Nasdaq Regulation may consider exceptions to the requirement to quote 90% (or higher) of the trading day based on demonstrated legal or regulatory requirements or other mitigating circumstances.
2) Notwithstanding the foregoing, Market Makers shall not be required to make two-sided markets pursuant to Section 5(a)(i) of these rules in any Quarterly Option Series, any adjusted option series, and any option series until the time to expiration for such series is less than nine months. Accordingly, the continuous quotation obligations set forth in this rule shall not apply to Market Makers respecting Quarterly Option Series, adjusted option series, and series with an expiration of nine months or greater. For purposes of this subsection (2), an adjusted option series is an option series wherein one option contract in the series represents the delivery of other than 100 shares of underlying stock or Exchange-Traded Fund Shares.

3) If a technical failure or limitation of a system of Nasdaq prevents a Market Maker from maintaining, or prevents a Market Maker from communicating to NOM, timely and accurate quotes, the duration of such failure or limitation shall not be included in any of the calculations under this subparagraph (i) with respect to the affected quotes.

ii. – iii No Change.

(e) No change.

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